

EDN's llth annual $\mu \mathrm{P}$ support-chip directory

Designer's Guide to state machines-Part 2

GaAs ICs suit complex VLSI designs Fiber-optic ICs

ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY FOR ENGINEERS AND ENGINEERING MANAGERS


PC-based software automates tedious lab chores

## "The 030 running at up to 8 MIPS makes Motorolas newVME board the fastest on the market."


#### Abstract



For openers, the 141 boasts a powerful MC68030 MPU and floating-point coprocessor, both running at up to 30 MHz . Then, to enhance memory and peripheral access speeds, the 141 adds three new ASICs-the VMEbus interface chip, the VME subsystem bus (VSB) chip and a custom cache controller gate array.

What really boosts computing horsepower, though, is the 141's direct-mapped 6.4 Kbyte cache, which features a hit rate of greater than $90 \%$. Implemented with 15-nsec Motorola SRAM technology, with write-posting interface, the cache allows continuous 2-cycle read access, letting the 030 operate at its maximum potential.

A companion 4/8 Mbyte memory board, the MVME224-2, has been fine tuned to work with the 141 CPU module. It features dual-ported VMEbus and VSB interfaces, and a patented arbitration circuit that minimizes memory access times.

To move your UNIX ${ }^{*}$ and real-time applications up to the new high-performance standard in VME boards, call us today-toll free: 1-800-556-1234, Ext. 230; in California, 1-800-441-2345, Ext. 230. Or write: Motorola Microcomputer Division, 2900 Diablo Way, Tempe, AZ 85282. UNIX is a registered trademark of AT\&T.


## Less is More.



STD Bus ZT 8809
Single Board System for OEM applications.


Another manufacturer's
"function-per-board" STD Bus card set with equivalent capability.

- PERFORMANCE (NEC V20 at 8 MHz clock speed)
- ON-BOARD MEMORY (520K)
- IBM PC HARDWARE COMPATIBILITY
- ON-BOARD I/O (2 serial: COM1, COM2; 1 Centronics: LPT1)
- DEVELOPMENT CAPABILITY (industry acclaimed Virtual System Console)
- OPERATING SYSTEM OPTIONS (STD DOS, VRTX, Multi-DOS, and more)
- COMPACTNESS (one board implementation)
- RELIABILITY (fewer connectors, components, boards)
- VALUE (Ziatech's single board system is \$630 less than the 5-board set pictured above*)

To learn more about how less (Ziatech's new single board system) is more (when compared to the 5-board set pictured above), call Ziatech at 805-541-0488. We'll send you a detailed comparison and all the technical data you'll need.

3433 Roberto Court
San Luis Obispo, California 93401
ITT Telex 4992316
Fax (805) 541-5088
Telephone (805) 541-0488

STD MANUFACTURER'S GROUP

#  

## "For a bunch of companies that don't always agree on everything, we sure were unanimous on VTC."

The VME Consortium needed an economical, yet highly functional VME bus interface chip, to minimize design time . . . and to help raise the VME standard to higher levels.
"We looked at the leading suppliers," said Joe Ramunni, consortium chairman (and president of Mizar), "and VTC came out on top. Their CMOS standard-cell ASIC approach gave us the high drive capability we needed, optimized for bus interfacing. And, it proved much more cost-effective, with higher performance, than gate array technology."

The VME Consortium is made up of such firms as Plessey Microsystems, Omnibyte Corporation, Mizar Inc., Ironics Inc., Heurikon Corporation, Matrix Corporation, and Clearpoint Inc., among others. What did they look for in a supplier?
"We needed a credible business partner," said Ramunni, "with a proven track record, who could provide a turnkey package . . . both design and fab. A supplier that could produce in quantity, and provide technical support to the market at large.
"We also needed a firm with an international marketing structure, because we expect this chip to be the de facto standard worldwide.
"But, we needed people we could work with, too. VTC had the right 'comfort factor'."
Jack Regula, consortium technical director (and VP-R\&D, Ironics) added: "Our requirements for high speed, high gate-count, low power consumption, and VME bus drive capability were all met well with VTC's 1-micron CMOS standard cell library. And we were extremely impressed with VTC's facilities, its people, and its customer list."

In the future, the VME bus chip (VIC) will become a standard cell within VTC's CMOS library, to allow customers to further customize the chip.

Shouldn't you be getting to know VTC, too? You'll be in good company when you do. Call or write us today, and we'll send you our short-form product catalog, which describes our product offerings in linear signal processing, high-speed CMOS logic, mass storage ICs, bipolar ASIC, and CMOS ASIC.

VTC Incorporated, 2401 East 86th Street, Bloomington, MN 55420. (In Minnesota, 612/851-5200.) Telex 857113.

## CALL 1-800-VTC-VLSI



Vibration analysis
with stop and hold.


EKG and hemodynamic waveforms.


A/D, amplifier development and calibration.


Complex waveforms for servo drives.


Radar/sonar envelope simulation.


Digital testing and troubleshooting.


Dual tones for telephone testing.


Noise added to any waveform.


Standard waves at
the push of a button.

# We've been making waves for 25 years. Now it's your turn. 

A quarter-century ago, Wavetek brought you the first waveforms produced by a solidstate function generator. Now our Model 75 Arbitrary Waveform/ Function Generator puts you in control.

Model 75 lets you generate waveforms without entering $x / y$ coordinates. Thumbtack and rubberband modes allow easy development and editing of any waveform. There are also nine standard functions which you can use at the push of a button.


Waveforms are stored in nonvolatile memory, with more than 4,000 vertical points and 8,000 horizontal points of resolution. They can be played back at any rate, up to 500 ns per point.

By linking two or more Model 75's together, you can superimpose waveforms to introduce phase displacement or other special effects. And at the low price of $\$ 2295$, you might want to buy several.

For literature or to arrange an amazing demonstration, call or write Wavetek San Diego, Inc. P.O. Box 85265 , San Diego, CA 92138. Phone (619) 279-2200; TWX (910) 335-2007.

# 330,000X Performance Booster 



The next generation DG411/12/13 series of CMOS quad analog switches combine high performance, precision and low power. Previous technologies have forced the trade-offs of speed for low power, or ON-resistance for leakage. But the DG400 family lets you maximize all these parameters.
Next generation performance is only the beginning. Siliconix' new 44 V silicon-gate CMOS technology is more rugged! 2500 V (min.) ESP (Electro Static Discharge Protection) meets category B of MIL-STD 883B, method 3015.2 for your toughest reliability needs.


The DG411 family is optimized for minimum charge injection and for TTL-compatibility: Either unipolar 12 V supply or split supply operation.

4The performance product, $r_{D S(O N)} x l_{S(O N)} x t_{O N} x P D$, indicates that the DG411 is 330,000 times better than the industry standard DG211.

Get a $330,000 \mathrm{X}$ performance boost! Call Siliconix at 1 (800) $554-5565$ ext. 933 for a free DG411 sample and Design Kit.


## ELECTRONIC TECHNOLOGY FOR ENGINEERS AND ENGINEERING MANAGERS



On the cover: Personal-computer-based software greatly enhances an engineer's ability to create automated test systems. See pg 114. (Photo courtesy Asyst Software Technologies Inc)

## DESIGN FEATURES

## Special Report: Laboratory-automation software

Recording, analyzing, and charting experimental data at the lab bench destroys productivity. Fortunately, software can automate these chores, shifting them to the personal computer.-Steven H Leibson, Regional Editor

## EDN $\mu$ P Support-Chip Directory

The devices in this directory typify the changes afoot in $\mu \mathrm{P}$ system architecture-the wider use of platform chip sets and the introduction of 32-bit RISC chips.-Robert H Cushman, Special Features Editor

## Designer's Guide to state machines-Part 2

This conclusion presents an example of an asynchronous statemachine design and follows with information on state-machine software packages.-Stan Kopec, Altera Corp

## Back-to-basics approach yields stable references

Achieving the accuracy that IC voltage references promise isn't necessarily a "piece of cake," but if you do a little analog-circuit analysis, you can obtain results.-Ron Knapp, Maxim Integrated Products

## Tape drives can work like 215 disk drives if you use SCSI bus

The SCSI Common Command Set lets you read and write tape storage in the same way that you handle disk storage.
-Tony Kozlowski, 3M Co
New $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ standard unshackles analog-IC designers 229
Since the $1960 \mathrm{~s}, \pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ dc supplies have been standard for analog ICs. Today, however, such voltages force unreasonable constraints on packing density and performance.-John Shier and Jerry Thimsen, VTC Inc

Processing advances push
GaAs ICs to higher VLSI levels
For most designers, GaAs ICs mean high-speed circuitry. But because of fabrication breakthroughs, some of these ICs are suitable for use in VLSI designs.-Louis R Tomasetta, Vitesse Semiconductor Corp

Continued on page 7

[^0]

## Counter-fit

If you think all low-cost frequency counters are inferior imitations of precision lab instruments, guess again. Fluke has a new 120 MHz counter that's a perfect fit for test systems, bench tops and budgets.

## Honest performance at only $\$ 995$.

The Philips PM 6666 counter delivers seven full digits of resolution at gate times of one second. More than 20 measurement functions. Automatic trigger-level setting. And first-rate input protection to

350 V . All packaged in a rugged, shielded metal case.

Add full programmability with the GPIB/ IEEE-488 option. A 1.1 GHz input. Or Philips' unique mathematically-controlled crystal oscillator timebase for precise measurements with no warm-up time.

All this performance is backed up by one of the most trusted names in instrumentation: Fluke, with service and support that's never more than a phone call away.

So don't take chances. For genuine
solutions to fit your test and measurement needs, come to Fluke. For more information and complete specifications, phone 1-800-44-FLUKE ext. 77.

John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc., P.O. Box C9090, M/S 250C, Everett, WA 98206.
U.S.: (206) 356-5400 CANADA: (416) 890-7600

OTHER COUNTRIES: (206) 356-5500.
${ }^{\text {OCopyright }} 1987$ John Fluke Mig. Co., Inc. All rights reserved. Ad No. 1071-P6666.

FLUK目


Fiber-optic ICs are becoming available in GaAs and are operating well into the gigahertz range (pg 63).

## TECHNOLOGY UPDATE

## Fiber-optic ICs accelerate <br> communication over data links

The increasing need for high data rates and compatible architectures in fiber-optic systems-such as long-haul telecommunication systems, computer interconnections (LANs), and wideband video links-is ushering in a new generation of ICs.-Dave Pryce, Associate Editor
Inexpensive, shirt-pocket DMMs ..... 77
are smaller and handier than ever

Since their introduction in 1984, low-cost, pocket-size digital multimeters have become increasingly popular with engineers. -Charles H Small, Associate Editor

## PRODUCT UPDATE

Double-precision, floating-point processor 85
Software tool for logic timing analyzer 88
PWM microprocessor-controlled amplifier 90
\$3500 digital storage scope 94
Configurable 8-bit $\mu$ C family 96
DESIGN IDEAS
Simple calculator acts as low-speed counter 257
Circuit renders ROM contents secure 258
ECL circuit calibrates phase meters 260
Cache-tag RAM is content addressable 262
Fortran routine manipulates bits 265
Continued on page 9

[^1]
## TEK'S NEW \$2795 16-64 CHANNEL LOGIC ANALYZER. EASY TO START WITH. TOUGH TO OUTGROW.

For \$2795, you can have a logic analyzer that makes things simple when you're just starting out. That may never make you rummage through the manual. But that recognizes you won't be a rookie forever.

Starting with 16 channels, Tek's new 1230 guides the new user through timing and state analysis with on-screen prompts. We kept keystrokes to a minimum, common sense to a maximum.

As you grow more experienced, and your applications grow more ambitious, the 1230 gives you room to grow - to 32,48 or 64 channels with 8 and 16 -bit microprocessor debug capability-via
expansion cards and probes you can easily add yourself.

You can do hardware analysis and microprocessor systems integration, using up to four 2 K deep memories for reference and comparison. You can do sophisticated triggering. Acquire and compare signals automatically via built-in babysitting mode. Or, take the 1230 into the field: its rugged package takes rough handling in stride.

No other logic analyzer is so affordable, expandable and hasslefree. For further proof of why the Tek 1230 boasts the shortest learning curve and the longest life expectancy, talk to your Tek representative soon. Or call (800) 245-2036. In Oregon, 231-1220.

```
    VP/Publisher
    F Warren Dickson
VP/Associate Publisher/Editorial Director
            Roy Forsberg
            Editor
            Jonathan Titus
            Managing Editor
            John S Haystead
        Assistant Managing Editor
            Joan Morrow
            Special Projects
            Gary Legg
        Home Office Editorial Staff
275 Washington St, Newton, MA 02158
                    (617) 964-3030
            Tom Ormond, Senior Editor
    Deborah Asbrand, Associate Editor
        Joanne Clay, Associate Editor
            Tarlton Fleming, Associate Editor
            John A Gallant, Associate Editor
            Clare Mansfield, Associate Editor
            Dave Pryce, Associate Editor
            Cynthia B Rettig, Associate Editor
            Charles Small, Associate Editor
            Dan Strassberg, Associate Editor
            Chris Terry, Associate Editor
            Ron Gilbert, Staff Editor
            Valerie Lauzon, Staff Editor
            Helen McElwee,Staff Editor
                    Steven Paul, Senior Production Editor
                    Editorial Field Offices
    Margery S Conner, Regional Editor
        Los Osos, CA: (805) 528-0833
            Doug Conner, Regional Editor
            Los Osos, CA: (805) 528-0865
Bob Cushman, Special Features Editor
    Port Washington, NY: (516) 944-6524
        Steven H Leibson, Regional Editor
            Boulder, CO: (303) 494-2233
            J D Mosley, Regional Editor
            Arlington, TX: (817) 465-4961
    Richard A Quinnell, Regional Editor
        San Jose, CA: (408) 296-0868
        David Shear, Regional Editor
        San Jose, CA: (408) 997-5452
        Maury Wright, Regional Editor
        San Diego, CA: (619) 748-6785
        Peter Harold, European Editor
                    0603-630782
        (St Francis House, Queens Rd,
        Norwich, Norfolk NR1 3PN, UK)
            Contributing Editors
        Robert Pease, Bob Peterson,
            Don Powers, Bill Travis
                    Editorial Services
    Kathy Leonard, Office Manager
    Loretta Curcio, Nancy Weiland,
                    Sharon Gildea
                        Art Staff
            Kathleen Ruhl, Art Director
    Ken Racicot, Assistant Art Director
    Chin-Soo Chung, Graphic Designer
        Cathy Filipski, Graphic Designer
        Production/Manufacturing Staff
William Tomaselli, Production Supervisor
    Donna Pono, Production Manager
    Andrew A Jantz, Production Assistant
    Linda Lepordo, Production Assistant
        Diane Malone, Composition
            Graphics Director
                Norman Graf
    VP/Production/Manufacturing
                Wayne Hulitzky
Director of Production/Manufacturing
            John R Sanders
            Director of Research
                Deborah Virtue
            Marketing Communications
            Janice Molinari, Manager
    Anne Foley, Promotion Assistant
```


## EDITORIAL

Watch out for people who tell you "it's easy," because it probably isn't.

## NEW PRODUCTS

Integrated Circuits ..... 269
Components \& Power Supplies ..... 284
Computers \& Peripherals ..... 300
Test \& Measurement Instruments ..... 318
CAE \& Software Development Tools ..... 324
PROFESSIONAL ISSUES ..... 342
What do college kids know: Students name their top employerchoices.-Deborah Asbrand, Associate Editor
LOOKING AHEAD353
Wider opportunities seen in European F-O market . . Switchingpower supplies will grow at $14 \%$ annual rate.
DEPARTMENTS
News Breaks ..... 21
News Breaks International ..... 24
Signals \& Noise ..... 32
Calendar ..... 46
Readers' Choice ..... 100
Leadtime Index ..... 106
Literature ..... 339
Career Opportunities ..... 344
Business/Corporate Staff ..... 351
Advertisers Index ..... 352

## A $386 \mu \mathrm{P}$. 155 supportingchips. And notime <br> to breadboard.

## Mentor Graphics lets you simulate an 80386-based motherboard in only 4.3 minutes.

You're designing a complete 32 -bit PC motherboard. And you're running out of time.

Your only hope is to bypass the time-consuming breadboard phase and debug directly through simulation. Which means simulating $32 \mathrm{I} / 0$ write cycles that program the board's peripheral chips for normal operation 27,942 ns of execution time, including a memory refresh.
So you turn to Mentor Graphics' QuickSim ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ logic simulator and run the design file-21 sheets in all, including an Intel 80386 microprocessor and 155 other IC packages, each represented by a SmartModel ${ }^{\text {Tw }}$ from Logic Automation, Inc.
The result? Simulation completed in just 4.3 minutes.

## Introducing the soft breadboard.

With Mentor Graphics, you have a produc-tion-proven way to create and debug systems designs-in software. During simulation, design schematics can be displayed, probed, modified, and resimulated. And to complement your simulation, QuickPath ${ }^{\text {m" }}$ rapidly checks your design for critical path timing problems. All in a single, interactive work environment.

Your debug operations stay right on your Mentor Graphics workstation, where engineering changes are fast, simple and inexpensive.

## Modeling is the key.

Systems simulation requires a wide range of

[^2]modeling technologies. And that's precisely what we deliver. Like Behavioral Language Models (BLMs), which transcend basic functionality and deliver features such as automatic error detection and reporting. And QuickParts,', which combine maximum speed with minimum memory requirements-and produce timing behavior identical to the data book.

There's also our Hardware Modeling Library, ${ }^{\text {™ }}$ which provides modeling for VLSI parts, including the latest microprocessors. Plus unparalleled support for ASIC libraries, so you can include your ASIC directly in your board simulation.

Once design and analysis is complete, other Mentor Graphics tools follow your design through PCB layout, mechanical packaging, thermal analysis and documentation.

## To be continued.

So much for the present. We're already developing new EDA tools for systems design that will extend to every dimension of electronic product development. From high-level systems descriptions to CASE.
It's all part of a vision unique to Mentor Graphics, the leader in electronic design automation. Let us show you where this vision can take you.

Call us toll-free for an overview brochure and the number of your nearest sales office.

Phone 1-800-547-7390
(in Oregon call 284-7357).

## (Forward Thinking, Re

It takes more than desk-changing for two companies to merge. They need to have a shared vision of the world and the future.

With AMD and MMI, the calling was clear. To produce advanced programmable logic devices for a wide range of needs. To lower system costs. To develop higher performance designs. And to get your products to market as soon as possible.

We're delivering on this promise of the future in myriad ways. With a product line that doesn't stop halfway. With the first 10ns parts for designs where speed's
important. In CMOS, we have the broadest line of parts, including the industry standard, C22V10. And for high density, no one can beat our programmable gate arrays. We've got the best selection of PAL ${ }^{\oplus}$ parts around. (And no one sells more to the military.)

We're bringing new meaning to the term "product availability." Our combined manufacturing capacities mean we have more PAL chips coming out of our pipeline. Ready to be put into yours.

And more Field Application Engineers give you more answers to get

## sponsive,(Meticulous)²

projects up and running.
Because it's impossible to create great designs without great software, we also offer PALASM ${ }^{\circledR}$ software, the industry standard. We're investing heavily to keep PALASM as current as our hardware.

With the best network of distributors, we can now offer a whole new concept in distributor support: TestPro Centers. Now you can speed through programming and testing at authorized centers.

Just bring your logic pattern to your closest TestPro Center. They'll program and they'll test the parts to factory quality
standards. Relieving you of the burden of test vector generation.

And we'll always be here with immediate and expert help in getting your design moving. Just call AMD at (800) 222-9323.

Or write Advanced Micro Devices, Inc., 901 Thompson Place, P.O. Box 3453, Sunnyvale, CA 94088.

One try and you'll be sharing our vision, too.

> Advanced Micro Devices 7 Monolithic Memories [ili

## Highperformance workstations.



# The highest performance development tools. 

Now you can build a high performance development environment around the engineering workstation you already own. And get your embedded microprocessor designs completed more quickly and with less effort than ever before.

Your Sun, Apollo or DEC workstation has the processing power and high resolution graphics. Applied Microsystems adds the debuggers, utility software and excellent emulation you need to complete your system. Only Applied Microsystems can make all of these pieces work together seamlessly.

| Operating Environment Host Operating System | Microprocessors/ Microcontrollers | Software Utilities Languages Tools | Emulation Link | Debuggers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| VAX VMS <br> MicroVAX ULTRIX <br> Apollo UNIX <br> Sun MS-DOS <br> PC  <br> PCXT  <br> PCAT  <br> PC Compatibles  |  | C Compilers <br> Pascal Assemblers <br> FORTRAN Linkers <br> PL/M Locators <br> Assembler  <br> Jovial  <br> ADA (VERDIX)  | ES 1800 <br> (16 \& 32-bit) <br> EC 7000 <br> (8-bit <br> microcontrollers) <br> EM Series and <br> EL 800 <br> (8-bit <br> microprocessors) | VALIDATE and other software products for source and symbolic debugging |

We offer debug and development tools with a difference: they are integrated solutions for virtually any development environment.

Source or symbolic debugging for Intel, Motorola, and Zilog. Plus the best emulation.

The VALIDATE family of source and symbolic debuggers and host control software has been specifically tailored by Applied Microsystems to work with our emulators

1800 Series of 16 -bit and 32 -bit emulators, and you have the most powerful emulation system anywhere. The high speed SCSI interface option lets you upload and download files more than twenty times faster than with RS 232. Our Advanced Event Monitor System lets you precisely control emulation with logical statements of system conditions. The ES 1800 also gives
you the largest overlay memory capability in the industry.

## Make your workstation work even harder.

Get full value from your investment in engineering workstations.

Applied Microsystems can turn your workstation into the heart of a high performance microprocessor development environment.

To find out more, write Applied Microsystems Corporation, P.O. Box 97002, Redmond, Washington, USA 98073-9702. Or call (800) 426-3925, in Washington call (206) 882-2000.

In Europe contact Applied Microsystems Corporation Ltd., Chiltern Court, High Street, Wendover, Aylesbury, Bucks, HP22 6EP, United Kingdom. Call 44-(0)-296-625462.

UNIX is a registered trademark of AT\&T. AMC-228

"Well, first, we're feeling enormous pressure to get products out faster. The key is designs that'll go through manufacturing the first time. If we're going to stay competitive, we've got to tackle the overall product development process-and it starts right here in design."

Look, HP's gone through the same thing. Our own divisions deal with the same problem daily. We came up with a solution called DesignCenter. It combines our electronic design automation tools with the rest of the process to produce a high degree of manufacturability right from the start-in design."
"That's exactly what we need. A single data path from design right on through production and out the door. If we could somehow combine electronic design with microprocessor development and mechanical engineering and tie it into manufacturing and test, we'd be a lot happier. Are you saying HP can do that for us now?" "We're not there 100\% yet. Nobody is. But that's the whole idea behind our DesignCenter. Right now, we've got the broadest set of EDA tools there is. Match them up with the HP test and measurement tools you've used for years, and you'll be way ahead of the game."
"We've always counted on HP test equipment. But how does that relate to your EDA tools?"
"We were able to bridge the gap between design and prototype test. Now you can create higher quality tests-faster, too-by transferring data directly between our logic analyzers and simulation. And the design and layout tie directly into HP board test systems."
"That's terrific. But testing is only one part of the process. We're making decisions on everything from ASICs and PLDs to microwave hybrids to multi-layer PCBs. And they all have different parts and technologies. I'll tell you, it's impossible to keep up."
"We agree, it's a big problem. But that's the reason we have digital, analog, and microwave CAE tools for design, simulation, and layout. We even support it all with information management to handle the tough tradeoffs your team has to make in choosing between all the technologies and complex interactions." "There's one thing that's always a concern. We've got systems in here from some of your competitors. If we go with HP, can you fit into our existing environment?"
"Absolutely. Using either off-the-shelf or customized interfaces, we'll help you integrate HP tools into your existing systems. And, since HP supports EDIF and IGES standards, you'll have the flexibility you need down the road."
"Speaking of standards, tell me about your platforms."
"Well, HP is among the industry leaders in standardization because the marketplace is demanding it. Our family of workstations and servers supports UNIX and networking standards. They thrive in a multi-vendor environment, making it easier to get your job done right the first time.
That's the bottom line these days."
"I get the feeling you understand that we're interested in a lot more than just tools. I mean, you seem to be talking about more than hardware and software."
"I am. HP is totally committed to this idea of getting more correct-by-design products through your plant. We are talking about a lot more than the tools. We'll sit down with you and help create a system that meets your needs ... not ours or somebody else's. And I mean we'll get right down to solving problems and training your people. That's what we do better than anyone else."
"I want to keep talking about this whole thing. And I want to include some other engineers, too. What are you doing next Wednesday?"
"I've got a feeling I'll be back here."
"Right."
"Name a time."
The dialogue continues . .
More and more project managers are talking to HP about EDA tools and DesignCenter. Start a dialogue today. Call toll free. Ask for information on HP Electronic Design Automation and bridging the gap from design to prototype test: 1-800-752-0900, Ext. C215.

## Bridge the gap between the CAE/CAD systems you have. And the EDAA environment you want.

With Valid's open approach to electronic design automation (EDA), you can build a standards-based hardware/software environment while continuing to use your existing tools.

When You Want More Capability, Not Just More CAE/CAD Systems.

Like so many companies today, you have probably automated most parts of the design process. And whether the tools you use address design capture, digital and analog verification, IC design, or PCB design, chances are that they came from multiple vendors.

Your Problem is Obvious.

How do you bring all these pieces together? And add new capability to keep pace with changes in

technology?
All this without
sacrificing your existing investment in individual design systems?

The Practical Approach.
Our customers tell us there are three elements that affect practical expansion of their design capability. First migrate to standards - platforms, operating systems, networking - to establish a foundation for tying all your tools together. From there you can upgrade the most critical parts of your design environment with the latest state-of-the-art tools, to handle new technologies and the demand for increased performance. And finally, you adopt open systems and emerging standards to attain the compatibility you want long-term in your EDA environment.

## When You Want Standards.

All Valid design automation tools run on the most
popular industry standard platforms, including Sun-3 and Sun- 4 workstation families. As well as VAX mainframes and VAXstations. All the networking is standard, tooEthernet, with 9 TCP/P
and a recognized open architecture. This makes it easier for you to incorporate our advanced tools into your existing configurations. Through recognized standards, such as EDIF, and standard interfaces, such as GDS II, you can preserve the investment you have both in tools and designs while you build the EDA environment you want in planned steps.

Valid wants you to be number one in your business. To find out how improving your EDA environment can help you get there,call valid
today for a free brochure, 1-800-821-9441. In California call 408-432-9400, ext. 2311.

Valid software addresses your critical design needs. Design capture that lets you design with hierarchy, to help manage complex design development, and automatically generate the flat documentation essential to manufacturing. High-accuracy IC and board-level simulation to ensure that your ASICs work on the board, not just in free space. An analog environment that combines breaadboard, lab bench, and analysis tools. Chip and cell-level design and analysis for designing megachips. And PCB design and analysis for SMD and high-speed technologies.

When You Want To Attain Compatibility In Your EDA environment.<br>EveryValid tool is based on industry standards

## When You Want A Full Line Of State-of-the-Art Tools.


or DECnet protocols, NFS or LAVC.


## ALID

© 1988 Valid Logic Systems. Valid is a trademark of Valid Logic Systems. Other brands or product names are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective holders.

## How to crack 386 protected mode.



Unlock selectors and descriptor tables. Break open task state segments (TSS) and call gates. Microtek's In-Circuit-Emulator (MICE) cracks 80386 protected mode with real-time, non-intrusive emulation to 20 MHz .

MICE unravels all the intricacies of the 80386, so you harness its full potential. Internal registers, including GDT and IDT base values are all directly accessible. And MICE also provides decoded access to all selector and descriptor bits, like privilege level, segment type and page accessed bits.

Use MICE as a stand-alone device, or integrate it into your development environment. MICE easily interfaces with the $\mathrm{IBM}^{\circledR}{ }^{\circledR} \mathrm{PC} / \mathrm{XT} / \mathrm{AT}, \mathrm{VAX}{ }^{\circledR}$, Apollo ${ }^{\circledR}$ and Sun ${ }^{\circledR}$ computers.

And the 80386 emulation system is just one of our many embedded software development tools.

Our Software Analysis Workstation (SAW) delivers hardware-based, real-time software analysis in a source code environment. For source code development, our Microtec ${ }^{\circledR}$ Research products provide you
with C and Pascal cross-compilers, crossassemblers and debuggers for many popular microprocessors.

And MicroCASE ${ }^{\text {tM }}$ backs all of its products with solid applications support, both at the local and factory level.

Microtek enjoys a long track record of being first to market with quality support for many major microprocessors. We were the first alternative for 80386 emulation. We're first to provide non-proprietary support for 80386 protected mode. And you can count on the same support in the future.

For more information and product literature on our full line of MICE, call us toll-free at 1-800-547-4445.

Crack 80386 protected mode, and open the door to exciting design possibilities-with the best 80386 emulation system now available. From MicroCASE.

P. O. Box 1309 - Beaverton, OR 97075
*Without the use of a proprietary "bond-out" chip. Machines. VAX is a trademark of Digital Equipment Corporation. Apollo is a trademark of Apollo Computer Inc. Sun is a trademark of Sun Micro Systems.

## CONTENT-ADDRESSABLE DATA MANAGER SORTS 400 TIMES FASTER

By designing your board to use the Am95C85 Content-Addressable Data Manager (CADM) chip from Advanced Micro Devices (Austin, TX, (512) 462-4360) as the coprocessor, you can make the board sort and manipulate data 400 times faster than an IBM PC/XT and 50 times faster than a VAX $11 / 785$ system. This $44-\mathrm{pin}, 1.6-\mu \mathrm{m}$ CMOS device can relieve your system's host CPU of time-consuming data-manipulation and -management tasks. Using parallel-processing techniques, the CADM can perform content-addressable searching of 3 -byte fields in less than $10 \mu \mathrm{sec}$. You can also use this coprocessor to perform automatic sorting and address-independent record storage or deletion in software-configurable tables. Because the CADM combines the advantages of a content-addressable memory with the flexibility of a RAM, you don't have to provide physical addresses to access its memory. As a result, a single command lets the device manipulate and retrieve data at hardware speeds.

A stack mode lets you store data in the device without resorting it and permits you to delete records by simply popping them out of memory. This $\mu \mathrm{P}$ peripheral contains a lk -byte software-configurable RAM array, a control unit that manages internal data, and a host-system interface. Sixteen commands constitute the chip's set of initialization-, byte-, and record-oriented instructions. You can cascade as many as 256 of these $16-\mathrm{MHz}$ devices, which sell for $\$ 66.50$ (100). A $12-\mathrm{MHz}$ version costs $\$ 49.20$ (100).-J D Mosley

## TRACKBALL FREES YOUR PC'S SERIAL PORT

You can replace your PC's mouse with a trackball-even if you don't have an extra serial port-by using the Model M6 Mouse-Trak cursor controller from Itac Systems (Garland, TX, (214) 494-3073). This bus-version trackball comes with a card that plugs into any IBM PC or compatible computer, and provides both a port for the trackball and an extra RS-232C port. Simply by flipping a switch, you can make the Mouse-Trak emulate either a Microsoft or a Mouse Systems mouse. Even if your existing software doesn't accommodate mouse-oriented cursor control, the Mouse-Trak's key-definition program lets the trackball emulate your PC's arrow keys and lets you assign as many as 127 keystrokes to each of its three ergonomically positioned buttons.

The Mouse-Trak draws its power from the RS-232C interface; it requires no additional power supply. For applications requiring precise cursor control, a speed-control button lets you toggle to $1 / 4$ speed. The trackball's Toggle mode lets you drag icons across the screen without holding down a button. The M6 sells for $\$ 189$; other models are available for DEC, SUN, Apollo, Apple, and Atari computers.-J D Mosley

## SMALL OPTICAL-DISK DRIVES EMPLOY ERASABLE MEDIA

The $5^{1 / 4}$-in. Tahiti I and the $3^{1 / 2}$-in. Fiji I optical-disk drives from Maxtor Corp (San Jose, CA, (408) 432-1700) store 1G and 160M bytes, respectively, on erasable, magnetooptic media in removable cartridges. The Tahiti I accepts double-sided cartridges in the company's proprietary format, which holds 500M bytes per side, or an ANSI-standard cartridge, which holds 300 M bytes per side and allows for data interchange with optical drives from other vendors. In addition, the Tahiti I features a $30-\mathrm{msec}$ average seek time and an average data-transfer rate of 10 M bps , so its performance is comparable to that of many magnetic, fixed hard-disk drives.

For applications that require a smaller, lower-capacity, lower-performance, and lower-cost peripheral, you can use the Fiji I, which stores 160M bytes on a single-sided

## NEWS BREAKS

cartridge. It features a $100-\mathrm{msec}$ average seek time and a 1.9 M -bps data-transfer rate. Both drives employ the SCSI interface, but the Tahiti I includes a SCSI controller within its $51 / 4$-in., full-height envelope, and the smaller Fiji I requires a separate controller board. The drives will be available in production quantities by September. In OEM quantities, the Tahiti I will cost approximately $\$ 2500$ and the Fiji I will cost less than \$1000.-Steven H Leibson

## ERASABLE OPTICAL CD ANNOUNCED; APPLICATIONS PENDING

Tandy Corp (Fort Worth, TX, (817) 390-3700) recently announced that it has developed an erasable optical disk, the Thor-CD. The Thor-CD uses a laser beam to record, play back, store, and erase digital data on a disk that is compatible with all existing CD audio and CD-ROM players. The first system that can use the disk will be a $\$ 500$ audio CD player/recorder. The company estimates the product will be commercially available in $11 / 2$ to 2 years. At least another year will pass before the company offers CD-ROM and video player/recorders that use the Thor-CD.-J D Mosley

## 32-BIT RISC MICROPROCESSOR IS NOW AVAILABLE IN QUANTITY

Three versions of the Am29000 RISC (reduced-instruction-set computer) microprocessor are now available in quantity from Advanced Micro Devices (Sunnyvale, CA, (408) 732-2400). The 1l-, 14-, and 17-MIPS (million instructions per second) versions cost $\$ 174, \$ 230$, and $\$ 349$ (100), respectively. (These MIPS ratings are specific to the Am29000 microprocessor and are not equivalent to VAX MIPS ratings.)-Doug Conner

## MIL-SPEC BOARD SET PUTS 80386 ON MULTIBUS I

To implement 32-bit-wide processing capability on your Multibus I-based military application, you can use the 32 SECS 80 Engine from Titan/Sesco Corp (Chatsworth, CA, (818) 709-7100). This 3-board set achieves 32-bit performance on the 16-bit Multibus I by using the manufacturer's prorietary 32-bit-wide intermodule LocalBus for address and data. (The intermodule bus is similar to the Multibus II's, but it lacks multiple-master support.) The full-military-spec board set comprises an 80386-based processor module combined with either a dual-port EPROM/RAM module or a dualport dynamic-RAM module, or both. All of the modules plug directly into the Multibus I backplane. The CPU module contains a $16-\mathrm{MHz}$ version of the 80386 with optional 80387 support, a serial I/O channel, a 128 k -byte EPROM, and 64 k bytes of static RAM; the vendor claims the board set achieves a maximum performance rating of 650,000 Whetstones SP. The price for the 3 -board set, with 4 M bytes of RAM, is $\$ 30,000$.
-Margery S Conner

## SOFTWARE PACKAGE SUPPORTS EMBEDDED 8086 CODE DEVELOPMENT

The C-thru-ROM software package from Datalight (Bothell, WA, (206) 486-8086) allows you to use Microsoft's C compilers to develop ROM-based programs for $\mu$ Ps that execute 8086 code. Usually, these compilers create programs that require an IBM PC environment complete with support from MS DOS. However, the $\$ 495$ C-thru-ROM package provides a locater, prewritten startup code, and step-by-step instructions for creating ROMable, stand-alone programs that require no operating system. The package also includes a remote debugger for your PC and a small software kernel that runs on your target system; the debugger and kernel allow you to debug code on your target through the PC's serial port.-Steven H Leibson

# Flash A/D conversion as easy as 



TRW LSI Products makes it easy to select the high-speed A/D converter that best fits your needs. Our growing family of flash converters offers hybrid and monolithic solutions for your 8 - and 9 -bit applications.
When board space is at a premium or your design window is narrow, the 8bit THC1068 and 9-bit THC1069
hybrids are convenient solutions, complete with precision voltage reference, wideband analog input amplifier and a three-state output buffer. Everything you've always wanted in a flash, in amazingly small 24 -pin and 32 -pin packages.

You've still got maximum design flexibility with TRW's low-cost monolithic flash converters: the industry standard 8 -bit TDC1048, the new standard 9 bit TDC1049, and the industry's first 10-bit flash, the TDC1020. Any one you choose makes it easy for you to stay ahead of your competition.

TRW makes real-time sampling as easy as $1,2,3$.
We've got all that you've come to expect from TRW LSI Products including commercial and extended temperature ranges, as well as MIL-STD-883C screening. We're making it easy for you to use flash converters in your designs, and our products are easy to get from any Hall-Mark or Hamilton/Avnet location.

|  |  | Resolution | Speed |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TDC1048 | Monolithic | 8 -bits | 20MSPS |
| THC1068 | Hybrid | 8 -bits | 25 MSPS |
| TDC1049 | Monolithic | 9 -bits | $30 M S P S$ |
| THC1069 | Hybrid | 9 -bits | $30 M S P S$ |
| TDC1020 | Monolithic | 10 -bits | $20 M S P S$ |

TRW LSI - bringing the worlds of data acquisition and DSP together.

Call us and ask for our "Flash Pack," a complete set of data sheets on our monolithic and hybrid $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{D}$ converters. For immediate technical assistance or
price quote, call us at 619.457.1000.
TRW LSI Products
P.O. Box 2472, La Jolla, CA 92038
619.457.1000

In Europe, phone: TRW LSI Products
Munich, 089.7103.124;
Paris, 1.69.82.92.41;
Guildford (U.K.), 0483.302364
In the Orient, phone:
Hong Kong, 3.880629;
Tokyo, 03.234.8891; Taipei, 751.2062;
Seoul, 2.553.0901
erpW inc. 1987 - 712001887


TRW LSI Products

## NEWS BREAKS: international

## AGREEMENT COMBINES WORLDWIDE ASIC PRODUCTION AND DESIGN TOOLS

Philips Components (Eindhoven, The Netherlands, TLX 51573) and VLSI Technology Inc (San Jose, CA, (408) 942-1810) have entered into an agreement under which Philips will make its worldwide ASIC-production facilities available to VLSI Technology, and VLSI Technology will make its IC-design software available to Philips. The agreement embraces CAD software, foundry services, gate arrays, and cell libraries. In addition to providing its design tools for use in Philips's semiconductor operations, VLSI Technology will license its software to interested Philips customers and to Philips's IC-user divisions. In return, Philips will provide VLSI Technology with worldwide foundry services and will provide qualification for $1.5-\mu \mathrm{m}$ technology in the second half of 1988.-Peter Harold

## JAPANESE ULSI SYMPOSIUM OFFERS ENGLISH TRANSLATION

The Seventh International Symposium on ULSI Ultra Clean Technologies will be the first in the series to offer simultaneous translation into English, thanks to Mitsubishi International Corp, which is cosponsoring the event. The previous six symposia of this series were held entirely in Japanese. The meeting, organized by the Institute of Basic Semiconductor Technology Development of Japan, will take place from July 21 through 23, 1988, in the Keidanren-Kaikain conference center in Tokyo, Japan.

The principal topic of this year's symposium will be submicron ULSI processing. The conference will feature speakers from industry and research organizations throughout Japan; its organizers are Tadahiro Ohmi, a professor in the Solid State Electronics Laboratory of Tohoku University, and Takahisa Nitta, department manager of the Device Development Center of Hitachi Ltd. The attendance fee is $\$ 1500$. To obtain more information or to register for the symposium, contact Yasuo Tsurumi or Bill Chapman at Mitsubishi International Corp (Fremont, CA, (415) 651-9931).-Joanne Clay

## LOW-COST TIMING ANALYZER SIMPLIFIES TRIGGER SETUP

Targeting hardware engineers who need a low-cost, high-performance timing analyzer, the LAL logic analyzer from Rohde \&e Schwarz GmbH (Munich, West Germany, TLX 523703; in the US: Lanham, MD, (301) 459-8800) provides sixteen $100-\mathrm{MHz}$ variable-threshold input channels or eight $200-\mathrm{MHz}$ channels. To maximize the trace length, the analyzer employs transitional timing and incorporates a glitch-capture facility that can capture glitches as short as 3 nsec. Its internal timebase resolution ranges between 5 nsec and $4 \mu$ sec. To clock the analyzer externally at frequencies as high as 100 MHz , you can add an optional clock probe with three clock qualifiers. To simplify instrument setup, the analyzer provides you with a menu of 13 predefined trigger functions for which you can specify the timing and trigger words. The instrument's graphical display of the trigger conditions makes trigger setups easy to understand. The LAL analyzer is priced at DM 12,000.-Peter Harold

## ROBOT-TEACHING LANGUAGE IS THE FIRST TO BE BASED ON JAPANESE

The industry's first robot-teaching language based on Japanese has been developed by Kobe Steel Corp and Yokogawa Hewlett-Packard. The teaching language lets an operator use a personal computer to interactively teach or program a robot in Japanese. At present, all the robot-teaching languages used in Japan are based on English. In this new system, all the programming words are Japanese, and the command-input structure and programming grammar are based on Japanese grammar. The system costs $¥ 1,500,000$ (approximately $\$ 12,000$ ).-Joanne Clay

# Teamvand 



Combine abe whtyorand capturing abilities of a Nicolet digital oscilloscope with the computing abilities of your IBM PC.
Connected via the RS-232 or the IEEE-488 (GPIB) interface, the power of modern signal analysis can be easily realized.
800/356-3090
or 608/273-5008

## Nicolet Digital Oscilloscopes

The Scopes. Nicolet digital oscilloscopes offer ten times the accuracy and as much as one hundred times the resolution of analog oscilloscopes. A wide range of digitizer speeds provide solutions for virtually every measurement problem. Our latest plug-in module, the 4570 , has 12 -bit resolution at the unprecedented digitizing speed of 10 MHz . Accuracy does not have to be sacrificed for speed! Neither does sweep length. Waveforms composed of up to 16 k data points are available regardless of the speed. Cursor readout of measurement values, "zoom" expansion to X256, continuously variable pretrigger data capture, and built-in disk drives all contribute to Nicolet's measurement expertise.

From low cost portables to high performance laboratory systems, Nicolet digital oscilloscopes were the first and are still the best.

## Nicolet Software

The Software. Powerful, easy to use software packages are available for every Nicolet scope. Data transfers into the PC as well as mathematical data manipulation (FFT, integration, RMS, multiplication, etc.) can be accomplished without programming or computer expertise. Waveforms can be displayed on the PC screen, stored on the disk drive, and plotted on paper. The powerful new Waveform BASIC program can also operate as a waveform manipulation language. Using commands similar to standard BASIC, customized waveform calculations can be written quickly and easily.

Capture, analyze, store, and plot data with the convenience and ease of a Nicolet oscilloscope and Nicolet software.

## N $=$ Nicolet

"Instruments of Discovery" CIRCLE NO 204


## dc to 3 GHz

- less than 1dB insertion loss over entire passband
- greater than 40 dB stopband rejection
- 5 section, 30 dB per octave roll-off
- VSWR less than 1.7 (typ)
- over 100 models, immediate delivery
- meets MIL-STD-202
finding new ways
setting higher standards
$\square$ Mini-Circuits
P.O. Box 350166 , Brooklyn, New York 11235-0003 (718) 934-4500

Fax (718) 332-4661 Domestic and International Telexes: 6852844 or 620156

- rugged hermetically sealed package ( $0.4 \times 0.8 \times 0.4 \mathrm{in}$.)
- BNC, Type N, SMA available

| LOW PASS | Model | *LP- | 10.7 | 21.4 | 30 | 50 | 70 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 300 | 450 | 550 | 600 | 750 | 850 | 1000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Min. Pass Band (MHz) DC to Max, 20dB Stop Frequency $(\mathrm{MHz})$ |  |  | 10.7 | 22 | 32 | 48 | 60 | 98 | 140 | 190 | 270 | 400 | 520 | 580 | 700 | $\begin{array}{r} 780 \\ 1100 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 900 \\ 1340 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | 19 | 32 | 47 | 70 | 90 | 147 | 210 | 290 | 410 | 580 | 750 | 840 | 1000 |  |  |
| Prices (ea.): P \$9.95(6-49), B \$24.95(1-49), N \$27.95(1-49), S \$26.95(1-49) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HIGH PASS | Model | *HP- | 50 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 250 | 300 | 400 | 500 | 600 | 700 | 800 | 900 | 1000 |  |  |
| Pass Band (M) |  | start, max. | 41 | 90 | 133 | 185 | 225 | 290 | 395 | 500 | 600 | 700 | 780 | 910 | 1000 |  |  |
|  |  | end, min. | 200 | 400 | 600 | 800 | 1200 | 1200 | 1600 | 1600 | 1600 | 1800 | 2000 | 2100 | 2200 |  |  |
| Min. 20dB Sto | requency | $y(\mathrm{MHz})$ | 26 | 55 | 95 | 116 | 150 | 190 | 290 | 365 | 460 | 520 | 570 | 660 | 720 |  |  |

Prices (ea.): P \$12.95 (6-49), B \$27.95(1-49), N \$30.95(1-49), S \$29.95(1-49)
*Prefix $P$ for pins, B for BNC, N for Type N, S for SMA

# The Creat 16-bit Solution! 



# From OKI system technologies, the solution for high-end multitasking applications. 

Call on OKI NXC, and you move that tough multitasking application into the next generation of microcomputing. It's the performance of tomorrow - available today, with OKI's new 66301 MCU. The industry's first core-based 16-bit CMOS controller. Our first NXC solution.

OKI system technologies have implemented a true macro-cell approach with the 66301. Essentially a static part, this MCU presents a whole new level of integration. On board, in addition to the 16-bit CPU: 16 K bytes of ROM ( 48 K bytes external). 512 bytes of built-in RAM (512K bytes external).

You also get four 16-bit timers, 2 PWMs, plus a watchdog timer. And a rich range of instructions, including special instruc-
tions for word-length multiplication and division.

Now add in an 8-channel, 10-bit A-D converter and a baud rate generator, with variable bit length operations and context switching. On a single chip, our revolutionary macro-cell design packs far more options, capabilities and sophisticated functions than any 16 -bit industry standard can now offer.

With the 66301 on line (and an $\mathrm{E}^{2}$ version available soon), OKI's exclusive NXC introduces a new generation of high-level integration - for your most demanding automotive, telecomm and instrumentation system requirements.

## 16-bit development solutions

OKI's total commitment to development ease and support gives you a headstart in NXC microcomputing.

We can provide a special development version of the 66301 chip - built to accept an EPROM piggyback. To check out your design in realtime, snap on your coded
 memory. This allows you to keep burning code variations into inexpensive EPROMs, until you get a working prototype ...at a very minimal cost.
Of course, OKI's 66301 MCU is solidly backed with a full-scale development system. For realtime in-circuit emulation (ICE), use the NXC EASE system. The portable EASE package includes your ICE hardware,
user's manual, plus complete assembler and debugger software for both MSDOS and VMS. With a compatible high-efficiency C-Compiler option as well. All available from OKI. All part of the NXC solution to highend multitasking applications, produced by the most system-oriented technologies in the field today.


## 16-bit Solutions - on call.

( ) Please send complete technical data on the NXC 16-bit CMOS MCU solution produced by OKI system technologies.
( ) Call me, I have immediate requirements. Tel:( $\qquad$
$\qquad$

Name
Title
Company
Please clip coupon to business card or letterhead and return to: NXC Customer Service, OKI Semiconductor, 650 N. Mary Ave., Sunnyvale, CA 94086. (408) 720-1900.


## You wouldn't do this with your AnalogVLSI devices.

You'll have to if you go to most ATE companies for a solution to today's sophisticated "system silicon" testing problems. Because all you'll get is a makeshift tester. And that means resigning yourself to man-months of custom hardware work integrating analog and digital instrumentation. And putting up with the long hours of low-level software development that go with custom solutions. Worse, you can expect these delays to cut your chances of getting your product to market on time.

Teradyne now has a simple answer to this complex testing problem. The A500 Analog VLSI Test System. It's the first of a new generation of systems specifically for AVLSI "system silicon" devices. A test system that can help you cut critical product development time by months or even years.
One Test System, Once and for All
With AVLSI devices you won't get fast design feedback, unless you test individual components - the
"building blocks" of system silicon. And you won't comply with customer and industry requirements if you don't do complete "system" functional testing. With conventional test systems it means two of everything. Two testers, two test programs, two insertions, two data bases. And more than twice the time to get to market.

The A500 allows you to do it all with one system. So there's only one system to program. One insertion to make for both component and functional testing. And only one data base to work with. Which means significantly less time to market.

## Vector Bus II": the Great Integrator

The heart of the A500 is Teradyne's unique Vector Bus II architecture. It integrates analog and digital VLSI test capability at the system level. Which means you won't have to build special applications hardware for every new device you design. Vector Bus II eliminates that costly custom-work bottleneck


## Why accept it in an AnalogVLSI Test System?

with such features as TimeMaster ${ }^{\text {rw }}$ Synchronization, Mixed-Signal Event Control, and MultiSource Data Mixing.

## A Picture's Worth a Thousand Keystrokes

 The A500 also revolutionizes program development. Our IMAGE ${ }^{\text {mi }}$ (Interactive Menu-Assisted Graphics Environment) software gives you graphics programming as powerful as device designers' CAD/CAE tools. Using a mouse to control multiple windows, pop-up menus and software "power tools," you move ideas rapidly from mind to screen. And much faster to market.Teradyne's new A500 is the only test system with the features you need to win the race for Analog VLSI market opportunities. To find out more, call Beth Sulak at (617) 482-2700, ext. 2746. Or call your nearest Teradyne sales office or write: Teradyne, Inc., 321 Harrison Avenue, Boston, MA 02118.

## NERADNE

Wemeasurequality.

# DESKTOP GATE ARRAY DESIGN 

Like desktop publishing is revolutionizing publishing, we are revolutionizing gate array design. Our GATEAID PLUS/PC gate array design software:
runs on your PC/XT/AT/386
matches the power of workstation tools, and costs $\$ 945$.

And unlike the logic supertankers of other suppliers, our gate arrays are efficient building blocks tailored for various functions such as:

PLD replacement
RAM and logic integration
Bus logic integration, etc.
To order GATEAID PLUS/PC, or for more information on it or on our building block gate arrays, mail coupon below. Or call 1-800-338GATE.


## SIGNALS \& NOISE

## Praise for Feerst was ill-placed

From this letterhead you can conclude that I am indeed a professor, that dirty word in Irwin Feerst's vocabulary. (That I was in industry for 42 years before becoming a professor is irrelevant; that I have founded a company since becoming a professor is also irrelevant.) My grandparents were immigrantsanother dirty word in Irwin Feerst's vocabulary-and so was Charles Steinmetz.

I was a member of a CIO union for technical professionals in my younger years. I was also a member of the IRE (Institute of Radio Engineers) and the AIEE (American Institute of Electrical Engineers), which is now merged with the IEEE, perhaps before Irwin was wetting his diapers, I suppose.

I can tell the difference between a trade union and a professional scientific society, thank you. But Irwin wants to go even further. He wants
to adopt the medieval guild practices the AMA was once accused of. The nation is in a crisis, commercial and technical, and all Irwin can suggest is to kill the bloody foreigners and tell the young Americans not to study engineering (see his latest bulletin). What kind of America does he want, anyhow? "Fortress America," locked in behind an electronic curtain where we can contemplate our navels and buy Far Eastern VCRs, cars, and computers?

Yes, the IEEE would really face "extinction," along with the entire profession, if the likes of Irwin had their way with it! It was ill-placed of Jon Titus to call for contributions to this loose cannon in an editorial ("IEEE faces extinction," EDN, February 4, 1988, pg 53).

## Morton Nadler

## Professor

College of Engineering
Virginia Polytechnic Institute
and State University
Blacksburg, VA

## Forth comes forth

A letter from reader Robert Johnson (EDN, February 18, 1988, pg 34) decried the omission of Forth cross compilers in my article "HLL cross compilers speed 1-chip- $\mu \mathrm{C}$ software development" (EDN, De-
cember 24, 1987, pg 126). In response to that letter, several helpful readers provided us with information regarding Forth cross compilers (Forth vendors prefer to call them cross target compilers) for 1 -chip $\mu \mathrm{Cs}$. Table 1 lists some of the

TABLE 1-REPRESENTATIVE FORTH COMPILERS FOR 1-CHIP ${ }_{\mu}$ Cs

| VENDOR | PRODUCT | TARGET $\mu \mathbf{C}$ | PRICE | ADDRESS |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $\begin{array}{l}\text { BRYTE } \\ \text { COMPUTERS }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { BRYTE FORTH } \\ 8031\end{array}$ | 8031 | $\$ 235$ | $\begin{array}{l}\text { BOX 46 } \\ \text { AUGUSTA, ME 04330 } \\ (207) ~ 547-3218\end{array}$ |
| FORTH INC | CHIPFORTH | $\begin{array}{c}8051,8096, \\ 6801\end{array}$ | $\$ 3250$ | $\begin{array}{l}\text { 111 N SEPULVEDA BLVD } \\ \text { MANHATTAN BEACH, CA 90266 } \\ (213) ~ 372-8493 ~\end{array}$ |
| TLX 275182 |  |  |  |  |$]$

## THERE'S MORE IN STORE FROM SEEQ.




| Part | Power | Page <br> Mode | Ready/Busy | Packaging | Screening |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 52 \mathrm{~B} 33 \\ & \text { (NMOS) } \end{aligned}$ | 110 mA (active) 40 mA (stand-by) | No | No | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DIP } \\ & \text { LCC } \end{aligned}$ | 883 Class B |
| 2864 <br> (NMOS) | 110 mA <br> (active) <br> 40 mA <br> (stand-by) | No | Yes | DIP <br> LCC <br> PLCC <br> Flat Pack | $\begin{aligned} & 883 \text { Class B } \\ & \text { IAN } \end{aligned}$ |
| 28C64 <br> (CMOS) | 50 mA <br> (active) <br> $150 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ <br> (stand-by) | 64 bytes | No | DIP <br> LCC <br> PLCC | 883 Class B |
| $\begin{aligned} & 28 \mathrm{C} 65 \\ & \text { (СМOS) } \end{aligned}$ | 50 mA <br> (active) <br> $150 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ <br> (stand-by) | 64 bytes | Yes | DIP LCC PLCC | 883 Class B |

Note: All parts have read access time of 200 ns .

If you're looking for ways to cut the power needs on designs, SEEO has some high density CMOS answers.

Our byte-wide 28C64s, for example, operate on less than $3 / 4$ watt per Megabyte-about $1 / 10$ the power of competitive parts. In fact, they actually use $150 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ in standby mode. That's 400 times less than NMOS devices.

With four versions to choose from, our 64 K $\mathrm{E}^{2}$ s give you exactly those on-chip options you need. That includes peripheral functions-like input latches, times and power up/down protectionthat make it easy to interface our $\mathrm{E}^{2}$ s to popular microprocessors.

These full-featured $\mathrm{E}^{2}$ s outperform the competition, too. In page mode, for instance, you can write our 64 Ks in $80 \mu \mathrm{sec}$ per byte, which means you can update the entire memory in just 0.7 secondsfour times faster than the industry average.

You still get the high endurance and reliability that SEEQ E²s are known for, as well as operation over extended and full military temperature ranges.

At SEEQ, we have a lot more in store.
SEEO Technology, Inc., 1849 Fortune Drive, San Jose, CA 95131.


## C Cross Compilers

- Global Optimization Features
- Produce Re-entrant, ROM-able Code
- Utilities include Linkers, Locators, Formatters, and Unique ROM Processor


## Cross Assemblers

- Full Macro Capabilities
- Include Complete Utilities Set
- Support Relocatable, Combinable, and Absolute Segments


## XDB Cross Debuggers

- Debug at C or Assembly Source Code Level
- User-Friendly Interface and Command Set

InterTools are available for VAX, SUN, Apollo, HP, IBM PC, and other engineering computers.

Demo Disks available. Toll-Free: 1-800-356-3594

- Powerful Assertion, Breakpoint Commands
- Direct Command Interface to Emulator


## Intermetrics, Inc.

 Software Products Division 733 Concord AvenueCambridge, MA 02138
(617) 661-0072




WITH VLSSS ASIC surest way to create successful ASIC chips.

Our tools accelerate each and every step of the design process.

And our years of experience insure the

## TOOLS, YOUCAN

 success of your finished ASIC chip. EVERYTHING'S FASTER WHEN YOUHAVE AN ASSISTANT.

Our Design Assistant ${ }^{\text {m }}$ tool partitions your chip and estimates chip size, power consump-


## BLOW RIGHT BY THECOMPETITION.

tion, and packaging possibilities. In short, it tells you the best silicon solution to your problem.

Simply enter your design in block diagrams and global interconnect forms. Design Assistant shows you ways to implement it.

Gate array, standard cell or cell-based.
You can run dozens of "what if" configurations in a few hours. In no time, you'll have the crucial information you used to wait forever for vendors to supply.

## STREAMLINED DESIGN, COMPLIMENTS OF OUR COMPILERS.

Our logic and memory compilers create multipliers, PLAs, or super fast SRAM memory blocks as fast as 8 ns.

And wéve got a couple of "expert" compilers for cell-based or gate array designs that think exactly the way you do.

When you design a datapath, you think of it as a linear schematic, right?

Well, our Datapath Compiler just happens to use schematics as input. Complex multi-bit datapaths practically pop right out of it.

When you design state machine and other logic blocks, you think in terms of equations. Our State Machine Compiler does, too.
And it even optimizes your equations.

## GET IT TOGETHER. FAST.

Ready to place and route your cell-based design? Just call up our Chip Compiler.

It provides floor-planning and auto-routing. It works with our compilers and standard cell libraries to produce an optimized layout.

It even pours standard cells into the gaps
between blocks to make sure you use the minimum chip area required.

How fast does it work? Glad you asked.
A company came to us with a layout that took them three months. We did it in two days. TO BE FAST, YOU HAVE TO BE FLEXIBLE.
Only our Portable Library lets you choose gate array or cell-based, $1.5 \mu$ or $2 \mu$, after you've completed your logic design.
It can allow you to do that because your library always remains stable. No matter what process you use.

Process obsolescence is now obsolete.

## IF YOU NEED TO GET THERE FAST, TAKE THE EXPRESS.

You can buy VLSI's tools in six configurations. From our quick, easy-to-use Logic Express ${ }^{m m}$ to the powerful Design Express.'
If you'd like to find out how quickly you can design successful ASIC chips, give us a call at (800) 872-6753.

Because when youre driving to market this fast, it's good to have insurance.

CONCEPT EXPRESSTM:


The Concept Express Design System's highly productive logic tools and silicon compilers were used to develop this very-large-scale ASIC. It incorporates a 2901 datapath, RAM, ROM,


DESIGN EXPRESS ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ :


This highly-integrated design combines control logic, a register file, a refresh counter, and five peripheral chips onto a die size of $275 \times 315$ mils. The logic design, layout, and verification were completed in only 12 weeks.


SILICON EXPRESS ${ }^{\text {m }}$ : under two man months.

This design integrates all the peripheral chips for an AT computer with six chips for an AT computer with six
megacells and control logic. Using the Silicon Express Design System, logic Silicon Express Design System, logic
and physical designs like these can be implemented in

 easy operation, fast development schedules. EZ-PRO ${ }^{\text {® }}$ users reap the benefits of the C language fully integrated with advanced emulation tools, including precedence triggering, Deep Trace, ${ }^{\mathrm{TM}}$ on-line code revisions, and performance analysis tools.

In addition to $\mathrm{IBM}^{\oplus} \mathrm{PC}-\mathrm{XT} /$ AT, hosts include IBM Personal

System $/ 2{ }^{\text {TM }}$ Macintosh II, ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ VAX ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ MicroVAX, ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ and Sun Workstation.

EZ-PRO users also have the advantage of the best postsales support in the industry.

They know that their emulators are covered by

American Automation's 5-year limited warranty.

Experience counts. Now with over 10 years experience, American Automation has designed more emulators than anyone. Count on EZ-PRO to provide the most cost/effective development support.

*Assumes EZ-PRO Development Station connected to MSDOS host.


## NEW FROM TEK: ANALOG FUNCTION, ARBITBARY WAVEFORM AND SWEEP GENERATION IN ONE COMPACT PACKAGE.

The Tek AFG 5101 Programmable Arbitrary/Function Generator is the latest addition to Tek's TM 5000 family of proven, programmable, modular test instruments.
An analog function generator, the AFG 5101 can generate standard sine, square and triangle waveforms, plus dc level, with frequencies from .012 Hz to 12 MHz and amplitudes of 10 mV to 9.99 V peak-to-peak, into 50 ohms. Waveforms can be continuous, triggered, gated or burst, from a
full range of triggering modes.
With synthesizer option, the AFG 5101 achieves frequency accuracies to .005\% ( 120 Hz to 12 MHz ) over and above the .2\% frequency accuracies in the standard instrument.

## An arbitrary waveform

 generator, the AFG 5101 uses two independent 12 -bit by 8 K waveform memories to build any imaginable signal from an array of 8,192 horizontal addresses and 4,096 vertical addresses. Enter the waveforms manually from the front panel, from computer data -or select one of the unit's predefined, 1,000-point waveforms.A sweep generator, the AFG 5101 includes linear,



## ARTIFICIRL INTELLIGENCE • H HIS ER-LEUEL FUNCTIONS • C COM VLERS - UENDOR FLEHIBI UENDDR FLEKIBILITY • FRRTIFII

## An eye on the future.

For 21 years, Gould has helped system designers by cutting ASIC development spans, increasing functions and performance. Now we're using artificial intelligence (Al) to go even further.

Already Al-based Gould Expert Systems"' tools create cells in days instead of weeks. Including standard cells, ROMs,

RAMs and analog cells, like op amps and filters. Megacell compilers create large custom functions (bit-slice $\mu \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{DSPs}$, etc.) half the size of standard cells.

Another tool makes Gould a ready alternate source for any ASIC you do. No matter who your primary vendor is. It's Netrans,"' universal netlist translator. Use

## ER-LEUEL FUNCTIONS - COMPILERS • IUENDOR FLE IPILERS - UENDOR FLEKIBILITY • FRTIFICIRL INTEL - HIGHER-LEUEL FUNCTIONS • COMPILERS • UEND INTELLIGENCE • HIGHER-LEUEL FUNCTIONS • COI

any CAD/CAE system and cell library you want: Netrans will convert your netlist for production at Gould. That's true vendor flexibility.

A different kind of tool is Jerry L. DaBell's handbook,"Successful Cell-Based ASICs: A Simplified Strategy." Part 1 tells how to choose the best vendor for you. Part 2 tells you how to get better results with fewer headaches. It's required reading and yours free.

To get your "Strategy" and details on Gould ASICs, call 1-800-GOULD10. You'll like what you see.

Manufacturer of Gould AMI Semiconductors.

## Solenoid control design tips



Microprocessor turns snap action solenoid into a smooth positioner. It's quiet, too. See below.

Solenoids are used to control the performance of devices such as valves, gates, and dampers. New research and development provides better design capability over solenoid parameters and characteristics to make them a system designer's dream come true. Designers are specifying solenoids in applications that once used other actuators.

1Some hot solenoid applications - Variable, repeatable positioner $\quad$ Fly-by-wire $■$ High speed liquid metering $\quad$ ■ Safe-arm locks $\quad$ Fuel injection

2
Design benefits
The simpler control required by solenoids means faster product development cycles, higher reliability from fewer interfaces, high force and speed capabilities. A solenoid is practically made for digital control because it's a pulsed device. And its few components can be optimized.


Example: Want higher speed actuation than a given solenoid allows? Consider using two or more smaller, faster solenoids and take advantage of their multiplied force.


1 ms
Example: A designer wanted a solenoid to operate within a millisecond, in a window only 70 microseconds wide. With a specified life of 500 million cycles! Ledex solenoids are repeatable, predictable, reliable.
if you ramp the input current. Used as a hydraulic valve actuator, you can eliminate hydraulic shock.


Soft Snift ${ }^{\text {tw }}$ solenoid. Stock models in five sizes.

4Solenoid package size Need low profile? Minimum volume? Smallest frontal area? Ledex solenoids can pack more work per cubic inch than motors.

Ledex configurations
Rotary -High torque, compact.
Magton -Longest life rotary, no axial movement. Linear -Short, medium, long stroke types. Push or pull.
Open Frame-High performance at least cost.

5Controllable characteristics Look at the variety of parameters and characteristics the designer can optimize. ■ Force $■$ Speed $\$ Life ■ Acceleration Quality © Noise Repeatability Reliability. Design flexibility also comes by using controls, such as: - Current limiting ■ Pulse (A to D) $■$ Position sensing $■$ Packaged switches. Call on Ledex to discuss your application. Often just a phone call will start a shelf-stocked solenoid on its way.

Want to know more?
Request catalogs.

Ledex Inc. A Subsidiary of Lucas Industries P.O. Box 427

Vandalia, Ohio 45377-0427 U.S.A.
Phone: 513-898-3621

helpful solenoid technology

Nepcon East, Boston, MA. Cahners Exposition Group, 1350 E Touhy Ave, Des Plaines, IL 60018. (312) 299-9311. June 14 to 16.

IEEE COMPASS '88 (3rd Annual Conference on Computer Assurance), Gaithersburg, MD. Frank Houston, COMPASS '88, Box 5314, Rockville, MD 20851. (301) 4435020. June 27 to 30.

Worst-Case Circuit Analysis (seminar), Honolulu, HI. Design and Evaluation, 1000 White Horse Rd, Suite 304, Voorhees, NJ 08043. (609) $770-0800$. July 11 to 13 .

CASE '88 (2nd International Workshop on Computer-Aided Software Engineering), Cambridge, MA. Pamela Meyer, Index Technology Corp, 1 Main St, Cambridge, MA 02142. (617) 494-8200, ext 1988. July 12 to 15 .

Siggraph, Atlanta, GA. Barbara Voss, Robert P Kenworthy Inc, 866 United Nations Plaza, Suite 424, New York, NY 10017. (212) 7520911. August 1 to 5.

Midcon, Dallas, TX. Electronic Conventions Management, 8110 Airport Blvd, Los Angeles, CA 90045. (800) 421-6816; in CA, (213) 772-2965. August 30 to September 1.

Surface Mount '88, Marlborough, MA. MG Expositions Group, 1050 Commonwealth Ave, Boston, MA 02215. (800) 223-7126; in MA, (617) 232-3976. August 30 to September 1.

Modern Electronic Packaging (seminar), Santa Clara, CA. Technology Seminars, Box 487, Lutherville, MD 21093. (301) 2694102. September 7 to 9 .

12th International Fiber Optic Communications and Local Area Networks Exposition, Atlanta, GA. Information Gatekeepers, 214

# Record-Shattering CPUPerformance! 

## Sustained 20-MIPS, 7-MFIop throughput in a 32-bit CMOS CPU and FPU.

 Nothing else comes close.What happens when you blend our ultra-fast PACE Technology ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ with MIPS, the top-performing RISC architecture?

Simple-a breakthrough of major proportions. A 32-bit CPU/Floating point processor set that delivers sustained throughput of 20-MIPS, and 7-MFlop single precision, LINPACK, or 4-MFlop double precision.
(Peak throughput exceeds 25-MIPS.)
There's more. The market-rattling performance of the PaceMips ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ R3000 and R3010 is supported by 256 K bytes each of high-speed instruction and data cache memory. The speed, as you might expect, is made possible by our $64 \mathrm{~K}, 16 \mathrm{~K}$ and 4 K SRAMs-the world's fastest-in $\times 1, x 4$ and $\times 8$ organizations.

If record-shattering performance interests you, you'll call our marketing HOT LINE today at (408) 734-9000 for more information. On pricing. Operating systems. Compilers. Development systems. And fast static RAMs.

The PaceMips R3000 and R3010. Ready now. With champion performance that can make your next system a winner, too.

610 E. Weddell Drive, Sunnyvale, CA 94089
Telephone (408) 734-9000

## Tight Schedule? Complex Project? Tough Problems?

## Add MicroDimensions to Your Team

## Let MicroDimensions assist you - with complete hardware and software development services.

-We can help you with part of a project you prefer not to handle - or all of the job from start to finish
-Hardware design facilities include a complete electronic design lab including CAD design tools \& PC layout
-Software development capability in a wide range of languages, environments, including VAX/VMS, and the 68xxx family

- System integration services include system design, prototyping, assembly and testing
- Our specialties include VME, MAP, communications, and process control. We have extensive servo experience
-We are proud of our proven record of performance on schedule, within budget
- A prestigious client list including many Fortune 100 companies

For a corporate brochure contact Bruce R. Knox, President
MicroDimensions, Inc.
7345 Production Drive
Mentor (Cleveland), Ohio 44060
Phone: (216) 974-8070 • FAX: (216) 974-1648

## CIRCLE NO 8

## The Versatility of Flight

From its precision American engineering and cost efficient manufacturing, Comair Rotron's Flight Series offers one inch fans for the most sensitive equipment

The low cost fan is available in four sizes: $60,80,90$ and 120 mm providing airflow from 8-95 CFM, with $12 \& 24$ VDC for power flexibility. The brushless dc motor, with stainless steel ball-bearings insure a continuous life of 60,000 hours. Flight Series joins the worldstandard Muffin, Whisper \& Sprite in our quality tested line of commercial airmovers.

Comair Rotron.. the first name in forced convection cooling technology.

For literature only call 800-367-2662. In NYS and for product or technical assistance, call our Application Engineering Dept. at (914) 246-3615.

Harvard Ave, Boston, MA 02134. (800) $323-1088$; in MA, (617) 232 3111. September 12 to 16.

Worst-Case Circuit Analysis (seminar), Boston, MA. Design and Evaluation, 1000 White Horse Rd, Suite 304, Voorhees, NJ 08043. (609) 7700800. September 12 to 14.

Connector and Interconnection Technology Symposium, Dallas, TX. Electronic Connector Study Group, 104 Wilmot Rd, Suite 201, Deerfield, IL 60015. (312) 940-8800. October 3 to 5 .

Autotestcon, Minneapolis, MN. Steve Palmer, Unisys, 3333 Pilot Knob Rd, Eagan, MN 55121. (612) 456-2349. October 4 to 6.

## Electronic Imaging Conference

 East, Boston, MA. MG Expositions Group, 1050 Commonwealth Ave, Boston, MA 02215. (800) 223-7126; in MA, (617) 232-3976. October 4 to 6 .Frontiers '88: The 2nd Symposium on the Frontiers of Massively Parallel Computers, Fairfax, VA. Frontiers Symposium, Box 334, Greenbelt, MD 20770. October 10 to 12 .

International Electronic Manufacturing Technology (IEMT) Symposium, Lake Buena Vista, FL. Bill Moody, 2529 Eaton Rd, Wilmington, DE 19810. (302) 4784143. October 10 to 12.

Modern Electronic Packaging (seminar), Boston, MA. Technology Seminars, Box 487, Lutherville, MD 21093. (301) 269-4102. October 12 to 14 .

Worst-Case Circuit Analysis (seminar), San Francisco, CA. Design and Evaluation, 1000 White Horse Rd, Suite 304, Voorhees, NJ 08043. (609) 770-0800. October 17 to 19.

# 0 to 60 in 5 seconds 



## with new UniLab Microprocessor Development Tools

- 64Kbytes from hard disk to emulation memory in 5 seconds. That's moving. But today you've got to be fast just to stay in the race for better microprocessor designs.
- The secret is a new, high-speed parallel interface: the Orion bus. Which zips data between your PC/AT and the 8620 analyzeremulator, breaking the RS-232 bottleneck. - The 8620 with 0 -bus gives you complete program diagnosis - and solutions - in real time. For more than 150 different microprocessors. Using the same command set environment.
- A generous 2730 trace-cycle buffer with selective filtering lets you cut through the clutter and display just the traces you wish. And you get $l \mu$ sec resolution iı program time measurement. Plus continuous InSight monitoring of your program's key functions as they are performed.







InSight Display. InSight blends analyzeremulator techniques to give you continuous, real time monitoring of key processor functions. And still services user interrupts. It displays changing register contents, $\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O}$ lines, ports, user-defined memory windows. With your own labels.

- On top of that, you get UniLab's trademark ability to debug by symptom, not just by breakpoint and single step. And, to help you complete the job on time, on the spot, a stimulus generator and EPROM programmer are included.
- Ease of use, another Orion trademark, is also built in. So you have all the familiar features and formats you're used to working with. It doesn't matter if your project is a single chip controller or complex 16-bit


Analyzer Triggers. Commonly used triggers can be selected quickly from a list of standard and user-defined triggers.
microprocessor, the 8620 is the top price/ performance analyzer-emulator that does it all. At just $\$ 4380$. With processor Personality Paks typically $\$ 550$ each.

- UniLab 8620. Fast-lane debugging that gets you to market quicker.

Call toll-free: 800/245-8500.
In CA: 415/361-8883

##  <br> I NSTRUMENTS

702 Marshall St., Redwood City, CA 94063 TLX 530942 FAX 415/361-8970
Computer Integrated Instrumentation

## DOYOU HAVE WHAT IT TAKES TO MAKE IT Big in Asics?

Not long ago, designing ASICs wasn't even part of your job. Now it's the part everyone's counting on.

That's where Daisy comes in.

Daisy CAE tools are used by more ASIC designers than any other CAE workstations.

Because from schematic creation through post-layout


Simulation accelerator market share. Source: Prime Data, 1985 and 1986 unit shipments.
simulation, Daisy has what it takes to keep ASICs on time and on budget.

For example, our MegaLOGICIAN ${ }^{T M}$ simulation
accelerator is seamlessly integrated with the schematic, so you can locate and correct design problems interactively. That means faster debugging and more time to improve the quality of your design. Plus no other accelerator is as well supported,
with more than 170 design kits supplied by 70 different vendors. So you can build productivity instead of libraries.

Which may explain why more MegaLOGICIANs are in use today than all other accelerators combined.

Speaking of combining, you

20,000 GATIES
can share a MegaLOGICIAN
with a network of our 386based desktop workstations, for a high-powered low cost ASIC design environment.
And that's just the beginning.
With our library of more than 4,500 systemlevel components, you can include your ASIC in complete "real world" system simulations to ensure that your designs will be ready for production, instead of revision.
All of which makes Daisy today's choice for no-sweat ASIC success.
But what about tomorrow?
Gate counts are on the rise. If your tools run out of steam at 5,000 gates, so could your future.
No problem.
Our ASIC design tools glide through $20,000-$
gate designs without even breathing hard.
In fact, new design kits already support arrays of over 100,000 gates.
So you'll never have to worry about hitting a dead-end.
But don't take our word for it, listen to what

Rockwell and other industry leaders have to say. For a free copy of "Making It Big In ASICs" call Daisy at 1 (800) 556-1234, Ext. 32. In California, 1(800) 441-2345, Ext. 32.

European Headquarters:
Paris, France (1) 45370012.
Regional Offices:
England (256) 464061;
West Germany (89) 92-69060;

Italy (39) 637251.

## High-resolution conversion

## in the blink of an eye.

## Get video speed, low power consumption, high resolution and superior price/performance with our new CMOS data converters.



We've expanded our line to include more CMOS flash ADC's, a charge balancing ADC, an SPI ADC and a DAC. All featuring single 5 V supply operation.

We also offer a new high-speed op amp especially wellsuited to driving ADC's or video cables.

## 4, 6 and 8-bit CMOS flash ADC's.

Choose from 4,6 and 8-bit ADC's. All operate at video speeds, with clocking speed and input bandwidth specified at 5 V . What makes these flash ADC's special is silicon-onsapphire construction, resulting in low cost, high speed, very low input capacitance, low power consumption and inherent latch-up resistance.

## 10-bit CMOS charge balancing ADC.

This 10-bit successive approximation ADC captures fast moving signals, providing excellent resolution.

It features a built-in fast track and hold, with conversion rates of 150 KHz and an input bandwidth of 1.5 MHz . Even at the maximum rate, power consumption is less than 20 mW .

## 10-bit CMOS serial ADC.

The CDP68HC68A2 is selectable for either 8- or 10-bit resolution and has an 8 -channel multiplexer allowing up to 8 channels of inputs. The device can be used directly with our CDP68HC05C4, C8 or D2 microprocessors or other similar SPI (Serial Peripheral Interface) buses.

## 8-bit CMOS R-2R video-speed DAC's.

These CMOS/SOS digital-to-analog converters operate

from a single 5 V supply at video speeds and can produce "rail-to-rail" output swings. Typical update rate is 50 MHz . Settling is fast ( 20 ns typical) to $1 / 2$ LSB. "Glitch" energy is minimized by segmenting and bar graph decoding of upper 3 bits.

High-speed op amp.
Specially designed for use with data converters, the CA3450 op amp has excellent speed and transmission line driving capabilities.

For 10-bit accuracy, it settles to within 1/2 LSB in 40 ns with a 2 V input signal. And it can drive up to four 50 ohm transmission lines.

| ADC's | Res. Bits Conv. Rate Hz Power Diss. (MW) Pkg. Leads | 1K Price |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CA3304E | 4 | 20 M | 30 | 16 | 2.95 |
| CA3304AE | 4 | 25 M | 35 | 16 | 4.50 |
| CA3306CE | 6 | 10 M | 65 | 18 | 5.50 |
| CA3306E/3306AE | 6 | 15 M | 70 | 18 | $6.25 / 11.25$ |
| CA3318E/3318CE | 8 | 15 M | 150 | 24 | $38.50 / 24.00$ |
| CA3310E/3310AE | 10 | 150 K | 15 | 24 | $6.00 / 8.00$ |
| CDP68HC68A2E | 10 | 10 K | 15 | 16 | 3.75 |
| DAC's |  |  |  |  |  |
| CA3338E/3338AE | 8 | 50 M | 100 | 16 | $6.00 / 8.40$ |
| OP AMP | UGBW Hz | Slew Rate $($ X10 $)$ | Iour MA | Pkg Leads | 1K Price |
| CA3450E | 200 M | $300 \mathrm{~V} / \mu \mathrm{Sec}$ | $\pm 75$ | 16 | 2.70 |

## Data in a flash.

For data sheets of these new products, call toll-free 800-443-7364, extension 19. Or contact your local GE Solid State sales office or distributor.

In Europe, call: Brussels, (02) 246-21-11; Paris, (1) 39-46-57-99; London, (276) 68-59-11; Milano, (2) 82-291; Munich, (089) 63813-0; Stockhoim (08) 793-9500.

## Why our high performance 22V10 PLD is the market leader:

First, all the great architectural features of the standard 22V10.

Including Macrocell I/O, so one part can be programmed to replace up to 10 different PLD devices, plus many additional logic configurations. Inverted or non-inverted, registered or combinatorial operating modes. As many registers as you want -1 to 10 . Synchronous Preset and Asynchronous Reset features. Configurable with up to 22 inputs and 10 outputs. A Variable Product Term architecture lets you easily tailor the 22 V10 for high performance in a wide variety of applications, without burdening the product term structure.

And you get the benefit of easy programming, using industry standard languages like $\mathrm{CUPL}^{\oplus}$ or $\mathrm{ABEL}^{\text {³ }}$, standard programmers, or our handy QuickPro ${ }^{T M}$ programming accessory for PC or PC-compatible.

In other words, you get superb flexibility and ease of use. The 22 V 10 gives you the convenience of PLD design for logic functions in the 500 to 800 gate array complexity. But without the design complexity of gate arrays.

## Now add Cypress CMOS leadership and you have the market-leading 22 vio.

Blazing performance, with speeds to 25 ns combinatorial $/ 33.3 \mathrm{MHz}$ registered.

Quarter-Power for cool performance.
Optional windowed versions for the convenience of reprogrammability.

Skinny DIP or surface mount packaging. Greater than 2000 V ESD tolerance on every pin, and the ability to tolerate $\pm 10 \%$ power supply fluctuations.

No wonder this is such a best seller.
Get the databook that has the information you need on this great part, and you'll have the information you need on ALL our high performance parts.

CMOS high speed SRAM.
CMOS high speed PROM.
CMOS high speed PLD.
CMOS high speed Logic.
This databook, packed with high speed, low power parts, is yours for a phone call.

## DataBook Hotline: 1-800-952-6300

Ask for Dept. C42
1-800-423-4440 In CA Ask for Dept. C42 (32) 2-672-2220 In Europe (416) 475-3922 In Canada


## It's easy



Sometimes when I'm talking with youngsters about past scientific and engineering developments, one of them will say, "But things were so easy back then." It's hard for them to realize that doing something new or innovative is never easy. If it were easy, someone would already have done it. That sounds fairly obvious, but it's amazing how many people get suckered into thinking that new developments are easy. So, as far as new technology goes, only the hard things are left. But it has always been that way.
Today, most electrical engineers can put together a $\mu \mathrm{P}$ design in a few minutes. However, if you're a mechanical engineer facing your first $\mu \mathrm{P}$ system, it may not be so easy. If it were easy, it would have been done before now. Likewise, if a problem succumbs to a simple or easy solution, someone may already have solved it. I suppose there are some geniuses to whom everything appears easy, but most technological innovation comes from hard-working creative engineers who tackle tough jobs.
People use the word "easy" with abandon. Perhaps they think that telling us that a task is easy makes it so. On Saturdays when I'm working on home improvements and I have the TV on for background noise, I hear people say "easy" often. I watch two immaculately dressed people show me how easy it is to remodel a bathroom. They quickly plumb a sink and lay a new floor. The job looks easy and clean. To do it yourself, all you need is a set of books that describes how to do these easy jobs. I can imagine a less-thanhandy person looking at his demolished bathroom and telling his wife, "If this looks bad, just think how it might look if we didn't have those books!"
People also use words such as "easy" to divert your attention from something else. For example, they'll tell you how easy it is to work with their company, when you really want to know how good their product is. One software company's ad describes its phone-support services and shows a $\$ 169,848$ bill for the company's toll-free customer-service phone lines. It's nice that the company has such a strong commitment to customer service, but I'm still wondering why the product prompts 3700 phone calls each day. Another company brags: "Expanding our customer-service staff to over 80 people makes it easier for our customers to get through on the phone." I guess that although it's now easier to find someone to talk with, the product still has some real problems.
So, the next time you hear "easy," a mental alarm should go off. But watch out, "easy" doesn't travel alone. You'll often find it in the company of "unique," "impressive," "new," and "exciting."


# New high performance PC-based emulators from HP. 



Introducing the HP 64700 Series emulators. Low-cost, entry-level, PCbased emulators with features you won't find with any others in the price range-or even higher. The HP 64700s deliver unmatched capability, ease-of-use, measurement power, flexibility, and reliability ... plus HP support.

While the HP 64700s are tailored to meet the needs of individual engineers and small design teams, they'll
perform equally well for large teams working on complex projects.

The rapidly expanding family of HP 64700 emulators provide real-time, transparent emulation at full processor speeds with no wait states. The PC user interface gives a new meaning to the term "friendly" with features like multiple windows, single-letter keystroke command entry, access to symbols for powerful debugging
capability, timing diagrams, and on, and on, and on. The experienced user as well as the beginner will appreciate how easy these emulators are to work with.

In addition to the features shown above, there are lots of others that put the HP 64700s in a class by themselves. To name a few: function with IBM-PC, HP Vectra and compatibles, RS-422 high-speed serial

# You could spend a lot more and get a lot less. 


interface for superior download and upload speed, code coverage analysis for efficient software testing and design, host-independent portability, and compatibility with popular absolute file formats such as Tektronix and Intel hexadecimal and Motorola S record.

Once you get your hands on an HP 64700 emulator, you'll agree that this is the new standard in the field. Especially at a starting price of $\$ 8,900$.

## Free demo disc.

For a free demo disc
that gives you the "hands-on" feel for HP 64700 Series capabilities, call HP at 1-800-752-0900 ext. 215 N , or mail the attached business reply card.


## HERE'S HOW TO PROFIT WITH YOUR 8-BIT MPU-

MODEM




俍



# IN REAL ESTATE BASED SYSTEM 

## NEW TOSHIBA ASSPs COMBINE SYSTEM FUNCTIONS ON A SINGLE CHIP.

Toshiba's new Application Specific Standard Products (ASSPs) can put an 8-bit MPU together with your standard SIO, CTC, PIO and clock generator-all on a single chip. This and other combinations mean less board space, simplified design, lower costs for assembly and testing, lower power dissipation, higher system reliability and faster time to market. Not to mention more profit from all of the above.
ASSPs are especially valuable in real estate intensive applications such as modems, credit card verifiers, PBXs, printers, terminals and other areas where compact size is a distinct competitive advantage.
These highly integrated devices are available off-the-shelf now from Toshiba reps and distributors. Toshiba ASSPs offer you more choice of functions and performance- 6 different versions now and more coming soon.

| ASSP PRODUCTS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type Number | Pkg | Description |
| TMPZ84C011A | $\underset{\mathbf{F}}{\mathbf{F}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{ZB0} \mathrm{MPU}(4 \mathrm{MHz})+\mathrm{CGC}+\mathrm{CTC}+\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O}(8 \times 5) \\ & \mathrm{Z80} \mathrm{MPU}(6 \mathrm{MHz})+\mathrm{CGC}+\mathrm{CTC}+\mathrm{I} / 0(8 \times 5 \end{aligned}$ |
| TMPZ84C015A TMPZ84C015A-6 | $\underset{\mathbf{F}}{\mathbf{F}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Z80} \mathrm{MPU}(4 \mathrm{MHz})+\mathrm{CGC}+\mathrm{CTC}+\mathrm{PIO}+\mathrm{SIO} \\ & \mathrm{ZB0} \mathrm{MPU}(6 \mathrm{MHz})+\mathrm{CGC}+\mathrm{CTC}+\mathrm{PIO}+\mathrm{SIO} \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { TMPZ84C013A } \\ & \text { TMPZ84C013A-6 } \end{aligned}$ | T | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Z80 MPU (4MHz)+CGC+CTC + SIO } \\ & \text { Z80 MPU }(6 \mathrm{MHz})+\mathrm{CGC}+\mathrm{CTC}+\mathrm{SIO} \end{aligned}$ |

Let Toshiba ASSPs shrink your real estate and enlarge your profits. Call for complete information today.

## WORLD'S BROADEST LINE OF CMOS $280^{\circ}$ MPUs.

As one of the world's leading manufacturers of CMOS Z80 products, Toshiba offers you more of what you want than anyone else-more speeds; more package options-40 different products in all. And every one is guaranteed to be form, fit, function and software compatible with the products you are now using.

For MPUs, talk with the people with MPU power. Talk with Toshiba.

| CMOS Z80 FAMILY |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type Number | Pkg | Freq. | Description |
| TMPZ84C00A | P,T, F | 4MHZ | MICROPROCESSOR-Z80A |
| TMPZ84C00A-6 | P,T, F | 6 MHZ | MICROPROCESSOR-Z80B |
| TMPZ84C00A-8 | P,T | 8MHZ | MICROPROCESSOR-Z80H |
| TMPZ84C10A | P,T, F | 4MHZ | DIRECT MEMORY ACCESS CONTROLLER |
| TMPZ84C10A-6 | P,T, F | 6MHZ | DIRECT MEMORY ACCESS CONTROLLER |
| TMPZ84C20A | P,T, F | 4MHZ | PARALLEL I/O CONTROLLER |
| TMPZ84C20A-6 | P,T, F | 6MHZ | PARALLEL I/O CONTROLLER |
| TMPZ84C30A | P,T, F | 4MHZ | COUNTER TIMER CIRCUIT |
| TMPZ84C30A-6 | P,T, F | 6MHZ | COUNTER TIMER CIRCUIT |
| TMPZ84C40A | P | 4MHZ | SERIAL I/O CONTROLLER |
| TMPZ84C40A-6 | P | 6MHZ | SERIAL I/O CONTROLLER |
| TMPZ84C41A | P | 4MHZ | SERIAL I/O CONTROLLER |
| TMPZ84C41A-6 | P | 6 MHZ | SERIAL I/O CONTROLLER |
| TMPZ84C42A | P | 4MHZ | SERIAL I/O CONTROLLER |
| TMPZ84C42A-6 | P | 6MHZ | SERIAL I/O CONTROLLER |
| TMPZ84C43A | F | 4MHZ | SERIAL I/O CONTROLLER |
| TMPZ84C43A-6 | F | 6MHZ | SERIAL I/O CONTROLLER |
| TMPZ84C44A | T | 4MHZ | SERIAL I/O CONTROLLER |
| TMPZ84C44A-6 | T | 6MHZ | SERIAL I/O CONTROLLER |
| TMPZ84C60 | P | 4MHZ | CLOCK GENERATOR CONTROLLER |
| TMPZ84C61A | P | 6/8MHZ | CLOCK GENERATOR CONTROLLER |
| TMPZ84C01 | F | 4MHZ | MICROPROCESSOR + CGC |
| TMPZ84C02A-6 | F | 6MHZ | MICROPROCESSOR + CGC |

TOSHIBA. THE POWER IN MPUs. TOSHIBA AMERICA, INC.

[^3]
## NCR keeps raising the standards for SCSI.

## Finally, a cure for SCSI overheadaches.

NCR's 53C90 is the only chip that can give you fast, fast, fast relief from overheadaches. Using combination commands, dedicated sequential logic and dual-ranked registers for command pipelining, the 53C90 is quickest on and off the bus. Plus NCR implements complex bus sequencing in hardware, not time-wasting software.

Transfer rates? NCR's 53C90 delivers the SCSI bus maximum of 5.0 MBytes/sec synchronous and 3 MBytes asynchronous at 25 MHz for the full length of the bus.

How to get zapresistance, latch-up protection and the blessings of the FCC.


It's easy.
The NCR 5380 and 53C90 families give you ESD protection up to 10,000 volts on the SCSI bus. NCR also provides controlled fall times to reduce the undershoot that could cause other CMOS chips to latch-up. Controlled assertion rates also reduce generated RFI, an important factor in winning FCC approval for the final product.


## Raise your standards.

Because our chips have an edge in technology, they can help give you an edge in the market. So don't settle for the standard, call NCR today.

For documentation call our hot line 1-800-334-5454. Or write to, NCR Microelectronics, SCSI Products, 1635 Aeroplaza Drive, Colorado Springs, CO 80916.

For technical assistance, call 1-800-525-2252, Telex 452457.
Nㅁㅁ

## TECHNOLOGY UPDATE

## Fiber-optic ICs accelerate communication over data links

Dave Pryce, Associate Editor

The increasing need for high data rates and compatible architectures in fiber-optic systems-such as long-haul telecommunication systems, computer interconnections (LANs), and wideband video links -is ushering in a new generation of ICs. Among these ICs are devices that support emerging data-communication standards, as well as parts that extend the operation of fiberoptic systems well into the gigahertz range. Optical fiber itself has a virtually unlimited bandwidth, and to help you overcome fiber-optic systems' previous speed limitations, manufacturers are fabricating many of the new ICs in gallium arsenide (GaAs) instead of silicon.

Fiber-optic data-communication systems comprise two basic parts: The transmitter provides a light source for transmitting the data to the fiber, and the receiver converts the received light information to its original form. Excluding any encoding scheme, the basic transmitter for a digital fiber-optic system (Fig 1) consists simply of a multiplexer that converts the parallel input data to serial form, a driver for the laser diode or LED, and the diode itself.

The basic receiver consists of a PIN diode or avalanche photodiode (APD) that converts the light to a current, a transimpedance amplifier that converts this current to a voltage, a wideband amplifier that provides additional gain, a decision circuit (comparator) that works in conjunction with the clock-recovery circuit to restore the data, and a demultiplexer that changes the serial data back to its original parallel form.

A number of companies make one


This multilayer ceramic package, the MLC44, was developed by TriQuint Semiconductor to enclose the company's TQ1135/TQ1136 multiplexer/demultiplexer devices and other GaAs ICs that operate at gigahertz frequencies.


Fig 1-The basic building blocks of a fiber-optic system appear simple, but they often control complex functions.


Lance Neibauer. Aircraft designer. His award-winning Lancair kitplanes are the nation's top-selling homebuilts. Now using the new HP-28S, the only calculator that can do symbolic algebra and calculus, retrieve and combine graphs instantly. HP Solve lets him enter his own formulas. More than 1500 functions and 32 K bytes of RAM make it the world's most powerful scientific calculator. John Marconi. Air pollution control engineer. Project leader for study on cancer-causing air pollutants. Needs to solve statistical and financial probems Innovation takes Perfect iob tor the new a calculator packed with ${ }^{\text {Hp} 275}$ is is the only scendific calcu- new ideas. hato with business sumctions rataso offers easy-to-follow menus and optional solutions books. Hewlett-Packard's new range of calculators is built for your success. For the name of your nearest Hewlett-Packard dealer, call 1-800-752-0900, Ext. 215P


HEWLETT PACKARD
or more of the basic transmitter and/or receiver building blocks. Anadigics, for example, manufactures transimpedance amplifiers, wideband amplifiers, a laser-diode driver, and a high-speed comparator that you can use as part of a clockrecovery circuit. A variety of multiplexers and demultiplexers is available from such companies as Microwave Semiconductor Corp, TriQuint Semiconductor, GigaBit Logic, and Vitesse Semiconductor.
Microwave Semiconductor and Signetics offer transimpedance amplifiers. Microwave Semiconductor also offers a laser-diode driver, and Signetics has a wideband amplifier and a PLL circuit for clock recovery. Micro Linear Corp sells a device
called a "data quantizer," which is a combination wideband amplifier and comparator that operates between the transimpedance amplifier and the clock-recovery/decoder circuit in a receiver.
Typical of the new breed of GaAs multiplexers and demultiplexers are the TDMX-1501A (8:1 multiplexer) and the TDDX-1501A (1:8 demultiplexer) from Microwave Semiconductor Corp (Fig 2). The TDMX accepts eight synchronous, ECLcompatible inputs and translates them into a single high-speed digital output at a 1.5 G -bps data rate. The chip provides a divide-by-8 clock that can synchronize other peripheral chips.
The TDDX accepts a synchro-


Fig 2-The key components of digital fiber-optic systems are multiplexers (a) and demultiplexers (b). The TDMX and TDDX series from Microwave Semiconductor are representative of the devices available for parallel-to-serial conversion (multiplexing) and serial-to-parallel conversion (demultiplexing).
nous, ECL-compatible, high-speed digital input as high as 1.5 G bps and demultiplexes it into eight synchronous, ECL-compatible data-output streams. The TDMX's typical power dissipation is 2.4 W ; the TDDX's is 1.8 W . Each chip features rise and fall times of 200 psec , and each comes in a $44-\mathrm{pin}, 0.65-\mathrm{in}$. square ceramic package and sells for $\$ 225$ (100). Both devices also come in low-er-frequency versions: the 1.2 G -bps and 850 M -bps versions of each part cost $\$ 150$ and $\$ 60$, respectively.
A technology-exchange agreement between Microwave Semiconductor and TriQuint Semiconductor makes similar GaAs products from the two companies interchangeable. The TriQuint line includes $4: 1$, $8: 1 / 16: 1$, and $12: 1$ multiplexers and their demultiplexer counterparts. The $4: 1$ and $8: 1 / 16: 1$ types operate at data rates reaching 2 G bps.
The TQ1135/TQ1136 12:1 multiplexer/demultiplexer is a 2-chip set that operates to 1.2 G bps and has ECL-compatible inputs and outputs. The Sync input on the multiplexer chip allows the chip to synchronize with a low-speed system clock, and the Skip input on the demultiplexer chip provides data alignment by reframing the data. Each device comes in a surfacemount MLC44 package and costs $\$ 298$ (100); 600M-bps versions are available at $\$ 192$ each.

Vitesse Semiconductor also offers a 12:1/1:12 multiplexer/demultiplexer GaAs chip set, which operates at 1.25 G bps. A unique feature of these devices is a self-test path that allows them to test each other-a first in the industry, the company claims. The VS8001 multiplexer has a Set input that synchronizes internal and external clocks. The VS8002 demultiplexer has a Skip input that aligns the 12 -bit output with word boundaries. Both devices are ECL compatible, and both operate from standard ECL power supplies. The VS8001 and VS8002 come in 52-pin LCC packages and sell for $\$ 320$ each (1000).

The transimpedance amplifier, the first active element in the receiver chain, converts the diode current to a voltage. Representative of these devices are the NE5212 from Signetics, the ATA30010 from Anadigics, and the TIA-1501B from Microwave Semiconductor. The Signetics device operates in the megahertz range; the Anadigics and Microwave Semiconductor parts function in the gigahertz range.

Fabricated in silicon, the NE5212 from Signetics has a $-3-\mathrm{dB}$ bandwidth of 120 MHz and a transimpedance gain of $14 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, which make the device suitable for Ethernet and MAP applications. The NE5212 has a single-ended input and a differential output. A key feature of the chip is its extremely low input-noise spec: 2.5 $\mathrm{pA} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}}$. In an 8 -pin plastic DIP, the NE5212 costs $\$ 2.36$ (100). A companion chip, the NE564, is a $50-\mathrm{MHz}$ phase-locked loop (PLL) that you can use as clock-recovery circuit that recovers information from Manchester and other forms of encoding schemes. The NE564 costs $\$ 1.11$ (100).
The GaAs transimpedance amplifiers from Anadigics and Microwave

Semiconductor extend the operating frequencies of fiber-optic ICs into the gigahertz range. For example, Microwave Semiconductor's TIA1501B (Fig 3) accepts an input from either a PIN diode or an APD, and it has a typical optical bandwidth of 1.2 GHz . A shunt gain-control FET across the input of the transimpedance amplifier operates in a normal automatic-gain-control (AGC) mode or acts as a high-frequency attenuator switch for elec-tronic-warfare and instrumentation applications.
In addition to the AGC function, the TIA-1501B has an adjustable FET feedback network that you can employ to increase receiver sensitivity or to vary the transimpedance gain for the purpose of optimizing gain and bandwidth. A mirror FET adjacent to the feedback FET provides temperature compensation over -55 to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The part also features a $20-\mathrm{dB}$ dynamic range and a buffered $50 \Omega$ output. Packaged in a 10-lead surface-mount flat pack, the TIA-1501B costs $\$ 80$ (100).
Designed for long-haul communications, wideband video applications, and high-speed data links, the ATA30010 transimpedance amplifier


Fig 3-A transimpedance amplifier resides at the front end of a fiber-optic receiver, where it converts the current from a PIN diode or APD to a voltage. The TIA-1501B from Microwave Semiconductor is a typical transimpedance amplifier.
from Anadigics features a $2.4-\mathrm{GHz}$ analog bandwidth and a 3G-bps data-rate capability. At a $1-\mathrm{GHz}$ operating frequency, the ATA30010 has $2500 \Omega$ input transresistance, a gain of 100 , an output voltage of $1.4 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{p-p}$, and $50 \Omega$ output impedance. The input noise current of the device is 360 nA rms over the $10-\mathrm{MHz}$ to $2-\mathrm{GHz}$ bandwidth. In chip form, the ATA30010 costs $\$ 43.50$ (1000).

Located between the transimpedance amplifier and the clock-recovery and demultiplexing circuits in a fiber-optic receiver, the ML4421 data quantizer from Micro Linear converts current-based ana$\log$ data to digital pulses. The IC contains a dual-stage wideband $(50-\mathrm{MHz})$ amplifier that drives a dc bias circuit, a threshold detector circuit, and a fast ECL comparator. These circuits provide automatic amplifier biasing, minimum signalthreshold discrimination, and ECLcompatible data outputs. The discriminator permits the disabling of the data-output comparator as well as providing a logic signal to establish the status of the fiber-optic link. The ML4421 operates from a 5 V (TTL) supply or from a -5.2 V (ECL) supply. The device costs $\$ 6.50(1000)$ and is available in a 24 -pin DIP or a 28 -terminal PLCC.

## Data recovery is complex

Clock and data recovery in a fiberoptic receiver is a half-analog, halfdigital function that designers often find troublesome. GigaBit Logic believes its 16G040 GaAs chip solves the problem-particularly at data rates above 50 M bps, which many previous ICs couldn't handle. The 16G040 works at data rates from 50 M to 2.4 G bps and contains the analog and digital circuitry needed to implement a PLL for both clock extraction from high-speed NRZformat data streams, and data retiming and regeneration. Except for the loop filter, all the PLL components reside on chip.

Unlike conventional clock- and

Products of Your Environment.
A field-use fiber optic connector so tough, you could roll a 5 ton truck over it. A Parallel Interconnect that allows a gas-tight interface in 60 seconds flat. A cabling assembly enabling a single connector to handle electronic signals, fiber optics and power supply.

These are but a few innovations in interconnections from ITT Cannon. But we couldn't have done it without you. Because success throughout our company relies on a thorough knowledge of your company's environment.

Take strategic partnering, for example. We don't create a custom solution by shaking your hand and jotting down a few notes. When we design-in, we get inside your environment.

Then there's Cannon's near-zero defect rate. It got that way, and stays that way, because we test each product in a carefully simulated environment.

As for delivery, we built a dependable system by studying the needs and scheduling realities of our customers' business environments worldwide.

And Cannon stays price competitive by always asking the question, "How will this connector be used?" Considering the connector's ultimate environment has taught us that keeping quality high ends up costing our customer less.

So if you'd like a partner who will take the time to learn about your environment, take a moment to contact ITT Cannon at (714) 964-7400.

Worldwide Headquarters 10550 Talbert Ave.
Fountain Valley, CA 92708
Or call (714) 964-7400
CIRCLE NO 80
ITTCannon
We're making progress. Not excuses.
data-recovery circuits, which first filter the clock component from the incoming data and then retime the data by using the extracted clock, the 16G040 synchronizes an on-chip voltage-controlled oscillator (VCO) or external clock source directly with an incoming digital data stream, while simultaneously retiming and regenerating the data stream. During operation, the PLL is capable of unaided frequency ac-


Fig 4-Fiber-optic transmitters need a la-ser-diode driver. The ALD30010 from Anadigics, for example, includes a phase splitter for reverse isolation, and has four FET devices that provide the diode-drive and varia-ble-modulation current.
quisition, so it doesn't require any special circuits to pull the loop into lock when the incoming data rate differs from the initial clock frequency. The 16 G 040 sells for $\$ 75$ (1000).

## Laser-diode drivers

Back at the transmitter side of the fiber-optic system, both Microwave Semiconductor and Anadigics offer laser-diode drivers. The ALD30010 (Fig 4) from Anadigics contains four FETs and a $180^{\circ}$ phase splitter. In addition to providing high reverse isolation, the phase splitter has sufficient gain to provide 0.6 V p-p $(0-\mathrm{dBm})$ input sensitivity for a single-ended input signal. The ALD30010 has a $10-\mathrm{kHz}$ to $3-\mathrm{GHz}$ frequency response and a standing-wave ratio of less than 2:1 over its full frequency range. A volt-age-control function allows you to adjust the offset current from 0 to 70 mA and the modulation range from 0 to 30 mA . The ALD30010 costs $\$ 43.50$ in chip form and $\$ 65$ (1000) in an 8-pin flat pack.

Microwave Semiconductor also offers a high-performance laser-diode driver. Packaged in a 10 -pin flat


Fig 5-The Fiber Distributed Data Interface (FDDI) standard supports many different network requirements, including those of the Token Ring, Token Bus (MAP), and Ethernet standards.
pack for use either in hybrid circuits or on pe boards, the LDCM-2001 (\$125) has a minimum bandwidth of 2 GHz and a minimum NRZ datarate capability of 3 G bps. Its biascurrent and modulation-current ratings are both 75 mA max. The power gain of the LDCM-2001 is 10 dB and is flat within $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ over the $10-\mathrm{MHz}$ to $2-\mathrm{GHz}$ range. The device also offers the option of a single-ended or differential input and a laser-bias adjustment.

## ICs satisfy emerging standards

Although the functional building blocks for a fiber-optic system appear simple enough, the internal circuitry of the ICs that satisfy these functions is often quite complex. Further, many of the newer chips are designed to satisfy emerging optical-transmission standards that require even greater complexity and/or higher-frequency performance. Two examples of these newer standards are FDDI and Sonet.

The FDDI (Fiber Distributed Data Interface) standard grew from the need for a high-speed LAN interconnection among mainframes, minicomputers, and their associated peripherals. The FDDI standard provides for the same type of serial interconnection that most LANs use, and it extends the data rate to 100 M bps and calls for the inherent noise immunity and security that fiber offers. FDDI supports a number of different network requirements (Fig 5), including IEEE 802.3 (Ethernet), IEEE 802.4 (Token Bus), and IEEE 802.5 (Token Ring).

Probably the first company to develop devices for the FDDI standard was Advanced Micro Devices. Using a mixture of bipolar and CMOS technologies, AMD's $\$ 820$ (100) Supernet 5-chip set provides all of the basic FDDI functions (Fig 6). The chip set consists of three elements: a 3-port buffer-memory controller, a media-access controller, and a physical-link controller.

## Ifime intervalmeasurement. $\$ 3850$ <br> 

# 4 ps single-shot resolution 1.3 Gin requency response Staristics, analysis, and graphics 

F
inally, high resolution time interval measurement at an affordable price. The SR620 Universal Time Interval Counter offers 4 ps single-shot LSD on time intervals, and 11 digits of frequency resolution in one second. With powerful arming, gating, and triggering modes, the SR620 can measure time interval, frequency, period, pulse width, and phase, as well as rise and fall times.

The SR620 has built-in statistical functions, including mean, min, max, standard deviation, and Allan variance
for up to 1 million samples. Results may be displayed on the front panel, and graphed in histogram or strip chart form on an X-Y oscilloscope. Hardcopy is directly available on a plotter, printer, or chart recorder.

With both RS-232 and GPIB interfaces standard, the SR620 is also ideal for ATE applications.

Whatever your time or frequency measurement needs may be, the SR620 is the answer. For more information, call us at (408) 744-9040.


The SR620 provides graphic display of histograms and strip charts on any X-Y oscilloscope. With Autoscale and Zoom, graphics can be easily scaled. Attach a dot matrix printer or an HP-GL plotter and obtain hardcopy of any graph.

SR620 $\quad \$ 3850$

| Single-shot resolution | 4 ps |
| :--- | ---: |
| Time interval jitter | 20 ps rms |
| Maximum time interval | 1000 s |
| Maximum frequency | 1.3 GHz |
| Frequency resolution | $10^{-9} \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Phase resolution | $0.001^{\circ}$ |


| Statistics | Mean, Min, Max, <br> Std. Dev, and Allan Var. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Sample size | 1 to $10^{6}$ |
| Analyzer | Display on X-Y scope |
| Graphics | Histogram and Strip Chart Strip Chart |
| Hardcopy | Printer/Plotter |
| Interfaces | GPIB and RS-232 |

Oven Timebase ( $5 \times 10^{-10} /$ day $) \quad \$ 950$

The buffer controller, which comprises the Am79C81 RAM Buffer Controller (RBC) and the Am79C82 Data Path Controller (DPC), provides a host-system DMA interface, as well as the arbiter and control logic for local buffer memory. The RBC arbitrates requests from the host, node, and network, and generates the addresses necessary to make the buffer memory look like a

FIFO buffer. The DPC performs byte-to-word funneling between the buffer memory and the network, and provides parity support for the local buffer-memory bus.
The media-access controller is the Am79C83 Formac (fiber-optic-ring media-access controller), which implements the FDDI link-layer and media-access-control functions. These functions include token man-


Fig 6-To implement the FDDI standard, AMD's Supernet 5-chip set uses a mixture of bipolar and CMOS technologies.


Fig 7-Addressing the emerging Sonet (Synchronous Optical Network) standard is the VS8010 chip from Vitesse. Sonet encompasses line rates from 51.84 M to 2.48832 G bps and allows system equipment from different manufacturers to communicate.
agement, system timer support, and response to system error conditions on the network.
Finally, Supernet implements the FDDI physical-layer controller with the 2-chip Endec (encoder/decoder). The Endec is responsible for recovery of the clock from the received signal data, data encoding and decoding, matching the transmit and receive clocks with the elasticity buffer (EB), and using a repeat filter to strip faults from the network. The Endec's two components are the Am7984 transmitter (ETX), which supports all station-interface functions as well as data transmission, and the Am7985 receiver (ERX), which contains only the receive section and uses the ETX for all station operations. The Endec's architecture minimizes crosstalk between the transmit and receive sections, which operate from different clocks.

## High-frequency standard emerges

Another emerging standard, Sonet (synchronous optical network), was created to standardize transmission-line rates and architectures, which telecomm-equipment manufacturers have heretofore been unable to agree on. Long-haul systems currently communicate at different rates, such as $565 \mathrm{MHz}, 1.2$ GHz , or 1.7 GHz , but for now there's no clear standard. Sonet is expected to change this situationcompanies such as AT\&T, GTE, NEC, Northern Telecom, Siemens, and Rockwell plan to introduce Sonet-compatible equipment.
The Sonet standard encompasses line rates from 51.84 M to 2.48832 G bps . The standard will be useful not only in long-haul fiber-optic transmission, but also in local loops, and it may become the transmission-line standard for the Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN). The present ISDN standard will prove too slow (it's in the kilobit range) to accommodate the amount of data that people and companies will want to transmit in the future. Sonet will

## ALUMINUM CITY.



## NDD A A You can get any type of aluminum electrolytic capacitor that you

 need for all your applications from Sprague, the only U.S. based AT T T T manufacturer of a complete line of high-performance aluminums. Whether it's axial-lead or single-ended miniature T tubulars or large cans packed with capacitance, A miniatures for general purpose, power supply, special applications, or high-reliability military applications, we've got the capacitor you need. We offer all types of large cans for high-voltage SMPS input applications and low-voltage SMPS output use. And the best news of all ... we can deliver fast because our aluminum cap line is available from Sprague plants in Lansing, NC and Hillsville, VA. For technical information,

Features:

- Compatible with industry-standard

UART's

- High-speed version for zero wait-state operation with higherspeed busses
- Fully CMOS for low-power quiescent operation
- High drive current for directly driving large loads
- Full double buffering
- Independent control of transmit, receive, line status and data set interrupts
- Available in 40-pin DIP or 44-pin PLCC

Silicon Systems now offers the UART function in a stand-alone low-power chip. The new SSI 73M450 UART is offered in two versions-a standard version for use with most current peripheral busses, and a fast version capable of interfacing to newer, highspeed busses without the need for wait-states.
A unique feature of both versions is a full CMOS design that allows the device to retain the contents of its registers while using only a fraction of the full running power during the quiescent mode. In this power-saving mode, the device remains fully configured and ready for full operation. In full operation, this low-power CMOS device still provides all the high current capability necessary to drive large loads.
The SSI 73M450 is fully compatible with industry standard 16C450 UART's and easily interfaces with the microprocessors commonly incorporated into the industry standard PC's and small computers. It is ideally suited for use in modems and PC's, which often use two-to-three UART's to link such serial-bussed peripherals as printers, mouse controls and other $1 / 0$ cards with the CPU.
Both versions of the SSI 73M450 are offered in 40 -pin DIP and 44 -pin PLCC packages.
For more information contact: Silicon
Systems, 14351 Myford Road, Tustin, CA 92680. Phone: (714) 731-7110, Ext. 3575.


CIRCLE NO 10

## For more information . . .

For more information on the fiber-optic ICs described in this article, contact the following manufacturers directly, circle the appropriate number on the Information Retrieval Service card, or use EDN's Express Request service.

Advanced Micro Devices Inc 901 Thompson Pl
Sunnyvale, CA 94088
(408) 732-2400

Circle No 725
Anadigics Inc
35 Technology Dr
Warren, NJ 07060
(201) 668-5000

Circle No 726
GigaBit Logic
1908 Oak Terrace Lane
Newbury Park, CA 91320
(805) 499-0610

Circle No 727
Micro Linear Corp
2092 Concourse Dr
San Jose, CA 95131
(408) 433-5200

Circle No 728

Microwave Semiconductor Corp<br>100 School House Rd<br>Somerset, NJ 08873<br>(201) 563-6300<br>Circle No 729<br>Signetics Corp<br>811 E Arques Ave<br>Sunnyvale, CA 94088<br>(408) 991-2000<br>Circle No 730<br>TriQuint Semiconductor<br>Group 700, Box 4935<br>Beaverton, OR 97076<br>(503) 629-3535<br>Circle No 731<br>Vitesse Semiconductor Corp<br>741 Calle Plano<br>Camarillo, CA 93010<br>(805) 388-3700<br>Circle No 732

allow easy upgrades to faster transmission rates.
To meet the Sonet specs, Vitesse Semiconductor developed the VS8010 in a collaborative research agreement with Bell Communications Research. The VS8010 (Fig 7) is a GaAs monolithic IC that works with optical drivers and receivers; it contains an 8:1/1:8 multiplexer/demultiplexer, Sonet frame-recovery and -detection circuitry, and the necessary timing generators. The VS8010 operates from Sonet's Synchronous Transport Signal (STS) levels 3 to 24, which encompass line rates from 155.52 M to 1.24416 G bps .
The VS8010 chip accepts incoming 8 -bit parallel data at 155 M bytes/sec and sends out a $1.24 \mathrm{G}-\mathrm{bps}$ serial bit stream. The chip also receives $1.24 \mathrm{G}-\mathrm{bps}$ serial data and converts it back to byte-wide parallel data. The demultiplexing section of the chip contains the Sonet framing circuitry, which aligns the incoming serial data with the byte boundaries. To ensure proper synchronization and accurate data, the IC transmits and receives the clock signal and the data separately via high-speed, ECL-compatible I/O ports. The VS8010, which uses

GaAs enhancement/depletionMESFET technology, comes in a 52 -pin ceramic chip carrier and dissipates about 3 W . The device costs $\$ 980$.

In sum, the trend toward higher data rates and more complex fiberoptic ICs seems clear. Silicon-based chips will continue to perform yeoman service in many complex, lowfrequency applications, and GaAs ICs will replace silicon-based devices in telecomm systems that demand faster speeds and higher data rates. Although GaAs fiber-optic ICs are used primarily in long-haul telecommunication links at present, they're already beginning to appear more often in local systems and multichannel video-distribution networks that require very high data bandwidths.

EDN

Article Interest Quotient
(Circle One)
High 515 Medium 516 Low 517

## SERVING WORID-WIDE NCHES wirt worli-Classic Proouctis

## What is a niche?

To many companies, a niche is a market segment targeted by the sales department. At Silicon Systems, a niche is a segment of the market in need of specialized products and services, a segment not well served by the large generalpurpose companies. We target such niches at the highest level of our company-well in advance of the actual market needs. In this way, we have brought forth some of the industry's most innovative products.

## The Microperipheral Niche.

While pioneering the development of single-chip read/write amplifiers for disk drives, we very early recognized the need for a family of highly integrated disk drive IC's. Today, as the leading supplier of read/write amplifiers, we also offer the industry's most complete line of integrated circuits for every other major function in disk drive electronics.

## The Telecommunications Niche.

In 1979, when we were first to fully integrate a complete dual tone multiple frequency (DTMF) circuit on a chip, we also selected telecommunications as yet another important niche in need of special products and services. Today, Silicon Systems leads the industry with its highly-integrated, pin-out and register-compatible, K-Series family of modem IC's to serve operating modes world-wide.

## The Custom / Semicustom Niche.

And because we started life as a custom design house, superior design and engineering shall always remain paramount at Silicon Systems. It's a superiority that allows us to create and produce complex analog and digital designs on the same chip, to create special bipolar and CMOS monolithic circuits that other companies are unable to produce. It is a capability key to our success-a capability available to you for your most demanding custom and semicustom designs.

## Call Now!

 (714) 731-7110, Ext. 575For more information on our company, our products or our capabilities, contact: Silicon Systems, 14351 Myford Road, Tustin, CA 92680.

"Where we design to your applications."

# Launch your design with a 40MHz FIFO that can be accessed in $15 n s$. 

Make waves with your design. Launch it with the MK4505 BiPORT ${ }^{\text {" }}$ FIFO from SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics, the Winning Team.

At 15 ns , the MK4505 is one of the fastest single-chip FIFOs in the world.
The MK 4505 enables you to go full speed ahead now-without extra registers, extra buffers or extra costs.
Our FIFO's blazing 15 ns access speed and 25 ns cycle time come from a unique combination of advancements including: $1.2 \mu$ full-CMOS technology, an eighttransistor BiPORT ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ memory cell and $1 \mathrm{~K} \times 5$ pipelined architecture.
Separate rising edge-triggered read and write clocks assure transfer of data between two totally asynchronous systems.

A full complement of status flags lets you know how much is-or isn'tavailable, before it's too late.

|  | MK4505-25 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Cycle time | 40 MHz |
| Access time | 15 ns |
| Almost full \& Almost empty <br> status flags | Yes |
| Free-running clock inputs <br> Separate read \& write <br> enable inputs | Yes |
| Depth <br> Width <br> Width \& depth expandable <br> with no support logic | Yes |
| Fully authorized second <br> sourcing | Yes |

Unrivalled speed and performance capabilities, coupled with ultrathin 300 mil DIP packaging make the MK4505 BiPORT FIFO the logical design-in choice for applications like digitized video and audio, image processing, high performance graphics, microwave and FDDI, RADAR return sampling and cache write buffering.

Two models are available:
a Master (MK4505M) and a Slave (MK4505S). The MK4505M gives you all the control signals necessary for reliable, full speed width and/or depth expansion without adding extra logic.

Get your design right on course, right from the start with the MK4505, just one member of our complete family of FIFOs. Join the Winning Team-SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics.

Call or write for more information: 1000 E. Bell Road, Phoenix, Arizona 85022. 602/867-6259.
CIRCLE NO 84

## Join The Winning Team.

The MK4505 FIFO is just one example of how SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics is working to exceed your expectations. Our semiconductor expertise covers everything from simple transistors to complex digital signal processing systems to full service application-specific capabilities. Join The Winning Team. Launch your design with SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics. You'll be a winner, too.
For your free copy of our product literature package, call 602 /
867-6259. Or write SGS-THOMSON Microelectronics, 1000 E . Bell Road,
Phoenix, AZ 85022.

## SIEMENS

## Smart Users Choose the Superior Alternative to High Priced HDSP 2000 Displays.

## Siemens small alphanumeric displays.... brighter choice

 Now commercial, industrial and military design engineers and buyers can select $5 \times 7$ dot matrix alphanumeric displays with the best package options available. Siemens gives you advantages never offered before.Now, get the most...from CMOS Say goodbye to Bipolar displays. With Siemens, you get all the benefits of CMOS technology-25 times less quiescent current, typical power savings of $30 \%$, and cooler operation.

## Your choice of plastic or hermetic ceramic packages

Whatever your design requirements, there's a Siemens small alphanumeric display for you:

- $15^{\prime \prime}$ and $.20^{\prime \prime}$ character heights; red, High Efficiency Red, green and yellow. Sunlight versions available too.
- Commercial plastic package, $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Industrial hermetic ceramic package, $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Military hermetic ceramic package, $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, Mil-D-87157

Finally, specify alphanumeric displays without paying the price Best of all, you get all these advantages in a display that saves you money, tooup to $50 \%$ compared to competitive non-hermetic ceramic devices-with improved operating temperature range. So why consider older, higher-priced technology? Make a visible improvement in your image today. Specify Siemens alphanumeric displays.
For more information, call (408) 257-7910. Or write: Siemens Components, Inc., Optoelectronics Division, 19000 Homestead Road, Cupertino, CA 95014
National Distributors: Hall-Mark and Marshall Regional Distributors: Advent Electronics, Inc.,
Almo Electronics, Insight Electronics, Quality
Components, Summit, Western Microtechnology.

## Siemens...

## your partner for the future.


UEI wATHE

# Inexpensive, shirt-pocket DMMs are smaller and handier than ever 

Charles H Small, Associate Editor

Since their introduction in 1984, low-cost, pocket-size digital multimeters have become increasingly popular with engineers. New models offer more features than their predecessors, and they're handier as well: They're thinner, they have a place for you to stow their leads, and some have a range-hold button that can disable their autoranging function. Many have also replaced the potentially confusing array of pushbuttons with a single control, a dial or switch. Nevertheless, these pocket-size DMMs don't measure up to their somewhat larger cousinsthe handheld DMMs-in features, durability, and safety level.
The first pocket-size DMMs to be introduced were probes that incorporated all of the DMM electronics. This early type featured small LCDs for displaying readings and had tiny pushbuttons for selecting functions. Depending from the probe was a small, permanently attached ground lead.
Although many instrument firms offered pocket-size DMMs in 1984, nearly all those DMMs were exactly alike. Most of the firms were importing the same unit from Asia and affixing their private labels to it. Like handheld DMMs, pocket-size DMMs were (and still are) sold primarily through distributors.
Furthermore, the early pocketsize DMMs were significantly smaller and lighter than the industrystandard, handheld models. What's more important, they were significantly less expensive as well: They sold for less than half the price of the least-expensive domestic, handheld DMMs.


Typical of the new breed of wallet-style, pocket-size DMMs is the Mercer 9345 from Simpson Electric.

Weighing less than 3 oz , the early pocket-size DMMs could easily reside in an average shirt pocket. By contrast, although most handheld DMMs can fit into a shirt pocket, at 10 oz or more and over an inch thick, they are slightly too big and heavy to be carried routinely in a shirt pocket.


The advanced functions available on the Soar 3060 include an analog bar graph and a switch for selecting autoranging or manual range selection.

The latest pocket-size-DMM introductions come in two forms: a revised probe-type model and a wal-let-style model. Typical of the new probe-type versions is Beckman Industrial Corp's DM71. Selling for $\$ 50$, the autoranging DM71 has a rotary dial for selecting functions. The rotary dial proves much easier to use than the pushbuttons on the early pocket-size DMMs.
Another new feature is the DM71's data-hold function; it freezes a reading on its $31 / 2$-digit display, which is a bit larger physically than its predecessor. On a probe-type pocket-size DMM, a freeze-reading function is essential, because you might have to measure a voltage at a node that's easy to reach but that doesn't let you view the DMM's display simultaneously.
The DM71 bests its predecessors in two other areas: It has a built-in scabbard to house the ground lead, and it runs for 90 hours on a single battery. Older units provided no storage for their ground leads and ran for less than 45 hours on one battery.

The other new configuration, the wallet-style pocket-size DMM, is imported by most major DMM companies. Typical wallet-style models are available from A W Sperry Instruments, B\&K Precision, and Simpson Electric. The $\$ 34.95$ Mercer 9345 from Simpson Electric, for example, measures $2 \times 4^{1 / 4} \times 1 / 3 \mathrm{in}$. and weighs 2 oz . It comes mounted in a small wallet with a Velcro loop for securing the probes. The meter can run for 50 hours on two coin cells. The autoranging unit has a rotary dial for selecting functions and an automatic shut-off function that conserves the battery when the instrument is not in use.
A more advanced wallet-style DMM is available from CG Soar Corp, which is the US representative of Soar Ltd, the Japanese firm that makes most of the pocket-size DMMs that others import and sell under their own labels. The Model 3060 , which costs $\$ 60$, is a 3200 -


The latest probe-type DMMs, such as this Beckman DM71, now feature a rotary dial for selecting ranges instead of the tiny pushbuttons employed by earlier versions.
count DMM (that is, the meter displays a higher reading than does a typical 2000 -count DMM before autoranging to a higher range).
Along with the usual $31 / 2$-digit readout, the 3060 features an analog bar-graph display. It also permits you to disable the autoranging function and select ranges manually, so you can increase the speed of repetitive measurements in the same range. In other words, you don't
have to wait for the instrument to select the proper range each time you apply the probes to the nodes under test; you merely select the range once before taking all your measurements. Less-expensive wal-let-style DMMs perform autoranging and don't allow manual range selection.

## No current measurement

A glance at the front panels of these pocket-size DMMs reveals that they don't provide a currentmeasurement feature. The frontpanel legends also indicate that these instruments can't withstand voltages over 500 V .
The pocket-size DMMs' small size accounts for their lack of current measurements and their low stand-off-voltage specs: The instruments simply don't have enough room inside their cases for the wide circuittrace spacing and fuses that highvoltage and current measurements

# Thermography enters 

With the advent of the Hughes Aircraft Company Probeye ${ }^{\circledR}$ 7300 Thermal Video System, thermal imaging has entered a new age-the Age of Information.

In a single package, the Hughes Probeye 7300 Thermal Video System gives you a powerful, intelligent laboratory system with instant field diagnostic capability. Immediately select, store, quantify and analyze. And, most importantly, understand the information - with more speed and accuracy than ever before! Hughes has leapfrogged the competition with state-of-the-art features that can't be matched by any other system.

Start with superior resolution - 240 infrared lines. Not just on the monitor, but also in the eyepiece of
the portable imager. Which means you can perform on-the-spot detection and analysis in up to 128 distinct levels.

All-electric operation does away with liquid nitrogen or argon gas. The imager uses ac or battery power for full field portability - it goes wherever the information originates.

Fully automatic operation allows you to concentrate on detection and analysis. Precise comparisons are facilitated by builtin features. There's no exhaustive training process. No delays. Just point and read. And, the design is extremely functional -in addition to the portable imager and attached CRT viewfinder, the system includes a processor with built-in, full-function keyboard and a high resolution RGB color monitor.


## TECHNOLOGY UPDATE

require. By comparison, handheld DMMs do measure current, and they can withstand voltages as high as 1500 V . Thus, they can safely handle jobs that pocket-size DMMs can't.

Neither are pocket-size DMMs as rugged as handheld DMMs. The handheld Model 27 from John Fluke Mfg Co (Everett, WA), for instance, recently demonstrated a $100,000-$ hour MTBF, which exceeds by a factor of 10 the requirements of MIL-STD-781 and MIL-T-28800. (It sells for $\$ 259$.) Pocket-size DMMs don't have the rugged, thick, sealed cases and shock-mounted electronics of handheld models such as the Model 27.

Pocket-size DMMs can survive drops to hard floors from normal desk heights. But don't put a DMM into your back pocket-if you sit on it, you'll probably break it.

In addition, pocket-size DMMs offer only $0.7 \%$ max accuracy, while
handheld DMMs offer accuracy of $0.1 \%$ or better. Handheld DMMs offer a range of extra features that pocket-size DMMs don't have: $41 / 2$ digit displays, transistor checking, decibel measurements, temperature measurements, and true-rms ac measurements are a few examples. Nevertheless, by virtue of their
low price and handy size, pocketsize DMMs will continue to be popular with engineers.

EDN

## Article Interest Quotient (Circle One)

High 512 Medium 513 Low 514

## For more information . . .

For more information on the pocket-size DMMs described in this article, contact the following manufacturers directly, circle the appropriate numbers on the Information Retrieval Service card, or use EDN's Express Request service.

A W Sperry Instruments Inc 245 Marcus Blvd Smithtown, NY 11788 (516) 231-7050 Circle No 735

B\&K Precision 6470 W Cortland St Chicago, IL 60635 (312) 889-9087 Circle No 736

Beckman Industrial Corp 3883 Ruffin Rd
San Diego, CA 92123
(619) 565-3240

Circle No 737
CG Soar Co
434 Windsor Park Dr
Dayton, OH 45459
(513) 434-6952

Circle No 738

John Fluke Mfg Co Inc Box C9090
Everett, WA 98206
(206) 347-6100

Circle No 739
Simpson Electric Co Mercer Electronics 853 Dundee Ave Elgin, IL 60120 (312) 697-2260 Circle No 740

## the information age

For details, specifications, and a hands-on demonstration, call or write today. We'll show you how a single system solution can put you into, and on top of, the Age of Information. Hughes Aircraft Company, Probeye Marketing, 6155 El Camino Real, Carlsbad, CA 92009, (619) 931-3617.


## SONAR



SIGNALLING A NEW ERA

## IMACE <br> PROCESSING



## Bright ideas.

Until fiber optic technology is commonplace (and until great ideas stop coming along), you need support. Support at the option level, at the decision level, at the implementation level.

We can help. Our field specialists work with you right from the planning stage, to make sure you get the components-and the ideasyou need.

We take an active role with groups setting standards for fiber systems, groups such as ANSI, IEEE, and IEC. So we take compatibility and growth into consideration from the beginning.

DESC and IEC have approved our facilities for qualification testing

(we're the only commercial labs in the world with these distinctions). This gives us the product control we need to help you. And that gives you a great deal of peace of mind.

And the products. We've engineered the widest line of single and multimode fiber optic products avail-able-connectors, splices, and active device mounts; transmitters, receivers, RS 232 transceivers; cables, cable assemblies, and installation hardware.

We're the largest connector company in the world, and we're


## Hands-on help.


dedicated to connectors. As you'd expect, everything we make is designed to be better-more dependable, easier to apply. You can be sure this will be true with the next-generation fiber optic systems under development.

Whether you need to overcome the limitations of copper or beat the cost, fiber technology makes sense right now. Especially when help is available right now. Down-to-earth, around-the-world help, just a phone call away.

For complete product information, call 1-800-522-6752. AMP Incorporated, Harrisburg, PA 17105-3608.

## AMP Interconnecting ideas



## A New VME Enclosure with Benefits That Really Stack Up:

40 Slot Capacity. Big systems in less space. In its maximum configuration, MaxChassis has two 20-slot VME card cages and two power supplies-two complete 20-slot VME systems in a single package only $14^{\prime \prime}$ high, $26^{\prime \prime}$ deep. One takes cards from the front, the other from the rear.

Match your needs exactly. There are 12, 20, and 32-slot systems, too. Tabletop or rack mount. The 12 and 20 slot models are only $20^{\prime \prime}$ deep for VME or Multibus II, but you can get triple height (9U) cages and card depths to 400 mm . There are three power supply choices from 400 to 800 Watts.

Ready to play. All MaxChassis come fully wired, complete with high-performance VME or Multibus

backplanes. Just add your cards.
Disk drive modularity. The 12 and 32-slot models have slide-in peripheral mounting assemblies that hold up to four half-height drives. No brackets to design, no harnessing to make.

RFI tight. There's a front cover panel that holds RFI in (and out) so your system will be looked on approvingly by the FCC. The cover panel covers all those cables and connectors on the card fronts, so everyone else will look on your system approvingly, too.
So before you stack this magazine, phone for our MaxChassis facts right now. And ask for our complete catalog of VME, Multibus and Multibus II system packaging.

## We'll FAX you the facts.



Want the latest data in a hurry? Nothing is faster than Electronic Solutions' new "FAX the FACTS" program. If you have a FAX machine, just call our " 800 " number, give us your FAX number and type of FAX machine, and the information you need from us. We'll FAX it to you immediately.

Electronic
Solutions

Call Toll Free: (800)854-7086 In Calif: (800)772-7086

## PRODUCT UPDATE

## Double-precision, floating-point processor hosts 64-bit data path

Providing double-precision accuracy for those applications that require extensive number crunching, the Am29C327 floating-point processor also offers a 64 -bit data path to facilitate compound operations as well as a 3 -input, 64 -bit ALU. The $1.2-\mu \mathrm{m}$ CMOS device provides exact IEEE compliance for denormalized numbers with no degradation in speed, and it complies with seven floating-point standards, including IEEE 754 and IBM System/370.
The ALU has three input ports, which allows it to execute tripleoperand functions such as multiplyaccumulate and funnel shift, as well as double- and single-operand functions. An output multiplexer can operate at twice the speed of the Am29C327's core, thus allowing the device to output both 32 -bit halves
of a 64 -bit result in one clock cycle.
The chip includes such combinatorial processing elements as a $64 \times 64-$ bit multiplier and 67 -bit adders and shifters. Its register file provides on-chip data storage and consists of eight 65 -bit registers with precision tags for all operands. The chip even performs operations for converting an operand from one to another of the seven industry standards to which it complies.
The instruction set includes 35 floating-point instructions, 22 integer instructions, and 1 instruction for moving data. You can use any instruction with either single- or double-precision operands, and you can elect to mix single and double precision within a single operation. The Am29C327 internally performs all operations in double precision,
but it permits you to specify the precision of the input and output operands.

The extensive instruction set and the combinatorial processing elements provide single-cycle operation in support of high-level languages and ensure that the end result of a chain of calculations remains accurate at the 32 -bit level. Further, the 3-input ALU includes four "sign-change" blocks, each of which you can independently set to invert an operand's sign, pass it unchanged, set it to 0 , or set it to 1 . This feature lets you superimpose the operations of negation and absolute value on a core operation without reducing the speed of the core operation. Thus, it only takes a single cycle to execute an instruction such as sum of absolute values.


Providing double-precision accuracy, the Am29C327 64-bit floating-point-processor IC, offers both floating-point and integer instruction sets and performs single-, double-, and mixed-precision operations.


- 350 to 1500 Watts
- 3 to 15 Outputs
- Single output


400 to 3000 Watts in $5^{\prime \prime} \times 8^{\prime \prime}$ Standard Package
155,000 Hrs. Demonstrated MTBF

## F Hot Plug-In <br> FAULT TOLERANT ( $\mathrm{N}+1$ ) POWER SYSTEMS



Expandable, 300 to 1800 Watts

- Internal Isolation Diodes (Option)


## Powertec

A Bonar Power Supplies Company

## UPDATE

The Am29C327's 2-stage pipeline registers reside within the ALU. You can select a flow-through mode for scalar applications or a pipelined mode for vector applications. The pipelining determines throughput and latency. In the flow-through mode, the ALU acts as a purely combinatorial device with a throughput yielding an equivalent latency (the delay from the input registers to the output register). In the single-pipelined mode, the ALU contains one pipeline delay for all operations, thereby doubling throughput. For multiplication-accumulation operations, you can select a double-pipelined mode to triple the device's throughput.

The Am29C327 offers a 32 -bit and a 64 -bit integer format and complies with the following standards: IEEE 32-bit single precision; IEEE 64-bit double precision; 32-bit DEC F; 64-bit DEC D; 64-bit DEC G; IBM 32-bit single precision; and IBM 64 -bit double precision. Strict compliance with these standards minimizes the system overhead required for floating-point operations. The chip generates the same result in the IBM mode as would an IBM mainframe; in the DEC mode, it matches its output to that of a VAX.

Mounted in a 169 -lead pin-grid array package, the Am29C327 is now available in sample quantities only; volume deliveries are scheduled for the third quarter of this year. A 120-nsec version will sell for $\$ 395$ (100). A 100 -nsec model will cost $\$ 595$ (100).-J D Mosley

Advanced Micro Devices, 901 Thompson Pl, Sunnyvale CA 94088. Phone (408) 732-2400. TLX 346306.

Circle No 719

# Potter \& Brumfield solves your design puzzle with the industry's lowest priced DIP SSRs and I/O 

 modules.
## High Quality, Low Price

Now P\&B quality and the lowest prices in the industry join to provide the perfect solution to your design puzzle. Our DIP solid state relays and I/O modules are the ideal interface between your microprocessors or control systems and real-world sensors and loads. These hybrid thick film devices are optically isolated from input to output and are available in standard and surface-mountable packages. All models meet applicable UL, CSA \& VDE requirements.

## Solid State Relays

The OZ16 SSR series brings P\&B quality to your 5 mA to 1 A rms switching chores. Input to the OZ16 can be either TTL-compatible 5V DC or DC current. Output circuitry features a zero voltage detector and inverse parallel SCRs. And output rating is 12 to 280 V AC.

## I/O Modules

Four different product lines allow you to meet a variety of your I/O needs. Input modules provide an active low output; output modules can be controlled from active low or active high logic. AC output modules use zero crossover switching to virtu-


EMI noise. And the IA8 series, which occupies just half the space of 16 -pin models, can act as an AC/DC input module or a DC output module.

## Find Out More

Complete your design puzzle with $\mathrm{P} \&$ B qualityand the lowest price in the industry. To find out more about the industry's broadest line of solid state relays and I/O modules, or for a copy of our General Stock Catalog, contact us today. Potter \& Brumfield, A Siemens Company, 200 S. Richland Creek Drive, Princeton, Indiana 47671-0001.
Call toll-free 1-800-255-2550 for the $P_{\&} B$ authorized distributor, sales representative or regional sales office serving your area.

## PRODUCT UPDATE

# Software tool for logic timing analyzer eliminates setup confusion 

Despite the widespread use of logic analyzers for debugging digital hardware, many engineers still find the instruments daunting. With a logic-timing-analysis system that has 160 channels, as does the highest configuration based on the 32 channel, 100 -psec-resolution T-100, just getting the probes on the correct circuit nodes can be time consuming. And should you accidentally interchange a pair of probes while attaching them to your circuit, you can waste considerable systemdebug time working with logic-analyzer data that doesn't represent what you think it does.
The T-100's new software feature, Logic Probe, addresses the setup problem by providing, via the analyzer's host PC, a series of CRT displays whose contents you can use to verify the accuracy of your setup. By consulting the Logic Probe's displays, you can instantly ascertain activity at the probe tips; the logiclevel voltage values; the clock period or frequency; and the degree of jitter exhibited by the clock edges.

Each of the displays provides information covering 32 channels. Though some displays present arrays of numerical values-one provides 3 -digit representations of the minimum and maximum voltage values at 32 probe tips and at the clock line-others offer data in graphic form.
Some of the graphic presentations mimic a bank of vertically oriented, edgewise, analog panel meters positioned side by side. For example, one graphic display presents a set of vertical bars, each of which indicates the minimum and maximum voltage values measured at a probe tip.

Another display divides the


This display presents clock information in graphic and numerical form on the host PC's screen, letting you examine your system's clock during logic-analyzer setup. Similarly informative displays present data about voltage levels and signal activity at the probe tips.
screen into 32 narrow, adjacent rectangles. The top half of each rectangle can display " 1 " and the bottom half " 0. ." When the analyzer detects logic activity at a probe tip, the 1 and 0 appear alternately in the corresponding rectangle. When you select the analyzer's persistence mode, small check marks appear above the 1 and below the 0 , indicating that the signal was briefly in these states.

A clock display resembles what you would see on close examination of a clock edge on a wideband oscilloscope. The clock line's high- and low-voltage levels appear in numerical form by the picture's top and bottom. The horizontal axis denotes time. A vertical bar represents the clock edge. The bar's width denotes the p-p jitter, whereas its density at any point along the time axis represents the portion of the total number of edges occuring at that partic-
ular time displacement from the mean value.
The T-100 features several unusual clocking modes, including a $2-\mathrm{GHz}$ equivalent-time sampling mode and a phase-shifted synchronous harmonic mode that allows you to shift the sampling point by 100 psec on successive scans. A multibox feature lets you employ as many as five of the 32 -channel units in a high-speed, logic-analysis system. The price of the T-100 ranges from $\$ 32,500$ to $\$ 38,000$, depending on the number of input and output probe sets that you order. Software revision 09 , which runs on any T-100, contains Logic Probe.
-Dan Strassberg
Outlook Technology Inc, 200 E Hacienda Ave, Campbell, CA 95008. Phone (408) 374-2990. TLX 350479.

Circle No 720


# The Z84C90: Two serial, three parallel ports and a counter/timer on one chip. Just think what you can do with it. 

Zilog's Z80 SPCT, Killer I/O," gives you a true
"System on Silicon."" With all the advantages of CMOS technology, Superintegration," and proven Z80 performance. Think of it as the door to a whole lot of new opportunities.

## The Z80 Family: Still growing strong. <br> The Z 80 remains the most commonly used 8 -bit

 microprocessor in the industry. No wonder. As the family has continued to develop, so bave the advantages: the familiarity of working with devices you know and trust, the tremendous value of being able to use softuare you've already developed, and, of course, there's the impressive Z80 performance.As the Z80 Family bas evolved through NMOS. CMOS. bigh-performance and bigh-integration, our commitment to $Z 80$ bas never wavered. New products have continued to be developed. Besides the 16 -bit Z280 and the new Z84C90-the Killer 1/0-there are a feu more you really ought to look at:
Z84C80/81 Z80-based systems GLU logic that can be used in every 280 application
Z80180 the Z180 8-bit MPU combines a Z80 CPU, no extra logic needed for Z80 peripherals

- Z84C01 combines a Z80 CPU with an on bor combines a Z80 CPU with an on board oscillator

Lots of I/O.

You're simply not going to get more serial/parallel I/0 anywhere. We've put together the most popular combination of discrete devices . . . two independent synch/asynch serial channels, two independent parallel ports, an 8-bit programmable port and four counter/ timers. And, since they're all fully compatible with PIO, SIO and CTC devices, you have the advantage of "commonality."

## Lots of performance.

Superintegration and CMOS technology mean the Z84C90 provides plenty of performance and flexibility. 8 MHz speed for instance. Plus you've got four independent counter/timers and on-chip oscillator to work with. And the peripherals can be used in any combination you need. Lots of benefits.

You're designing with a highly integrated chip. And you're working with the familiar software and proven performance of the Z80 Family. That's enough to make the Killer I/O the best choice. But think about the lower cost you get from less real estate, lower manufacturing cost and reduced inventory. Think about improved time to market. Or the higher performance and reliability that come with super integration. And it's all off the shelf and backed by Zilog's proven quality.

So whether you're upgrading existing designs or looking for solutions in new applications like cellular phones, personal computers, industrial control, or data communications, you owe it to yourself to contact your local Zilog sales office or your authorized distributor today. Zilog, Inc., 210 Hacienda Ave., Campbell, CA 95008, (408) 370-8000.

## Right product. Right price. Right away.Zilog

## PWM microprocessor-controlled amplifier serves as a voltage or current source

The Model 290, a rack-mountable, pulse-width-modulation power amplifier, provides peak outputs of $\pm 160 \mathrm{~V}$ at either $\pm 300 \mathrm{~A}$ for the $290-06$ version or $\pm 400 \mathrm{~A}$ for the $290-08$ version over a de to $3-\mathrm{kHz}$ bandwidth. You can operate each amplifier either as a voltage or current source. The signal-processor board processes the input signal for a particular application and includes a switch for voltage-, cur-rent-, or test-mode operation. You can parallel as many as 30 amplifiers in a master-slave configuration to develop $\pm 7000 \mathrm{~A}$ at $\pm 160 \mathrm{~V}$ continuous power. The full-load heat dissipation equals 1500 W , so efficiency specs at $95 \%$.
The amplifier can achieve full output within 1 msec . The de stability equals $50 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ after 30 minutes of warmup. Configured as a voltage source, the Model 290 operates with a load resistance as low as $40 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ and delivers sine-wave outputs as high as 25 kVA . The small-signal response measures $\pm 1 \mathrm{~dB}$ from dc to 10 kHz and $\pm 2 \mathrm{~dB}$ at 15 kHz . The total harmonic distortion (THD) between 20 Hz and 1 kHz equals $2 \%$ max for a 25 kVA output. As a current source, Model 290 operates with loads ranging from $50 \mu \mathrm{H}$ to 50 H and with series resistance from 0 to $5 \Omega$. For a $150 \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{rms} \mathrm{output}$, THD equals $0.2 \%$ max at 200 Hz .

The signal-processor board can also configure the amplifier to operate in a test mode. This mode optimizes the amplifier's feedback system for use with a short-circuit load so that the amplifier can be burned in at the factory without having to use a large inductive load. The processor board also contains a series of DIP switches, which optimizes the amplifier frequency response for your specific load and application.


Delivering power either as a voltage or as a current source, the Model 290 PWM amplifier translates 0 to $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ input signals into 64 kW of $d c$, ac, or pulsed power.

These switches are typically set at the factory, but you can program them in the field.

The current-sensing technique uses a resistive shunt and a currentsense preamplifier. In applications involving only a master unit, you can mount these components inside the Model 290. In master-slave systems, you can mount these components externally. The current-sense preamplifier is chopper stabilized for low drift performance and has a $200-\mathrm{kHz}$ bandwidth.

You can adjust the amplifier's transient response from an underdamped to a controlled overshoot level. The power-supply sensitivity is only $\pm 100 \mu \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{V}$, so the amplifiers will operate with any unregulated supply voltage in a 65 to 165 V range.

Each amplifier chassis contains power and filter modules, a powerconverter board, and a logic-circuit board, as well as a small front-paneldisplay board. The power converter provides all the low voltages needed to power the amplifier and operates from the high-voltage power input.

Three brushless de fans cool the amplifier and receive power from the power converter via a speed controller, which regulates the internal heat sink's temperature at $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. When the amplifier is driving a light load, the fans will run slowly and quietly.
Additional Model 290 features include built-in fault detection/protection circuitry, which prevents damage from overvoltage, current overload, or excessive temperature rise; control amplifier operation, which uses external inhibit and enable inputs; and built-in filtering, which holds output noise below 10 $\mathrm{mA}(10 \mathrm{~Hz}$ to 5 kHz$)$ in the currentsource mode and below $1 \mathrm{mV}(20 \mathrm{~Hz}$ to 5 kHz ) in the voltage-source mode.
The Model 290 power amplifier weighs 115 lbs, measures $19 \times 8.75 \times 25 \mathrm{in}$., and costs $\$ 18,000$. You can expect delivery six weeks ARO.-Tom Ormond

Copley Controls Corp, 375 Elliot St, Newton, MA 02164. Phone (617) 965-2410. TLX 285975.

Circle No 721

# Haris/3Mcopiers come with a unique papers supply. 

# \$3500 digital storage scope offers four channels and $100-\mathrm{MHz}$ bandwidth 

Priced at $\$ 3465$, the HP 54501A 4 -channel, $100-\mathrm{MHz}$ DSO brings you digital-storage-oscilloscope features at a price substantially closer to that of an analog scope. The 54501A is not a stripped-down version of a high-priced scope: You get an autoscale feature for fast setups, and the scope is capable of automatically measuring such functions as rise and fall times, frequency, period, peak-to-peak voltage, and rms voltage. You also get time and voltage cursors for user-selectable measurements. Because the 54501A has a fully digital timebase, you can make timing measurements that are more accurate than those typical of analog scopes.

In addition, the DSO provides a dual-timebase-windowing feature that performs just like the dual timebase commonly found on highperformance analog scopes. The dual timebase window also includes one feature you won't get on an analog scope-the ability to view pretrigger events.

Besides offering standard edgeand TV-triggering modes, a custom IC inside the 54501 A gives you a variety of special triggering functions similar to that of logic analyzers. Pattern triggering, for example, allows you to trigger off the four input channels, selecting either a high, low, or "don't care" pattern.

You can further select the triggering to occur when the last edge enters the specified pattern or when the first edge exits the pattern. You can also use a time-qualified pattern trigger, which can require the pattern you select to exist for a greater or lesser amount of time than the time specified or to satisfy a range of times.

If you want to trigger on synchro-


A combination of dedicated menu keys plus a soft-key submenu of seven keys simplifies front-panel control of the HP 54501A.
nous events, you can use any three channels to select high, low, or don't care states, and use the fourth channel as the clock. You can select triggering to occur on the rising or falling edge of the clock when the pattern is either present or not present. You can delay triggering according to the number of events, to as many as 16 million events, or you can delay it according to time increments ranging from 30 nsec to 160 msec .

Display options allow the selection of various levels of display persistence, including infinite persistence, which is useful when examining waveform jitter and noise. Alternatively, you can use waveform averaging to eliminate noncorrelated noise.

You can save and recall waveforms as well as oscilloscope setups. The 54501 A has four nonvolatile waveform memories and two volatile pixel memories. With two 10Msample/sec, 8 -bit ADCs, the digital storage oscilloscope, like a nonstorage analog scope, is intended pri-
marily for repetitive waveform applications. You can, however, use it to capture single-event waveforms to about 1 MHz . As with all DSOs, repetitive events that have a long period between trigger events present no problem. The display always remains bright, and you never need a scope hood.

The 54501 A comes with a standard IEEE-488 interface that comprises both a talker and a listener interface. The scope connects directly to IEEE-488-compatible printers for hard-copy output. For computer-aided testing, you can also load test-template waveforms over the IEEE-488 bus via a controller. The 54501A can perform more than 10 waveform acquisitions and IEEE-488 waveform transfers each second.

Thanks to its weight of 22 lbs , the DSO is suitable for applications requiring portability.-Doug Conner

Hewlett-Packard Co, 19310 Pruneridge Ave, Cupertino, CA 95014. Phone local office.

Circle No 722


# One of the precise hand-held instruments that didn't need one of our cable assemblies. 

Annie never missed. Well, almost never. As long as she was ahead of second best, the room for error was there.

Not so in the critical engineering of micro-miniature cable and connector solutions at Precision Interconnect. Tolerances are getting tighter, desired sizes smaller, and development time shorter.

Working with exact electrical requirements, plus challenging mechanical parameters,
we design and produce extremely reliable, long flex-life cable, with conductors terminated to standard connectors or active devices, and with protective flexstrain reliefs. These complete interconnect systems, usually using 30 AWG and smaller conductors, provide the critical link in hand-held applications on test and measurement equipment and medical diagnostic devices.


16640 S.W. 72nd Avenue, Portland, OR 97224 (503) 620-9400

# Configurable 8-bit $\mu \mathrm{C}$ family includes in-circuit emulation system 

Today's electronic marketplace puts tremendous emphasis on getting to market quickly, yet stresses the importance of keeping costs down and designs proprietary. The TMS370 family of 8 -bit $\mu \mathrm{Cs}$ offers you the convenience of configuring a semicustom $\mu \mathrm{C}$ from a list of available modules. Moreover, while the chip is being created, you can use the family's XDS in-circuit emulator to complete the final testing of the software and the rest of your system.

The TMS370 family is based on a modular design methodology that uses a common internal bus to interconnect individual modules. Besides the six standard parts available to choose from, you have the option of deciding which modules you want your $\mu \mathrm{C}$ to include. At present, the list of modules available consists of mask-programmable ROM, static RAM, EPROM, EEPROM (for data and program memory), serial I/O, timers, digital I/O, and 8-bit A/D converters.

You also have the option of a configurable in-circuit emulator. The TMS370 XDS has an expansion board as well as an emulator board. The expansion board allows you to create a custom version of an 8 -bit $\mu \mathrm{C}$ by providing various modules that you can use as if they were on the $\mu \mathrm{C}$. The expansion board also includes a prototype area where you can test your own custom modules.

Once you've checked out the software with the XDS, you can elect to use one of the two available Form Factor Emulators (FFEs), the TMS370C810 or the TMS370C850. These prototyping $\mu \mathrm{Cs}$ have the same size, shape, and function as available ROM versions, but have EEPROM in place of the ROM. Using an FFE, you can evaluate the


The TMS370 family of 8-bit $\boldsymbol{\mu}$ Cs allows you to mix and match modules to meet your design goals. You can then configure the TMS370 XDS in-circuit emulator to develop your code before you've even ordered the device.
system in terms of your target application.

Although there are only six standard parts available at this time, you can expect more later this year. The TMS370C010 and 310 both include 4 k bytes of ROM, 128 bytes of RAM, a serial peripheral interface, a timer, and 22 I/O pins. The TMS370C010 has 256 bytes of EEPROM, though, and the 310 has none. The TMS370C810 FFE is just like the 010 except that its 4 k -byte EEPROM takes the place of the ROM.

The TMS370C050 and 350 each have 4 k bytes of ROM, 256 bytes of RAM, an 8-bit A/D converter, a serial communications interface, a serial peripheral interface, a timer, $55 \mathrm{I} / 0$ pins, and an expansion bus. The expansion bus allows the CPU
to access external devices as if they were on chip. The TMS370C850 FFE is identical to the 050 except that its 4 k -byte EEPROM substitutes for the 050 's 4 k -byte ROM.

All members of the family are fabricated in a $1.6-\mu \mathrm{m}$ CMOS process. The TMS370C010 and 310 devices are available in 28 -pin plastic DIPs or PLCCs (plastic leaded chip carriers) and cost $\$ 3$ to $\$ 7$. The TMS370C050 and 350 come in 68-pin PLCCs and cost between $\$ 4.50$ and $\$ 10$. Each family member runs off a 5 V supply over the temperature range of -40 to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## -David Shear

Texas Instruments Inc, Semiconductor Group, Box 809066, Dallas, TX 75380. Phone (800) 232-3200.

Circle No 723

## How To Wring Workstation-Level PCB Designs Out Of Your PC.



## P-CAD's new Master Designer turns an ordinary PC into a full-fledged PCB workstation.

When you need to wring every drop of performance out of your next PCB design, you need Master Designer ${ }^{\text {™ }}$ software.
Master Designer provides all the horsepower you'd expect only from workstations priced from $\$ 50 \mathrm{~K}$ up to as much as $\$ 200 \mathrm{~K}$.
With Master Designer you can tackle the really big jobs. Board designs with 500 EICs, 32,000 pins and 2,500 nets are just the beginning. P-CAD's Master Designer routes multiple layers simultaneously cutting the number of vias and unrouted subnets in half. So, you'll wring out cleaner designs and higher completion rates (up to $100 \%$ ).
 independent" back annotation, Master Designer also has an ECO processing option.

If you're interested in wringing every penny out of your PCB design station instead of wringing your hands, ring P-CAD. Let P-CAD show you how to turn a PC into a high-powered workstation.


1290 Parkmoor Ave., San Jose, CA 95126 USA Telex: 371-7199 FAX: 408-279-3752

800-628-8748 CA 800-523-5207 U.S.

# Satisfy everyone with Toko's new ultra-compac universal input switchers. 

Try us for size! Toko's new MOSFET power supplies are the smallest switchers in their class- with power densities to 2.45 watts per cubic inch and 15,30 and 50 -watt models that stand a miniature $1^{\prime \prime}$ high.

Toko satisfies your need for smaller size without sacrificing power. Utilizing our broad experience in inductor technology, we engineered these new power supplies with MOSFET switching circuits and switching frequencies over 100 kHz .
Additionally, our state-of-the-art "wireless" copper thin film transformer design helps achieve lower switching noise, greater efficiency, and eliminates the chances of an open winding or a short.

| SERIES | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { AC } \\ \text { INPUT } \\ \text { VOLTAGE } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RATED } \\ & \text { POWWR } \end{aligned}$ | \# OUTPUTS | $\underset{\mathrm{L}}{\mathrm{INCHES}}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MK | 85-132 | 150W | 1 | 3.8 | 6.7 | 2.4 |
| MW | 85-264 | 15W | 3 | 1.0 | 4.3 | 2.4 |
| MW | 85-264 | 30W | 3 | 1.0 | 5.9 | 2.4 |
| MW | 85-132/ | 50W | 3 | 1.0 | 6.1 | 3.7 |
| MW | 170-264* | 100W | 4 | 1.6 | 7.8 | 4.4 |

- Universal 85-264V. Input on MW 15 and 30
- 80\% Efficiency
- FCC Class B
- Designed to Meet UL \& CSA
- Thin, Eurocard, Flex Power Method
- Jumper selectable.

Best of all, Toko offers these power supplies at prices so low that they compete with larger, conventional supplies. Our two-year warranty backs our commitment to high performance.
More power and less space ... at the right price. You really can satisfy everyone with Toko's new switchers. For complete details, contact:

## l:̉TOKO <br> TOKO AMERICA,INC.

1250 Feehanville Drive
Mt. Prospect, IL 60056
(312) 297-0070

FAX (312) 699-7864
To ensure reliability, Toko features $105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ electrolytic capacitors and $20 \%$ derating of all components.

## Now a network analyzer and a spectrum analyzer in one box. From HP.

The HP 4195A Network/Spectrum Analyzer. It's the one tool you've been waiting for to make development and production testing of your analog devices easier, more flexible-and at half the price of equivalent dedicated analyzer solutions and less than other combination units.

For the first time, you have a combination analyzer with a balanced set of specifications for both vector network and spectrum analysis functions. And, if that weren't enough, you can use it for impedance analysis, too.

The 10 Hz to 500 MHz range of the HP 4195A make it ideal for audio, baseband, HF, VHF, and IF applications. A unique feature is four-channel spectrum
measurement capability that accommodates four independent inputs. The unit features an internal flexible disk drive, color CRT, User Math, User Defined Functions, User Programs for customization-and it's softkey menu driven, making it extremely friendly. As usual, HP delivers value.

Call 1-800-752-0900, Ext. B215.
Ask for your free data sheet on the HP 4195A Network/Spectrum Analyzer. Find out how we got network and spectrum analysis tools with balanced performance into one box for half the price.

## READERS' CHOICE

Of all the new products covered in EDN's March 17, 1988, issue, the ones reprinted here generated the most reader requests for additional information. If you missed them the first time, find out what makes them special: Just circle the appropriate numbers on the Information Retrieval Service card, use EDN's Express Request service, or refer to the indicated pages in our March 17, 1988, issue.


## A LAPTOP COMPUTER

The LP-286 laptop computer is compatible with the IBM PC/AT. It features an $80 \mathrm{C} 286 \mu \mathrm{P}$ that runs at 6 or 12 MHz with an 80287 coprocessor option (pg 215). Dauphin
Circle No 502


## - INSTRUMENT

The Omnilab 9240 combines a full-function $100-\mathrm{MHz}$ digital storage oscilloscope with a 48-channel logic analyzer (pg 99).
Orion Instruments Inc
Circle No 501

## NTSC FIELD BUFFER

The $\mu$ PD42270C field buffer IC can be used in digital TV applications and in applications such as teletext system monitoring, broadcast video, and medical imaging ( pg 230).

NEC Electronics Inc
Circle No 503


## - DIGITAL FILTERING

Snap-Filter digital filtering program provides four types of filter: lowpass, highpass, bandpass, and band-reject (pg 242).
HEM Data Corp
Circle No 505

## PRESSURE SENSOR

The NPS Series pressure sensor is packaged in plastic lead frames and features two pressure ports that are compatible with $1 / 116$-in. plastic tubing ( pg 234 ).
NovaSensor
Circle No 504

# Feel trapped by one ASIC supplier? Reach for the Super Foundry. 

Now you can design complex ASICs to meet your needs, not to fit one supplier's limited capabilities. The Super Foundry ${ }^{\text {tm }}$ offers the combined resources of the world's premier CMOS manufacturers. Our process independent design tools and production services give you
maximum freedom and control-from concept through delivery.

## FREE. ASIC Estimating Kit.

What will it take to do your ASIC? With our free ASIC Estimating Kit, you can analyze design-process trade-offs and explore the performance, cost and scheduling implications of your design in a variety of processes. Take control of your ASIC design and avoid the single-supplier prison. Call the Super Foundry for your free ASIC Estimating Kit: 1-800-FOR-VLSI ext. 100.

# THE SUPER FOUNDRY SEATTLE SILIC®N 

## Simplify your Iife with single source supply.

## THE MOST POWERFUL16-BIT SINGLE-CHIP MICROCOMPUTER.



Offering higher integration, higher speed and enhanced functionality, the V25 meets more of your design needs. Which is why so many innovative designers are choosing the V25 for their 16-bit micro-based systems.
$\square$ High integration: programmable interrupt controller; 2-channel serial I/O port; three 16-bit timers; time-base counter and more.
$\square$ High speed: 16/32-bit temporary register/shifter; 16-bit loop counter and prefetch pointer.
$\square$ Enhanced interrupt handling: 8 programmable priority levels, hardware context switching for 8 register banks; 8-channel macro service controller.
$\square$ Two stand-by modes: halt and stop.

## THE FIRST 2M-BIT CMOS EPROM.

NEC has just launched UV EPROMs into the 2M-bit era. The new $\mu$ PD27C2001D gives you 2 M -bit capacity in a $256 \mathrm{~K} \times 8$ organization. High integration is complemented by high speed. With access times as fast as 150 ns , our 2M-bit devices eliminate wait states for your CPU. Programming is also fast at $100 \mu$ s per byte. The 4-byte page write mode multiplies programming speed.

Organization: 256K x 8.
$\square$ Access time: 150/170/200ns.
$\square$ Power consumption: 30mA max/ 6.7 MHz operation; $100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ max/ standby.
$\square$ Programming: $100 \mu \mathrm{~s} /$ byte with 0.1 ms pulse at 12.5 V ; 4-byte/page write mode.
Package: 32-pin 600 mil CerDIP with JEDEC standard pinout.


When you're buying semiconductors, multiple vendors can cause major mixups. To simplify everything, build a committed single-source relationship with one supplier: NEC.

We're the world's largest semiconductor manufacturer. We offer the industry's broadest lineup. The technology and quality of our components have made us an international leader in computers, communications and home electronics.

How do you get volume, variety, on-time delivery and applications support across the full spectrum of your semiconductor needs? It's simple. Build a single source relationship with NEC.


## THE FASTEST4K-BIT ECL RAM.

Read and write speeds are the critical parameters for ECL RAM performance. NEC has cut access time to 5 ns and write cycle time to 7 ns with our new ultra-fast 4K-bit ECL RAMs. How did we boost performance that high?


By using super-shallow junction transistors, trench isolation technology and Schottky diode clamp-type memory cells. Both ECL 10K ( $\mu$ PB10474A) and 100K ( $\mu$ PB100474A) interface devices are available.
$\square$ Organization: $1 \mathrm{~K} \times 4$.
$\square$ Access time: 5/7ns.
$\square$ Power consumption: 1.2W.
$\square$ Package: 10K - 24 -pin ceramic DIP; 100K -24-pin ceramic DIP/QFP.
$\square$ Broad line of other ECL RAMs available: from 1 K to 16 K -bits; supplied in a diversity of organizations and speeds.

## FASTAS A FLASH:1M-BIT DUAL-PORT GRAPHICS BUFFER.

NEC's new megabit dual-port buffer chip is designed for super fast graphics processing. A unique "Flash Write" function clears the screen in a flash. The $256 \mathrm{~K} \times 4$ RAM port allows bit write and fast page mode for high-speed bit operations. The $512 \times 4$ serial port operates at clock speeds up to 33 MHz to handle high resolution graphics. To add value to your image processing system, design-in our $\mu$ PD42274.
$\square$ Speed: RAS access - 100/120ns; CAS access 25/30ns; serial read cycle - 30/40ns.
$\square$ Power consumption: stand-by-3mA; random read/write (serial port active) - 100/90mA.
$\square$ Package: 28 -pin 400 mil ZIP and SOJ.*
*Under development.



# For nearly three decades, companies have drawn on Houston Instrument. 

## LEADTIME INDEX

| TRANSFORMERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Toroidal | 10 | 0 | 60 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 9.6 | 9.7 |
| Pot-Core | 11 | 0 | 67 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 8.8 | 10 |
| Laminate (power) | 12 | 29 | 29 | 24 | 6 | 0 | 8.3 | 9.6 |
| CONNECTORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Military panel | 0 | 33 | 67 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6.0 | 10.4 |
| Flat/Cable | 8 | 23 | 46 | 8 | 15 | 0 | 9.3 | 4.7 |
| Multi-pin circular | 8 | 23 | 46 | 8 | 15 | 0 | 9.3 | 11.6 |
| PC (2-piece) | 0 | 46 | 54 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5.2 | 7.2 |
| RF/Coaxial | 12 | 47 | 41 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4.2 | 5.2 |
| Socket | 15 | 55 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3.5 | 3.7 |
| Terminal blocks | 10 | 52 | 33 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 4.4 | 5.7 |
| Edge card | 6 | 50 | 44 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4.5 | 5.8 |
| D-Subminiature | 24 | 47 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3.2 | 4.4 |
| Rack \& panel | 0 | 58 | 33 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 5.2 | 6.4 |
| Power | 21 | 43 | 36 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3.7 | 5.4 |

## PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARDS

| Single sided |
| :--- |
| Double sided |
| Multi-layer |
| Prototype |
| RESISTORS |


| Carbon film | 41 | 31 | 24 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 3.1 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\mathbf{2 . 7}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Carbon composition | 32 | 23 | 31 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 5.1 |
| $\mathbf{4 . 3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Metal film | 41 | 19 | 33 | 7 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{4 . 1}$ |
| Metal oxide | 29 | 14 | 28 | 29 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{7 . 1}$ |
| Wirewound | 12 | 36 | 40 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 5.8 |
| Potentiometers | 15 | 36 | 26 | 19 | 4 | 0 | 6.8 |
| Networks | 36 | 23 | 32 | 9 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{4 . 2}$ |
| FUSES | 50 | 13 | 33 | 4 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{5 . 7}$ |

## SWITCHES

| Pushbutton | 13 | 41 | 33 | 13 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{5 . 5}$ | $\mathbf{4 . 6}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Rotary | 5 | 30 | 45 | 20 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{7 . 4}$ | $\mathbf{5 . 4}$ |
| Rocker | 10 | 40 | 30 | 20 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{6 . 4}$ | $\mathbf{5 . 4}$ |
| Thumbwheel | 19 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 6 | 0 | $\mathbf{8 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{9 . 4}$ |
| Snap action | 13 | 40 | 33 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 5.6 | $\mathbf{6 . 7}$ |
| Momentary | 13 | 47 | 27 | 13 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{5 . 1}$ | $\mathbf{5 . 9}$ |
| Dual-in-line | 8 | 54 | 23 | 15 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{5 . 3}$ | $\mathbf{6 . 1}$ |

## WIRE AND CABLE

Coaxial
Flat ribbon
Multiconductor
Hookup
Wirewrap
Power cords
POWER SUPPLIES

| Switcher | 0 | 46 | 31 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 7.0 | 7.9 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Linear | 6 | 39 | 44 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 6.0 | 8.6 |
| CIRCUIT BREAKERS | 11 | 33 | 33 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 6.9 | $\mathbf{8 . 7}$ |
| HEAT SINKS | 14 | 41 | 27 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 5.8 | 5.3 |
| BATTERIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lithium coin cells | 7 | 53 | 33 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 4.8 | - |
| $9 V$ alkaline | 47 | 20 | 20 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 4.1 | - |
| Real-time clock back-up | 10 | 40 | 40 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 5.6 | - |
| RELAYS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General purpose | 20 | 40 | 25 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 5.2 | $\mathbf{6 . 1}$ |
| PC board | 9 | 32 | 27 | 27 | 5 | 0 | $\mathbf{8 . 4}$ | $\mathbf{8 . 5}$ |



## INTEGRATED CIRCUITS, LINEAR

| Communication/Circuit | 0 | 42 | 33 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 7.4 | 5.6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OP amplifier | 5 | 35 | 30 | 25 | 0 | 5 | 8.6 | 6.4 |
| Voltage regulator | 9 | 41 | 27 | 18 | 0 | 5 | 7.4 | 6.4 |

## MEMORY CIRCUITS

| DRAM 16K | 0 | 23 | 23 | 38 | 0 | 16 | 13.3 | $\mathbf{7 . 7}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| DRAM 64K | 0 | 19 | 25 | 37 | 6 | 13 | $\mathbf{1 3 . 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 . 4}$ |
| DRAM 256K | 0 | 6 | 25 | 37 | 13 | 19 | 17.3 | $\mathbf{1 5 . 8}$ |
| DRAM 1M-bit | 0 | 1 | 0 | 58 | 8 | 33 | $\mathbf{2 1 . 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 7 . 5}$ |
| SRAM 4K $\times 4$ | 0 | 10 | 30 | 40 | 20 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 4 . 2}$ | - |
| SRAM 8K $\times 8$ | 0 | 0 | 15 | 62 | 23 | 01 | $\mathbf{1 7 . 1}$ | - |
| SRAM 2K $\times 8$ | 0 | 18 | 9 | 45 | 18 | 91 | $\mathbf{1 5 . 9}$ | - |
| ROM/PROM | 11 | 23 | 44 | 22 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{7 . 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 . 3}$ |
| EPROM 64K | 8 | 23 | 23 | 38 | 0 | 8 | $\mathbf{1 0 . 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 . 3}$ |
| EPROM 256K | 0 | 21 | 29 | 43 | 0 | 7 | $\mathbf{1 1 . 7}$ | $\mathbf{9 . 3}$ |
| EPROM 1M-bit | 0 | 14 | 29 | 43 | 0 | 14 | $\mathbf{1 3 . 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 . 4}$ |
| EEPROM 16K | 11 | 1 | 44 | 33 | 11 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 1 . 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 . 2}$ |
| EEPROM 64K | 0 | 18 | 36 | 36 | 0 | 10 | $\mathbf{1 2 . 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 . 5}$ |
| DISPLAYS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Panel meters | 9 | 28 | 27 | 36 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{8 . 4}$ | $\mathbf{5 . 8}$ |
| Fluorescent | 15 | 31 | 0 | 46 | 0 | 8 | $\mathbf{1 0 . 4}$ | $\mathbf{7 . 8}$ |
| Incandescent | 25 | 25 | 17 | 33 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{7 . 1}$ | $\mathbf{5 . 4}$ |
| LED | 19 | 33 | 33 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 5.7 | $\mathbf{5 . 3}$ |
| Liquid crystal | 8 | 17 | 33 | 33 | 0 | 9 | $\mathbf{1 1 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{8 . 4}$ |

## MICROPROCESSOR ICs

| 8-bit | 7 | 27 | 27 | 39 | 0 | 0 | 8.9 | 6.6 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 16-bit | 9 | 28 | 27 | 36 | 0 | 0 | 8.4 | 7.3 |
| 32-bit | 0 | 21 | 36 | 36 | 7 | 0 | 10.8 | 9.8 |
| FUNCTION PACKAGES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Amplifier | 11 | 23 | 22 | 44 | 0 | 0 | 9.2 | 9.3 |
| Converter, analog to digital | 0 | 19 | 36 | 45 | 0 | 0 | 10.4 | 9.8 |
| Converter, digital to analog | 0 | 19 | 36 | 45 | 0 | 0 | 10.4 | 9.2 |
| LINE FILTERS | 8 | 53 | 8 | 31 | 0 | 0 | 6.6 | 6.0 |
| CAPACITORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ceramic monolithic | 17 | 33 | 29 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 6.3 | 4.7 |
| Ceramic disc | 9 | 39 | 22 | 30 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{7 . 3}$ | $\mathbf{5 . 8}$ |
| Film | 14 | 24 | 24 | 38 | 0 | 0 | 8.4 | $\mathbf{5 . 7}$ |
| Aluminum electrolytic | 8 | 36 | 12 | 44 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{8 . 7}$ | $\mathbf{6 . 5}$ |
| Tantalum | 14 | 27 | 32 | 27 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{7 . 4}$ | $\mathbf{7 . 1}$ |
| INDUCTORS | 5 | 37 | 32 | 26 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{7 . 4}$ | $\mathbf{6 . 8}$ |

Source: Electronics Purchasing Magazine's survey of buyers.

# Announcing a 27 Billion Dollar backer for your Siemens ASIC team. 

Siemens, a proven winner in electronics with $\$ 27$ billion in sales, just entered the U.S. ASIC market. And our team is geared for the ASIC circuit. With our first effort, we've combined ECL and CML technology in one gate array family. This means you can now design-in the ideal combination of super ECL speed with economical, high-density CML performance on one chip...everytime. You no longer must compromise the speed you need for the power you don't. In addition, speed/power programming, as well as I/Os designed for both ECL $10 \mathrm{~K} / 100 \mathrm{~K}$ and TTL interfaces give you the flexibility you need.
And that's just the start. Coming down the home stretch are more Siemens entries... 1.5/1.2 micron CMOS standard cells and 1.2/1.0 micron CMOS sea of gates arrays. Use our sea of gates CMOS family for quick turn logic and memory on one chip or design your high-performance, cell-based ASICs utilizing the common

ADVANCELL ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ ASIC library and guarantee yourself compatible second sources.
The Siemens ASIC team's responsive service and technical innovation provides you with the winning edge.
For more information on how to put your design into high gear write to Siemens Components, Inc., ASIC Marketing, 2191 Laurelwood Road, Santa Clara, California 95054. Or call ASIC Marketing at 408/980-4568, and see for yourself how Siemens is making the difference on the ASIC circuit.

Siemens...
your partner for the future.
© 1988 Siemens Components, Inc.
ADVANCELL is a trademark of Siemens AG, or
licensed from Toshiba or General Electric Co., USA in certain countries.

CG12000-460 WLM 795
CIRCLE NO 156

## Siemens

Qualily Assurance

# SINGLE-SHOT PULSES 10 350 MHz 



## VISIBLE! ONII FROM TEK.

Now you can locate elusive glitches, pulses and infrequent events other scopes fail to show - using the 350 MHz Tek 2467 Transient Intensifying Oscilloscope.

## 350 MHz Tek 2467.

The 2467 's $4 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{ns}$ visual writing speed is 100 times faster than that of any other portable instrument, thanks to Tek's patented microchannel plate CRT.

The result: you see everything that happens in your circuit, whether it occurs once or repetitively. Including asynchronous noise, crosstalk, bus contennous noise, crosstaik, bus conten-
tion, marginal timing, metastability and even the one-in-a-million anomaly.

Because the 2467 specifies
visual writing speed, not the photographic writing speed of
other scopes, you can view all photographic writing speed of
other scopes, you can view all
faults in normal room light. You don't need a viewing hood. Being able to pinpoint problems this readily makes the critical difference in many troubleshooting situations.

In short, seeing is believing.
Four independent channels, $500 \mathrm{ps} / \mathrm{sec}$ sweep speeds, $1 \%$ timing accuracy and $2 \%$ vertical accuracy enhance the 2467's problem-solving power.

Built-in automation features help speed your troubleshooting even more and make this one of the easiest scopes to use. It sets up in seconds, for example, at the push of a button.

Ask your Tek representative for a 2467 demonstration - and see just what you've been missing. For additional information, return the reply card or call Tek direct: 1-800-426-2200.

## When the

 measurement counts, count on Tek.> A complete measurement package that sets up in seconds.

> What it displays, competitors don't even see.


## The Integrated CAE Solution From Just Under \$500.



## Nothing Captures Today's Solutions Like Schema.

0
mation, originators of the most popular design entry software SCHEMA II, presents an integrated solution to printed circuit board design. Now you can enter a schematic using SCHEMA II, and then produce a finished printed circuit card with SCHEMA PCB and SCHEMA ROUTE. From start to finish in one easy step. The integration, complete with automatic backward and forward anno-
tation, makes the process simple and error free. All SCHEMA products operate on IBM personal computers or compatibles, yet they offer all the features of CAE workstations costing $\$ 50,000$ for
a fraction of the cost.

CALL: 1-800-553-9119

As always, each member of the SCHEMA family of products comes with a 30-Day Money Back Guarantee.

Capture your solutions by calling us Toll Free: 1-800-553-9119 (in Texas, 214-231-5167). Ask about our SCHEMA Family Demo Evaluation Kit.

## Analog CAE is More Than SPICE.

It's the ability to predict manufacturing yields, find stressed components, and pick devices from libraries containing over 1,200 simple and complex devices. It gives you software-based instruments that act just like the instruments in your lab-except they make measurements that would be impossible with normal lab equipment.

Analog CAE is now all of this, and more-thanks to the Circuit Design Tool Kit and the popular Analog Workbench $^{\text {TM }}$ and PC Workbench ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ software. All are designed to work with a variety of CAE and CAD systems, simulators and models (including your own), and remote computers.

Why settle for SPICE alone when you can have a complete set of the most advanced design tools made today? See the latest in analog CAE for yourself: call 1-800-ANALOG-4, ask for a FREE Demo Disk or Video.

CIRCLE NO 96


[^4]Sunnyvale, CA 94086
408-737-7300 or 1-800-ANALOG-4


## Special Report



Graphic programming languages provide an intuitive and unconventional approach to controlling instrumentation. (Photo courtesy National Instruments)

# Laboratory-automation software 


#### Abstract

The time-honored tradition of recording, analyzing, and charting experimental data at the lab bench may take maximum advantage of the company coffee pot, but it destroys an engineer's productivity. Fortunately, software can automate these tedious chores, shifting them to that patient engineering assistant-the personal computer.


## Steven H Leibson, Regional Editor

Today's truly low-cost personal computers (PCs), coupled with instrumentation specifically designed to allow computer control, greatly enhance your ability to create automated test systems. PC-based software packages that make your data-acquisition job much easier are now plentiful. Further, many of these products also take advantage of the PCs' extensive floating-point math and excellent graphics capabilities to automate data analysis and presentation.
Experimental research comprises three basic tasks: data acquisition, data analysis, and data presentation (Fig 1). Automating these tasks eliminates human error and gives you better tools for analyzing and presenting data. Unfortunately, it's not as easy to classify the software that performs these tasks. You can find products that perform one, two, or all three of these tasks, and some that perform only part of one task.
When you're evaluating laboratory-automation software, suggests Keithley Instruments (Ref 1), you should use three selection criteria: ease of use, adaptability, and processing speed. You'll also want to consider at least one other factor-cost. The prices for labora-tory-automation software packages range from nothing (the vendor supplies the software for free when you purchase the instrument) to several thousand dollars.
For the data-acquisition portion of the job, vendors offer I/O drivers and libraries that augment general-
purpose programming languages with data-acquisition and -analysis extensions, versions of popular programming languages especially tailored for data-acquisition applications, all-new programming languages specifically intended for automating the laboratory, engineer-ing-oriented spreadsheet packages, and menu-driven programs that do all three tasks for you without any programming whatsoever. The right software package for you will be the product that convinces your computer and instrumentation to take the measurements you


Software that comes with the Omnilab 9240 from Orion Instruments can display time-aligned waveforms from the instrument's digital-storage-oscilloscope and logic-analyzer sections. In addition, the software can store these waveforms on a PC's disk for subsequent analysis.


Fig 1-Laboratory-automation software performs three basic tasks: acquisition, analysis, and presentation. Vendors of PC software offer packages that perform one, two, or all three tasks, but because no standard data format exists, you must take care to select compatible software when mixing products from different vendors.
want, at a price you can afford.
Many vendors of PC-based instrumentation bundle data-acquisition software with the bus-specific instruments they sell. For example, Heath/Zenith supplies a menu-driven software package with its 20 M -sample/sec SDS-5000, a dual-channel, digital-storage-oscilloscope (DSO) card that plugs into the IBM PC or PC/AT bus and costs $\$ 1995$. The software package employs a menu system similar to the one created by Lotus Development Corp for its ubiquitous Lotus 1-2-3 spreadsheet package.

By using menu selections, you can configure, control, and operate as many as four SDS-5000 card sets concurrently. The software can display eight digitized waveforms on the PC's screen at once. It can also do some analysis of the captured data: It can perform waveform math (addition and subtraction), waveform comparison, smoothing, and signal averaging. In addition, you can save the digitized information on the PC's disk in ASCII format for subsequent analysis by another vendor's software package.

Similarly, Orion Instruments provides a comprehensive software package along with its PC-based $\$ 8900$ Omnilab 9240, which combines the features of a dualchannel, 100 M -sample/sec DSO; a $200-\mathrm{MHz}$ logic analyzer; an analog-stimulus generator; and a 24 -bit digit-al-stimulus generator. The product's software provides time-correlated displays of sampled analog and timing waveforms and a logic-state table on the PC's screen. The software also allows you to set up a sophisticated trigger based on a combination of the sampled analog and digital signals. You control the Omnilab with your PC by using a special adapter card that plugs into an IBM PC/AT-compatible bus.

Omnilab's software can also store the captured information in a disk file for subsequent editing and display. You can use the PC's standard screen-dump routines to obtain a printout of the waveforms. Although the
software currently stores waveforms on the PC's disk in a proprietary format, the company plans to add an export capability later this year to allow other vendors' software to analyze the acquired data.
Some menu-driven data-acquisition packages allow you to use bus-based instruments from a variety of vendors. For example, Hem Data's $\$ 495$ Snapshot Storage Scope can operate analog input cards for the IBM PC bus from Metrabyte, Analog Devices, Data Translation, Burr-Brown, and Microway. The package acquires data from as many as 16 channels concurrently and can take as many as 32,00012 -bit samples at rates ranging from 2 samples/hour to 130,000 samples/sec.

Similarly, Unkel Software's Unkelscope-a family of three menu-driven software packages costing $\$ 125$ to $\$ 549$-supports bus-based analog input boards from more than a dozen vendors. Unkelscope Junior, the lowest-cost package, can acquire data from one to four channels concurrently, collecting as many as 1024 data points/channel. Unkelscope Level 2, the high-end package, handles eight channels with 4096 samples/channel and can take 16,384 samples in single-channel mode. All versions of Unkelscope store data in the Lotus 1-2-3 or Math Works' PC-Matlab data formats. These products all run on MS-DOS-based computers.

## Lab software for the Macintosh

Apple Macintosh owners haven't been left out of the laboratory-automation game. The menu-driven Labtech Notebook from Laboratory Technologies comes in versions running on IBM PCs and compatible computers ( $\$ 995$ to $\$ 1195$ ) and in Macintosh-based versions (\$995). The package acquires data from a variety of sources (IEEE-488, RS-232C, and bus-based boards), stores the data in disk files, plots the data, and performs some data analysis. You can run the program as a background task at typical data-acquisition rates, and you can acquire samples as slowly as one every three years or as rapidly as your data-acquisition hardware allows. The software can handle 16 input or output devices simultaneously and can control output channels as well. It can also use data from one or two input channels to control an output based on the sampled data.

Labtech Notebook's analysis capabilities include nonlinear curve fitting and FFTs. If you need more analysis flexibility, consider the $\$ 295$ Labtech real-time access package, which delivers real-time data that's compatible with analysis programs from other vendors such as Lotus 1-2-3 and BBN Software's RS/1. In this mode,


The excellent graphic-display capabilities of today's PCs allow laboratory-automation software to present data in a variety of ways so you can pick a format that best matches your data. Hypersignal-Plus from Hyperception can display 3 -dimensional spectrographic data as a series of 2 -dimensional plots (a) or, by using color, can add the third dimension to a flat screen display (b).

Labtech Notebook appears to these other application programs as a disk data file, but the programs receive real-time, not stored, data.
The MacAdios (Macintosh analog/digital I/O system) Manager and MacAdios Manager II from GW Instruments work with the company's data-acquisition products for the original (slotless) Macintosh computer and the Macintosh II, respectively. Both programs offer menu-driven control over the MacAdios data-acquisition hardware. Because of the graphic interface, Macintosh computers are well suited to menu-driven program control.

Either version of the MacAdios Manager lets you view four analog or 32 digital waveforms at once. In addition, the packages can perform extensive analysis of sampled waveforms-they can perform FFTs, inverse FFTs, spectrum and statistical analysis, waveform arithmetic (addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division), integration, differentiation, and convolution. You can modify the sampled data either by using a graphic editor to alter plotted data or by using a table editor to change specific sampled values. GW Instruments provides the MacAdios Manager at no extra charge to customers who purchase the $\$ 2500 \mathrm{MacAdios}$ 411 data-acquisition system. The MacAdios 411 interfaces to the original versions of the Macintosh. The MacAdios Manager II costs $\$ 1000$; it works with the company's $\$ 1290$ MacAdios II data-acquisition board for the Macintosh II.
Several vendors offer data-acquisition software for instruments that aren't married to a particular bus.

Connecticut MicroComputer Inc (CMC) specializes in stand-alone instrumentation that communicates with computers over a variety of standard interfaces. The company offers the 16 -channel D1216 and 32-channel D1232 analog-input modules, which have IEEE-488, RS-232C, RS-422, or RS-485 interfaces. The D1216 costs $\$ 995$; the D1232 sells for $\$ 1295$. As long as you write the necessary software, these modules can communicate with any PC that incorporates the appropriate interface. Further, you can use CMC's menu-driven ACQ-D12 data-acquisition program with an IBM PC or a compatible computer to control several D1216s or D1232 modules. The software is free when you purchase the hardware.
For large data-acquisition jobs, CMC offers an integrated network, CMCNet II, that controls as many as 1600 instruments and peripherals from one RS-232C port on an IBM PC. The network's menu-driven control software, Netdrive, gives you manual control of any device on the network and can automatically collect data from designated devices. The company includes Netdrive with the CMCNet II controller board, which costs less than $\$ 100$. A CMCNet II device module links one RS-232C device to the network and costs $\$ 150$ to $\$ 200$. Both Netdrive and ACQ-D12 can store acquired data in Lotus 1-2-3 and Wildfire Systems Group's Danal data-file formats.
Capitol Equipment's $\$ 349$ Acquisition Engine, a memory-resident program for IBM PCs and compatible computers, makes data acquisition from IEEE-488, RS-232C, and some card-based instruments a back-

> You can turn to stand-alone instruments for tasks that bus-based instruments don't have the features or sophistication to handle.
ground task. You set up the Acquisition Engine to take measurements at timed intervals or upon the occurrence of a hardware interrupt; you use ASCII script files to configure the engine for your particular dataacquisition task. The program saves acquired data in RAM, and you can save this data in a disk file at any time. In addition, application programs can use ASCII data streams to communicate with the Acquisition Engine: They print to and read from three MS-DOS devices created when you initialize the program. For debugging purposes, you can also run the Acquisition Engine in the foreground, as you would any other application program.

## Software for stand-alone instruments

Sometimes, bus-based data-acquisition boards lack sufficient bandwidth or sophistication to take the measurements you need. In these instances, you can turn to stand-alone instruments that can communicate with PCs over standard interfaces. If you have a Tektronix

## Conquering the data-format Tower of Babel

Rapid Systems, a vendor of PC-based laboratoryautomation products, ran into a growing problem as its product line expanded: Data-storage formats for its data-acquisition products proliferated almost as fast as the products themselves. Worse, the company realized, this problem prevailed throughout the industry. Almost every software company had invented its own data-storage format, and few companies seemed interested in organizing a standardization effort.

Although many data-acquisition products and software packages can exchange data stored in several of these formats, chances are good that unless you plan carefully, your new data-collecting instruments won't generate files that your postprocessing software can digest. This problem prompted Rapid Systems to develop the R901 universal file translator, a $\$ 495$ program that translates files from one of several different data formats to another. The formats it understands include Lotus 1-2-3, Ashton-Tate's dBase II and III, DSP Development's DADiSP, MathCAD, Signal Technology's ILS-PC, Asyst, Labtech Notebook, Rapid Systems, and ASCII.

2220 or 2230 digital storage oscilloscope, for example, one of two $\$ 50$ software packages from Tektronix can help you transfer waveforms from your scope to an IBM PC or a compatible computer. The S49Z201 RS-232C utility software package operates as a stand-alone applications package. Using the PC's function keys, you can set up your scope to take measurements. The package then captures the digitized waveform and can reproduce the scope's display on the PC's screen. The software is written in interpretive IBM BasicA, so you can modify it to better fit your needs.

In contrast, the company's S49Z202 Turbo Digitizer package does nothing by itself. The package consists of several library modules for Borland International's $\$ 99.95$ Turbo Pascal compiler that you can link into programs that you write. This utility package helps you control and read data from your DSO over the IEEE488 bus. It provides I/O handlers for the National Instruments PC2 and PC2A IEEE-488 controller boards. Turbo Digitizer gives you more control over the scope's operation than does the company's menu-driven program, but it exacts a penalty for this flexibility: You must write a program in Turbo Pascal to perform the measurements, analyze the data, and then display the results on the PC's screen or plot them on a hard-copy device such as a plotter or printer.

## Tailoring languages for data acquisition

Language extensions and subroutine libraries such as Turbo Digitizer help you use some of the more popular, general-purpose programming languages in data-acquisition applications. Several companies, however, believe that because of the unique and stringent I/O-performance requirements placed on computers by measurement applications, programming languages used for acquiring data should be tailored from scratch. For instance, the Asyst family of laboratory-automation software packages from Asyst Software Technologies is based on the Forth programming language, but the company has augmented its version of the language to better support I/O, data analysis, and graphing. For acquiring data, the software supports bus-based ana$\log$ - and digital-I/O boards from a variety of manufacturers and IEEE-488 controller boards from several vendors. Asyst costs $\$ 1695$ to $\$ 2295$, depending on the number of modules you buy.

The Asyst software system runs on IBM PCs and compatible computers and supports the LIM (Lotus, Intel, and Microsoft) expanded memory specification for storing and processing large data blocks. The soft-

ware can also perform analysis on disk files, which is useful when the acquired data is too large to fit into the computer's RAM. Asyst's waveform-processing functions include FFT, inverse FFT, correlation, weighted and nonweighted curve fitting, user-defined and nonlinear curve fitting, and least-squares regression. The package also performs matrix math and statistical analysis.

Once you've analyzed your captured data, Asyst can present the results in a variety of formats, including $x-y$ and contour plots, pie and bar charts, superimposed plots of multiple waveforms, and windowed graphics. The charting module can scale your plots automatically, and it produces logarithmic, linear, and polar plots.
A strong proponent of the tailored-language approach to laboratory automation is Hewlett-Packard Co. For more than a decade, Hewlett-Packard has
offered its own dialect of Basic augmented with specialpurpose statements to enhance the language's IEEE488 control capabilities. Originally, the company offered this enhanced Basic only for its proprietary computer architectures.

However, acknowledging the undeniable penetration of IBM's PC architecture into the engineering environment, Hewlett-Packard finally created a version of its Basic for PCs as well as a coprocessor card to run the language. Called the HP 82300A, this $\$ 1595$ card for personal computers incorporating the IBM PC/AT bus runs the same Basic originally designed for the company's Model 9000 Series 200 and 300 workstations. In addition to the $68000 \mu \mathrm{P}$, the card includes 512 k bytes of RAM (expandable to 4 M bytes), an IEEE-488 controller, and the Instrumentation Basic language.

If you happen to be a devotee of Hewlett-Packard's

# Apple Macintosh owners need not feel left out of the laboratory-automation 

 game.

General-purpose analysis programs can perform extensive analysis of sampled signals. Here, for example, Mathcad from Math Soft both performs an FFT on a noisy signal and produces a filtered waveform on the same screen.

HP-41 calculator, you'll be interested to know that Eclipse Logic's $\$ 275$ ELI-488 calculator-emulation program can endow your IBM PC or compatible computer with that calculator's capabilities and programming language, augmented with IEEE-488-bus control statements. ELI-488 gives you both interactive and programmed control over the IEEE-488 bus as well as the analytical capabilities of the HP-41. The product requires a PC and National Instruments' $\$ 395$ GPIBPCII controller board to provide the IEEE-488 bus interface.

## Windows give you a better view

Displaying multiple windows on a PC's screen can be quite valuable in a data-acquisition application in which more than one instrument is taking measurements during a test or when you want to see raw data displayed along with an analysis of that data. Summation's $\$ 2950$ TestWindows development environment includes and employs Microsoft's Windows package for MS-DOS. It creates a technique that allows you to generate commands for IEEE-488-based instruments fairly easily.

Through one window, TestWindows lets you use English-like commands to exercise interactive control over an instrument. The company's Sigma Users Group maintains a library of TestWindows definitions for IEEE-488 instruments from a variety of manufacturers. These definitions allow TestWindows to translate high-level commands into character strings, which the


Laboratory-automation software packages can save you a lot of time by helping you acquire, analyze, and present experimental data. A variety of packages are available that operate with popular personal computers and instruments. (Photo courtesy Metrabyte)
program then sends over the IEEE-488 bus. After you've determined the proper sequence of commands to make an instrument perform a desired measurement, the package's TestBasic language can scan your interactive control window, extract the sequence of commands you used, and convert these commands to a commented sequence of program statements that you can include in your final test program.

## Graphic languages redefine programming

A few companies have introduced products that implement graphic programming languages for laborato-ry-automation applications. For example, Wavetek's $\$ 3990$ WaveTest programming language has more in common with flowcharts than with the usual lists of program statements. The company has replaced traditional programming-statement syntax with 19 graphical representations, or icons, of equivalent programming constructs. This approach makes it impossible for you to forget a semicolon or misplace a comma in your program-the icons don't use such punctuation.

Another graphic programming language, Strawberry Tree Computers' $\$ 495$ Analog Connection Workbench for Apple's Macintosh computers, allows you to create a data-acquisition program simply by "wiring up" (drawing lines between) various icons. The program includes symbols that represent data-acquisition circuits residing on the company's family of Analog Connection data-acquisition boards; it also has symbols for various mathematical functions performed by the


You can view your data in a variety of ways by using PC software that provides data analysis and graphic display. This 3-dimensional spectral display, for example, was generated by the $\$ 2495$ Interactive Laboratory System (ILS) from Signal Technology Inc.
computer, including metering, charting, and alarm generation.
A $\$ 1995$ programming environment from National Instruments called Labview for Macintosh II computers, provides a more comprehensive approach to a graphic programming language for data-acquisition applications. Labview is based on icons called virtual instruments (VIs). Behind a VI icon resides a graphic representation of the instrument's front panel. However, no such front panel need actually exist: A Labiew front panel is simply a metaphor for the measurements taking place. You can give A/D-converter boards front panels and create rearranged or simplified front panels for stand-alone instruments. Labview supports the company's data-acquisition boards for the Macintosh II, as well as instruments connected to any version of the Macintosh over RS-232C or IEEE-488 communication ports. The company offers IEEE-488 controller boards for the entire Macintosh computer family.

Labview's program representation is a block diagram, so it lacks the cumbersome paraphernalia of traditional programming languages: It has no line numbers, punctuation, and statement delimiters. For example, to create a spectrum analyzer, you draw a line from the icon for an appropriate data-collecting instrument -say, an A/D converter card-to a spectrum-analysis icon. In the Labview syntax, spectrum analysis is a single function, just as such an operation might be a single subroutine call in a more conventional programming language. You connect the output of the spec-
trum-analysis module to a graphing icon, which, in turn, drives a display icon. Simply wiring these modules in series prompts Labview to perform the appropriate tasks.

## Hierarchical programming reduces complexity

In addition, you can hide a lot of your program's detail when you use Labview, because the package permits the hierarchical nesting of icons. Labview's icon syntax includes programming structures (sequence, case, For loop, While loop), arithmetic operators, timing elements, I/O-control elements, string operators, and transcendental functions. The package's instrument library contains more than 100 preconfigured virtual instruments for existing instruments from several manufacturers. Once you create a data-acquisition program with Labview, you can hide it behind a front panel for the entire operation, essentially creating a new virtual instrument. You build these front panels from a collection of graphic images, including icons of control knobs, switches, and graphic-output devices (such as meters and strip-chart recorders).

Graphic programming languages such as the Analog Connection Workbench and Labview represent a dataflow approach to software creation. You specify only how data flows from one function-represented by an icon-to the next. You don't concern yourself with nitpicking syntax punctuation or with calling parameter sequences. In the future, this programming style could prove useful on multiprocessing computer systems that can assign individual processors to execute the code represented by each icon. Although current implementations of these graphic programming languages don't run on multiprocessing computer systems, vendors could clearly take that approach in their efforts to increase the products' performance, because the basic concepts of the products fit well with multiprocessing systems.

## Spreadsheets for laboratory automation

A few vendors have decided that the now-familiar spreadsheet metaphor works well for automating the laboratory. Spreadsheets really started to proliferate when Lotus Development Corp introduced its Lotus 1-2-3, which resides on several million MS-DOS systems around the world, including quite a few PCs on engineers' desks. Lotus Development created the $\$ 495$ Lotus Measure, an add-on package for Lotus 1-2-3 that provides the spreadsheet program with data-acquisition capabilities. With Measure's macro commands, you

Graphic programming languages let you forget about the nitpicking punctuation requirements of conventional languages.
can take readings from IEEE-488, RS-232C, and busbased instruments and insert the data directly in designated spreadsheet cells. Measure also provides you with an interactive mode for manual instrument con-
trol. National Instruments recently acquired all rights to the Lotus Measure package from Lotus Development, so any questions abuot the package should be referred to National Instruments.

## Manufacturers of laboratory-automation software

For more information on laboratory-automation software products such as those discussed in this article, contact the following manufacturers directly, circle the appropriate numbers on the Information Retrieval Service card, or use EDN's Express Request service.

| American Advantech Corp | Burr-Brown Corp | DSP Development Corp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1460 Tully Rd, Suite 602 | Box 11400 | One Kendall Square |
| San Jose, CA 95122 | Tucson, AZ 85734 | Cambridge, MA 02139 |
| (408) 293-6786 | (602) 746-1111 | (617) 577-1133 |
| Circle No 650 | TWX 910-997-0735 | TWX 910-250-2781 |
|  | Circle No 659 | Circle No 668 |
| Analog Devices Inc |  |  |
| Industrial Automation Div | BV Engineering | Durham Technical Images |
| Box 9106 | 2023 Chicago Ave, Suite B13 | Box 72 |
| Norwood, MA 02062 | Riverside, CA 92507 | Durham, NH 03824 |
| (617) 329-4700 | (714) 781-0252 | (603) 868-7203 |
| TWX 710-394-6577 | Circle No 660 | Circle No 669 |
| Circle No 651 |  |  |
|  | Cadnetix Corp | Eclipse Logic Inc |
| Analysis Technology Co | 5775 Flatiron Parkway | Box 2003 |
| 3914 Miami Rd | Boulder, CO 80301 | Huntington Park, CA 92055 |
| Cincinnati, OH 45227 | (303) 444-8075 | (818) 955-5718 |
| (513) 561-1100 | Circle No 661 | Circle No 670 |
| Circle No 652 |  |  |
|  | Canetics Inc | Erbtec |
| Ariel Corp | Box 70549 | 2760 29th St |
| 110 Greene St | Pasadena, CA 91107 | Boulder, CO 80301 |
| New York, NY 10012 | (818) 584-0438 | (303) 447-8750 |
| (212) 925-4155 | Circle No 662 | Circle No 671 |
| Circle No 653 |  |  |
|  | Capitol Equipment Corp | Golden Software Inc |
| Asyst Software Technologies Inc | 99 S Bedford St \#107 | Box 281 |
| 100 Corporate Woods | Burlington, MA 01803 | Golden, CO 80402 |
| Rochester, NY 14623 | (617) 273-1818 | (303) 279-1021 |
| (716) 272-0070 | Circle No 663 | Circle No 672 |
| Circle No 654 |  |  |
|  | Connecticut Microcomputer Inc | GW Instruments Inc |
| B\&C Microsystems | Box 186 | Box 2145 |
| 355 W Olive Ave | Brookfield, CT 06804 | Cambridge, MA 02141 |
| Sunnyvale, CA 94086 | (203) 354-9396 | (617) 625-4096 |
| (408) 730-5511 | TWX 710-456-0052 | Circle No 673 |
| TLX 984185 | Circle No 664 |  |
| Circle No 655 |  | Hart Scientific |
|  | Daisi Electronics Inc | 177 W 300 South |
| BBN Software Products | Box K | Provo, UT 84601 |
| 10 Fawcett St | Newton Square, PA 19073 | (801) 375-7221 |
| Cambridge, MA 02238 | (215) 353-2203 | Circle No 674 |
| (617) 873-5000 | Circle No 665 |  |
| TLX 921470 |  | Heath/Zenith Co |
| Circle No 656 | Data Translation Inc 100 Locke Dr | Computer Based Instrument Group Hilltop Rd |
| Binary Engineering | Marlboro, MA 01752 | St Joseph, MI 49085 |
| 100 Fifth Ave | (617) 481-3700 | (616) 982-3200 |
| Waltham, MA 02154 | TLX 951646 | TLX 275411 |
| (617) 890-1812 | Circle No 666 | Circle No 675 |
| Circle No 657 |  |  |
|  | Dianachart Inc | Hem Data Corp |
| Borland International | 129 Hibernia Ave | 17025 Crescent Dr |
| 4585 Scotts Valley Dr | Rockaway, NJ 07866 | Southfield, MI 48076 |
| Scotts Valley, CA 95066 | (201) 625-2299 | (313) 559-5607 |
| (408) 438-8400 | Circle No 667 | Circle No 676 |
| TLX 172373 |  |  |
| Circle No 658 |  |  |

Hewlett-Packard Co
1820 Embarcadero Rd
Palo Alto, CA 94303
Phone local office
TWX 910-373-1267
Circle No 677
Hyperception
9550 Skillman, LB 125
Dallas, TX 75243
(214) 828-3508

Circle No 678
Intelligent Instrumentation Inc
1141 W Grant Rd, \#131
Tucson, AZ 85705
(602) 624-2434

TWX 910-997-0735
Circle No 679
Interactive Microware Inc

## Box 139

State College, PA 16804
(814) 238-8294

TLX 705250
Circle No 680
International Data
Acquisition and Control
Box 397
Amherst, NH 03031
(603) 673-0765

Circle No 681

## 10Tech Inc

25971 Cannon Rd
Cleveland, OH 44146
(216) 439-4091

TWX 650-282-0864
Circle No 682

## ISI Software

3501 Market St
Philadelphia, PA 19104
(215) 386-0100

TLX 845305
Circle No 683
John Fluke Mfg Co
Box C9090, M/S 250C
Everett, WA 98206
(206) 356-5400

Circle No 684
Keithley Instruments Inc
28775 Aurora Rd
Cleveland, OH 44139
(216) 248-0400

TLX 985469
Circle No 685

The $\$ 795$ DADiSP Worksheet from DSP Development Corp runs on IBM PCs and compatibles and performs 160 data-manipulation and -analysis functions, including signal arithmetic, signal calculus,
waveform generation, Fourier analysis, frequency-domain analysis, correlation, trigonometric calculations, and statistics. The package is menu driven, and it supports as many as 64 windows.

| Laboratory Technologies Corp | National Instruments | Soltec Corp | Wavetek Corp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 400 Research Dr | 12109 Technology Blvd | Sol Vista Park | Box 85434 |
| Wilmington, MA 01887 | Austin, TX 78727 | San Fernando, CA 91340 | San Diego, CA 92122 |
| (617) 657-5400 | (512) 250-9119 | (818) 365-0800 | (619) 450-9971 |
| TLX 989695 | TLX 756737 | TLX 4943094 | TLX 756953 |
| Circle No 686 | Circle No 695 | Circle No 704 | Circle No 712 |
| Lawson Labs Inc | Omega Engineering Inc | SPSS Inc | WestAq Corp |
| 5700 Raibe Rd | Box 4047 | 444 N Michigan Ave | Box 127 |
| Columbia Falls, MT 59912 | Stamford, CT 06907 | Chicago, IL 60611 | Parachute, CO 81635 |
| (406) 387-5355 | (203) 359-1660 | (312) 329-2400 | (303) 285-7700 |
| Circle No 687 | TLX 996404 | TWX 910-221-1396 | Circle No 713 |
|  | Circle No 696 | Circle No 705 |  |
| LeCroy Corp |  |  | World Precision Instruments Inc |
| 700 Chestnut Ridge Rd | Orion Instruments | Strawberry Tree Computers Inc | 375 Quinnipiac Ave |
| Chestnut Ridge, NY 10977 | 702 Marshall St | 160 S Wolfe Rd | New Haven, CT 06513 |
| (914) 425-2000 | Redwood City, CA 94063 | Sunnyvale, CA 94086 | (203) 469-8281 |
| TWX 710-577-2832 | (415) 361-8883 | (408) 736-3083 | Circle No 714 |
| Circle No 688 | TLX 530942 | Circle No 706 |  |
|  | Circle No 697 |  | Ziatech Corp |
| Lotus Development Corp |  | Summation Inc | 3533 Roberto Ct |
| 55 Cambridge Parkway | PennWell Publishing Co | 11335 NE 122nd Way | San Luis Obispo, CA 93401 |
| Cambridge, MA 02142 | Box 21288 | Kirkland, WA 98034 | (805) 541-0488 |
| (617) 577-8500 | Tulsa, OK 74121 | (206) 823-8688 | TLX 4992316 |
| Circle No 689 | (918) 835-3161 | TLX 152219 | Circle No 715 |
|  | Circle No 698 | Circle No 707 |  |
| Math Works Ine |  |  |  |
| 20 N Main St, Suite 250 | Personal Computing Tools Inc | Talton/Louley Engineering |  |
| Sherborn, MA 01770 | 101 Church St, Unit 12 | 6376 Rancho Mission Rd, |  |
| (617) 653-1415 | Los Gatos, CA 95032 | Suite 414 |  |
| TWX 910-240-5521 | (408) 395-6600 | San Diego, CA 92108 |  |
| Circle No 690 | Circle No 699 | (619) 565-6656 Circle No 708 |  |
| Mathsoft Inc | Qua Tech Inc |  |  |
| One Kendall Square | 478 Exchange St | Tektronix Inc |  |
| Cambridge, MA 02139 | Akron, OH 44304 | Box 1700 |  |
| (617) 577-1017 | (216) 434-3154 | Beaverton, OR 97075 |  |
| Circle No 691 | Circle No 700 | (503) 627-7111 |  |
|  |  | TWX 910-467-8708 |  |
| Metrabyte Corp | Rapid Systems Inc | Circle No 709 |  |
| 440 Myles Standish Blvd | 433 N 34 th St |  |  |
| Taunton, MA 02780 | Seattle, WA 98103 | Universal Technical Systems Inc |  |
| (617) 880-3000 | (206) 547-8311 | 1220 Rock St |  |
| TLX 503989 | TLX 265017 | Rockford, IL 61101 |  |
| Circle No 692 | Circle No 701 | (815) 963-2220 |  |
|  |  | Circle No 710 |  |
| Microstar Laboratories | Scientific Programming Enterprises |  |  |
| 2863152 Ave NE | Box 669 | Unkel Software Inc |  |
| Redmond, WA 98052 | Haslett, MI 48840 | 62 Bridge St |  |
| (206) 881-4286 | (517) 339-9859 | Lexington, MA 02173 |  |
| TWX 510-601-3473 | Circle No 702 | (617) 861-0181 |  |
| Circle No 693 |  | TWX 910-240-9722 |  |
|  | Signal Technology Inc | Circle No 711 |  |
| Microway | 5951 Encina Rd |  |  |
| Box 79 | Goleta, CA 93117 |  |  |
| Kingston, MA 02364 | (805) 683-3771 |  |  |
| (617) 746-7341 | Circle No 703 |  |  |



Windowing software gives you multiple, simultaneous views of your experimental setup. This display, generated by Summation's TestWindows package, shows views of the experimental setup, a control panel, and captured waveforms.

Each DADiSP window contains a waveform or an equation. Waveforms are placed in virtual storage, so waveforms larger than the computer's RAM can still occupy a window. DADiSP automatically pages, or transfers, sections of large waveforms on and off the disk during computations. The software can operate on the waveforms by using equations created from the data-manipulation and -analysis functions. You can also scroll through, zoom in on, expand, compress, and edit a waveform contained in a window. DADiSP 488, a $\$ 195$ companion package, adds IEEE-488 data-acquisition capabilities to the main product.

## Software helps you present your findings

If you select a software product that only acquires data, you can add charting and analysis software from other vendors to complete your personal laboratoryautomation system. For example, if you merely need to display and plot the data you've captured, you might select the $\$ 95$ PC Plot package from BV Engineering. PC Plot runs under MS-DOS and accepts data files in ASCII, Lotus 1-2-3, and Labtech Notebook formats. The package displays graphs with as many as three axes having linear, logarithmic, and semilogarithmic scales; each graph can have as many as six plotted waveforms. You can also ask the program to scale the axes automatically. If you want hard-copy plots, you can have the company's $\$ 95$ PDP (plotter driver program) make them.

Binary Engineering's $\$ 275$ Tech*Graph*Pad package for IBM PCs and compatible computers plots data and equations on several types of graphs, including linear, linear-logarithmic, $\log -\log$, and polar graphs. The program can also perform some data manipulation in the form of curve smoothing using spline, Bezier, or Savitsky-Golay methods. Tech*Graph*Pad can read data files in Lotus 1-2-3 (WRK, WK1, and WKS), Lotus Symphony, Labtech Notebook, and ASCII formats.

Should you have considerable data-analysis requirements, you can choose from a few very powerful software products that are specifically designed for engineering and scientific data analysis. One such package that tends to defy traditional classification-it's not a spreadsheet or a database-is Mathsoft Inc's Mathead, a \$349 numerical-analysis program for computers running MS-DOS. Mathcad works a little like a spreadsheet program, but treats the PC's CRT display as though it were a blank sheet of paper. In other words, you can enter equations, define assumptions, and generate graphs anywhere on the screen.

Mathcad's built-in functions include statistics, interpolation, FFTs, random-number generation, and Bessel functions. From these basic function types you construct equations to perform the analysis on your captured data. Mathead can read ASCII data from files generated by other programs and can display analysis results on the PC's screen or plot them on printers and plotters.

Another general-purpose analysis tool, PC-Matlab from Math Works, performs matrix computations without user programming. You can buy the product for MS-DOS systems (\$695), for 80386-based MS-DOS systems (\$1495), for 80386 -based MS-DOS systems that incorporate Weitek's 1167 math coprocessor (\$1995), and for the Apple Macintosh (\$895). Each version of PC-Matlab includes a signal-processing toolbox that performs FFTs, inverse FFTs, discrete Fourier transforms (DFTs), inverse DFTs, 2-dimensional FFTs, 2-dimensional inverse FFTs, filtering, frequency-response and spectral analysis, and cross-correlation. The package can also compute other functions, such as power spectral densities and coherence. For signalprocessing computations, you store sampled-data signals as vectors. PC-Matlab imports data files stored in ASCII, binary, and DIF (digital interchange format) representations. It plots results on linear, log, semilog, and polar graphs, as well as 3 -dimensional mesh surfaces.

TK Solver Plus, a $\$ 395$ package from Universal Technical Systems, lets you use equations to create mathematical models of your experiments. The product's models accommodate formulas, design constraints, and material properties. It runs on IBM PCs and compatible computers. For captured data, TK Solver Plus accepts DIF, Lotus WKS, and ASCII data formats. A general-purpose computational tool such as TK Solver Plus can perform extensive data transformations, including integration and differentiation, smoothing, matrix manipulation, and statistical analysis.

## 12 BIT TIME \& EREQUENCY FOR $\$ 3995!$

## TIME OR FREQUENCY AT THE PUSH OF A BUTTON.



The R350 is a PC-based 12-bit, 2-channel, 500 KHz , realtime, FFT spectrum analyzer. Sample 2 channels simultaneously. 32 K data buffers. Autosave spectrums to hard or floppy disk. Two modes of spectrum averaging. Fully differential inputs. Linear or log amplitude scaling. Amplitude and frequency cursor. Display spectrums 5 to 10 times a second. Print, store, retrieve and overlay spectrums. 500 KHz antialiasing filters on each channel, 80 db of dynamic range.


The R350 is a PC-based 12-bit Digital Oscilloscope.
Sample 2 channels simultaneously at 1 MHz .32 K data buffers per channel. EMI protected metal case with power supply. Switchable differential or single ended input impedance. Software-selectable gain ranges allow resolution of $200 \mu \mathrm{v}$ to 500 volts. Full analog and $100 \%$ digital triggering. Trigger adjust potentiometer. Fully differential inputs for signal integrity. Vertical waveform zooming. Autosave. Software drivers for "C", BASIC, and Turbo-Pascal.

At Rapid Systems, 12 bit spectrum analyzers and digital oscilloscopes are no longer separate and distinct instruments, each with its own high cost.

Now you can afford both, in one PC-based instrument: the Rapid Systems R350.

A 12 bit, $1 \mathrm{MHz}, 2$-channel FFT analyzer and digital scope for only $\$ 3995$.


## PC-based to make you more productive.

The R350 is PC-based, of course. All Rapid Systems instruments are PC-based: designed, manufactured and tested to be ready to operate, the minute you receive them.

Plug the R350 into a personal computer, slip in the software disk, and you're ready to go to work. Totally turnkey. It's that simple and easy to use.

## Call now for a demonstration.

For your free copy of the new Rapid Systems catalog, to order, arrange a demonstration, or for further information, call or write Rapid Systems, 433 N. 34th St., Seattle, WA 98103. (206) 547-8311, Telex: 265017UR.

## RAPID SYSTEMS

Changing the way we think about instruments.

# MMP/REL Encoded Rotary Switch 



The leader in digital rotary switching now brings you:

- Just $.865^{\prime \prime}$ square
- Enclosed, wave solderable construction
- Fixed or adjustable stops available - 50,000 cycles
- Programmable to customer truth table

Call or write for applications assistance.

# STANDARD GRIGSBY 

920 Rathbone Avenue/P. O. Box 1528 • Aurora, Illinois 60507 USA 312 844-4300 • TWX 910 232-3138

CIRCLE NO 16

## PCGERBER - III

View, Edit \& Plot any GERBER File
Simply the best program for viewing and editing Gerber files. Totally rewritten to offer an improved user interface, view and edit multiple layers simultaneously, accurately filled lines using the appropriate aperture shape, query/report D-Codes, \& Plot with optional GPLOT.
.STOP GUESSING WHAT'S IN YOUR GERBER FILES!


EGA/VGA support - PC based - On line help - Reads any Gerber file. You won't even need the manual - Expert mode always ready. Step/Repeat - Control layer visibility, color - Multiple fonts/any angle. GPLOT = Ultra fast Laser plots - HI \& HP pen plotters supported. PCGERBER-III:\$495.00 GPLOT:\$495.00

Both for $\$ 795.00$
CAD SOLUTIONS INC,
2880 ZANKER ROAD, \# 103
SAN JOSE, CA. 95134 (408) 943-1610

Some data-analysis software targets specialized applications. Hypersignal-Plus, for example, is a menudriven package from Hyperception that specifically performs DSP functions, such as FFTs, inverse FFTs, convolution, autocorrelation, power spectra estimation, and spectrographic analysis. The program accepts data in several binary formats and ASCII format. Once you've determined the sort of processing required by your input data to achieve a desired result, Hypersignal-Plus can help you create FIR (finite impulse response) and IIR (infinite impulse response) filter coefficients for digital signal processors from Texas Instruments and AT\&T. The package costs $\$ 489$.

Another product that can help you design digital filters is PC Data Master from Durham Technical Images. This $\$ 115$ package contains several stand-alone software modules that you organize through the package's MS-DOS shell using a batch-language command file and software pipes to route data from one module to the next. PC Data Master contains general-purpose analysis and plotting modules, as well as a group of DSP utilities. One of its DSP utilities helps you generate FIR-filter coefficients. In addition, you can use the package to acquire data from Metrabyte's DAS-8 and -16 A/D-converter boards.

Because the available laboratory-automation packages vary widely, you might understandably have a tough time deciding which products fit your application. Fortunately, by providing manuals and demonstration disks at little or no cost, many software vendors give you an opportunity to sample their wares. Be sure to ask about demonstration packages when you contact a vendor. These "trial-size" versions of the full packages let you get the feel of the software, and some demo packages allow you to perform limited experiments, analyze a little data, and make a few plots. If you're shopping for laboratory-automation software, try out some demos before making a final decision. Then you'll be ready to acquire one or more of these software products and get some real engineering assistance out of that PC on your desk.

## Reference

Comparing data-acquisition software for personal computers, Application note \#804, Keithley Instruments Inc, Cleveland, OH .


## WE ALWAYS KEEP AHEAD OFOUR REPUTATION.

Keeping up with the needs of today's electronics is no simple task, but over the years we've got ourselves quite a name for being the front runner in soldering technology.

The investment in research and development continues to produce stations and irons that make your
work more accurate, more efficient and easier too.
Although building a reputation is not easy, if you take a close look at the quality of Weller ${ }^{\circledR}$ soldering equipment, you'll see just how far ahead we are.

Weller. ${ }^{(B)}$ How reputations are made.

## Coopertools

## The difference between work and workmanship.

# INTRODUCINGTHE IDEA <br>  <br>  

A leader's work is never done.

No sooner do we invent the Programmable Gatee Array and with it a whole new category of logic devices, than we're already outdoing ourselves.

By adding a brand new, more powerful family of Programmable Gate Arrays, the 3000 series.

What's new and different?

They're faster and denser,
with more gates than anybody ever thought a programmable logic device would ever have.

And, are you ready? Cheaper to use than conventional gate arrays.

Which makes them more ideal than ever.
mable Gate Arrays have densities up to and including
How dense can you get? We aim to keep finding out.
THE PROGRAMMABLE GATE ARRAY, IMPROVED. The 3000 series has a second generation Logic Cell"'Array architecture that turns a 40 MHz system clock rate.

That's enough speed to run with the highest performance microprocessors you can name.

Of course, our patented

## LOGIC DEVICE. AGAIN.

architecture is also responsible for gate counts that range from 1200 in the XC 2064 to 9000 in the XC 3090.

Enough density for just about any logic application you can name.

Plus more flexibility in routing and gate utilization than you'll know what to do with.

## THE ONLY <br> LOGIC DEVICE YOU MAY EVER NEED.

Like all Xilinx Programmable Gate Arrays, our 3000 series offers the same advantages you've come to know and love:

Gate array density.
User-programmability with unlimited reprogrammability.

No NRE or inventory risk.

100\% tested parts.
Low cost gate array type design tools.

And a development cycle that fits between paychecks.

Our Programmable Gate Arrays also make it simple to choose a logic device.

They simply make every other logic device obsolete.

With their new architecture, you'll have the speed you need, plus the density to get all your logic on one device.

A device with advantages no other technology can match.

So much less it isn't even funny. At least, not to them.

We can prove it, too.
We've prepared a study that lays out the cost comparison data in detail and, needless to say, we'd love to send you a copy. (There's also a nice thick data

Want to see how fast our new 3000 series is? Want to see it again?

Now stop and ask yourself, "Why should I use anything else?"

Good question, isn't it?

## THE PRICE IS RIGHT, TOO.

We've told you about our improved speed.

And our increased density

But weve saved the best news for last.

Using a Xilinx Programmable Gate Array costs less than using a conventional gate array.
book for those of you who are already true believers.)

Just call us toll-free at (800) 255-7778.

In California,(408)
559-7778. Or contact your local Xilinx sales representative or distributor.

The Programmable Gate Array from Xilinx. It's everything you've ever wanted. Again.

EXILINX
The Programmable Gate Array Company"'

# Plug the performance gap: our plug-in A/D Converters offer 50 kHz to 125 kHz performance. 

## Upgrade without redesigning.

Our family of 12-bit ADCs provides a good/ better/best selection of conversion speeds and performance features - so designers can meet system requirements without overspecifying, and increase system speeds without redesigning.

All three pinout-identical models are complete 12 -bit ADCs with reference and clock, incorporating 8 -, 12 -, or 16 -bit microprocessor bus interface with 150 ns bus access time. All guarantee break-before-make action, eliminating bus contention during read operations.
Conversion times: Model HI-574A, $20 \mu \mathrm{~S} . . . \mathrm{HI}-674 \mathrm{~A}, 12 \mu \mathrm{~S} . . . \mathrm{HI}-774,8 \mu \mathrm{~S}$.

The HI-774 features a smart successive approximation register; its digital error correction circuitry improves dynamic accuracy and throughput rate. All three ADCs can operate under control of the processor, or in a standalone mode. Models come in commercial and military temperature ranges - including MIL-STD-883. Packages: 28-pin Cerdip and leadless chip carriers (LCCs).

For information call 1-800-4-HARRIS, Ext. 1405. In Canada, 1-800-344-2444, Ext. 1405. Or write: Harris Semiconductor Products Division, P.O. Box 883, MS 53-035, Melbourne, Florida 32902-0883.


# Support chips are in transition from discretes to ASICs 

> The devices in EDN's eleventh annual $\mu P$ Support-Chip Directory typify the changes afoot in $\mu P$ system architecture-the wider use of platform chip sets and the introduction of 32-bit RISC chips.

## Robert H Cushman, Special Features Editor

Today's support chip is tommorrow's ASIC cell. If you're a devotee of EDN's Annual $\mu$ P Support-Chip Directory, you know this statement to be true. This year, though, due to the current escalation in VLSI progress, you can almost envision the demise of support chips as discretely packaged devices.

After all, how can a $\mu \mathrm{P}$-based product continue to afford support functions such as UARTs (or, even worse, SSI glue parts) that take up so much board space? Today's big 300 - to 500 -mil-on-a-side chips can integrate nearly a million transistors, and it's hard to justify having separate packages for functions that only need a thousand or so transistors. Such inefficient support-device packaging defeats what seems to be the góal of so many systems being designed these days-to cram an entire 32 -bit superminicomputer onto an IBM PC card!
The parallel and serial I/O ports and timers of Tables $1 \mathrm{~A}, 1 \mathrm{~B}$, and 1 C are examples of support functions that
don't take up much silicon area and therefore are prime candidates for incorporation into other chips. In small systems, you can incorporate them in 1-chip $\mu \mathrm{Cs}$; in larger systems, you can incorporate them in support chip sets (such as those in Table 2). Typically, they are squeezed onto the periphery of the larger chips, where they are near their I/O pads. Actually, the need for I/O pads-especially in the case of 16 - and 32 -bit parallel ports-is a good reason to put the functions on larger chips: The larger chips have longer edges and more pins.

While perusing the tables, you will notice some new, more-complex I/O devices such as SCSI Bus interfaces. For the time being at least, these types of chips possess the complexity to warrant stand-alone packaging. Theoretically IBM's Micro Channel Bus could be included in this category as parallel I/O, or the bus's chips could be considered bus controllers, which would place them in the catch-all section of Table 1G. Nonetheless, because the Micro Channel Bus is part of the high-volume IBM PS/2 "platform," you'll most likely always find it incorporated into the PS/2 chip sets (see Table 2).

## Number crunching should be on $\mu \mathrm{P}$

The fourth table in the directory, Table 1D, covers number-crunching functions. At present, you'll find the population of these chips still healthy and growing. As you can see, the table contains some powerful IEEEstandard floating-point accelerators that can significantly boost a $\mu \mathrm{P}$ 's Whetstone benchmark.

DSP chips are the most extreme case of bigh-performance number crunching.

If you analyze the architectural schemes of $\mu \mathrm{P}$ systems, however, you'll see that this sort of number crunching really should be on the $\mu \mathrm{P}$ chip right along with the regular integer ALU. Off-chip floating-point crunchers are only as efficient as on-chip units in situations where you want to pass whole blocks of data off chip for concurrent processing. When the numbercrunching instructions are interspersed in the flow of code, obviously it is better to have the floating-point unit on the $\mu \mathrm{P}$.

DSP chips are the most extreme case of high-performance number crunching. New floating-point DSP devices like the NEC 77230, AT\&T DSP32, TI 320C30, and Motorola $96001 / 2$ have, or will have, their very fast (single-cycle) 32 -bit floating-point units on chip. Likewise, some of the most efficient new RISC $\mu$ Ps such as the Intergraph Clipper and the Motorola 88000 have their floating-point units on chip (though they won't be single-cycle devices like the DSP floating-point chips). Of all these, the forthcoming Motorola 96001/2 DSP seems the most impressive: It is supposed to have 75 -nsec single-cycle floating-point capability on chip. (Its debut is scheduled for later this year.)

## Functions that set platform cost/performance

The functions in the three tables following number crunching-interrupt (Table 1E), DMA (Table 1F), memory and bus control (Table 1G)-orchestrate the dynamics of the computer system. They play key roles in determining cost/performance benchmarks, as you can tell by reading the descriptive paragraphs that introduce each one.

These functions are the ones most likely to be tightly integrated in the platform chip sets of Table 2. Such functions will be increasingly critical for the new RISC $\mu \mathrm{P}$ systems, and their added cost and complexity may largely offset the gains in RISC CPU simplicity. For example, to keep up with the ever-faster cycle times of RISC chips as clock speeds reach 50 MHz and beyond, the memory-controller function may end up as multilayered caches. Remember that all RISC chips are 32 bits and thus have inherently large memory spaces that will demand caches for economy.

## Firmware now intrinsic part of support

Every recent announcement of RISC $\mu \mathrm{P}$ or IBMclone platforms has given near-equal billing to the third-party firmware and software that you can buy to go along with it. Table 1H's first listing, BIOS firmware for IBM PC and PS/2 clones, serves as a good
example of why such firmware and software is so important.

First of all, because modern $\mu \mathrm{P}$ support chips have numerous internal configuration-control registers that need to be set up during initialization, a user really needs the associated BIOS to use the chips. Another reason is that, because the platforms must be $100 \%$ compatible with the IBM systems they are cloning, they need a "guaranteed-compatible" BIOS. Further, users want a BIOS that has so far withstood the legal test of IBM vs the cloners.

## Will glue ever entirely disappear?

Although designers have expended a great deal of effort trying to eliminate the need for the functions listed in Table 1I, the need for SSI and MSI glue persists and persists. In fact, there are now so many devices in this category-and new ones continue to appear-that a 10-page table wouldn't even cover them all. Designers have made great strides in providing these functions in user-programmable gate arrays, though. To represent this trend, Table 1I lists two of the many gate-array possibilities; the devices are from Xilinx and Texas Instruments.
The high-integration chip sets in Table 2 may well portend the future for $\mu \mathrm{P}$ support chips. In contrast to the bus-oriented support chips of previous EDN $\mu \mathrm{P}$ support-chip directories, the chips in Table 2 take compatibility way up to the computing-platform level. The chips do represent an orderly evolution, however; most are built from ASIC libraries of the support chips they're replacing. Table 2 indicates which functions the new chips include.
The high-integration chips are as much a result of market trends as they are of VLSI progress: Certain computing configurations, or platforms, have engendered unprecedented mass popularity. The $\mu \mathrm{P}$ behind the first listing of Table 2-the Z80-justifies highintegration support because it has the widest customer base of any 8 -bit $\mu \mathrm{P}$ and its use continues to grow.
The $\mu \mathrm{P}$ behind the other listings-the 8086 and its siblings-justifies high-integration support because of the well-known IBM PC marketing phenomenon. Granted, the personal-computer market has nurtured the IBM-oriented platforms, but some industry observers claim that the platforms' use is expanding into OEM areas. Thanks to the economies of scale and widespread grass-roots hardware and software support, people are considering the platforms for applications like industrial instrumentation and control. IBM's intention to

## Manufacturers of $\mu \mathrm{P}$ support chips

For more information on $\mu \mathrm{P}$ support chips such as those included in this directory, contact the following manufacturers directly, circle the appropriate numbers on the Information Retrieval Service card, or use EDN's Express Request Service. Abbreviations in parentheses after some companies conform to the ones used in the directory. Note that there is also a separate index that indicates which categories of chips each manufacturer makes.

Adaptek
691 S Milpitas Blvd
Milpitas, CA 95035
(408) $945-8600$

Circle No 550
Advanced Micro Devices (AMD)
901 Thompson Pl
Sunnyvale, CA 94088
(408) 732-2400

Circle No 551

## Altera

3525 Monroe St
Santa Clara, CA 95051
(408) 984-2800

Circle No 552

## Analog Devices

Box 280
Norwood, MA 02062
(617) 329-4700

Circle No 553
AT\&T Microelectronics
Dept 203130
555 Union Blvd
Allentown, PA 18103
(800) 372-2447

Circle No 554

## Austek

444 Castro St, Suite 1020
Mountain View, CA 94041
(415) $960-1315$

Circle No 555
California Micro Devices
2000 W 14th St
Tempe, AZ 85281
(602) 968-4431

Circle No 556

## Calmos

20 Edgewater St
Kanata, Ontario, Canada K2L 1V8
(613) 836-4501

Circle No 557
Chips \& Technologies Inc (C\&T)
3050 Zanker Rd
San Jose, CA 95134
(408) 434-0600

Circle No 558
Cirrus Logic Inc
1463 Centre Pointe Dr
Milpitas, CA 95035
(408) 945-8300

Circle No 559
Crystal Semiconductor Corp
Box 17847
Austin, TX 78760
(512) 445-7222

Circle No 560
Cybernetic Micro Systems
Box 3000
San Gregorio, CA 94074
(415) 726-3000

Circle No 561

Cypress Semiconductor
3901 N First St
San Jose, CA 95134
(408) 943-2666

Circle No 562
Dallas Semiconductor
4350 Beltwood Parkway
Dallas, TX 75244
(214) 450-0400

Circle No 563
Erso (Div of ITRI, Taiwan)
2950 Scott Blvd
Santa Clara, CA 95054
(408) 727-1280

Circle No 564

## Exar-Excel

450 National Ave
Mountain View, CA 94043
(415) 962-3874

Circle No 565
Eyring Research
1455 W 820 North
Provo, UT 84601
(801) 375-2434

Circle No 566
Faraday Electronics Inc (WD)
746 N Mary Ave
Sunnyvale, CA 94086
(408) 749-1900

Circle No 567
Fujitsu Microelectronics Inc
3320 Scott Blvd
Santa Clara, CA 95054
(408) 727-1700

Circle No 568
G-2 Inc (LSI Logic)
1655 McCarthy Blvd
Milpitas, CA 95035
(408) 943-0224

Circle No 569
GE-Intersil
10600 Ridgeview Ct
Cupertino, CA 95014
(408) 996-5000

Circle No 570

## GE-RCA

Rte 202
Somerville, NJ 08876
(201) 685-7676

Circle No 571
Gould Semiconductors (AMI)
3800 Homestead Rd
Santa Clara, CA 95051
(401) 246-0330

Circle No 572

## Harris Semiconductor

Box 883
Melbourne, FL 32901
(305) 724-7000

Circle No 573

Hitachi America Ltd
2210 O'Toole Ave
San Jose, CA 95131
(408) 435-8300

Circle No 574
Hughes Aircraft Co
Solid State Products Div
500 Superior Ave
Newport Beach, CA 92663
(714) 759-2942

Circle No 575
Industrial Programming Inc (IPI)
100 Jericho Quadrangle
Jericho, NY 11753
(516) 938-6600

Circle No 576
Integrated Device Technology Inc (IDT)
3236 Scott Blvd
Santa Clara, CA 95051
(408) 727-6116

Circle No 577
Intel Corp
3065 Bowers Ave
Santa Clara, CA 95052
(408) 987-8080

Circle No 578
Intel Corp
5000 W Chandler Blvd
Chandler, AZ 85226
(602) 961-8051

Circle No 579
International Rectifier (IR)
233 Kansas St
El Segundo, CA 90245
(213) 772-2000

Circle No 580
Ixys
2355 Zanker Rd
San Jose, CA 95131
(408) 435-1900

Circle No 581
JMI Software Consultants Inc
Box 481
Springhouse, PA 19477
(215) 628-0846

Circle No 582
Linear Technology Corp
1630 McCarthy Blvd
Milpitas, CA 95035
(408) 432-1900

Circle No 583
Logic Devices Inc
628 E Evelyn Ave
Sunnyvale, CA 94086
(408) 720-8630

Circle No 58
LSI Logic Corp
1551 MeCarthy Blvd
Milpitas, CA 95035
(408) 433-8000

Circle No 585

> It is ironic that each step toward more user-interface simplicity requires greater sophistication of the graphics-system chips.

## Manufacturers of $\boldsymbol{\mu} \mathbf{P}$ support chips (Continued)

Maxim Integrated Products<br>510 N Pastoria Ave<br>Sunnyvale, CA 94086<br>(408) 737-7600<br>Circle No 586<br>Micro Computer Control (MCC)<br>Box 275<br>Hopewell, NJ 08525<br>(609) 466-1751<br>Circle No 587<br>Microchip Technology Inc<br>2355 W Chandler Blvd<br>Chandler, AZ 85224<br>(602) 345-3287<br>Circle No 588<br>Microware Systems<br>1900 NW 114 St<br>Des Moines, IA 50322<br>(512) 224-1929<br>Circle No 589<br>Mitsubishi Electronics America Inc<br>1050 Arques Ave<br>Sunnyvale, CA 94086<br>(408) 730-5900<br>Circle No 590<br>Motorola Integrated Circuits<br>3501 Ed Bluestein Blvd<br>Austin, TX 78721<br>(512) 928-6000<br>Circle No 591<br>Motorola Microprocessor Products Group Highway 290 W at William Cannon (Oak Hill) Austin, TX 78762<br>(512) 440-2000<br>Circle No 592

National Semiconductor Corp
2900 Semiconductor Dr
Santa Clara, CA 95052
(408) 721-5000

Circle No 593
NCR Corp
2001 Danfield Ct
Fort Collins, CO 80525
(303) 226-9500

Circle No 594
NCR Microelectronics Div
1635 Aeroplaza Dr
Colorado Springs, CO 80916
(303) 596-5612

Circle No 595
NEC Microcomputer Div
1 Natick Executive Park
Natick, MA 01760
(617) 655-8833

Circle No 596
NEC (US Headquarters)
401 Ellis St
Mountain View, CA 94043
(415) 960-60001

Circle No 597

## Nitsume

3295 Scott Blvd, Suite 100
Santa Clara, CA 95054
(408) 748-0420

Circle No 598
Oki Semiconductor Inc
650 N Mary Ave
Sunnyvale, CA 94086
(408) 720-1900

Circle No 599

Paradise Systems Inc<br>217 E Grand Ave<br>South San Francisco, CA 94080<br>(415) 588-6000<br>Circle No 600<br>Performance Semiconductor Corp<br>610 E Weddell Dr<br>Sunnyvale, CA 94089<br>(408) 734-9000<br>Circle No 601<br>Phoenix Technologies Ltd<br>320 Norwood Park S<br>Norwood, MA 02062<br>(617) 769-7020<br>Circle No 602<br>Ready Systems<br>Box 61029<br>Palo Alto, CA 94306<br>(415) 326-2950<br>Circle No 603<br>Rockwell International<br>Microelectronic Devices Div<br>4311 Jamboree Rd<br>Newport Beach, CA 92660<br>(714) 833-4700<br>Circle No 604<br>SGS-Thompson<br>1310 Electronic Dr<br>Carrollton, TX 75006<br>(214) 466-6000<br>Circle No 605<br>Siemens AG<br>Components Group<br>Balanstrasse 73<br>Postfach 801709<br>8000 Munich 80 , West Germany (089) 2340<br>Circle No 606

license its PS/2 architecture should also encourage wider use.

What lies ahead for this high-integration trend? There are indications that similar high-integration chip sets will come along to support the new RISC computers. No one should be surprised if this happens, as the very simplicity of the RISC chips begs for such bolstering.

## Peripherals need VLSI for control

The controllers of Table 3 are not as susceptible to integration as the other support functions in the directory, the reason being that they are closely associated with the special demands of the peripheral devices they control. Most of the devices being controlled are not semiconductor devices and therefore represent a more
difficult marriage to the core $\mu \mathrm{P}$ system. Some, like disk drives, are complex electromechanical mechanisms. Others, like CRTs and LCD displays, though electronic, are thin-film electrochemical in nature. Still others, like motors and solenoids, are brute-force motion producers. Finally, some, like keyboards, can be just simple, primitive mechanical devices.
The most critical of the Table 3 functions as far as performance is concerned are the disk-drive controllers of Table 3A and the CRT graphic-system controllers of Table 3C. Due to the advent of the 32 -bit $\mu \mathrm{P}$, demands on disk drives are escalating. It's up to the disk-drive controller to see that the large blocks of virtual memory are accessed fast enough that the memory does indeed seem virtual to the user.
The demands on CRT graphic systems may be even

Siemens Semiconductor
2191 Laurelwood Rd
Santa Clara, CA 95054
(408) 980-4500

Circle No 607
Sierra Semiconductor
2075 N Capitol Ave
San Jose, CA 95123
(408) 263-9300

Circle No 608
Signetics (Philips) 811 E Arques Ave Sunnyvale, CA 94086
(408) 739-7700

Circle No 609
Silicon Systems
14351 Myford Rd
Tustin, CA 92680
(714) 731-7110

Circle No 610

## Siliconix

2201 Laurelwood Rd
Santa Clara, CA 95054
(408) 988-8000

Circle No 611
Software Components Group 4655 Old Ironsides Dr, Suite 370
Santa Clara, CA 95054
(408) 727-0707

Circle No 612
Sprague Electric Co
115 NE Cutoff
Worcester, MA 01606
(617) 853-5000

Circle No 613

Standard Microsystems Corp (SMC)
35 Marcus Blvd
Hauppauge, NY 11788
(516) 273-3100

Circle No 614
Texas Instruments Inc (TI)
MOS Microcomputers
Box 1443
Houston, TX 77001
(713) 879-2000

Circle No 615
Toshiba America Inc
2692 Dow Ave
Tustin, CA 92680
(714) 832-6300

Circle No 616
TRW Electronic Components
Box 2472
La Jolla, CA 92038
(619) 457-1000

Circle No 617

United Microelectronics Corp (UMC)
Tung Hwa N Rd, 9th Fl, No 201-26
Taipei, Taiwan
Circle No 618
VLSI Technology Inc
8375 S River Parkway
Tempe, AZ 85284
(602) 752-8574

Circle No 619
Waferscale Integration Inc
47280 Kato Rd
Fremont, CA 94538
(415) 656-5400

Circle No 620

## Weitek

1060 E Arques Ave
Sunnyvale, CA 94086
(408) 738-8400

Circle No 621
Western Design Center Inc (WDC) 2166 E Brown Rd
Mesa, AZ 85203
(602) 962-4545

Circle No 622
Western Digital (WD)
2455 McCabe Way
Irvine, CA 92714
(714) 863-0102

Circle No 623
Xilinx Inc
2069 E Hamilton Ave
San Jose, CA 95125
(408) 559-7778

Circle No 624

## Zilog Inc

210 Hacienda Ave
Campbell, CA 95008
(408) 370-8000

Circle No 625
Zymos Corp
477 N Mathilda Ave
Sunnyvale, CA 94088
(408) 730-8800

Circle No 626
greater, however, for the graphic system is what the end customer sees. It is ironic that each step towards more user-interface simplicity requires greater sophistication of the graphics-system chips. It takes a great deal of computing power to deliver the multicolored, multiwindowed, friendly 3D animations that customers are beginning to expect from CRTs.

## Microprocessor controllers reach 32 bits

Finally, in the last of the tables, Table 4, you'll find $\mu \mathrm{P}$ controllers representing the so-called "software ASIC" approach. These chips are inherently highly integrated units; they typically contain not only core $\mu \mathrm{Ps}$ but many other support functions as well-I/O ports, for example, and timers, interrupts, and memory controllers. Some also have ADCs and DACs and
pulse-width outputs for analog interfacing and motor control. You'll even find 32 -bit controllers suitable for laser-printer raster control.

Of course the directory tables hold plenty of additional information besides what you've read about in this introduction. Our purpose has been to tell you of trends and other salient features that you might otherwise overlook-and to whet your appetite. An index of support chips and their manufacturers follows; the directory tables begin on pg 146.

EDN

## Article Interest Quotient (Circle One) <br> High 485 Medium 486 Low 487

## SUPPORT－CHIP MANUFACTURER／PRODUCT LISTING

THIS LISTING PROVIDES A GUIDE TO THE SUPPLIERS OF DEVICES MENTIONED IN THE DIRECTORY TABLES 1A THROUGH 4

|  |  |  | SצכOาכ 'S甘ヨLNกOO INヨAヨ 'SUヨWIL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SUPPLIER | 1A | 1B | 1 C | 10 | 1E | 1F | 1G | 1H | 11 | 2 | 3A | 3B | 3 C | 3D | 3E | 4 | ASIC CELLS？ |
| ADAPTEK | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  | YES |
| ALTERA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | BY USER |
| AMD | $\bullet$ |  | － | － | － | $\bullet$ | － |  | － |  | － |  | － | － |  | $\bullet$ | YES |
| ANALOG DEVICES |  |  |  | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\bullet$ | N／A |
| AT\＆T |  |  | － | $\bullet$ |  | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | N／A |
| AUSTEK |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | N／A |
| CALIFORNIA MICRO DEVICES（EX GTE） |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\bullet$ | YES |
| CALMOS | － | $\bullet$ | － | － | － | $\bullet$ | － |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | YES |
| CHIPS \＆TECHNOLOGIES | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |  | YES |
| CIRRUS LOGIC | － | － | － |  |  | $\bullet$ | － |  |  |  | $\bullet$ |  | － |  |  |  | YES |
| CRYSTAL SEMICONDUCTOR |  | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | YES |
| CYBERNETIC MICRO SYSTEMS | － | $\bullet$ | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |  | $\bullet$ | VIA FIRMWARE |
| CYPRESS SEMICONDUCTOR | $\bullet$ |  |  | － |  |  |  |  | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| DALLAS SEMICONDUCTOR | $\bullet$ | － | － |  | － |  | － |  | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ＂CLOSED＂ LIBRARIES |
| ERSO |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |  | YES |
| EXAR－EXCEL |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | N／A |
| EYRING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |
| FARADAY（WD） |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |  | YES |
| FUJITSU | － |  | － | － | － | $\bullet$ |  |  |  | $\bullet$ |  |  | － |  |  | $\bullet$ | YES |
| G－2（LSI LOGIC） |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | YES |
| GE－INTERSIL |  | － | － | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |  |  | YES |
| GE－RCA | － | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | － | － | $\bullet$ | － |  | － | － | － |  | － | － |  | $\bullet$ | YES |
| GOULD（AMI） |  | － |  |  |  |  | $\bullet$ |  |  |  | $\bullet$ |  | $\bullet$ | － |  |  | YES |
| HARRIS | － | － | － |  | － |  | $\bullet$ |  | $\bullet$ | － |  |  |  |  |  | $\bullet$ | YES |
| HITACHI |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\bullet$ |  |  | $\bullet$ |  |  | － |  |  | $\bullet$ | N／A |
| HUGHES |  | － |  | － | － |  | $\bullet$ | － | － |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\bullet$ | YES |
| INDUSTRIAL PROGRAMMING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |
| INTEGRATED DEVICE TECHNOLOGY | － | $\bullet$ |  | － |  |  | － |  | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | YES |
| INTEL | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | － | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | － |  | － | $\bullet$ |  | － |  |  | $\bullet$ | YES |
| INTERNATIONAL RECTIFIER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |  | N／A |
| IXYS | － | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |  | N／A |
| JMI SOFTWARE CONSULTANTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |
| LINEAR TECHNOLOGY |  | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | N／A |
| LOGIC DEVICES | － |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LSI LOGIC |  | － | － |  | － | $\bullet$ | － |  |  |  |  |  | $\bullet$ |  |  | $\bullet$ | YES（G－2） |
| MAXIM |  | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |  |  | N／A |
| MICRO COMPUTER CONTROL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |


|  |  |  |  |  | Sצヨาาouinos Idnyyヨini |  | MEMORY AND BUS CONTROLLERS |  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{山}{3} \\ & \frac{1}{0} \\ & \frac{\sum}{\omega} \\ & \frac{2}{\omega} \\ & \omega \end{aligned}$ | Sıヨs diHO 'SdIHO OswOO |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SUPPLIER | 1A | 18 | 1 C | 1D | 1E | 1F | 1G | 1H | 11 | 2 | 3A | 3 B | 3 C | 3D | 3E | 4 | ASIC CELLS？ |
| MICROCHIP TECHNOLOGY | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |  | － | YES |
| MICROWARE SYSTEMS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |
| MITSUBISHI |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － | N／A |
| MOTOROLA | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |  | － | － | － |  | － |  | － | － | YES |
| NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR（FAIRCHILD） | $\bullet$ | － | － | － | － |  | － |  | $\bullet$ |  | $\bullet$ |  | － | － |  | － | YES |
| NCR | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | － |  | － | － |  | $\bullet$ |  |  |  | － |  |  | $\bullet$ | YES |
| NEC | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | － | － | $\bullet$ |  |  | $\bullet$ |  | － | － | － | － |  | $\bullet$ | YES |
| NITSUME |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |  | YES |
| OKI SEMICONDUCTOR |  |  |  | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\bullet$ | YES |
| PARADISE（WD） |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |  |  |  | N／A |
| PERFORMANCE SEMICONDUCTOR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － | － |  |  |  |  |  | － | YES |
| PHOENIX TECHNOLOGIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |
| READY SYSTEMS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |
| ROCKWELL | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\bullet$ | － |  | － |  |  | － | N／A |
| SGS－THOMSON | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | － | $\bullet$ |  | － |  |  | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |  |  |  | － | $\bullet$ | YES |
| SIEMENS | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | － | $\bullet$ |  | － |  |  |  |  |  | － |  | N／A |
| SIERRA |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － | YES |
| SIGNETICS |  | $\bullet$ |  |  |  | $\bullet$ | － |  | $\bullet$ |  | $\bullet$ |  | － |  |  |  | YES |
| SILICON SYSTEMS | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |  |  | － |  | YES |
| SILICONIX |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |  | YES |
| SOFTWARE COMPONENTS GROUP |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |
| SPRAGUE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |  | N／A |
| STANDARD MICROSYSTEMS CORP | － | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  | － |  |  |  | － | － | － |  |  |  | YES |
| TEXAS INSTRUMENTS | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |  | $\bullet$ |  | $\bullet$ |  | $\bullet$ |  |  |  | － |  | － | － | YES |
| TOSHIBA | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |  | $\bullet$ | － |  |  | － |  |  |  | $\bullet$ |  |  | $\bullet$ | YES |
| TRW ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS |  |  |  | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | YES |
| UNITED MICROELECTRONICS |  | $\bullet$ |  | $\bullet$ |  |  | $\bullet$ |  | － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | YES |
| VLSI TECHNOLOGY | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | － | － | － |  | － | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |  | $\bullet$ |  |  | $\bullet$ | YES |
| WAFERSCALE |  |  |  | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | YES |
| WEITEK |  |  |  | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | YES |
| WESTERN DESIGN CENTER | $\bullet$ | － | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |  | － | $\bullet$ | － |  | － |  |  | － | YES |
| WESTERN DIGITAL |  | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\bullet$ |  | － |  |  |  | N／A |
| XILINX |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | YES |
| ZILOG | － | － | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ | － | $\bullet$ | － |  | $\bullet$ | － | － |  | － |  |  | － | YES |
| zYmos |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\bullet$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | YES |
| NOTES：－＝NOT APPLICABLE <br> N／A $=$ INFORMATION NOT AVAILABLE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## TABLE GROUP 1－SUBSYSTEM SUPPORT CHIPS

## 1A PARALLEL I／O PORTS

TYPICALLY HAVE AT LEAST TWO 8－BIT PORTS WITH LATCHES AND TWO HANDSHAKING LINES PER PORT FOR INTERFACING TO PERIPHERALS．IN SOME DEVICES， THE HOST $\mu$ P CAN USE INTERNAL CONTROL REGISTERS TO SET UP BIT LINES AS INPUTS OR OUTPUTS．TREND TOWARDS STANDARDIZATION WITH SCSI BUS THEING ONE EXAMPLE．DEPENDING UPON VIEWPOINT IBM＇S MICRO CHANNEL WHEN USED FOR ADDING IN FUNCTIONS MIGHT ALSO BE CONSIDERED AN EXAMPLE

| $\begin{aligned} & \mu \mathrm{P} \text { BUS } \\ & \text { COMPAT- } \\ & \text { IBILITY } \end{aligned}$ | SUPPLIER | MODEL | SPEED | KEY SPECIFICATIONS |  |  |  | TECHNOLOGY／ PACKAGE | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PRICE } \\ & (100) \end{aligned}$ | COMMENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | PORT 1 | PORT 2 | PORT 3 | PORT 4 |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 8086 \\ & 68000 \\ & \text { FAMILIES } \\ & \text { (8 OR } 16 \\ & \text { BITS) } \end{aligned}$ | ADAPTEK | 6250 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 3M, 5M } \\ \text { BYTES/SEC } \\ 20-M H z \\ \text { CLOCK } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{B}+1 \\ (\mathrm{SCSI}) \end{gathered}$ | － | － | － | CMOS 5V 68－LEAD PLCC | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \\ (1 \mathrm{k} \text { QTY) } \end{gathered}$ | SCSI BUS PROTOCOL CONTROL－ LER，INITIATOR OR TARGET． SYNCHRONOUS OR ASYNCHRO－ NOUS WITH 20M－BYTE／SEC DMA TO MEMORY（16－BIT BUS）． |
| GENERAL <br> 8， 16 BITS | FUJITSU | 87030 87031 （SPC） | $\begin{gathered} 4 \mathrm{M} \\ \text { BYTES/SEC } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \text { BITS } \\ & \text { SCSI } \\ & \text { OUT } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \text { BITS } \\ & \text { SCSI IN } \end{aligned}$ | － | － | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CMOS 5V } \\ & \text { 88-PIN PGA } \\ & \text { 100-LEAD } \\ & \text { FLAT PACK } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 21 \\ (1 \mathrm{k} \text { QTY) } \end{gathered}$ | SCSI BUS PROTOCOL CONTROL－ LER．SYNCHRONOUS．CAN BE INITIATOR OR TARGET（I．E． EITHER I／O OR HOST ADAPTER）． |
|  |  | 87033 | $5 \mathrm{M}$ <br> BYTES／SEC | 8 BITS BIDIREC－ TIONAL WITH DRIVERS | － | － | － | 68－LEAD PLCC | $\begin{gathered} \$ 13 \\ \text { (1k QTY) } \\ \text { SAMPLES } \end{gathered}$ | BYTE COUNTER，DMA．SINGLE－ <br> ENDED AND／OR DIFFERENTIAL． |
| GENERAL <br> 8， 16 BITS | FUJITSU | 89351 | 2M BYTES／SEC | 8 BITS SCSI OUT | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \text { BITS } \\ & \text { SCSI IN } \end{aligned}$ | － | － | CMOS <br> 64－PIN DIP <br> 64－LEAD <br> FLAT PACK | $\begin{gathered} \$ 5 \\ (1 \mathrm{k} \text { QTY) } \end{gathered}$ | SCSI BUS PROTOCOL CONTROL－ LER，ASYNCHRONOUS．CAN BE INITIATOR OR TARGET（I．E． EITHER I／O OR HOST ADAPTER）． 8－BYTE FIFO，24－BIT TRANSFER BYTE COUNTER，DMA．SINGLE－ ENDED AND／OR DIFFERENTIAL． |
|  |  | 89352 | 2M BYTES／SEC | 8 BITS BIDIREC－ TIONAL WITH DRIVERS | － | － | － | 48－PIN DIP 48－LEAD FLAT | \＄6 |  |
| GENERAL | SILICON SYSTEMS （SSI） | $\begin{aligned} & 32 \mathrm{~B} 450 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 32 \mathrm{C} 451 \end{aligned}$ | ASYNCH TO 2M BPS | $8+1$ BITS | － | － | － | $\begin{gathered} \text { CMOS 5V } \\ \text { 52-LEAD } \\ \text { 44-LEAD PLCC } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 16.65 \\ \$ 17.15 \\ \text { SAMPLES } \end{gathered}$ | SCSI BUS CONTROLLER INITIATE／ TARGET MODES，INTERNAL DRIVERS．DUAL－PORT BUFFER CONTROLLER AND 8 －BIT $\mu \mathrm{P}$ INTERFACE． |
| Z80 8086 | SMC | 82C11 | － | 8 BITS | － | － | － | CMOS 40－PIN DIP | \＄3．30 | PRINTER ADAPTER INTERFACE FOR CENTRONICS PARALLEL HIGH DRIVE． 2.6 mA SOURCE， 24 mA SINK． |
| GENERAL | ZILOG | 5380 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ASYNCH } \\ & \text { TO } 1.5 \mathrm{M} \\ & \text { BPS } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8+P=9 \\ \text { (PARITY) } \end{gathered}$ | － | － | － | CMOS 5V 40－PIN DIP 44－LEAD PLCC | $\begin{gathered} \$ 12.71 \\ \text { SAMPLES } \end{gathered}$ | SCSI BUS（ANSI X3T9．2）CON－ TROLLER．SUPPORTS INITIATOR AND TARGET ROLES，DMA， ARBITRATION．SCSI－LEVEL 48 mA DRIVERS． |
| Z80 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TOSHIBA } \\ & \text { ZILOG } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Z80 } \\ \text { P1O, } \\ \text { Z84C20 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { DC TO 4, } 6, \\ 8-\mathrm{MHz} \\ \mu \mathrm{P} \text { CLOCK } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8+2 \\ & \text { HAND- } \\ & \text { SHAKE } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8+2 \\ & \text { HAND- } \\ & \text { SHAKE } \end{aligned}$ | － | － | $\begin{gathered} \text { CMOS 5V } \\ 40-\mathrm{PIN} \\ 44-\mathrm{PIN} \\ \text { FLAT PACK } \end{gathered}$ | \＄1．75 | CMOS VERSION OF NMOS Z8420． 2 mA AT 4 MHz AND LESS THAN $10 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ AT 5V POWER DOWN （CLOCK STOPPED）． |
| Z80 | ZILOG | $\begin{aligned} & 84 \mathrm{C} 90 \\ & \text { SPCT } \end{aligned}$ | $8,10 \mathrm{MHz}$ | $8+2$ <br> HAND－ SHAKE | $8+2$ <br> HAND－ <br> SHAKE | 8 | － | CMOS <br> 84－LEAD PLCC 80－LEAD QUAD <br> FLAT PACK | \＄14．30 | HIGH－INTEGRATION COMBO DEVICE THAT，IN ADDITION TO THESE 84C20 PORTS，ALSO INCLUDES SERIAL PORTS AND TIMERS（SEE LISTINGS IN TABLES 1B，1C，AND 2）． |

$\bar{N}=$ NOT APPLICABLE
NA $=$ NOT AVAILABLE
THE VOLUME OF AVAILABLE SUPPORT CHIPS PREVENTS INCLUSION OF ALL APPROPRIATE DEVICES IN THIS DIRECTORY．FOR MORE INFORMATION，REFER TO THE MANUFACTURER／PRODUCT LISTING AT THE BEGINNING OF THE DIRECTORY．

## 1B SERIAL I／O PORTS

ORIGINALLY MAINLY ASYNCHRONOUS TELETYPE UARTS，THESE DEVICES NOW SERVICE AN INCREASING VARIETY OF COMPLEX ASYNCHRONOUS AND SYN－ CHRONOUS PROTOCOLS，RANGING FROM THOSE FOR SIMPLE 3－WIRE SYSTEMS TO THOSE FOR ELABORATE COMMERCIAL，INDUSTRIAL，AND MILITARY NET． WORKS．（LANS AND TELECOM NETWORKS COULD BE CONSIDERED EXTENSION OF THIS CATEGORY．）

| ${ }^{\mu}$ P B BUS IBILITY | SUPPLIER | MODEL | SPEED | KEY SPECIFICATIONS |  |  |  | TECHNOLOGY／PACKAGE | PRICE <br> （100） | COMMENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | SDLC | HDLC | ADCCP | BISYNC |  |  |  |
| GENERAL | SMC | 78C802 <br> 78C804 <br> 78 C 808 | 19．2k BPS | － | － | － | － | CMOS 5 V 40－PIN DIP， 44－LEAD PLCC 48－PIN DIP． 44－LEAD PLCC 68－PIN PLCC | \＄13 <br> \＄21 <br> \＄35 | CMOS VERSIONS OF MULTIPLE UARTS ON SINGLE CHIPS． 78 C 02 IS DUAL UART， 78 C 04 IS QUAD UART，AND 78 C 08 IS OCTAL UART． |
| GENERAL | SMC | 9064 | 2．35M BPS | － | － | － | － | CMOS 5 V 40－PIN DIP 44－LEAD PLCC | \＄15 | IBM 3270 INTERFACE CONTROL－ LER．CMOS VERSION OF 9004. |
| Z80 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TOSHIBA } \\ & \text { ZILOG } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{z80C} \\ \mathrm{S10} \\ \mathrm{Z} 4 \mathrm{C} 40 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DC TO 4, } 6, \\ & 8 \mathrm{MHz}, \\ & 800 \mathrm{k} \text { BAUD } \end{aligned}$ | YES | YES | － | YES | CMOS 5 V $40-\mathrm{PIN}$ 44－PIN FLAT PACK | \＄3．50 | CMOS VERSION OF NMOS Z844X． $1 / 11$ TH OPERATING POWER AND LESS THAN $10 \mu$ A WHEN POWERED DOWN（CLOCK STOPPED）．ALSO ASYNCHRONOUS． |
| Z80 | ZILOG | $\begin{aligned} & 84 C 90 \\ & \text { SPCT } \end{aligned}$ | 8， 10 MHz | YES | YES | － | YES | CMOS 5 V <br> 84－LEAD PLCC 80－LEAD QUAD <br> FLAT PACK | \＄14．30 | HIGH－INTEGRATION COMBO DEVICE THAT，IN ADDITION TO THESE 84 C 40 SERIAL FUNCTIONS， ALSO INCLUDES PARALLEL PORTS AND TIMERS（SEE LIST－ ing in tables 1a，1C，AND 2）． |
| GENERAL （10 BITS） | NATIONAL | DP 8340 DP 8341 | $\begin{aligned} & 2.3587 \mathrm{M} \\ & \mathrm{BPS} \\ & (28-\mathrm{MHz} \\ & \mathrm{CLOCK}) \end{aligned}$ | 二 | 二 | 二 | 二 | BIPOLAR LOW－NOISE SCHOTTKY 24 －PIN 28－PIN PCC | $\begin{gathered} \$ 40 \\ \text { PER SET } \end{gathered}$ | ENCODERIDECODER PAIR MEET IBM 3270 BIPHASE INFORMATION DISPLAY STANDARD AT 2.3587 M BPS． |

## MIICRO-10G1CIII: The CAE tool with a10,000-gate <br> MIICRO-10G1CIII: The CAE tool with a10,000-gate hec CaE tool ivith 10,000-gate. digital simulator for your $P$.



Spectrum Software's MICRO-LOGIC II ${ }^{\circledR}$ puts you on top of the most complex logic design problems. With a powerful total capacity of 10,000 gates, MICRO-LOGIC II helps engineers tackle tough design and simulation problems right at their PCs.
MICRO-LOGIC II, which is based on our original MICRO-LOGIC software, is a fieldproven, second-generation program. It has a high-speed event-driven simulator which is significantly faster than the earlier version.


Timing Simulator
The program provides you with a top-notch interactive drawing and analysis environment. You can create logic diagrams of up to 64 pages with ease. The software features a sophisticated schematic editor with pan and zoom capabilities.


Shape Editor
A 200 -type library of standard parts is at your fingertips. And for a new high in flexibility, a built-in shape editor lets you create unique or custom shapes.
MICRO-LOGIC II is available for the IBM ${ }^{\circledR}$ PC. It is CGA, EGA, and Hercules ${ }^{\circledR}$ compatible and costs only $\$ 895$ complete. An evaluation version is available for $\$ 100$. Call or write today for our free brochure and demo disk. We'd like to put you in touch with a top digital solution.

[^5]- Built-in shape editor
- Multiple delay models
- Printer and plotter hard copy


Schematic Editor
ラр๔สยum
1021 S. Wolfe Road, Dept. E
Sunnyvale, CA 94087
(408) 738-4387

# ONE STOP SHOPPING 

## Underwriters Safety Devices ${ }^{\circledR}$ joins Buss ${ }^{\circledR}$ fuseblocks and Magnum ${ }^{\circledR}$ terminal strips-for real advantages to specifiers.

USD input/output connectors for printed-circuit boards have long met the highest standards of performance. Now they get better. Joining the world's largest name in blocks and connectors. Including Buss fuseblocks and fuseholders and Magnum terminal strips. With names like these to live up to, you've got to be good. So depend on USD, Buss and Magnum for reliability, leadership design and deliverability. Available in a range of styles, wire sizes and terminal arrangements. Or we can custom design to your specs. (Our custom USD service is as large as our standard product business.) Bussmann Division, Cooper Industries, Box 14460, St. Louis, MO 63178, 314-394-BUSS.
CIRCLE NO 125

1B SERIAL I/O PORTS (continued)

| $\mu \mathrm{P}$ BUS COMPATIBILITY | SUPPLIER | MODEL | SPEED | KEY SPECIFICATIONS |  |  |  | TECHNOLOGY/ PACKAGE | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PRICE } \\ & (100) \end{aligned}$ | COMMENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | SDLC | HDLC | ADCCP | BISYNC |  |  |  |
| GENERAL (8-BITS) | NATIONAL | DP 8342 DP 8343 | 3.5M BPS (28-MHz CLOCK) | 二 | 二 | — | I | BIPOLAR LOW-POWER SCHOTTKY 24-PIN 28-PIN PCC | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 30 \\ & \text { PER SET } \end{aligned}$ | GENERAL-PURPOSE HIGH-SPEED MANCHESTER ENCODER/ DECODER PAIR. |
| GENERAL (8-BIT) | NATIONAL | DP 8344 | 2.3587M AND 1.0 M BPS | - | - | - | - | CMOS 5V 84-PIN PCC | \$50 | IBM 3270, 3299, 5259, ETC PROTOCOL, PROGRAMMABLE ENCODER/DECODER ( $\mu \mathrm{P}$ ). |
| $\begin{aligned} & 8080 \\ & 8086 \\ & 8088 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SILICON } \\ & \text { SYSTEMS } \\ & \text { (SSI) } \end{aligned}$ | 73M450 | 56k BAUD | - | - | - | - | CMOS 40-PIN DIP, 44-LEAD PLCC | \$11.10 SAMPLES | UART (SIMILAR TO 8250A) |
| $\begin{aligned} & 8048 \\ & 8051 \\ & \text { (IBM } \\ & \text { PC) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SILICON } \\ & \text { SYSTEMS } \\ & \text { (SSI) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 73 \mathrm{~K} 212 \\ 221 \\ 222 \\ 224 \\ 322 \\ 212 \mathrm{U} \\ 221 \mathrm{U} \\ 222 \mathrm{U} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1200 \mathrm{BPS} \\ & \text { AND } \\ & 2400 \mathrm{BPS} \end{aligned}$ | - | - | - | - | CMOS 22-PIN DIP 28-LEAD PLCC 40-PIN DIP 44-LEAD PLCC | $\begin{gathered} \$ 22 \text { TO } \\ \$ 52.64 \\ \text { SAMPLES } \end{gathered}$ | K-SERIES FAMILY OF SINGLECHIP MODEMS, 1200 AND 2400 BPS, PINOUT AND REGISTER COMPATIBLE, WORLDWIDE STANDARDS. U SUFFIX INDICATES INTEGRAL UART. APPLICATION SOFTWARE, PC CARDS. |
| 68000 | CIRRUS LOGIC | CD180 | 38.4 k BPS, ASYNCH ON ALL 8 CHANNELS | - | - | - | - | CMOS 5V 84-PIN PLCC | \$80 | EIGHT CHANNELS WITH ON-CHIP FIFOs, AUTOMATIC FLOW CONTROL AND ADDED INTELLIGENCE TO HANDLE MULTIPLE-CHANNEL INTERRUPTS. |

$=$ NOT APPLICABLE
A $=$ NOT AVAILABLE
THE VOLUME OF AVAILABLE SUPPORT CHIPS PREVENTS INCLUSION OF ALL APPROPRIATE DEVICES IN THIS DIRECTORY. FOR MORE INFORMATION, REFER TO THE MANUFACTURER/PRODUCT LISTING AT THE BEGINNING OF THE DIRECTORY.

## C TIME-ORIENTED DEVICES: TIMERS, EVENT COUNTERS, AND CLOCKS

TIMERS PROVIDE ONE OR MORE UP. OR DOWN-COUNTING REGISTERS THAT CAN BE PRESET VIA PROGRAM CONTROL BY ${ }_{\mu}$ P AND THEN COUNT OUT CLOCK CYCLES AND FLAG $\mu$ P BY INTERRUPT WHEN DONE. SOME COUNT PULSES (EVENTS) ON INPUT LINE. ALSO INCLUDED ARE OTHER TIMING FUNCTIONS SUCH AS SYSTEM CLOCKS AND REAL-TIME CLOCKS.

| $\mu \mathrm{P}$ BUS COMPATIBILITY | SUPPLIER | MODEL | SPEED | KEY SPECIFICATIONS |  |  |  | TECHNOLOGY/PACKAGE | PRICE (100) | COMMENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | TIMER 1 (BITS) | TIMER 2 (BITS) | TIMER 3 (BITS) | TIMER 4 (BITS) |  |  |  |
| Z80 | $\begin{gathered} \text { TOSHIBA } \\ \text { ZILOG } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Z800 } \\ \text { Z TC } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{DC}-4,6, \\ & 8 \mathrm{MHz}, \end{aligned}$ | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CMOS 5V } \\ & \text { 40-PIN } \\ & \text { FLA-PIN } \\ & \text { FLAT PACK } \end{aligned}$ | \$1.25 | CMOS VERSION OF NMOS Z8430. $1 / 10^{T}$ TH OPERATING POWER AND LESS THAN $10 \mu$ A WHEN POWERED DOWN (CLOCK STOPPED). |
| Z80 | ZILOG | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 84C90 } \\ & \text { SPCT } \end{aligned}$ | $8,10 \mathrm{MHz}$ | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | CMOS 5 V 84-LEAD PLCC 80-LEAD QUAD <br> FLAT PACK | \$14.30 | HIGH-INTEGRATION COMBO DEVICE THAT, IN ADDITION TO THESE 84C 30 ' TIMERS, ALSO INCLUDES PARALLEL AND SERIAL PORTS (SEE LISTINGS IN TABLES 1A, 1C, AND 2). |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { SPI } \\ & \text { SERIAL } \\ & \text { BUS } \end{aligned}$ | RCA <br> MOTOROLA | 68HC68T1 | 32 kHz (SEC, MIN, HR, DAY, MO, YR) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { REAL-TIME } \\ & \text { CLOCK } \end{aligned}$ | - | - | - | $\begin{gathered} \text { CMOS 5V } \\ \text { 16-, 20-PIN } \\ \text { SMALL } \\ \text { OUTLINE, DIP } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | \$3.45 | REAL-TIME CLOCK, INTERFACES OVER "SPI" STD ECONOMY SERIAL BUS. |
| GENERAL (SERIAL) | HUGHES (FOR CURTIS INSTRUMENT MT. KISCO, NY) | 2001 PC | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DC TO } \\ & 32 \mathrm{kHz} \end{aligned}$ | TO 9,999,999 EVNNTS OR 99.999.99 HRS | - | - | - | CMOS 5 V HYBRID DIP | \$45 | SOLID-STATE VERSION OF CHEMICAL COULOMB LAPSETIME METER FOR MAINTENANCE MONITORING. 2-TERMINAL INPUT AND 3-TERMINAL SERIAL READOUT MEETS MIL SPECS. |
| GENERAL | AMD | 2971A | 100 MHz (OUTPUT RESOLUTION) | - | - | - | - | $\begin{aligned} & \text { BIPOLAR } \\ & \text { 24-PIN } \\ & \text { CERAMIC DIP } \end{aligned}$ | \$15 | EVENT GENERATOR FUSE PROGRAMMABLE STATE MACHINE AND PLL. |

$=$ NOT APPLICABLE
$=$ NOT AVAILABLE
THE VOLUME OF AVAILABLE SUPPORT CHIPS PREVENTS INCLUSION OF ALL APPROPRIATE DEVICES IN THIS DIRECTORY. FOR MORE INFORMATION, REFER TO THE MANUFACTURER/PRODUCT LISTING AT THE BEGINNING OF THE DIRECTORY.

## 1D NUMBER CRUNCHERS

PROVIDE HARDWIRED OR FIRMWARE IMPLEMENTATION OF DATA-MANIPULATION INSTRUCTIONS THAT ARE OTHERWISE DIFFICULT TO PROGRAM AND SLOW TO ACCOMPLISH WITH MAIN $\mu$ P. INCLUDES INTEGER AND FLOATING-POINT MULTIPLICATION, TRIG FUNCTIONS, AND SPECIAL ALGORITHMS SUCH AS ENCRYPTION, ETC.

| ${ }_{\mu} \mathrm{P}$ BUS COMPATIBILITY | SUPPLIER | MODEL | SPEED | KEY SPECIFICATIONS |  |  | TECHNOLOGY/ PACKAGE | PRICE (100) | COMMENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | MATH | TRIG | FL PT |  |  |  |
| 80386 | WEITEK | 1167 | 16, 20 MHz | $\times, \div,+$ ABS VAL. COMPARE | SUPPORTED BY RUN-TIME LIBRARY | YES | $\begin{gathered} \text { NMOS } 5 \mathrm{~V} \\ \text { 121-PIN PGA } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 480 \\ (16 \mathrm{MHz}) \\ \$ 630) \\ (20 \mathrm{MHz}) \end{gathered}$ | 3-CHIP SET MOUNTED ON DAUGHTER BOARD THAT PLUGS INTO SUPERSET OF 80387 SOCKET. C, FORTRAN, PASCAL COMPILERS AVAILABLE. WITH 80386 DELIVERS 4.6 WHETSTONES AT 20 MHz . |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { GENERAL } \\ & \text { (68030, } \\ & \text { 80386, } \\ & \text { SPARC, } \\ & \text { ETC.) } \end{aligned}$ | TI | 74ACT8847 | 10 MHz (33M FLOPS) | SQUAREXE ROÓT, LOGIC | NO | $\begin{aligned} & +,-1 \\ & \times, \div \end{aligned}$ | CMOS 5V (STATIC) 209-PIN PGA | $\begin{gathered} \$ 600 \\ \text { SAMPLES } \end{gathered}$ | IEEE 754. COMBINES MULTIPLIER AND ALU. SUPERSET OF 8837. CAN DO SUM-OF-PRODUCTS, PRODUCT-OF-SUMS. |

# PHASE LOCK LOOP. ANALOG/DIGITAL ASIC. 



# NO ONE ELSE HAS THE COMBINATION. 

System level designers can access new levels of integration designing products with a combination of advanced analog/digital circuitry on a single ASIC. Obtaining the smallest form factor, lowest power, and highest performance in data capture applications is now possible.

Consider our 34MHz Phase lock loop subsystem-the PLL34M-an ideal solution for data separators.

The PLL34M is an open loop phase lock subsystem containing a voltage controlled oscillator, digitally controlled charge pump, trimmable reference voltage, and high speed driver I/O circuitry.

Combined with our other analog and digital standard cells, the PLL34M is ideal for increasing system integration of disk drive systems. (See application diagram.)

For designers seeking to incorporate analog processing functions, such as amplification, filtering, and data conversion, Sierra offers a wide range of solutions for applications in disk and tape drive systems, local area networks, and

SIERRA integrates PLL onto a single data separator ASIC.
 servo controllers.

Lock into our CMOS standard cell library which includes over 250 digital standard cells, 50 analog standard cells, and 20 EEPROM standard cells. Our Triple Technology ${ }^{\text {n" }}$ gives you the flexibility to combine analog, digital, and $\mathrm{E}^{2}$ on the same chip.

Sierra reduces packaging size and cost by offering low profile, surface mount packages including SOIC, PLCC, and PQFP Gull wing packages.

CMOS analog standard cells are available now in the same design environment as digital. Importantly, on-site mixed analog/digital simulation is easily achieved through access to our MIXsim ${ }^{\text {riw }}$ software tools, which verify design functionality and assure first time silicon success.

Access the unbeatable combination of analog/digital ASIC from Sierra. Just write or call today for our complete library card.

# POWEROPAMPS Industry's Largest Selection 

26W TO
500W

## POWER <br> DISSIPATION

## UP TO:

$4000 \mathrm{~V} / \mu \mathrm{s}$
SLEW RATE

## QUALITY

INNOVATIVE DESIGNS
offer you these performance breakthroughs

- 500W POWER DISSIPATION - 1000W OUTPUT POWER PA03 - Rated up to $\pm 75 \mathrm{~V}, 30 \mathrm{~A}$
- $4000 \mathrm{~V} / \mu \mathrm{s}$ SLEW RATE - 150MHz POWER BANDWIDTH WA01 - Slews .4A up to $\pm 11 \mathrm{~V}$
- 450V - $1000 \mathrm{~V} / \mu \mathrm{s}$ SLEW RATE PA85 - Up to 200mA Output Current

Clean room assembly for all Military and
Commercial Products

- Complete Static \& Dynamic Testing from $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Assembly Team Concept raises Quality Consciousness and avoids pitfalls of Conventional Production Lines


## 0

APPLICATIONS HOTLINE ... (800)421-1865

## AMPLIFIER HANDBOOK

176 pages of data and applications information on 23 models. Describes 65 choices including military versions \& high-performance gradeouts.

ApPLCCTIO SEMNARAS


## 1D NUMBER CRUNCHERS (continued)

| $\mu \mathrm{P}$ BUS COMPATIBILITY | SUPPLIER | MODEL | SPEED | KEY SPECIFICATIONS |  |  | TECHNOLOGY/ PACKAGE | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PRICE } \\ & \text { (100) } \end{aligned}$ | COMMENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | MATH | TRIG | FL PT |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 32100 \\ & \text { GENERAL } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { AT\&T } \\ \text { ZILOG } \end{gathered}$ | 32106 | 10 MHz 14 MHz 18 MHz | SQUARE ROOT, ETC. | NO | $\begin{gathered} \text { YES } \\ 32,64,80 \\ \text { BITS } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { CMOS 5V } \\ \text { 125-PIN PGA } \end{gathered}$ | \$120 | IEEE-754 COPROCESSOR FOR $32100 \mu$ P, CAN BE PERIPHERAL FOR OTHERS. |
| $32200$ <br> GENERAL | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AT\&T } \\ & \text { ZILOG } \end{aligned}$ | 32206 | 24 MHz | SQUARE ROOT, ETC. | $\begin{gathered} \text { YES } \\ \text { SINE, COS, } \\ \text { ARCTAN, Pi } \end{gathered}$ | YES <br> 32, 64, 80 <br> BITS (4M WHETSTONES) | $\begin{gathered} \text { CMOS 5V } \\ \text { 125-PIN PGA } \end{gathered}$ | \$400 | UPWARD EXTENSION OF 32106. EIGHT 80-BIT USER REGISTERS. HANDLES INTEGER, DEC TO FLOATING-POINT CONVERSIONS. |
| GENERAL | AMD | $29 C 325$ | 100 nSEC | $\times, \div,+$, | NO | YES | CMOS 144-PIN PGA | \$155 | SUPPORTS IEEE, DEC FORMATS; SINGLE-CYCLE OPERATION FOR ,,$+- x$; NEWTON-RAPHSON ALGORITHM FOR $\div$. |
| GENERAL | AMD | 29 C 323 | 55 nSEC | $\times(32 \times 32)$ | NO | NO | CMOS 168-PIN PGA | \$119 | 3-BUS MULTIPLIER; OPTIONAL FOR PIPELINED AND FLOWTHROUGH MODE; MASTER/SLAVE AND ERROR CHECKING. |

= NOT APPLICABLE
THE VOLUME OF AVAILABLE SUPPORT CHIPS PREVENTS INCLUSION OF ALL APPROPRIATE DEVICES IN THIS DIRECTORY. FOR MORE INFORMATION, REFER TO THE MANUFACTURER/PRODUCT LISTING AT THE BEGINNING OF THE DIRECTORY

## 1E INTERRUPT CONTROLLERS

EXPAND, PRIORITIZE, AND PROVIDE INTERRUPT VECTOR ADDRESSING FOR $\mu$ PS. BECAUSE OF EMPHASIS ON FAST INTERRUPT RESPONSE, TREND HAS BEEN TO INCORPORATE THIS FUNCTION ON $\mu$ P AND TO EXPAND IT ON THE CHIP SETS OF TABLE 2.

| ${ }_{\mu} \mathrm{P}$ BUS COMPATIBILITY | SUPPLIER | MODEL | SPEED | KEY SPECIFICATIONS |  |  |  | TECHNOLOGYI PACKAGE | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PRICE } \\ & \text { (100) } \end{aligned}$ | COMMENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | PRIORITY LEVELS | EXPANDABLE | PROGRAMMABLE | INTERRUPT MASKING |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 8080 / 85 \\ & 8086 / 88 \end{aligned}$ | HARRIS OKI VLSI SIEMENS NEC | $82 C 59 A$ $71059$ | $8,10 \mathrm{MHz}$ $\mu \mathrm{P}$ CLOCK $10 \mathrm{MHz}$ | 8 | YES <br> TO 64 LEVELS | YES | YES | CMOS 5V 28-PIN PLCC | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 3.70 \\ & \$ 3.10 \end{aligned}$ | OPERATES IN EITHER 8080/ 85 OR 8086/88 CALL MODE. THIS FUNCTION NOW ON HIGH-INTEGRATION CHIP SETS OF TABLE 2. |

$=$ NOT APPLICABLE
NA $=$ NOT AVAILABLE
THE VOLUME OF AVAILABLE SUPPORT CHIPS PREVENTS INCLUSION OF ALL APPROPRIATE DEVICES IN THIS DIRECTORY. FOR MORE INFORMATION, REFER TO THE MANUFACTURER/PRODUCT LISTING AT THE BEGINNING OF THE DIRECTORY

## 1F DMA CONTROLLERS

TAKE OVER $\mu$ P BUSES AND ACT AS SPECIAL-PURPOSE, $\mu$ PS TO CONTROL ADDRESS BUS AND MOVE BLOCKS OF DATA. FUNCTIONS AS COPROCESSOR BECAUSE DMA IS OFTEN CRITICAL TO ANOTHER CHIP'S SYSTEM-LEVEL PERFORMANCE, TREND IS TO INCORPORATE DMA ON OTHER CHIPS. NOTE THAT HERE IS SITUATION WHERE IT IS IMPORTANT TO HAVE BUS WIDTHS MATCHED TO HOST $\mu$ P IF MAXIMUM PERFORMANCE IS DESIRED.

| $\mu$ P BUS COMPATIBILITY | SUPPLIER | MODEL | SPEED | KEY SPECIFICATIONS |  | TECHNOLOGY/ PACKAGE | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PRICE } \\ & (100) \end{aligned}$ | COMMENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | CHANNELS | MODES |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & Z 80 \\ & (8 \mathrm{BIT}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TOSHIBA } \\ & \text { ZILOG } \end{aligned}$ | Z84C10 | $\begin{gathered} \text { DC TO } 4,6, \\ 8 \mathrm{MHz} \end{gathered}$ | 1 | BYTE-AT-TIME, BURST, CONTINUOUS TRANSFER, SEARCH OR TRANSFER/ SEARCH | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CMOS 5V } \\ & 40-\mathrm{PIN} \\ & 44-\mathrm{PIN} \\ & \text { FLAT PACK } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\$ 7}{\$ 15.95}$ | CMOS VERSION OF NMOS Z8410. SUPPORTS DAISY-CHAIN INTERRUPTS AND DMA REQUESTS. 2 M BYTES/SEC. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 8086 / 88 \\ & 80286 \\ & 80386 \\ & (16 \text { BIT) } \end{aligned}$ | SIEMENS | 82257 <br> 82258 | 8 MHz <br> $8,10 \mathrm{MHz}$ | 4 <br> 4 | 32 SUB CHANNELS | NMOS 5V 68-LEAD, 68-LEAD PLCC (LCC AND PGA) | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 30 \\ & \$ 100 \end{aligned}$ | 16-BIT BUS, FLY BY TRANSFER, COMMAND CHAINING. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Z8000 } \\ & \text { GENERAL } \\ & (16 \mathrm{BIT}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { ZILOG } \\ \text { AMD } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 9516 A \\ 8516 \\ 8016 \end{gathered}$ | $4,6 \mathrm{MHz}$ | 2 | FLOWTHROUGH, BURST, CONTINUOUS, SEARCH, TRANSFER AND SEARCH, COMMAND CHAINING | NMOS 5V 48-PIN | \$11 | 6.66M-BYTE/SEC TRANSFER RATE, SUPPORTS 16-BIT BUSES. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 32100 \\ & \text { GENERAL } \\ & (32 \mathrm{BIT}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AT\&T } \\ & \text { ZILOG } \end{aligned}$ | 32104 | 10, 14, 18 MHz | 4 | CHAINING, CYCLE STEAL, BURST, MULTIWORD | CMOS 5V 133-PIN PGA | \$125 (\$75 PROMOTION SALE) | FULL 32-BIT ADDRESS AND DATA PATHS WITH ADDITIONAL 8-BIT PERIPHERAL BUS. TRANSFER RATES TO 14.4M BYTES/SEC. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 3200 \\ & \text { GENERAL } \\ & \text { (32 BIT) } \end{aligned}$ | AT\&T | 32204 | 24 MHz | 4 | CHAINING, CYCLE STEAL, BURST, MULTIWORD | CMOS 5V 133-PIN PGA | $\begin{gathered} \$ 500 \\ \text { SAMPLES } \end{gathered}$ | UPGRADE OF 32104. TRANSFER RATES TO 19.2M BYTES/SEC. |

$\bar{N}=$ NOT APPLICABLE
NA $=$ NOT AVAILABLE
THE VOLUME OF AVAILABLE SUPPORT CHIPS PREVENTS INCLUSION OF ALL APPROPRIATE DEVICES IN THIS DIRECTORY. FOR MORE INFORMATION, REFER TO THE MANUFACTURER/PRODUCT LISTING AT THE BEGINNING OF THE DIRECTORY.

## 1G MEMORY (INCLUDING VIRTUAL MEMORY AND CACHE) AND BUS CONTROLLERS (INCLUDING BACKPLANE)

THIS SECTION HAS BECOME A CATCHALL. ORIGINALLY JUST INCLUDED REFRESH EXCITATION FOR DYNAMIC MEMORIES BUT NOW INCLUDES BUS SUPPOR DEVICES FOR COMPLICATED BUSES LIKE VME AND MULTIBUS. CURRENT EMPHASIS IS ON NEEDS OF THE VERY LARGE AND HIGH-PERFORMANCE BUS SYSTEMS FOR 32 -BIT $\mu$ Ps. SEE ALSO THE HIGH-INTEGRATION CHIP SETS IN TABLE 2

| ${ }_{\mu} \mathrm{P}$ BUS COMPATIBILITY | SUPPLIER | MODEL | SPEED | KEY SPECIFICATIONS |  | TECHNOLOGY/PACKAGE | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PRICE } \\ & (100) \end{aligned}$ | COMMENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | CHANNELS, ETC | MODES, ETC |  |  |  |
| GENERAL <br> 16 BIT <br> 32 BIT <br> 64 BIT | NATIONAL | DP 8520 <br> DP 8521 <br> DP 8522 | 0 TO 30 MHz | 256k BYTES 1M BYTES 4M BYTES | 22-BIT PROGRAMMABLE REGISTERS | CMOS 5V 68- AND 84-PIN PCC | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 18 \text { TO } \\ & \$ 22.50 \\ & \$ 28 \end{aligned}$ | PROGRAMMABLE DRAM CONTROLLERIDRIVERS. SUPPORT DUAL PORTING AND GRAPHICS. |

1G MEMORY (INCLUDING VIRTUAL MEMORY AND CACHE) AND BUS CONTROLLERS (INCLUDING BACKPLANE) (continued)

| $\begin{aligned} & \mu \text { P BUS } \\ & \text { COMPAT- } \\ & \text { IBILITTY } \end{aligned}$ | SUPPLIER | MODEL | SPEED | KEY SPECIFICATIONS |  | TECHNOLOGYYPACKAGE | PRICE (100) | COMMENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | CHANNELS, ETC | MODES, ETC |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { GENERAL } \\ & 16 \text { BIT } \\ & 32 \text { BIT } \end{aligned}$ | NATIONAL | DP 8417 DP 8418 DP 8419 | $\begin{gathered} 0 \text { TO } 30 \mathrm{MHz} \\ 70 \mathrm{nSEC} \\ \text { RASIN TO } \\ \text { CAS LOW, } \\ \text { 500-pF LOADS } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \mathrm{k} \\ & 64 \mathrm{k} \\ & 256 \mathrm{k} \end{aligned}$ | 4 MODES. AUTOMATIC OR EXTERNALLY CONTROLLED ACCESS AND REFRESH. NIBBLE/PAGE. | BIPOLAR ALS, <br> 5 V 48 -PIN DIP, <br> 68-PIN PCC | \$15 | 256k-BIT DRAM CONTROLLER/ DRIVER TAILORED FOR 16-32-BIT WORDS, PLUS ERRORCORRECTION CHECK BITS. |
| GENERAL | NATIONAL | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DP } 8428 \\ & \text { DP } 8429 \end{aligned}$ | 0 TO 30 MHz | ALL 1M-BIT DRAMS | FOUR MODES. AUTOMATIC OR EXTERNALLY CONTROLLED ACCESS AND REFRESH, NIBBLE/PAGE MODE. | BIPOLAR ALS, <br> 5V 52-PIN DIP, <br> 68 -PIN PCC | \$19 | 1M-BIT DRAM CONTROLLER/ DRIVER FOR 32-BIT WORDS PLUS ERROR-CORRECTION CHECK BITS. |
| GENERAL | NATIONAL | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DP } 8420 \\ & \text { DP } 8421 \\ & \text { DP } 8422 \end{aligned}$ | 0 TO 30 MHz | $\begin{gathered} 256 k \\ 1 M \\ 4 M \end{gathered}$ | 22-BIT PROGRAMMABLE REGISTERS | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CMOS } 5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 68-\mathrm{OR} 84-\mathrm{PIN} \\ & \text { PCC } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 19 \\ & \$ 22 \\ & \$ 27 \end{aligned}$ | PROGRAMMABLE DRAM CONTROLLER/DRIVER FOR 16--32- AND 64-BIT WORDS. SUPPORTS DUAL PORTING. |
| MULTI <br> BUS-II <br> ${ }_{\mu \mathrm{Ps} \text { ) }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { VLSI } \\ & \text { TECH, } \\ & \text { INTEL } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 82 C 389 \\ & (\mathrm{MPC}) \end{aligned}$ | 8, 10 MHz | MULTIBUS-II BACKPLANE (32 BITS) | STATE-MACHINE IMPLEMENTATION OF BOTH TRADITIONAL BUS FUNCTIONS AND ADVANCED FUNCTIONS SUCH AS MESSAGE PASSING (IEEE 1296) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CMOS } 5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { 149-PIN PGA } \end{aligned}$ | \$145 | MPC OR "MESSAGE-PASSING COPROCESSOR" IMPLEMENTS THE MULTIBUS-II PROTOCOL, AND ONE MPC IS EXPECTED TO BE ON EVERY M-II BOARD. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 32100 \\ & (32 \mathrm{BIT}) \end{aligned}$ | AT\&T | 32101 | $\begin{aligned} & 10,14, \\ & 18 \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ | - | TRANSLATION, RELOCATION, AND PROTECTION | CMOS 5V 125-PIN PGA | \$120 | MEMORY MANAGER FOR $32100 \mu \mathrm{P}$. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 32100 \\ & (32 \mathrm{BIT}) \end{aligned}$ | AT\&T | 32103 | $\begin{aligned} & 10,14, \\ & 18 \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ | - | ADDRESSES UP TO 16 M BYTES DRAM, 16 OR 32 BITS, WITH REFRESH | $\begin{gathered} \text { CMOS } 5 \mathrm{~V} \\ 125-\text { PIN PGA } \end{gathered}$ | \$55 | DYNAMIC-RAM CONTROLLER. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 32200 \\ & (32 \mathrm{BIT}) \end{aligned}$ | AT\&T | 32201 | 20, 24 MHz | - | INCLUDES 4k BYTES CACHE (INSTRUCTION OR DATA) | CMOS 5V <br> 133-PIN PGA | $\begin{gathered} \$ 575 \\ \text { SAMPLES } \end{gathered}$ | MEMORY MANAGEMENT AND DATA/INSTRUCTION CACHE FOR $32200 \mu$ P. |
| GENERAL | AMD | 95 C 85 | 12, 16 MHz | LOCAL AND SYSTEM BUSES | CONTENT-ADDRESSABLE MEMORY, INDEPENDENT OF RECORD SIZE | CMOS 5 V 44-PIN PLCC | \$67 | SAID TO BE 300 TIMES FASTER THAN SOFTWARE FOR APPLICATIONS INVOLVING SORTING, DELETION. |
| GENERAL (32 BIT) | AMD | 29C660 | $\begin{gathered} 40,35, \\ 30 \text { nSEC } \end{gathered}$ | - | DATA ERROR DETECT AND CORRECT | CMOS 5 V 68-LEAD PLL | \$60 | 32-BIT ERROR DETECTION AND CORRECTION. |

$=$ NOT APPLICABLE
NA $=$ NOT AVAILABLE
THE VOLUME OF AVAILABLE SUPPORT CHIPS PREVENTS INCLUSION OF ALL APPROPRIATE DEVICES IN THIS DIRECTORY. FOR MORE INFORMATION, REFER TO THE MANUFACTURER/PRODUCT LISTING AT THE BEGINNING OF THE DIRECTORY.

## 1H SYSTEM FIRMWARE

ROMABLE SOFTWARE OF INTEREST TO OEM DESIGNERS. INCLUDES OPERATING-SYSTEM KERNELS, I/O DEVICE DRIVERS (BIOS), REAL-TIME EXECUTIVES, POPULAR INTERPRETED-TYPE HIGH-LEVEL LANGUAGES, MATH SUBROUTINES, ETC. CONSIDERED PART OF DIRECTORY BECAUSE ARE USUALLY CLOSELY ASSOCIATED WITH SUPPORT CHIPS AND ARE OFTEN PURCHASED AS COMPONENTS (ROMs) BY DESIGNER.

| $\mu \mathrm{P}$ BUS COMPATIBILITY | SUPPLIER | MODEL | SPEED | KEY SPECIFICATIONS |  |  | TECHNOLOGYI PACKAGE | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PRICE } \\ & (100) \end{aligned}$ | COMMENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | ROM FIRMWARE | RAM REQ (BYTES) | OTHER FEATURES |  |  |  |
| 8088 <br> 8086 <br> 80286 <br> 80386 <br> (PC, XT <br> AT, PS/2 <br> PLAT- <br> FORMS) | PHOENIX | ROM BIOS | VARIES WITH TARGET PLATFORM | 8k | VARIES | CUSTOMIZED FOR OEMs AND INCLUDE VGA, EGA GRAPHICS, 8042 KEYBOARD, AND MICRO CHANNEL SUPPORT. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (IN ROM } \\ & \text { OR BY } \\ & \text { CUSTOMER) } \end{aligned}$ | \$25k\$200k UP FRONT PLUS ROYALTIES | BASIC INPUT/OUTPUT SYSTEM (BIOS) FIRMWARE FOR IBM PC AND PS/2 CLONES DEVELOPED FOR OEMs ON CONTRACT AND LICENSE BASIS, TAKING FROM 4 TO 18 MONTHS. SAID TO BE USED BY $80 \%$ OF MARKET. |
| 680XO <br> FAMILY <br> 8086 <br> FAMILY <br> (INCLUD- <br> ING <br> 80386) <br> Z80 <br> Z8002 <br> 32000 <br> 29000 <br> 1750A | READY SYSTEMS | $\begin{aligned} & \text { VRTX32 } \\ & \text { ARTX } \end{aligned}$ | VARIES WITH TARGET PROCESSOR | 8k | 3k | MULTITASKING, PREEMPTIVE PRIORITYBASED SCHEDULING, FIXED-COST SYSTEM CALLS, MINIMAL INTERRUPT DISABLE TIME. INCLUDES SEMAPHORES, FLAGS, QUEUES, AND MAILBOXES. | $\begin{gathered} \text { (BY } \\ \text { CUSTOMER) } \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 100$ WITH VOLUME LICENSE, \$3k-\$4k FOR R\&D LICENSE | REAL-TIME KERNEL WITH I/O, FILE MANAGEMENT, MULTIPROCESSOR, AND DEBUG SUPPORT, COMPILER AND CASE DEVELOPMENT TOOLS. HELP FOR ADA AND REAL-TIME LINK TO UNIX. ARTX ON 1750A 68k ONLY. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 68000 \\ & 68010 \\ & 68020 \\ & 68030 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EYRING } \\ & \text { RESEARCH } \\ & \text { INSTITUTE } \end{aligned}$ | PDOS | $\begin{gathered} <30 \mu \text { SEC } \\ \text { CONTEXT } \\ \text { SWITCH AT } \\ 25 \mathrm{MHz} \end{gathered}$ | 3 TO 34k | $8 \mathrm{k}+$ | 100+ COMMANDS. FILE, MONITOR, AND DEBUG. SUPPORT FOR C, FORTRAN, PASCAL, AND MULTIPROCESSING. | $\begin{gathered} \text { (BY } \\ \text { CUSTOMER) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100 \\ & \text { (SOLD } \\ & \text { VIA } \end{aligned}$ LICENSE) | ROMABLE REAL-TIME EXECUTIVE FOR 68000 FAMILY $\mu$ Ps. CROSSDEVELOPMENT OPTIONS (90\% TO VME BUS MARKET). |
| $Z 80$ <br> 8080/85 <br> 8086/88 <br> 80286/386 <br> 680X0 <br> 32000 <br> LSI-11 <br> WE32100 <br> DSP34010 <br> CLIPPER <br> 64180 ETC | JMI | C EXECUTIVE | $24 \mu$ SEC CONTEXT SWITCH | $\begin{gathered} 5 \mathrm{k} \text { TO } 7 \mathrm{k} \\ \times 8 \mathrm{ON} \\ 16 \mathrm{MHz} \\ 68020 \end{gathered}$ | - | PROVIDES INTERRUPTDRIVEN DEVELOPMENT DRIVERS AND PRIORITIZED SCHEDULING, ETC. MOSTLY IN C LANGUAGE. OPTIONAL FILE SYSTEM. | $\begin{gathered} \text { (BY } \\ \text { CUSTOMER) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 70 \\ (\text { LIC }) \end{gathered}$ | ROMABLE SOFTWARE THAT PERMITS MULTIPLE C PROGRAMS TO RUN FROM MAIN MEMORY WITHOUT DISK. PORTABLE C LIBRARY HAS UNIX-LIKE ROUTINES FOR EMBEDDED APPLICATION. WHILE SPEED MAY SUFFER BECAUSE IN C RATHER THAN ASSEMBLY, IT IS EASILY TRANSFERRED TO NEW ${ }_{\mu}$ Ps. |



## SIEMENS

## Our new HSDA chip set puts design waste in its place.

Now you can discard those space-robbing, powerhungry multichip designs for High Speed Data Acquisition (HSDA) and transmission! Introducing Siemens remarkable new family of HSDA components...two highly integrated devices that can reduce your component count by 20 to 30 devices.

You'll appreciate the increased system performance. The added reliability. And of course, the miserly power consumption. What's more, you'll get all this efficiency without sacrificing the high-speed performance necessary for today's video, imaging and digital signal processing applications.


Intelligent $\mu \mathrm{P}$ compatible Data acquisition/generation System

## - SDA 8800 Data Acquisition Controller (DACO) -

$2 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ CMOS-based, compact 68 -pin package, interface compatible with all $8086,80186,80286$ and 68000 -based systems with 8; 16- or 32-bit bus widths

- SDA 8020 Data Acquisition Shift Register (DASR)
lets you read/write at 100 MHz multiplexed to 25 MHz . Compact 68 -pin design, easily cascaded for large cache memory and/or even lower clock rates
- SDA 8200 A/D Converter 6 -bit flash converter, 300 MHz conversion rate, high-quality conversion up to the Nyquist frequency
- SDA 8005 D/A Converter 8 -bit resolution, 150 MHz conversion rate
- SDA 8010 A/D Converter 8 -bit flash converter, 100 MHz conversion rate
Put complicated high speed designs where they belong. Specify Siemens HSDA chip set...the efficient solution.
For more information, call (408) 980-4534 or write: Siemens Semiconductor Group, Integrated Circuits, Data Acquisition Marketing Department, 2191 Laurelwood Road, Santa Clara, CA 95054
In Europe write: Siemens AG, Infoservice, Postach 23 48, D-8510 Fuerth

1H SYSTEM FIRMWARE (continued)

| ${ }_{\mu} \mathrm{P}$ BUS COMPATIBILITY | SUPPLIER | MODEL | SPEED | KEY SPECIFICATIONS |  |  | TECHNOLOGYI PACKAGE | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PRICE } \\ & (100) \end{aligned}$ | COMMENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | ROM FIRMWARE | RAM REQ (BYTES) | OTHER FEATURES |  |  |  |
| AMD 80C51 | MCC | CLIB-521 | VARIES WITH TARGET | 1k TO 2 k | 0 | DRIVERS FOR DUAL DATA POINTERS, WATCHDOG TIMER, SOFTWARE RESET, LOW-POWER MODE | ROM, PROM (BY CUSTOMER) | \$125 | C-LANGUAGE-CALLABLE DEVICE DRIVERS FOR PARTICULAR SUPPORT FUNCTIONS ON AMD 50C521. |

= NOT APPLICABLE
HE VOLUME OF AVAILABLE SUPPORT CHIPS PREVENTS INCLUSION OF ALL APPROPRIATE DEVICES IN THIS DIRECTORY. FOR MORE INFORMATION, REFER TO THE MANUFACTURER/PRODUCT LISTING AT THE BEGINNING OF THE DIRECTORY.

## 11 SYSTEM GLUE

THESE BUS BUFFERS, DRIVERS, TRANSCEIVERS, ADDRESS DECODERS, CONTROL LOGIC GATES, ETC, UNITE THE MAIN LSI PARTS OF A $\mu$ P SYSTEM TOGETHER. LISTED IS A VERY SMALL, SOMEWHAT RANDOM, SAMPLING OF THE MANY THOUSANDS OF DEVICE TYPES AVAILABLE. FOR A MORE COMPLETE PICTURE, CONSULT STANDARD CATALOGS FOR BIPOLAR TTL, CMOS TTL, ECL LOGIC, ETC. KEEP IN MIND THAT MANY OF THESE PARTS ARE NOW ALSO IN MOST SEMICUSTOM CELL LIBRARIES. LATEST TREND IS TO SAVE VALUABLE BOARD SPACE BY ABSORBING THESE IN HIGH-INTEGRATION CHIP SETS (SEE TABLE GROUP 2).

| $\begin{aligned} & \mu \text { P BUS } \\ & \text { COMPAT- } \\ & \text { IBILITYY } \end{aligned}$ | SUPPLIER | MODEL | KEY SPECIFICATIONS |  | TECHNOLOGY/ PACKAGE | PRICE (100) | COMMENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | FUNCTIONS | SPEED |  |  |  |
| GENERAL | NATIONAL | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DS } 3896 \\ & \text { DS } 3897 \\ & \text { DS } 3893 \text { A } \end{aligned}$ | OCTAL+QUAD TRANSCEIVERS. COMPATIBLE WITH FUTUREBUS IEEE P896 SPEC | - | BIPOLAR 20-PIN DIP AND PCC | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 6 \\ & \$ 4 \end{aligned}$ | BACKPLANE TRANSCEIVER LOGIC DEVICES. IV SIGNAL SWING, <br> $<5-\mathrm{pF}$ OUTPUT CAPACITANCE. |
| GENERAL | XILINX AMD | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{xC} 20 \mathrm{xx} \\ & \text { XC30XX } \end{aligned}$ | USER-PROGRAMMABLE GATE ARRAY ( 1200 TO 9000 GATES) | 35 MHz | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CMOS } \\ & \text { PLCC } \\ & \text { PGA } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 20 \text { TO } \\ \$ 50 \end{gathered}$ | CAN BE "SET UP" BY HOST $\mu$ P WRITE PATTERNS INTO INTERNAL RAM THAT CONFIGURES LOGIC. |
| GENERAL | TI | BPAD16N8-7 | USER-PROGRAMMABLE ADDRESS DECODE. 10 DEDICATED INPUTS AND 8 PRODUCT TERMS (6 TO I/O, 2 DEDICATED) | (MAX PROP DELAY IN-TO-OUT) | BIPOLAR 5 V 20-PIN DIP, PLCC | $\begin{gathered} \$ 9.39 \\ \text { (1k QTY) } \end{gathered}$ | PLD SIAD TO BE SUITED FOR MINIMUM-DELAY SRAM ADDRESS DECODE, FROM $16 \mathrm{IN}, 2$ OUT TO $10 \mathrm{IN}, 8$ OUT. |

$\bar{N}=$ NOT APPLICABLE
THE VOLUME OF AVAILABLE SUPPORT CHIPS PREVENTS INCLUSION OF ALL APPROPRIATE DEVICES IN THIS DIRECTORY. FOR MORE INFORMATION, REFER TO THE MANUFACTURER/PRODUCT LISTING AT THE BEGINNING OF THE DIRECTORY

## TABLE 2-COMBINATION CHIPS AND CHIP SETS

THESE DEVICES COMBINE SEVERAL SUPPORT AND $\mu$ C SYSTEM FUNCTIONS. IN THE PAST WERE POPULAR BECAUSE THEY PERMITTED ECONOMICAL 2-CHIP SYS TEMS. NOW TREND IS TO USE VLSI ADVANCES TO COMBINE SOME SUPPORT FUNCTIONS WITH «P ITSELF AND THEN GROUP OTHERS TOGETHER ON A FEW CHIPS OF A HIGH-INTEGRATION CHIP SET. THE ADVENT OF MASS-PRODUCED PLATFORMS LIKE THE IBM PC AND PSI2 IS HAVING A PROFOUND EFFECT HERE.

| ${ }_{\mu} \mathrm{P}$ BUS COMPATIBILITY | SUPPLIER | MODEL | SPEED | FUNCTIONS INCLUDED <br> (KEYED TO SECTIONS OF THIS DIRECTORY) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | TECHNOLOGY/PACKAGE | PRICE (100) | COMMENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 1A | 1B | 1C | 1D | 1E | 1F | 1G | 1H | 11 | $\begin{gathered} 3 A \\ T O \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| Z80 | ZILOG | $\begin{aligned} & 84 \mathrm{C90} \\ & \text { (SPCT) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,10 \\ & \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ | - | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | CMOS 5 V <br> 84-LEAD PLCC 44-LEAD QUAD <br> FLAT PACK | \$14.30 | INTEGRATES SUPPLIER'S 8430 <br> CTC, 84 C 4 X CIO, 84 C 20 PIO, ETC, FOR Z80 PLATFORMS. (SEE LISTINGS IN TABLES 1A, 1B, 1C FOR COMPARISON.) |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Z80 } \\ & \text { ZBUS } \end{aligned}$ | ZILOG | 84C80/81 (GLU) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 8, } 10 \\ & \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | - |  |  |  | - |  | - |  | CMOS 5V 68-LEAD 44-LEAD PLCC | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 5.65 \\ & \$ 4.95 \end{aligned}$ | COMPANION CHIP TO SUPPLIER'S 84C90. INTEGRATES SSI AND MSI "GLUE" FUNCTIONS FOR A Z80 PLATFORM. |
| 8086/88 <br> PS/2 <br> MOD-30 <br> PLAT. <br> FORMS) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CHIPS \& } \\ & \text { TECHNOL- } \\ & \text { OGIES } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 82 \mathrm{C} 100 \\ & 82 \mathrm{C} 101 \end{aligned}$ | 10 MHz |  |  |  |  |  |  | : |  |  |  | CMOS 5 V 84-LEAD PLCC | $\begin{gathered} \$ 33 \\ \$ 26 \\ (10 \mathrm{k} \text { QTY) } \end{gathered}$ | 82C100 FOR BOTH 8- AND 16 -BIT 8086; 82C101 FOR 8-BIT 8088. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 80286 \\ & \text { (AT } \\ & \text { PLAT- } \\ & \text { FORM) } \end{aligned}$ | CHIPS \& TECHNOL- OGIES | 82C201 <br> 82C202 <br> 82C202A <br> 82 C 206 82 C 203 <br> 82 C 204 <br> 82C205 |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  | CMOS <br> 84-LEAD PLCC <br> BIPOLAR <br> 68-LEAD PLCC | $\begin{gathered} \$ 63 \\ (1 \mathrm{k} \text { QTY) } \\ \text { FOR SET } \end{gathered}$ | 5-CHIP SET FOR MODERATEPERFORMANCE IBM PCIAT CLONES. CMOS USED FOR COMPLEX VLSI PARTS, SCHOTTKY BIPOLAR USED FOR LESS COMPLEX PARTS THAT NEED BUFFER DRIVE. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 80286 \\ & (\mathrm{PC} \mathrm{AT}) \end{aligned}$ | CHIPS \& TECHNOLOGIES | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NEAT: } \\ & 82 \mathrm{C} 211 \\ & 82 \mathrm{C} 212 \\ & 82 \mathrm{C} 215 \\ & 82 \mathrm{C} 206 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & 16 \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | CMOS 5 V 84-LEAD PLCC $100-\mathrm{PIN}$ PLASTIC FLAT PACK | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 72 \\ & \$ 86 \end{aligned}$ | NEAT STANDS FOR "NEW ENHANCED AT" CHIP SET. TO BE USED IN 80286 SYSTEM. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 80286 \\ & \text { (PS/2 } \\ & \text { MOD-50 } \\ & \text { MOD-60) } \end{aligned}$ | CHIPS \& TECHNOLOGIES | 82 C 221 82 C 222 <br> 82 C 223 <br> 82 C 225 <br> 82C227 <br> $82 \mathrm{C} 451 / 2$ 82 C 607 | $\begin{gathered} 10,12,16 \\ \mathrm{MHz} \end{gathered}$ |  | - |  |  |  | - | - |  | - | - | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CMOS } \\ & \text { 84-LEAD PLCC } \\ & \text { 100-PIN } \\ & \text { PLASTIC } \\ & \text { FLAT PACK } \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 157.10$ <br> $\$ 169.50$ <br> (1k QTY) <br> PER SET <br> SAMPLES | CHIP SET FOR CLONING IBM PS/2 MODEL 50 AND 60. AS IS ALL CMOS CAN BE USED WITH HARRIS 80C286 FOR LAPTOPS. INCORPORATES MICRO-CHANNEL BUS CONTROL. |
|  | CHIPS \& TECHNOLOGIES | $\begin{aligned} & 82 \mathrm{C} 301 \\ & 82 \mathrm{C} 302 \\ & 82 \mathrm{~A} 303 \\ & 82 \mathrm{~A} 304 \\ & 82 \mathrm{~A} 305 \\ & 82 \mathrm{~A} 306 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & 20 \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | - |  | $\bullet$ - |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CMOS } \\ & \text { 84-LEAD PLCC } \\ & \text { BIPOLAR } \\ & \text { 68-LEAD PLCC } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 127 \\ & \$ 140 \\ & \text { (1k QTY) } \end{aligned}$ | CHIP SET FOR $80386{ }_{\mu}$ P SYSTEMS BASED ON FOUR BUSES OF IBM PCIAT: LOCAL, SYSTEM MEMORY, I/O CHANNEL, AND EXPANSION (BIPOLAR DRIVERS ARE BEING REPLACED WITH CMOS). |

TABLE 2-COMBINATION CHIPS AND CHIP SETS (continued)

| ${ }_{\mu} \mathrm{P}$ BUS COMPATIBILITY | SUPPLIER | MODEL | SPEED | FUNCTIONS INCLUDED <br> (KEYED TO SECTIONS OF THIS DIRECTORY) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | TECHNOLOGY/ PACKAGE | PRICE <br> (100) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 1A | 1B | 1 C | 1D | 1E | 1F | 1G | 1H | 11 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 3A } \\ \text { TO } 3 \mathrm{E} \end{gathered}$ |  |  | COMMENTS |
| 80386 (PS/2 MOD-80) | CHIPS \& TECHNOLOGIES | $\begin{aligned} & 82 \mathrm{C} 321 \\ & 82 \mathrm{C} 322 \\ & 82 \mathrm{C} 223 \\ & 82 \mathrm{C} 325 \\ & 82 \mathrm{C} 226 \\ & 82 \mathrm{C} 41 / 2 \\ & 82 \mathrm{C} 607 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & 20 \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ | - | - | - |  | - | - | - |  | - |  | CMOS 68-LEAD 84-LEAD PLCC 100-PIN 144-PIN PLASTIC FLAT PACK | $\begin{gathered} \$ 202.20 \\ \$ 239.50 \\ \text { (1k QTY) } \\ \text { SAMPLES } \end{gathered}$ | BASICALLY 7-CHIP SET FORं PS/2 MODEL 80. SAID TO ALLOW MORE PERFORMANCE IN SMALLER ATSIZE PACKAGE AND AT LOWER COST THAN IBM. CALLED "CHIPS/ 280." $82 C 321$ HAS MICRO CHANNEL. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 80286 \\ & \text { (PCC/AT) } \end{aligned}$ | zYMOS <br> INTEL | $\begin{aligned} & 82230 \\ & 82231 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8,10,12 \\ \mathrm{MHz} \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  | CMOS <br> 84-LEAD PLCC | $\begin{gathered} \$ 60 \\ \text { PER SET } \end{gathered}$ | 2-CHIP HIGH-INTEGRATION CHIP SET FOR CONSOLIDATING SUPPORT DEVICES FOR IBM PCIAT PLATFORMS. DEVELOPMENT BOARDS AVAILABLE. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 8086 \\ & 80 \mathrm{C} 86 \\ & \text { V30 } \end{aligned}$ | FARADAY (WESTERN DIGITAL) | FE2011 | $\begin{gathered} 7.15, \\ 9.54 \mathrm{MHz} \end{gathered}$ | - |  | - |  | - | - | - |  | - |  | CMOS 5 V 132-PIN JEDEC (SURF MOUNT) | $\begin{gathered} \$ 52.75 \\ (\$ 3175, \\ 10 \mathrm{VOL}, \\ \text { SAMPLES } \end{gathered}$ | HIGH-INTEGRATION CHIP FOR IBM PS/2 MODEL 30 CLONES. SAID TO REPLACE 100 COMPONENTS. SOCKETS FOR THROUGH-HOLE PC BOARDS. |
| 80286 | FARADAY (WESTERN DIGITAL) | FE5400 CHIP SET: FE5000, FE5010 FE5020 FE5030 | 20 MHz |  |  | - |  | - | - | - |  | - |  | CMOS 132-PIN 132-PIN | $\begin{gathered} \$ 99 \\ (4-\mathrm{CHIP} \\ \text { SET) } \\ \text { SAMPLES } \end{gathered}$ | HIGH-INTEGRATION 4-CHIP SET FOR IBM PS/2 MODEL 50 AND 60 CLONE MOTHERBOARDS. INCLUDES MICRO CHANNEL CONTROL. PS/2 EVALUATION BOARD WITH PHOENIX BIOS, $\$ 2500$. |
| 8086/88 | FUJITSU | $\begin{aligned} & 89391 \\ & 89392 \\ & 89393 \\ & 89395 \end{aligned}$ | 8 MHz |  |  |  |  | ! | : |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CMOS 5V } \\ & \text { 100-LEAD } \\ & \text { FLAT PACK } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 22.50 \\ & \$ 21.20 \\ & \$ 22.50 \\ & \$ 19.70 \end{aligned}$ | HIGH-INTEGRATION CHIPS COMPATIBLE WITH IBM PCIXT. SAID TO NEED ONLY ADDRESS LATCHES AND DATA TRANSCEIVERS EXTERNALLY. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 80286 \\ & 80386 \end{aligned}$ | FUJITSU | 89396 | 10 MHz |  |  | - |  | - | - |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CMOS } 5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { 120-LEAD } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 23.90 \\ \text { SAMPLES } \end{gathered}$ | HIGH-INTEGRATION CHIP FOR IBM PC/AT ( 80286 OR $80386 \mu$ P). |
| $\begin{aligned} & 80286 \\ & \left(\mathrm{PC} / \mathrm{A}^{2}\right) \end{aligned}$ | ERSO | $\begin{aligned} & 83745 \\ & 83746 \\ & 83747 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,10 \\ & \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ | - | - | $!$ |  | - | : |  |  |  |  | CMOS 5V 68-LEAD PLCC | \$60 KIT \$110 BOARD) SAMPLES | HIGH-INTEGRATION CHIP SET FOR BUILDING PCIAT CLONES. FROM TAIWAN FOUNDARY. ALSO 83748/9 FOR ADDRESS AND DATA. |

$\bar{\sim}=$ NOT APPLICABLE
NA $=$ NOT AVAILABLE
THE VOLUME OF AVAILABLE SUPPORT CHIPS PREVENTS INCLUSION OF ALL APPROPRIATE DEVICES IN THIS DIRECTORY. FOR MORE INFORMATION, REFER TO THE MANUFACTURER/PRODUCT LISTING AT THE BEGINNING OF THE DIRECTORY

## TABLE GROUP 3—PERIPHERAL-DEVICE CONTROLLER CHIPS

## 3A DISK CONTROLLERS

RELIEVE $\mu$ P AND ITS OPERATING SYSTEM OF HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE OVERHEAD REQUIRED TO READ, WRITE, AND SEARCH FOR RECORDS IN PROPER DISK FORMAT. CHORES INCLUDE HEAD POSITIONING, CRC GENERATION, PROGRAM SECTOR SIZE, ETC. SEVERAL STANDARDS LIKE SCSI NOW APPLICABLE SEE TABLE 1A FOR SCSI CHIPS).

| ${ }_{\mu} \mathrm{P}$ BUS COMPATIBILITY | SUPPLIER | MODEL | SPEED | KEY SPECIFICATIONS |  |  | TECHNOLOGY/ PACKAGE | PRICE (100) | COMMENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | COMPATIBILITY | DRIVES HANDLED | FEATURES |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 8051 \\ & 28 \\ & 80188 \end{aligned}$ | SMC | 95C00 | 20 MHz | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { SCSI } \\ \text { ESDI } \\ \text { SMD } \\ \text { ST506 } \\ \text { QIC-24 } \\ \text { FLOPPY } \end{array}$ | - | 12-BYTE FIFO 24-BIT DATA COUNTER BIDIRECTIONAL I/O PROGRAMMED DMA | $\begin{gathered} \text { CMOS 5V } \\ \text { 88-LEAD PLCC } \\ \text { QUAD } \\ \text { FLAT PACK } \end{gathered}$ | \$19 | COMPATIBLE WITH SUP. PLIER'S 95C02 "SUNDAE.' |
| $\begin{aligned} & 8051 \\ & \text { Z8 } \\ & 80188 \end{aligned}$ | SMC | $95 \mathrm{C02}$ | 24 MHz | $\begin{gathered} \text { ESDI } \\ \text { SMD } \\ \text { ST506 } \\ \text { QIC-24 } \\ \text { FLOPPY } \end{gathered}$ | - | LOADABLE RAM CONTROLLER. $64 \mathrm{k}+\mathrm{CACHE}$ CONTROLLER. IBM COMPATIBLE ECC, REED SOLOMON ECC. READ-AFTER-WRITE. NRZ, RLL, 2, 7, AND GCR ENCODE/DECODE | CMOS 5V 68-LEAD PLCC AND QUAD FLAT PACK | \$24 | "SUNDAE" CONTROLLER FOR DISK, TAPE, OR WORM. MODIFIABLE ASIC FASHION VIA SUPERCELLS. PROGRAMMABLE FOR IN-USE FLEXIBILITY. ARBITRATES CACHE ACCESS. |
| GENERAL | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SILICON } \\ & \text { SYSTEMS } \\ & \text { (SSI) } \end{aligned}$ | 32H567 | 15 mSEC | - | - | SERVO DEMODULATOR QUADRATURE SERVO PLL SYNCHRONIZED | $\begin{aligned} & \text { BIPOLAR } \\ & \text { 24-PIN DIP } \\ & \text { 28-PIN PLCC } \end{aligned}$ | \$13.88 | CHIP SET FOR DISK DRIVE POSITIONING AND CONTROL. |
|  |  | 32H568 |  |  |  | SERVO CONTROLLER TRACK AND SEEK, $\mu \mathrm{P}$ INTERFACE | CMOS 32-PIN DIP 44-PIN PLCC | \$22.79 |  |
|  |  | 32H659 |  |  |  | SERVO MOTOR DRIVE HEAD PARKING AND SPINDLE MOTOR BRAKING | BIPOLAR 20-PIN DIP, SMALL OUTLINE | \$6.46 |  |
| GENERAL | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SILICON } \\ & \text { SYSTEMS } \end{aligned}$ | 32 C 452 | 20M BPS | - | - | DISK-DRIVE CONTROL AIC-010-COMPATIBLE PROGRAMMABLE | $\begin{gathered} \text { CMOS } \\ \text { 40-PIN DIP } \\ \text { 44-PIN PLCC } \end{gathered}$ | \$20.25 | HIGH-DENSITY HARD-DISK CONTROL COMPONENT. |
| GENERAL | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SILICON } \\ & \text { SYSTEMS } \end{aligned}$ | 32 C 453 | 20M BPS | - | - | DUAL-PORT BUFFER CONTROLLER, AIC-300 COMPATIBLE. NON-MUX ADDRESSING TO 16k | CMOS 40-PIN DIP 44-PIN PLCC | \$11.45 | HIGH-DENSITY HARD-DISK CONTROL COMPONENT. |
| GENERAL 8051 8085 $68 \mathrm{HC11}$ | CIRRUS LOGIC | SH120 | - | SCSI | 1 | 64k BYTE BUFFER MEMORY MANAGER | CMOS 5 V 44-PIN PLCC | \$15 | MAKES SRAMs INTO DUALPORT BUFFER, OPTIMIZED FOR USE WITH SUPPLIER'S SH-130 FOR SCSI INTELLIGENT CONTROLLERS. |



Real-time . . . multitasking. . . networking. . . graphics . . . protected file system FlexOS-a full-feature software platform from Digital Research ${ }^{\ominus}$

Real-time performance and raw computing power are only part of the mix needed to build integrated solutions. Managing data acquisition, alarm detection and annunciation, real-time trending, and on-line calculations requires a full-featured software platform that can quickly respond, dynamically process, securely store, and intelligently display data.
FlexOS is a modular operating system with a full set of real-time process and device management features features that reduce your program development effort but don't get in your way when you need the performance.
Asynchronous I/0 with two-tiered interrupt management for the development of systems with predictable real-time response
Fast multitasking kernel with pre-emptive, eventdriven dispatcher and priority scheduler for versatile process management
ISO-model network interface with dynamic device
mapping for application-transparent, peer-to-peer connectivity Multitasking graphics interface for easy-to-learn and -use control panels and displays
Protected file access for secure distributed file systems
Hardware independence for application portability across CPUs ... across busses ... across devices ... across networks
Modular architecture for building-block flexibility and easy configuration
Whether you're building a discrete data acquisition application or an integrated multiprocessor plant management system, the Flex0S product family gives you maximum flexibility with optimum performance. For more information on Flex0S ${ }^{\text {TM }} 186$, Flex0S ${ }^{\text {TM }} 286$, Flex0S ${ }^{\text {TM }} 386$, FlexNET ${ }^{\text {TM }}$, and Multibus $\mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{TM}}$ Driver Pack call (800) 443 -4200 or write

Flex0S Customer Service
Digital Research Inc.
Box DRI
Monterey, CA 93942


## HOST

## what it takes real-time?

Successful real-time design for


TARGET
embedded systems takes more than extraordinary helpings of craft and creativity. It also takes the right tools. Which may explain why our CARD (Computer-aided Real-time Design) technology is behind the development of well over fifty million lines of real-time code.

We're not talking about ordinary tools spruced up with a few real-time extensions. CARD technology was created exclusively for the real-time world specifically for integrating run-time and software development environments.

We are talking about tools such as reusable software components like VRTX, the real-time operating systems standard. Real-time implementations of C and Ada. Automated analysis tools for verifying system performance. Our CARDtools"'product gives you everything you need including specifically tailored design aids to manage software organization and data flow.

And automated documentation so complete, so accurate, it satisfies even the DoD's rigid 2167A specs. Not to mention the demands of our hundreds of exacting commercial customers.

So if you'd like to have what it takes to make your next real-time project run more efficiently call us, toll free, at (800) 228-1249. Or (214) 661-9526 in Texas.

Because you can only be a success in real-time design if you've got the right stuff.

3A DISK CONTROLLERS (continued)

| $\mu \mathrm{P}$ BUS COMPATIBILITY | SUPPLIER | MODEL | SPEED | KEY SPECIFICATIONS |  |  | TECHNOLOGY/ PACKAGE | PRICE (100) | COMMENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | COMPATIBILITY | DRIVES HANDLED | FEATURES |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { GENERAL } \\ & 8051 \\ & 8085 \\ & 68 \mathrm{HC} 11 \end{aligned}$ | CIRRUS LOGIC | SH130 | 20M BPS | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ST506 } \\ & \text { ESDI } \\ & \text { SMD } \\ & \text { SA100 } \end{aligned}$ | 1 | FLEXIBLE FORMATTER, 31 BYTES WRITABLE CONTROL STORE, PROGRAMMABLE 32-BIT ECC | CMOS 5V 44-PIN PLCC | \$22 | HARD-DISK FORMATTER. CAN BE COMBINED WITH SUP. PLIER'S SH120 FOR SIMPLIFIED IMPLEMENTATION OF SCSI. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { GENERAL } \\ & 8051 \\ & 8085 \end{aligned}$ | CIRRUS LOGIC | SH250 | 24M BPS | ST506 | 1 | COMBINES FORMATTER, BUFFER MANAGER, AND SCSI BUS CONTROLLER. 56 -BIT ECC WITH HARDWARE CORRECTION 31 BYTES WRITABLE CONTROL STORE. | CMOS 5V 84-PIN PLCC | \$38 | HIGHLY INTEGRATED SCSI DISK CONTROLLER FOR HIGHVOLUME EMBEDDED CONTROLLERS. PINOUT OPTIMIZED FOR BOARD LAYOUT EFFICIENCY. ON-CHIP $48-\mathrm{mA}$ SCSI BUS DRIVERS. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { GENERAL } \\ & 8051 \\ & 8085 \\ & 68 \mathrm{HC} 11 \end{aligned}$ | CIRRUS LOGIC | SH260 | 24M BPS | $\begin{gathered} \text { ST506 } \\ \text { ESDI } \end{gathered}$ | 2 | COMBINES FORMATTER, BUFFER MANAGER, AND PC XT/AT BUS CONTROLLER. 56-BIT ECC WITH HARDWARE CORRECTION. 31 BYTES WRITABLE CONTROL STORE. | CMOS 84-PIN PLCC | \$48 | HIGHLY INTEGRATED PC XTIAT BUS DISK CONTROLLER FOR HIGH-VOLUME EMBEDDED USE. LOGIC FOR DAISY CHAINING 2 DRIVES. ON-CHIP 24-mA DRIVERS. SUPPORTS 1:1 INTERLEAVE |
| GENERAL | NATIONAL | $\begin{aligned} & 8472 \mathrm{~N} \\ & 8474 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 125 \mathrm{k} \mathrm{TO} \\ \text { 1.25M } \\ \text { BPS } \\ \text { (PRO- } \\ \text { GRAM- } \\ \text { MABLE) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { FLOPPY } \\ \text { DISKS: } \\ 31 / 2 \\ 51 / 4 \\ 8 \mathrm{IN} . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | ANALOG DATA SEPARATOR, COMPATIBLE WITH 765A, 8 -mA FDD BUFFERS, WRITE PRECOMPENSATION, MOTOR ON/OFF. | CMOS 5V 40-PIN DIP. 44-LEAD PLCC | \$15 | FDD CONTROLLER, CAN BE USED IN ALL GENERALPURPOSE APPLICATIONS. LOW-POWER MODE. |
| GENERAL | NATIONAL | 8473V | $\begin{aligned} & 250 \mathrm{k}, \\ & 300 \mathrm{k}, \\ & 500 \mathrm{k}, \\ & 1 \mathrm{M} \text { BPS } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { FLOPPY } \\ \text { DISKS: } \\ 31 / 2 \\ 51 / 4 \\ 8 \mathrm{IN} . \end{gathered}$ | 4 | LOGIC FOR IBM PC, XT, AT OR PS/2. COMPATIBLE WITH 765A AND IBM BIOS. 40-mA FDD BUFFERS. | CMOS 5V 48-PIN DIP, 52-LEAD PLCC | \$20 | FDD CONTROLLER FEATURING DATA SEPARATOR WITH LARGE WINDOW MARGIN FOR REDUCED FDD ERROR AND LOW-POWER MODE FOR LAPTOPS. |
| GENERAL <br> (8, 16, 32 <br> BIT $\mu \mathrm{P}$ ) | NATIONAL | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} \hline 8466 A-12 \\ -20 \\ -25 \end{array}$ | 12M, 20M, 25M BPS | ST506 SMD ESDI (FLOPPY, OPTICAL) | 16 | MULTIPLE SECTOR TRANSFER, PROGRAMMABLE FORMAT, AND ECC (48 BITS). 32-BIT FIFO WITH INTERLEAVABLE BURST AND DUAL 16-BIT DMA. | CMOS 5V 40-PIN DIP, 68-LEAD PLCC | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100 \\ & \$ 125 \\ & \$ 150 \end{aligned}$ | HARD- OR FLOPPY-DISK CONTROLLER, SAID TO BE SUITED TO ANY DRIVE OR BUS INTERFACE. |
| GENERAL | NEC | $\begin{aligned} & 72068 \\ & 72069 \end{aligned}$ | 8 MHz <br> 16 MHz | FLOPPY DISKS: IBM, ECMA FORMATS | 4 | 765 COMPATIBLE. 24-mA DRIVERS, 8 BYTE REGISTERS FOR AT AND PS/2 ADDRESSING. | CMOS 5V 80-LEAD QUAD FLAT PACK 84-LEAD PLCC | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 12 \\ & \$ 14 \end{aligned}$ | SINGLE-CHIP FLOPPY-DISK CONTROLLER WITH ADDITIONAL LOGIC FOR IBM AT, PS/2 PLATFORMS. 68 HAS DIGITAL PLL; 69 HAS ANALOG PLL (1M BPS). |

$\overline{N A}=$ NOT APPLICABLE
NA $=$ NOT AVAILABLE
THE VOLUME OF AVAILABLE SUPPORT CHIPS PREVENTS INCLUSION OF ALL APPROPRIATE DEVICES IN THIS DIRECTORY. FOR MORE INFORMATION, REFER TO THE MANUFACTURER/PRODUCT LISTING AT THE BEGINNING OF THE DIRECTORY.

## 3B SERIAL TAPE CONTROLLERS

DEMAND FOR STREAMING TAPES FOR HARD-DISK BACKUP HAS CAUSED A REAWAKENING OF INTEREST IN THIS CATEGORY, INTERPRET HIGH-LEVEL READ WRITE, AND SEARCH COMMANDS ISSUED BY $\mu$ P AND GENERATE DETAILED MOTION-CONTROL SIGNALS. ALSO CONVERT PARALLEL DATA FROM $\mu$ P BUS TO SERIAL FORMAT, SOMETIMES PROVIDING ERROR DETECTION. SOME INTEREST IN HAVING STANDARD BUSES LIKE SASI, SCSI, ETC

| $\mu \mathrm{P}$ BUS COMPATIBILITY | SUPPLIER | MODEL | SPEED | KEY SPECIFICATIONS |  |  | TECHNOLOGY/ PACKAGE | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PRICE } \\ & \text { (100) } \end{aligned}$ | COMMENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | COMPATIBILITY | DRIVES HANDLED | FEATURES |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 8051 \\ & 28 \\ & 80188 \end{aligned}$ | SMC | 95C02 | 24 MHz | $\begin{gathered} \text { ESDI } \\ \text { SMD } \\ \text { ST506 } \\ \text { QIC-24 } \\ \text { FLOPPY } \end{gathered}$ | - | LOADABLE RAM CONTROLLER. $64 \mathrm{k}+\mathrm{CACHE}$ CONTROLLER. IBMCOMPATIBLE ECC, REED SOLOMON ECC. READ-AFTER-WRITE. NRZ, RLL, 2, 7, AND GCR ENCODE/DECODE. | CMOS 5V 68-LEAD PLCC AND QUAD FLAT PACK | \$24 | 'SUNDAE" CONTROLLER FOR DISK, TAPE, OR WORM. MODIFIABLE ASIC FASHION VIA SUPERCELLS. PROGRAMMABLE FOR IN-USE FLEXIBILITY. ARBITRATES CACHE ACCESS. |

$-=$ NOT APPLICABLE
NA $=$ NOT AVAILABLE
THE VOLUME OF AVAILABLE SUPPORT CHIPS PREVENTS INCLUSION OF ALL APPROPRIATE DEVICES IN THIS DIRECTORY. FOR MORE INFORMATION, REFER TO THE MANUFACTURER/PRODUCT LISTING AT THE BEGINNING OF THE DIRECTORY.

## 3C CRT (AND LASER-PRINTER) CONTROLLERS AND GRAPHICS GENERATORS

ACCEPT SETUP COMMANDS FROM $\mu$ P THAT DEFINE DESIRED DISPLAY (USUALLY A RASTER TYPE) AND THEN IMPLEMENT AND MAINTAIN THE DISPLAY AUTOMATICALLY. FUNCTIONS OFTEN INCLUDE FORMATTING DATA FROM $\mu$ P BUS FOR VIDEO PRESENTATION TO CRT, USING CHARACTER-GENERATING CHIP IF REQUIRED. TEXT AND GRAPHIC MODES, AS WITH DISKS (TABLE 3A) STANDARDS ARE EMERGING. RECENT TREND IS POWERFUL GRAPHIC ENGINES THAT CAN, FOR EXAMPLE CREATE 3D PICTURES OF OBJECTS WITH PERSPECTIVE AND SHADING, AND ROTATE SAME. LASER PRINTER CONTROLLERS MAY BE INCLUDED AS THEY HAVE SIMILAR 'RASTER' SCAN

| ${ }^{\mu} \mathrm{P}$ BUS COMPATIBILITY | SUPPLIER | MODEL | SPEED | KEY SPECIFICATIONS |  |  |  | TECHNOLOGY/ PACKAGE | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PRICE } \\ & (100) \end{aligned}$ | COMMENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | PROGRAMMABLE DISPLAY FORMAT | PROGRAMMABLE MONITOR FORMAT | GRAPHIC CAPABILITY | CURSOR/ <br> LIGHT PEN |  |  |  |
| GENERAL | SMC | $97 \mathrm{C07}$ |  | YES | YES |  | YES | CMOS 5V 84-LEAD PLCC | \$15 | SINGLE-CHIP PROGRAMMABLE CRT CONTROLLER. FOR LOWCOST DEC 220, 320 COMPATIBLE ALPHANUMERIC TERMINALS |
| GENERAL | SMC | 97 C 11 | $\begin{aligned} & 7.5 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \text { (CHAR) } \end{aligned}$ | YES | YES |  | YES | CMOS 5 V 68-LEAD PLCC | \$35 | PROGRAMMABLE CRT CONTROLLER THAT SUPPORTS HARDWARE-BASED WINDOWING |


> "CASE and DEC combine...to offer CAE solutions that work!"

CASE Technology's new Vanguard CAE Design System, in combination with Digital's VAX-based engineering workstations, provides one of the most complete computer-aided engineering solutions available. The system includes schematic capture for PCB and ASIC design, digital logic simulation, circuit simulation and PCB design capabilities.

The strength of the Vanguard CAE design solution is its flexibility. With DECNet and DECNet/DOS, using VAX minicomputers and workstations linked with standard personal computers, an entire engineering facility can be networked, creating a completely integrated design automation environment.

The Vanguard system can also be utilized as a front-end CAE design tool for users that need to integrate existing
tools or as a facility solution for those interested in a single source for their CAE needs.

With more than 3000 installed systems worldwide, CASE Technology has developed a solid reputation as a premier supplier of professional CAE design tools. If you haven't seen what CASE has to offer, then now is the time.

CASE Technology Inc., 2141 Landings Drive, Mountain View, California 94043
Phone (415) 962-1440; Telex 506513; Fax (415) 962-1466


# We Suggest You Approach Your Logic Analyzer Decision Backwards. 

Up front, the PLA 286 gives you more of what you need to solve even the toughest timing problems. Much deeper memory, for example, than you'll find anywhere else: Up to 4 K per channel for state analysis; up to 8 K for timing. And from 48 up to 112 channels. So you get a much bigger window into problem areas.

But what you see when you look behind the machine may impress you even more. Because in addition to being a powerful logic analyzer, it's also a powerful $10-\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{O}$-wait-state, AT-compatible computer.

There they are. Count 'em.
Six standard slots, waiting to turn the PLA 286 into any-

thing else you want it to be. Now, or later. Pattern generator. Oscilloscope. SCSI tester. Frequency counter. Ethernet node. Whatever.

So when you look at it backwards, the PLA 286 is a very forward-thinking machine, indeed. Fold up the keyboard, grab the handle, and it moves from heavy-duty, complex R\&D lab applications, to complete, multi-function field analysis. All the power, depth, range, and flexibility you need for the most demanding software and hardware analysis, in one, neat box. The PLA 286 is one decision you can back into, and feel great about. Give us a call. (800) 227-8834.

亶 KONTRON
葍

3C CRT (AND LASER-PRINTER) CONTROLLERS AND GRAPHICS GENERATORS (continued)

| $\mu$ P BUS COMPATIBILITY | SUPPLIER | MODEL | SPEED | KEY SPECIFICATIONS |  |  |  | TECHNOLOGY/ PACKAGE | PRICE (100) | COMMENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | PROGRAM MABLE DISPLAY FORMAT | PROGRAMMABLE MONITOR FORMAT | GRAPHIC CAPABILITY | CURSOR/ <br> LIGHT PEN |  |  |  |
| GENERAL | CIRRUS LOGIC | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{GD} \\ 510 / 520 \end{gathered}$ | 40 MHz | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { YES, FROM } \\ 320 \times 200 \\ \text { TO } \\ 800 \times 600 \end{array}$ | YES, ALL IBM STANDARDS | YES, VGA, EGA, CDA, HGC | YES, HARDWARE GRAPHICS CURSOR | CMOS 5 V 84-PIN PLCC | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 38 \\ & (\mathrm{SET}) \end{aligned}$ | 2-CHIP SET. 100\% REGISTER COMPATIBLE WITH VGA, EGA, CGA, AND HERCULES WITH AUTOMATIC MODE SWITCHING SUPPORTS ANALOG AND DIGITAL MONITORS. |
| GENERAL | NATIONAL | DP 8500 | 20 MHz | YES $16 \mathrm{k} \times 16 \mathrm{k}$ PIXEL | YES | YES, BITBLT LINE DRAW POLY FILL CHARACTER | NO | $\begin{gathered} \text { CMOS } 5 \mathrm{~V} \\ \text { 68-PIN PLCC } \end{gathered}$ | \$125 | RASTER GRAPHIC PROCESSOR (RGP), FULLY PROGRAMMABLE GRAPHIC $\mu$ P COLOR OR B/W. WORKS WITH SRAM, DRAM, OR VRAM. PART OF AGCS CHIP'SET. |
| GENERAL | NATIONAL | DP 8510 DP 8511 | 20 MHz | - | - | BITBLT | - | CMOS 5 V 44-PIN PLCC | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 8 \\ & \$ 16 \end{aligned}$ | SUPPORTS ALL 16 BITBLT FUNCTIONS, COMPATIBLE WITH DRAMs, SRAMs, AND VRAMs. HIGH-SPEED BARREL SHIFTS FOR NONWORD-ALIGNED BLTs. 16-WORD FIFO. |
| GENERAL | NATIONAL | DP 8512 DP 8513 | 225 MHz | - | - | - | - | BIPOLAR 44-PIN PLCC | \$45 | ON-CHIP CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR AND PLL GENERATE SYNCHRONIZED SYSTEM CLOCKS. EXTERNAL GEN-LOCK CAPABILITY WITH SEPARATE PLL TO OVERLAY GRAPHICS OR TEXT ONTO INCOMING VIDEO. |
| GENERAL | NATIONAL | DP 8514 | 225 MHz | - | - | - | - | $\begin{aligned} & \text { BIPOLAR } \\ & 20-\mathrm{PIN} \end{aligned}$ | \$3 | MULTIBOARD CLOCK SYSTEM WITH ON-CHIP CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR AND RESYNCHRONIZER |
| GENERAL | NATIONAL | DP 8515 <br> DP 8516 | $\begin{aligned} & 225 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & 350 \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ | - | - | - | - | BIPOLARCMOS 44-PIN PLCC | \$16 | 4-WORD FIFO, 16-BIT REGISTER OR 2 8-BIT REGISTERS. SINGLE +5 V SUPPLY OR $\pm$ ECL SUPPLIES. 8515 HAS 10k ECL OUT; 8516 HAS 100k ECL OUT. |
| GENERAL | WEITEK | XL-8000 (TWO CHIPS) | 10 MHz | - | - | DRAWS 60k VECTORSI SEC. FILLS 9.6 PIXEL/ SEC. | - | $\begin{gathered} \text { CMOS } \\ \text { 144-PIN } \\ \text { PACKAGE } \end{gathered}$ | \$590 | FAMILY OF 32-BIT $\mu$ Ps OPTIMIZED AS GRAPHICS GENERATORS THEY PERFORM 2D DRAW AND FILL OPERATIONS AND ARE SUPPORTED BY C AND FORTRAN COMPILERS. 8000 IS 32 -BIT $\mu \mathrm{P}$ FOR 2D GRAPHICS; 8032 IS FLOATING POINT $\mu$ P FOR 3 D GRAPHICS TRANSFORMS; 8064 IS 64-BIT $\mu$ P FOR 3D OPERA TIONS SUCH AS RAY TRACING. |
|  |  | XL-8032 | 10 MHz | - | - | SAME AS 8000 PLUS TRANSFORMS 200k 3D VECTORS/ SEC | - | $\begin{gathered} \text { CMOS } \\ \text { 144-PIN PGA } \end{gathered}$ | \$790 |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { XL-8064 } \\ & \text { (THREE } \\ & \text { CHIPS) } \end{aligned}$ | 10 MHz | - | - | SAME AS 8032 | - | $\begin{gathered} \text { CMOS } \\ \text { 144-PIN PGA } \end{gathered}$ | \$590 |  |
| GENERAL | NEC | 72120 | 8 MHz | YES $4 \mathrm{k} \times 4 \mathrm{k}$ 32M BYTE | YES | YES | YES | CMOS 5V 132-LEAD PGA 84-LEAD PLCC 94-LEAD QUAD FLAT PACK | \$50 | FIRMWARE-ENCODED INSTRUCTION SET FOR HIGH-SPEED DRAWING, PAINT, FILLS, ARCS, ELLIPSES, BIT BLT, ENLARGE, ROTATE, ETC. VRAM CONTROLLER, DIRECT ACCESS BY HOST. |

$\bar{N}=$ NOT APPLICABLE
NA $=$ NOT AVAILABLE
THE VOLUME OF AVAILABLE SUPPORT CHIPS PREVENTS INCLUSION OF ALL APPROPRIATE DEVICES IN THIS DIRECTORY. FOR MORE INFORMATION, REFER TO THE MANUFACTURER/PRODUCT LISTING AT THE BEGINNING OF THE DIRECTORY.

## 3D KEYBOARD AND NON-CRT DISPLAY INTERFACES

| ${ }_{\mu} \mathrm{P}$ BuS COMPATIBILITY | SUPPLIER | MODEL | SPEED | DISPLAY BIT PATTERNS | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TECHNOLOGY/ } \\ & \text { PACKAGE } \end{aligned}$ | PRICE (100) | COMMENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GENERAL | SILICONIX | $\begin{aligned} & 9551 \\ & 9552 \end{aligned}$ | 4 MHz | AC EL MATRIX ROW DRIVERS, CHANNELS | D/CMOS 44-LEAD PLCC | \$4.91 | SERIAL INPUT, PARALLEL OUTPUT (SEQUENTIAL). 9552 PINOUT IS REVERSE OF 9551. |
| GENERAL | SILICONIX | $\begin{aligned} & 9553 \\ & 9554 \\ & 9555 \\ & 9556 \end{aligned}$ | 10 MHz | AC EL MATRIX COLUMN DRIVERS, 32 CHANNELS | D/CMOS 44-LEAD PLCC | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 4.91, \\ & \$ 5.66 \end{aligned}$ | SERIAL INPUT WITH LATCH, PARALLEL OUTPUT. 9553,9555 PINOUTS ARE REVERSE OF 9554, 9556. 9553, 9554 HANDLE 60V, 9555, 9556 HANDLE 90V. |
| GENERAL | SILICONIX | . 9559 | 10 MHz | DC EL MATRIX CONSTANT-CURRENT COLUMN DRIVER | D/CMOS <br> 44-LEAD PLCC | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NA } \\ & \text { NA } \end{aligned}$ | SERIAL INPUT WITH LATCH, PARALLEL OUTPUT. PROGRAMMABLE RIGHT OR LEFT SHIFT. |
| GENERAL | SMC | $\begin{aligned} & 9600-\text { STD } \\ & 9602-012 \end{aligned}$ |  | - | NMOS 40-PIN DIP 44-LEAD PLCC 28-PIN DIP 28-LEAD PLCC | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 8.80 \\ & \$ 7.30 \end{aligned}$ | ASCII VERSIONS OF 9600 AND 9602 KEY BOARD ENCODERS. NMOS SAID TO BE SUPERIOR TO CMOS FOR ESD RESISTANCE, 3000 TO 4000 V . |
| GENERAL | MICROCHIP TECHNOLOGY | AY04381 | 1.5 MHz | 32 LCD SEGMENTS | $\begin{gathered} \text { CMOS } \\ 3 \text { TO 10V } \end{gathered}$ | \$3.38 | SERIAL INPUT. |
| GENERAL | CYBERNETIC MICROSYSTEMS | CY325 | - | 8 ROWS $\times 40$ CHARACTERS, $64 \times 240-$ PIXEL GRAPHICS. UP TO 256 BUILT-IN WINDOWS WITH FIRMWARE PROVIDING EASY-TO-USE HIGHLEVEL COMMANDS. | CMOS 5 V 40-PIN DIP | \$50 | LCD WINDOWS CONTROLLER. (80C51 $\mu \mathrm{C}$ WITH PROPRIETARY CODE). 8 SOFT KEYS FOR MENU RESPONSE, ETC. |

## $\bar{N}=$ NOT APPLICABLE $=$ NOT AVAILABLE <br> NA $=$ NOT AVAILABLE

THE VOLUME OF AVAILABLE SUPPORT CHIPS PREVENTS INCLUSION OF ALL APPROPRIATE DEVICES IN THIS DIRECTORY. FOR MORE INFORMATION, REFER TO THE MANUFACTURER/PRODUCT LISTING AT THE BEGINNING OF THE DIRECTORY.

## 3E POWER DRIVERS AND CONTROLLERS

MANY OF THESE DEVICES CAN DRIVE THE INDUCTIVE LOADS OF ELECTROMECHANICAL MACHINERY. NEW EMPHASIS IS TO MAKE THEM "SMART," INCORPORATING SELF-CONTROL AND ABILITY TO FEED BACK INFORMATION TO HOST $\mu$ P. NEW SEMICONDUCTOR TECHNOLOGIES SUCH AS BIMOS, BiCMOS, ETC, ARE BEING EXPLORED.

| ${ }_{\mu} \mathrm{P}$ BUS COMPATIBILITY | SUPPLIER | MODEL | KEY SPECIFICATIONS |  | TECHNOLOGY/ PACKAGE | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PRICE } \\ & (100) \end{aligned}$ | COMMENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | OUTPUT SPEED | OTHER FEATURES |  |  |  |
| GENERAL | SPRAGUE | UCN5804B | - | 1.25A, 35V OUT | BiMOS 16-PIN DIP | \$2.65 | UNIPOLAR STEPPER MOTOR TRANSLATOR/ DRIVER WITH TRANSIENT SUPPRESSION. |
| GENERAL | SPRAGUE | UCN5871B UCN5871EB | - | 1A, 45V OUT | BiMOS 22-PIN DIP. 44-LEAD PLCC | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 4.36 \\ & \$ 4.56 \end{aligned}$ | TRANSLATOR/DRIVERS FOR BIPOLAR STEPPER MOTORS. |
| GENERAL | SPRAGUE | UDN2987A | - | $350 \mathrm{~mA}, 35 \mathrm{~V}$ OUT | BIPOLAR 20-PIN DIP | \$1.69 | 8-CHANNEL SOURCE DRIVER WITH OVERCURRENT PROTECTION AND FAULT FLAG. |
| GENERAL | SPRAGUE | UDN2543B | - | $700 \mathrm{~mA}, 25 \mathrm{~V}$ OUT | BIPOLAR <br> 16-PIN DIP | \$2.47 | 4-CHANNEL DRIVER, FULLY PROTECTED FOR INCANDESCENT AND INDUCTIVE LOADS. |
| GENERAL | SPRAGUE | UDN2931B UDN2931W | - | $\pm 2 \mathrm{~A}, 15 \mathrm{~V}$ OUT | $\begin{aligned} & \text { BIPOLAR } \\ & \text { 22-PIN DIP } \\ & \text { 12-PIN SIP } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 3.76 \\ & \$ 4.03 \end{aligned}$ | 3-PHASE BRUSHLESS MOTOR POWER DRIVERS, SATURATING OUTPUTS WITH TRANSIENT PROTECTION. |
| GENERAL | SPRAGUE | UCN5801A UCN5801EP | - | $350 \mathrm{~mA}, 50 \mathrm{~V}$ OUT | BiMOS 22-PIN DIP 28-LEAD PLCC | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 1.81 \\ & \$ 2.07 \end{aligned}$ | 8-BIT LATCHED DRIVERS WITH OUTPUT SUPPRESSION. $5-\mathrm{MHz}$ BUS SPEED. |
| GENERAL | IXYS | IXDP610 | 0 TO $300-\mathrm{kHz}$ SWITCHING FREQUENCY | BUS-COMPATIBLE DIGITAL PWM CONTROLLER. 7- OR 8-BIT RESOLUTION. PROGRAMMABLE DEAD TIME AND PROTECTION AGAINST HARDWAREI SOFTWARE FAILURES. | $\begin{gathered} \text { CMOS } \\ \text { 18-PIN } \\ \text { SLIM DIP } \end{gathered}$ | \$8.42 | ACCEPTS COMMANDS FROM $\mu$ P AND GEN ERATES TWO COMPLEMENTARY OUTPUTS FOR CONTROL OF POWER BRIDGE. $20-\mathrm{mA}$ TTL OUT |
| GENERAL | SILICONIX | D-469 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 100-nSEC } \\ \text { PROP DELAY } \end{gathered}$ | 500-mA SOURCE AND SINK OUTPUTS (2\% DUTY CYCLE). TTL LOGIC INPUTS. H-BRIDGE DRIVER. | CMOS 5, 14V 14-PIN CIP | \$2.92 | QUAD "MOSPOWER" DRIVER, INVERT AND NONINVERT INPUTS. LOW ON-RESISTANCE OUTPUTS. |

$\bar{N}=$ NOT APPLICABLE
NA $=$ NOT AVAILABLE
THE VOLUME OF AVAILABLE SUPPORT CHIPS PREVENTS INCLUSION OF ALL APPROPRIATE DEVICES IN THIS DIRECTORY. FOR MORE INFORMATION, REFER TO THE MANUFACTURER/PRODUCT LISTING AT THE BEGINNING OF THE DIRECTORY.

## TABLE 4- $\mu$ Ps AND $\mu$ P-LIKE CHIPS

THE ULTIMATE IN FLEXIBILITY, THESE GENERAL-PURPOSE $\mu$ CS AND $\mu$ PS ARE INCLUDED HERE BECAUSE THEY ARE SO WIDELY USED IN LIEU OF THE DEDICATED CONTROLLER CHIPS LISTED IN OTHER TABLES OF DIRECTORY (FOR EXAMPLE, THE $8051{ }_{\mu} \mathrm{K}$ C-LIKE ITS FORERUNNER, THE 8048 -IS WIDELY USED IN LIEU OF THE KEYBOARD CONTROLLERS OF TABLE 3D). THE CURRENT TREND IS THE USE OF MORE POWERFUL 16 -BIT AND EVEN 32-BIT $\mu$ PI $\mu$ Cs FOR SOPHISTICATED PEERIPHERALS LIKE LASER PRINTERS.

| U |  |  |  | KEY SPECIFICATIONS |  |  |  | TECHNOLOGY/ PACKAGE | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PRICE } \\ & (100) \end{aligned}$ | COMMENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| COMPATIBILITY | SUPPLIER | MODEL | SPEED | ROM | RAM | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { PORT } \\ & \text { (BITS) } \end{aligned}$ | TIMER (BITS) |  |  |  |
| GENERAL 8 BITS | INTEL | UPI-452 87C452 | 12, 16 MHz | 8k×(8) EPROM | $256 \times(8)$ | 40 | 2×16 | CMOS 5 V 68-PIN PGA PLCC | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 70 \\ & \text { NOW } \end{aligned}$ | $80 \mathrm{C} 51 \mu$ C PLUS 128-BYTE 2-CHANNEL BIDIRECTIONAL FIFO BUFFER AND 2-CHANNEL DMA. |
| GENERAL 8 BITS | AMD | $\begin{aligned} & 80 C 321 \\ & 80 C 521 \\ & 87 C 521 \end{aligned}$ | 12, 16 MHz | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ \text { (ROMLESS) } \\ 8 \mathrm{k} \times(8) \\ \text { ROM } \\ \text { EPROM } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $256 \times$ (8) | 4×(8) | $2 \times(16)$ (WATCHDOG) | $\begin{gathered} \text { CMOS } 5 \mathrm{~V} \\ \text { 4-P-PIN } \\ \text { 44-PIN PLCC } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 8.85 \\ & \text { NOW } \\ & \$ 8.50 \\ & \text { (1k QTY) } \\ & \text { NA } \end{aligned}$ | ENHANCEMENT OF INTEL $8051 \mu$ C. FEATURES FAILSAFE WATCHDOG TIMER AND EXTRA DATA POINTER. |
| GENERAL 8 BIT | NATIONAL SIERRA | COP800 | $1-\mu$ SEC INSTR CYCLE | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1k TO } 4 \mathrm{k} \\ & \text { (ALSO } \\ & \text { (EEPROM) } \end{aligned}$ | 64 TO 192 (ALSO EEPROM) | 16 TO 36 | $\begin{gathered} 16 \\ \text { (ALSO } \\ \text { WATCHDOG } \\ \text { AND IDLE) } \end{gathered}$ | cMOS <br> 2.5 TO 6.0V 20- TO $40-\mathrm{PIN}$ DIP AND SURFACEMOUNT | $\$ 0.99$ TO $\$ 13$ IN VOLUME; AVAILABLE NOW | SAID TO BE 8-BIT VERSION OF ORIGINAL 4-BIT COP BUT DIFFERENT ARCHITECTURAL DETAILS AND INSTRUCTION SET. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 6800 \\ & 8 \text { BIT } \end{aligned}$ | MOTOROLA RCA | 68 HC 805 C 4 <br> $68 \mathrm{HC805C8}$ | 2.0 MHz | $4 \mathrm{k} \times(8)$ EEPROM $8 \mathrm{k} \times(8)$ EEPROM | $176 \times(8)$ | $\begin{gathered} 32 \\ 4 \times(8) \end{gathered}$ | 1×(16) | $\begin{gathered} \text { CMOS } 5 \mathrm{~V} \\ 40-\mathrm{PIN} \\ 44-\text { PIN PLCC } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 49.50 \\ & \text { NOW } \\ & \text { NA } \end{aligned}$ | EEPROM VERSIONS OF 68HC805C4 AND 68 HC 05 C 8. |
| GENERAL 8 BITS | TI | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TMS } \\ & 370 \times \times 0 \end{aligned}$ | 20 MHz | 4k TO 16k | $\begin{aligned} & 128 \\ & 256 \\ & 512 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 22 \\ 55 \\ \text { (INCLUD- } \\ \text { ING } \\ \text { UART) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $2 \times 16$ 24 WATCHDOG |  | $\begin{gathered} \$ 3 \\ \$ 7 \\ \$ 4.50 \\ \text { TO } \$ 10 \\ \text { SAMPLES } \end{gathered}$ | HIGH-END 8 -BIT $\mu$ C. OPTIONAL 8-BIT, 8-CHANNEL A/D. ADDITIONAL LARGE CHIP WITH EEPROM PROGRAM MEMORY IS DEVELOPMENT TOOL. |
| GENERAL 16 BIT | NATIONAL | 16040 | 17, 20 MHz | 2k×(16) | $128 \times(16)$ | 52 | $8 \times(16)$ | CMOS 5V 68-PIN PCC LCC, PGA | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 10 \\ & \text { NOW } \end{aligned}$ | 16-BIT CONTROLLER WITH UART AND MICROWIRE SERIAL PORTS |
| GENERAL 32 BIT | $\begin{aligned} & \text { VLSI } \\ & \text { TECCH } \end{aligned}$ | 86 C 010 ARM | $\begin{gathered} 8 \mathrm{MHz} \\ (4 \mathrm{MIPS}) \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \times(32) \\ & \text { REGISTER } \\ & \text { FILE } \end{aligned}$ | - | - | CMOS 5V 88 -PIN LCC | $\stackrel{\$ 30}{(I N \text { VOL) }}$ NOW | 32 BIT $\mu$ P. EXAMPLE OF NEW RISC ARCHITECTURE SAID TO MAKE FOR SIIMPLICITY AND LOW COST WITH 32-BIT PERFORMANCE. WILL PROBABLY BE USED FOR SUPPORT SUBSYSTEMS. |
| GENERAL 32 BIT | INTEL | 80960 KA, 80960 KB, 80960 MC | $\begin{gathered} 20 \mathrm{MHz} \\ \text { (7.5 VAX } \\ \text { MIPS, } 15 \mathrm{k} \\ \text { DHRY) } \end{gathered}$ | - | $32 \times 32$ REGISTERS, 512 CACHE | - | - | CMOS 5V 132-LEAD PGA | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \$ 390 \\ \$ 174 \\ \text { \$2400 } \\ \text { MILITARY } \\ \text { KA. NOW; } \\ \text { KB, } 4 \text { QTR } \end{array}$ | RISC-TYPE $\mu$ P WITH OPTION OF ON-CHIP FLOATING PT. ITS PERFORMANCE SAID NEEDED FOR SUPPORT FUNCTIONS LIKE LASER-PRINTER CONTROL. |

$=$ NOT APPLICABLE
NA $=$ NOT AVALLABLE
THE VOLUME OF AVAILABLE SUPPORT CHIPS PREVENTS INCLUSION OF ALL APPROPRIATE DEVICES IN THIS DIRECTORY. FOR MORE INFORMATION, REFER TO THE MANUFACTURER/PRODUCT LISTING AT THE BEGINNING OF THE DIRECTORY

## Our New <br> 68020 VME SBC Gives You a Port for any Storm

## OB68K/VSBC20 ${ }^{\text {m" }}$ with OMNIMODULES ${ }^{\text {m }}$

You work hard to find a 68020 single board computer that meets your I/O requirements. If you can't find one, your design and budget could be in trouble.
Our OB68K/VSBC20 with its OMNIMODULE modular I/O, adjusts to meet your I/O needs. It can give you just the right type for your specific application. It can even accommodate last minute changes in your I/O requirements. The OB68KIVSBC20's OMNIMODULE socket allows you to add more ports, through plug in I/O modules. You can add 2 more serial ports or 20 more lines of parallel I/O. Specialized interfaces such as GPIB or SCSI can also be added. Our prototyping module even allows you to implement custom I/O. And with an OMNIMODULE on board, the OB68KJVSBC20 still uses only one slot.
In addition to its modular I/O, the OB68K/VSBC20 comes standard with 2 RS232C async serial ports and a 16 -bit parallel port. The OMNIMODULE and on board serial $1 / O$ is brought out to your choice of front panel or P2 connector. On board parallel I/O is brought out to the P2 connector only.
The OB68K/VSBC20 is fast and flexible with a 12.5 MHz 68020 standard ( 16.7 and 25 MHz optional). Its 1 MB of parity-protected dual-access, low cost dynamic RAM operates at 0 -wait-states even at 16.7 MHz!

Additional features include:

- 68881 or 68882 Math Co-Processor (optional).
- (2) 32-pin ROM sockets (up to 256 KB ).


# NOW, TOTALLY INTEGRATED SCOPE-ANALYZER-STIMULUS TO SOLVE YOUR TOUGH ANALOG AND DIGITAL PROBLEMS. 



Omnilab display demonstrates capture of an
imbedded analog glitch (in top trace) with time-aligned presentation of the waveform's digitized bit values (center) and numeric states.

# Introducing OmniLab 9240 for interactive analog/timing/state analysis. 

- Combine a 100 MHz digital oscilloscope with a time-aligned, $200 \mathrm{MS} / \mathrm{s} 48$-channel logic analyzer. Next add synchronized analog and digital stimulus generators. Then a remarkable new triggering system. What you have is the 9240 - a whole new class of instrumentation. Expressly designed to speed challenging analog and digital analysis. And get you from concept to product faster.
- The 9240 is based on an innovative new instrument architecture that merges high-speed universal hardware and seamlessly integrated software to create high-performance capabilities not available in separate instruments. Analog and digital traces are always time-correlated in a unique, single screen display. SELECT ${ }^{\text {m }}$ triggering bridges scope and analyzer techniques. And OmniLab's stimulus generators can playback captured or edited signals.
- At the heart of the 9240 is SELECT triggering, the most straightforward and complete solution ever to triggering dilemmas. It's one system, operating with synchronized analog and digital views of your data. By combining conventional oscilloscope and analyzer triggering with powerful RAM truth tables - plus $\min /$ max time qualification as needed - SELECT triggering helps you analyze hardware, debug software, and integrate systems more easily.
- OmniLab ${ }^{m}$ is a generation ahead of conventional digital scopes that often hide rarely occurring faults because they only show you a few cycles out of millions. With its continuous monitoring, you can use SELECT triggering to quickly catch every occurrence


SELECT triggering on a rare
event. Using Trigger Options and Event Library from the popup panel (at bottom), a trigger is selected to capture a dropout occurring when a disk drive index signal is below threshold for toolong.


Logic timing analysis (top) of entire sequence for writing data to a floppy disk. Scope simultaneously displays detailed amplitude and multichannel timing information (bottom).

| NO-COMPROMISE 9240 SPECIFICATIONS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DIEITAL OSCILLOSCOPE |  | LOGIC ANALYZER |  |
| Digitizers: <br> Bandwidth: <br> Single-Shot Digitizing: Repetitive Sampling: Scale Factor: <br> Record Length: | Two, 8 bit <br> 100 MHz <br> 34 S/s to $204 \mathrm{MS} / \mathrm{s}$ <br> $680 \mathrm{MS} / \mathrm{s}$ <br> $5 \mathrm{mV} /$ divto $10 \mathrm{~V} /$ div <br> in $1-2-5$ sequence <br> 4 K (16K, 64 K optional) | Inputs: <br> Asynchronous Clocking: <br> Repetitive Sampling: Synchronous Clocking: Acquisition Memory: Disassembly Options: | 48 , timing and state $34 \mathrm{MS} / \mathrm{s}$ on 48 inputs; <br> $204 \mathrm{MS} /$ son 8 inputs <br> $680 \mathrm{MS} / \mathrm{s}$ on 48 inputs 0 to $34 \mathrm{MS} / \mathrm{s}$ <br> 4 K samples (16K, 64 K optional) Over 150 microprocessors |
| ANALOG STIMULUS |  | DIGITAL STIMULUS |  |
| Output: <br> Cycle Length: <br> Clocking: <br> Functions: | 8 mV to 8 V peak-to-peak, 8 bit 4 to 4 K samples ( 16 K optional) $34 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{s}$ to $34 \mathrm{MS} / \mathrm{s}$ Record, edit and playback | Outputs: <br> Cycle Length: <br> Timing: <br> Functions: | 24,74F tri-state drivers 4 to 4 K samples $\ 16 \mathrm{~K}$ optional 34S/s to 34MS/s Record, edit and playback |

- For more information, call toll free $\mathbf{8 0 0} / \mathbf{2 4 5 - 8 5 0 0}$. In CA: 415/361-8883. Or write for complete literature.

INSTRUMENTS
702 Marshall Street, Redwood City, CA 94063
TELEX: 530942 FAX: 415/361-8970
Computer Integrated Instrumentation
*Omnilab and SELECT are trademarks of Orion Instruments, Inc.



## Design Concept Through Fabrication in Just 5 Days!

That's fast. But are there any surprises? Certainly! Unilayer II starts with a pre-manufactured universal board module and adds computerized discrete wiring, zero-profile contacts, and $100 \%$ continuity testing. And - here's the surprise! - there's no drawn-out design cycle, no time-consuming artwork generation, no lengthy manufacturing process. That's why it's so fast.


## Lean and Mean Tooling Costs!

How lean? Tooling charges for Unilayer II are typically $90 \%$ less than multilayer. And, since the discrete wires are laminated to pre-built board modules, there's no artwork to be generated. That means minimum upfront charges and rapid-fire delivery with Unilayer II.


## Plug In Your Components!

Stuffing your board is a breeze. All Unilayer II boards are provided with zero-profile Holtite contacts, so you can plug your IC's directly into the board, without soldering and without creating a higher profile. Just plug in your components for smooth skating.

## Roll In Your Database Electronically!

It's easy - just have your computer talk to our computer. Your schematic can be transmitted directly via modem from your CAE workstation to our VAX ${ }^{\text {® }}$ computers. So implementing your Unilayer II design can be as simple as dialing a phone.


## Want to know more? now more.



[^6]

40 Perry Avenue, P.O. Box 1037, Attleboro, MA 02703 (617)222-2202 FAX (617)226-5257 TWX 710-391-0644

# Asynchronous state machines challenge digital designers 

Part 1 of this 2-part series provided a brief refresher of the basic theory of state machines and gave two detailed examples of synchronous state-machine design with common PLDs. This article, part 2, continues with an example of a more difficult, asynchronous state machine. Part 2 also gives some background information on state-machine software packages and details a PLD whose architecture suits large state machines.

Stan Kopec, Altera Corp
Implementing state-machine designs in programmablelogic devices (PLDs) can solve some irksome controllogic design problems. If you elect to perform asynchronous state-machine design, however, be advised that it's more difficult than its synchronous counterpart. You should embark on an asynchronous state-machine design only when your application gives you no other choice.

Asynchronous state machines, by definition, will respond to any allowable input. Thus, they're susceptible to interference, noise, and glitches. Further, they require you to pay close attention to state assignment. Although careful state assignment is helpful but not critical in synchronous state-machine design, in asynchronous state machines it's crucial.

What's more, asynchronous designs are very sensitive to mismatched delays, races, and hazards. A race is


Fig 1-This bus arbiter for the IBM PS/2 Micro Channel bus accepts DMA requests from external devices and then strives to gain control of the bus.
a series of successive states that occurs during a state transition. A hazard occurs whenever more than one state variable changes at a time, resulting in unwanted transient states or potential decoding-logic glitches.
The problem of asynchronous state-machine design is evident in Fig 1, which shows a bus arbiter for the IBM Micro Channel (the bus for the company's PS/2 computers). The arbiter, $\mathbf{M}_{3}$, has eight states. Fig 2 a shows the state diagram for the bus arbiter. The inputs are ARB/GNT, PREIN, WIN, CHRESET, FAIR,

If you're implementing an asynchronous state machine in which the input-to-output delays are critical, you may want to put the intermediate states to work.

BRSTREQ, and BUSREQ; the outputs are PREOUT, BUSGNT, BURST and ENARB.

The arbiter operates as follows. Peripheral logic asserts the BUSREQ (single-cycle) or BRSTREQ (block-transfer) lines to request use of the Micro Channel. The arbiter state machine $\left(\mathrm{M}_{3}\right)$ responds by asserting PREOUT to the Micro Channel. In response, the PS/2's $\mu \mathrm{P}$ asserts ARB/GNT, indicating that arbitration has begun. $\mathrm{M}_{3}$ asserts ENARB to place its arbitration priority on the bus. If the bus value matches its priority when ARB goes low, the arbiter has won the bus, and it proceeds to transfer data after asserting BUSGNT. If the priorities do not match, the arbiter has lost and must wait for another arbitration cycle. During block transfers, the arbiter asserts BURST.

Because the state variables in asynchronous machines are sensitive to glitches, changing only one state variable at a time proves to be a good rule of thumb.

When you look at $\mathrm{M}_{3}$, you might assume that it requires only three state variables because it has eight states. In fact, $\mathrm{M}_{3}$ requires six state variables to satisfy all the state adjacencies. You determine adjacencies by listing each state with the states connected to it by arrows in the state diagram. To make adjacent states differ by only one state variable, you may need to insert intermediate states (Fig 2b).

In an asynchronous-machine design, you should decode invalid state-variable combinations to make the design more reliable. If the logic decodes an invalid state, it should reset the machine to an IDLE condition or an ERROR state. Thus, even if the machine misbehaves, at least it can't run amok.

Fig 3 (pg 184) shows the transition equations for $\mathrm{M}_{3}$. $\mathrm{M}_{3}$ is a Moore design. Its p-term requirements range from two to 14. If you used PLDs having eight p-term

Text continued on pg 184


Fig 2-The state-transition-diagram in $\boldsymbol{a}$ is the formal definition of the bus-arbitration handshake for the IBM Micro Channel bus. The diagram in $\boldsymbol{b}$ has an extra intermediate state so that the $M_{s}$ state machine will operate without glitches. Note that $M_{j}$ requires six state variables, instead of only three, to specify the eight required states. The extra variables are needed to satisfy the requirement that each state transition change only one state variable.

## State-machine software speeds design

State machine and general-purpose PLD-design software can automate many of the rote tasks associated with state-machine design. Fig A shows the major blocks of such a package. Because some of these software packages minimize logic func-tions-for example, by selecting deMorgan's inversion where ap-propriate-they can save you considerable time and effort. Some state-machine packages will also try different flip-flop types in a quest for the minimal implementation (your target PLD must have these flip-flop types, of course).

Some of these software packages also allow high-level functional descriptions. For example, high-level syntax for state machines means that you can enter
statements for transition specifications rather than transition equations. By automatically generating the transition equations from the high-level description, the software packages save you much error-prone rote work as you try out different state assignments.

The software tools can further aid in your design effort by automatically reducing these initial equations to a minimal form.
JEDEC-file assembly from these minimal equations is a straightforward translation.

These packages also provide a simple functional simulation-or, less frequently, a timing simula-tion-from the JEDEC-file description of your state machine. You can typically compile a state-machine design and simu-
late it on your PC in minutes with any of this software. This relatively rapid iteration cycle is of particular value when you formulate your machine design, because complex control flows are prone to designer error. Seeing your machine's operation in an interactive simulation environment allows you to work the bugs out quickly before you go to the lab to make a breadboard.
Existing PLD-design tools don't handle tasks such as statevariable assignment for you. Neither do they detect or report races and hazards (asynchronous state-machine designers, watch out!). Mealy-to-Moore conversion is also left to you. These areas are where the art of state-machine design begins.


Fig A-State-machine and general-purpose PLD-design software can automate many of the rote tasks associated with state-machine design.

## New PLD architecture suits large state machines

The EPS448 SAM (stand-alone microsequencer) is a 28 -pin, CMOS EPROM-based chip (Fig A). It has a 768 -p-term pro-grammable-logic block for selecting one of four state-machine branches per state. It also includes 16 k bits of microcode/ state EPROM, an 8 -bit loop counter, and a 15 -level stack.
Functionally, you can consider the device to be a microcoded, instruction-based engine under the direction of a master pro-grammable-logic block that determines branches.
The SAM's architecture implements a synchronous Moore state machine. A SAM can implement state machines with as many as 448 states. The device's 36 -bit $\times 448$-word microprogram/ state memory is organized into two sections: One section is one word wide for straight-line, unconditional sequences, and one section is four words wide for branching sequences.

Each microcode word has fields for the state of the de-
vice's outputs, a 3 -state enable bit, an op code, and arguments for the op code. The arguments for the op code are the location in the microprogram memory of the next state to be jumped to, and, optionally, constants.
The branch-logic block combines the device's eight inputs and its present state (one of two 8 -bit fields in the currently addressed word in the microprogram/state memory) to select one of four next states from among those in a branching-sequence memory location. Further, the SAM is unlike conventional PLDs in that its hold-state transitions consume no p-terms.
True to its microcoded architecture, the SAM can also perform functions more akin to those of a $\mu \mathrm{P}$ than to those of a classical state machine. For example, it can nest subroutines and execute timing loops. With the 8 -bit, 256 -state loop counter, in combination with the stack, you can generate arbitrarily long output-signal durations.


Fig A-The EPS448 SAM (stand-alone microsequencer) has a 768 p-term program-mable-logic block for selecting one of four state-machine branches per state. Operating as a bit-slice processor does, the SAM also includes 16 k bits of microcodelstate EPROM, an 8-bit loop counter, and a 15 -level stack.

The SAM has a primitive instruction set with which you can invoke the counter and stack at required points in the state-machine flow. The instructions include call, return, push counter, load counter, decrement, and test counter. You can use these instruction-based operations in conjunction with the program-mable-branch logic.
The counter in the SAM has several potential uses in applications such as the synchronous DMA controller ( $\mathrm{M}_{1}$ ) and the synchronous bus controller ( $\mathrm{M}_{2}$ ) detailed in part 1 of this series (Ref 1). A bus-timeout function could force the termination of a bus cycle when READY does not occur within a specified time. If block data transfers involve a fixed-length (nonprogrammable) block of data, the counter could replace the external byte counter. To limit bus hogging, $\mathrm{M}_{1}$ might transfer 16 -byte subblocks, release the bus, and then request it again after some interval.

The stack on SAM could be used similarly to enhance $\mathrm{M}_{1}$ 's and $M_{2}$ 's functioning. In a singleSAM implementation, $\mathrm{M}_{2}$ could be a submachine (slave machine) called by $\mathrm{M}_{1}$ to execute bus cycles. In this case, the stack would store the present state of the calling state machine, $\mathrm{M}_{1}$. When it finished its bus cycle, $\mathrm{M}_{2}$ would execute a return in order to restore $\mathrm{M}_{1}$ to control of the SAM.

You can also use the stack to create extended timing loops when modulo 256 is too short. By nesting loops and using the counter, you can construct loops as long as $256^{15}$ iterations. In addition to subroutine nesting and timer loops, the stack can also store data. A sequencer supporting two or more independent DMA channels could use the stack for the temporary storage
and swapping of channel parameters, for example.

You can use multiple SAMs in parallel to increase the outputline count or to implement multichip controllers. Like memory chips, the architecture lends itself to modular expansion in both output width and microprogram depth.

Given the complexity of its architecture and the size of the de-
sign problems it addresses, the SAM requires high-level design software. The vendor's SAM + software package can automatically compile your machine description from a text file. You can use high-level IF statements for state-machine transitions in conjunction with assembly-level SAM instructions that use counter and stack. You specify state outputs as vectors without
worrying about logic or p-terms. Fig B shows a SAM specification for $M_{1}$.

## Reference

1. Kopec, Stan, "State machines solve control-sequence problems," EDN, May 26, 1988, pg 177.
```
SAM M1 DESIGN
PART:
EPS448
INPUTS: BCO,STARTX,GRANT, DREQ,IO,SRC8,DST8, DONECYC
OUTPUTS: REQBUS, XDONE,DECB1,DECB2,DECS1,DECS2,DECD1,DECD2, R16S,
R16D, R8S , R8D, SWAP
PROGRAM:
```

```
A: [ 00 00 00 00 0000 0] JUMP B;
B: IF STARTX*IO' THEN [10 00 00 00 0000 0) JUMP D;
    ELSEIF STARTX*IO THEN [00 00 00 00 0000 0] JUMP C;
    ELSE [ [00 00 00 00 0000 0] JUMP B;
C: IF DREQ THEN [10 00 00 00 0000 0]JUMP D;
    ELSE [00 00 00 00 0000 0]JUMP C;
D: IF GRANT*SRC8' THEN [00 01 01 00 1000 0]JUMP I;
    ELSEIF GRANT*SRC8 THEN [00 01 10 00 0010 0]JUMP E;
    ELSE [10 00 00 00 0000 0]JUMP D;
E: IF DONECYC*DREQ THEN [00 00 10 00 0010 1]JUMP F;
    ELSE [00 01 10 00 0010 0]JUMP E;
F: IF DONECYC THEN [00 00 00 01 0100 0]JUMP G;
    ELSE [00 00 10 00 0010 1]JUMP F;
G: IF DONECYC*BCO THEN [01 00 00 00 0000 0]JUMP A;
    ELSEIF DONECYC*BCO' THEN [00 00 00 00 0000 0]JUMP H;
    ELSE [00 00 00 01 0100 0]JUMP G;
H: IF DREQ THEN [00 00 10 00 0010 1]JUMP E;
    ELSE [00 00 00 00 0000 0]JUMP H;
I: IF DONECYC*DST8 THEN [00 00 00 10 0001 0]JUMP J;
    ELSEIF DONECYC*DST8' THEN [00 00 00 01 0100 0]JUMP M;
    ELSE [00 01 01 00 1000 0]JUMP I;
J: IF DONECYC*DREQ THEN [00 00 00 10 0001 1]JUMP K;
    ELSE [00 00 00 10 0001 0]JUMP J;
K: IF DONECYC*BCO THEN [01 00 00 00 0000 0]JUMP A;
    ELSEIF DONECYC*IO*BCO' THEN [00 00 00 00 0000 0]JUMP L;
    ELSE [00 00 00 10 0001 1]JUMP K;
L: IF DREQ THEN [00 01 01 00 1000 0]JUMP I;
    ELSE [00 00 00 00 0000 0]JUMP L;
M: IF DONECYC*IO*BCO' THEN [00 00 00 00 0000 0]JUMP L;
    ELSEIF DONECYC*IO'*BCO' THEN [00 01 01 00 1000 0]JUMP I;
    ELSEIF DONECYC*BCO THEN [01 00 00 00 0000 0]JUMP A;
    ELSE [00 00 00 01 0100 0]JUMP M;
```

Fig B-This high-level SAM specification for the $M_{1}$ bus arbiter from part 1 of this series shows the proprietary IF-statement entry format for state transitions. To program for the chip's counter and stack, you must use assembly language.

> Because some PLD-design software packages perform minimization of logic functions, they can save you considerable time and effort.
macrocells, you would have to cascade macrocells to handle some of the state variables. A variable p-term device ( 22 V 10, EP1210) or a PLD with p-term redistribution (EP512) could handle this requirement directly. PLA devices would also provide a good result, because $\mathrm{M}_{3}$ requires a total of 40 or fewer $p$-terms.

You implement asynchronous-state-machine state variables in combinatorial macrocells. Inserting intermediate states has the effect of adding another logicarray delay to your state transitions. Fig 4 shows the PLD timing model for an asynchronous state machine. Note that the change in $Q_{0}$ takes the machine to an intermediate state and that this transition then triggers a change in $Q_{1}$ before the state machine makes the
transition to the final state. This cascading means that a double state transition is actually occurring, and the extra $\mathrm{T}_{\text {ARRAY }}$ delay shown in the FREQUENCY equation is the result.
Delays for outputs from asynchronous machines are referenced to the appropriate inputs. Outputs typically become valid within one propagation delay ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{PD}}$ ) of a new state's stabilizing. Because no central clock exists, you can't register outputs to minimize skews, as you can in synchronous machines.

If you're implementing an asynchronous state machine in which the input-to-output delays are critical, you may want to put those intermediate states to work. Normally, in a Moore machine, outputs are associated

```
                    M3 State Assignment and Transition Equations
```



```
        10010X*BUSREQ*WIN*ARB/-GNT + 100001)*CHRESET' (5 TERMS)
Q1 = (1100X0*ARB/-GNT*FAIR*BRSTREQ + 100010 + 1000X1*ARB/-GNT)*CHRESET'
                            (3 TERMS)
Q2 = (000x00*(BUSREQ+BRSTREQ) + X01100 + 100100 +
    100101*ARB/-GNT'*WIN' + 100101*ARB/-GNT*(BUSREQ+BRSTREQ) +
    000101)*CHRESET'
                            (8 TERMS)
Q3 = (00X100*(BUSREQ+BRSTREQ))*CHRESET'
                            (2 TERMS)
Q4 = (1X0100*BRSTREQ*WIN*ARB/-GNT + 110000*FAIR'*BRSTREQ' +
    110000*(ARB/-GNT+FAIR*BRSTREQ') + 110000*PREIN')*CHRESET'
                            (5 TERMS)
Q5 = (X01100*(BUSREQ+BRSTREQ) + 100100*ARB/-GNT'*WIN' +
    10010X*ARB/-GNT*(BUSREQ+BRSTREQ) + 1X0100*BRSTREQ*WIN*ARB/-GNT +
    1100x0*(ARB/-GNT+FAIR*BRSTREQ') + 1X0000*(FAIR+BRSTREQ) +
    100010*PREIN + 100101*BUSREQ*WIN*ARB/-GNT' +
    1000X1*BUSREQ + 110000*PREIN)*CHRESET'
    (14 TERMS)
```

Fig 3-Given the state assignments in Fig 2b, these transition equations result for $M_{3} . M_{s}$ is a Moore machine.

# OUR GAK P'PROUS CNE YOUALCEHE TO... 

## Existing PLD-design tools don't bandle

such tasks as state-variable assignment for
you.


Fig 4-When you use this PLD timing model to calculate assignments in Fig 2b, these transition equations result for $M_{3} . M_{s}$ is a Moore machine.
with primary states. If you find that an output can't tolerate the added delay of the intermediate state, you can activate the output at both the intermediate state and the primary state. This assignment eliminates the added logic-array delay in generating the output, so it effectively performs an output look-ahead. Be careful, though: If you use an intermediate-state code in more than one place (as in Fig 2b's state diagram of $\mathrm{M}_{3}$, which has state 100101 in more than one place), you'll need to decode the intermediate state and the inputs to guarantee that the output will be correct.

Given this model, you can see that a PLD that implements $\mathrm{M}_{3}$ will be able to operate at

$$
\text { Frequency }=1 / \mathrm{T}_{\text {INPUT }}+\left(2 \times \mathrm{T}_{\text {ARRAY }}\right) \text {. }
$$

Therefore, a typical PLD in which $\mathrm{T}_{\text {INPUT }}=5 \mathrm{nsec}$ and $\mathrm{T}_{\text {ARRAY }}=20 \mathrm{nsec}$ will operate at approximately 22 MHz .

PLDs having a faster speed grade would give correspondingly faster frequencies.

EDN

## Author's biography

Stanley Kopec is manager of product planning for programmable logic at Altera Corp in Santa Clara, CA. He has been with Altera for three years. Prior to joining Altera, Stan worked for Exel Microelectronics, where he was in charge of $\mu P$-peripheral development. He holds a BSEE from the State University of New York at Buffa-
 lo and an MSEE from the University of Illinois. In his spare time he enjoys racquetball, skiing, and reading.

Article Interest Quotient (Circle One)
High 482 Medium 483 Low 484

## Why Wait? <br> Get On Target With A Fast Integrating ADC

fast. For example, our TSC850 analog-to-digital converter, with 16 bits of resolution, operates at 40 conversions per second-fifteen times faster than previous technology!

Our new multiple-slope conversion technique retains all the benefits integrating converters are famous for; noise rejection, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ normal mode rejection, superb differential linearity, automatic zero error correction... while the limitations of slow dual-slope converters are gone forever.

Consider the features of the TSC850. Low 20 mW power dissipation, convenient $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ supply operation, 96 dB dynamic range, $100 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ sensitivity, over range bit plus 191 count extended measurement range, differential ratiometric reference input, three state binary output bus interface, and PLCC surface mount or DIP package options.

TSC850 samples and production volume are ready now. Full details and the data sheet are available by calling our 800 HOTLINE number shown below. Ask for Application Note 23-and discover how 16-bit dynamic range eliminates costly precision analog components in 12-bit systems.


For monolithic CMOS technology with highest quality and maximum reliability, choose TELEDYNE SEMICONDUCTOR and benefit from 27 years of dependable service and quality production.

Patent pending.

## ATTELEDYNE SEMICONDUCTOR

1-800-888-9966
415-968-9241
1300 Terra Bella Avenue
Mountain View, CA 94039
TWX 910/379-6494
FAX 415/967-1590

# Choose Teledyne First! 

AUTHORIZED DISTRIBUTORS

## Alabama

Marshall Industries Huntsville, AL
(205) 881-9235

Quality Components Huntsville, AL
(205) 830-1881

## Arizona

Future/Cetec Electronics
Phoenix, AZ
(602) 968-7140

Marshall Industries
Phoenix, AZ
(602) 496-0290

California
All American
Torrance, CA
(213) 320-0240

All American
San Jose, CA
(408) 287-0190

Future Electronics
San Jose, CA
(408) 434-1114

Marshall Industries
Milpitas, CA
(408) 942-4600

Marshall Industries
Rancho Cordova, CA
(916) 635-9700

Future/Cetec Electronics
Chatsworth, CA
(818) 700-0914

Marshall Industries
Chatsworth, CA
(818) 407-0101

Marshall Industries
El Monte, CA
(818) 459-5500

Future/Cetec Electronics Irvine, CA
(714) 250-4141

Marshall Industries
Irvine, CA 92718
(714) 859-5050

Future/Cetec Electronics
San Diego, CA
(619) 278-5020

Marshall Industries
San Diego, CA
(619) 578-9606

Micro-Die Systems
Torrance, CA
(213) 373-0687

Florida
All American
Miami, FL
(305) 621-8282

Chip Supply
Orlando, FL
(305) 298-7100

Future Electronics
Clearwater, FL
(813) 578-2770

Future Electronics
Altamonte Springs, FL
(305) 767-8414

Marshall Industries
Ft. Lauderdale, FL
(305) 977-4880

Marshall Industries
Altemonte Springs, FL
(305) 767-8585

Marshall Industries
St. Petersburg, FL
(813) 576-1399

Quality Components
Tampa, FL
(813) 854-2614

Georgia
Future Electronics
Norcross, GA
(404) 441-7676

Marshall Industries
Norcross, GA
(404) 923-5750

Quality Components
Norcloss, GA
(404) 449-9508

## Illinois

Advent Electronics
Rosemont, IL
(312) 298-4210

Future Electronics
Schaumburg, IL
(312) 882-1255

Marshall Industries
Schaumburg, IL
(312) 490-0155

## Indiana

Advent Electronics Indianapolis IN (317) 872-4910

Marshall Industries Indianapolis, IN
(317) 297-0483

## lowa

Advent Electronics
Cedar Rapids, IA
(319) 363-0221

Marshall Industries
(913) 492-3121

All American
Rockville, Maryland
(301) 251-1205

Future Electronics
Columbia, MD
(301) 995-1222

Marshall Industries
Gaithersburg, MD
(301) 840-9450 Pyttronic Industries Savage, MD
(301) 792-0780

Massachusetts
Now Electronics
Framingham, MA
(617) 872-5876

Future Electronics
Westborough, MA
(617) $366-2400$

Marshall Industries
Wilmington, MA
(617) 658-0810

Michigan
Advent Electronics
Farmington Hill, MI
(313) 477-1650

Marshall Industries
Livonia, MI
(313) 525-5850

Future Electronics
Detroit, MI
(313) 261-5270

## Minnesota

All American
Minneapolis, MN
(612) 884-2220

Marshall Industries
Plymouth, MN
(612) 559-2255

Future Electronics
Eden Praire, MN
(612) 944-2200

Missouri
Marshall Industries
Bridgeton, MO
(314) 291-4650

New Jersey
Future Electronics
Mt. Laurel, NJ
(609) 778-7600

Marshall Industries
Mt. Laurel, NJ
(609) 234-9100

Future Electronics
Fairfield, N.J.
(201) 227-4346

Marshall Industries
Fairfield, NJ
(201) 882-0320

New York
All American
Ronkonkoma, NY
(516) 981-3935

Future Electronics
Liverpool, NY
(315) 451-2371

Future Electronics
Rochester, NY
(716) 272-1120

Marshall Industries
Hauppage, LI, NY
(516) 273-2424

Marshall Industries
Johnson City, NY
(607) 798-1611

Marshall Industries
Rochester, NY
(716) 235-7620

Future Electronics
Hauppauge, NY
(516) 234-4000

## North Carolina

Marshall Industries
Raleigh, N.C
(919) 878-9882

Quality Components
Raleigh, N.C.
(919) 876-7767

Future Electronics
Charlotte, N.C.
(704) 529-5500

Ohio
Hughes-Peters, Inc.
Cincinnati, OH
(513) 351-2000

Hughes-Peters Inc.
Columbus, OH
(614) 294-5351

Marshall Industries
Dayton, OH
(513) 898-4480

Marshall Industries
Solon, OH
(216) 248-1788

Marshall Industries
Westerville, OH
(614) 891-7580

Oklahoma
Quality Components
Tulsa, OK
(918) 664-8812

## Oregon

Cetec Future
Beaverton, OR
(503) 645-9454

Marshall
Beaverton, OR
(503) 644-5050

Pennsylvania
Marshall Industries
Pittsburgh, PA
(412) 963-0441

Pyttronic Industries
Montgomeryvill, PA
(213) 643-2850

## Texas

All American
Richardson, TX
(800) 541-1435

Future Electronics
Richardson, TX
(214) 437-2437

Marshall Industries
Austin, TX
(512) 837-1991

Marshall Industries
Carroliton, TX
(214) 233-5200

Marshall Industries
Houston, TX
(713) 895-9200

Marshall Industries
El Paso, TX
(915) 593-0706

Marshall Industries
Brownsville, TX
(512) 542-4589

Quality Components
Addison, TX
(214) 733-4300

Quality Components
Austin, TX
(512) 835-0220

Quality Components
Sugarland, TX
(713) 491-2255

## Utah

Future Electronics
Salt Lake City, UT
(801) 972-8489

Marshall Industries
Salt Lake, UT
(801) 485-1551

## Washington

Future Electronics
Redmond, WA
(206) 881-8199

Marshall Industries
Bellevue, WA
(206) 747-9100

## Wisconsin

Marshall Industries
Brookfield, WI
(414) 797-8400

Taylor Electronic Co.
Mequon, WI
(414) 241-4321

## Alberta

Future Electronics
Calgary Alberta
(403) 235-5325

Future Electronics
Edmonton, Alberta
(403) 438-2858

## British Columbia

Future Electronics
Vancouver, B.C.
(604) 294-1166

## Ontario

Future Electronics
Ottawa, Ontario
(613) 820-8313

Future Electronics
Dowsview, Ontario
(416) 638-4771

## Quebec

Future Electronics
Pointe Claire, Quebec
(514) 694-7710

Future Electronics
St. Foy, Quebec
(418) 682-5775

## Manitoba

Future Electronics
Winnipeg, Manitoba
(204) 339-0554

# Seeking <br> a +5V Supply Voltage Analog Switch? ....They Exist Here! 



Teledyne Semiconductor's TSC44X precision CMOS analog switch family sets the standard in low supply voltage switch technology. Sharing the same 5 V or $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ power supply levels modern CMOS data converters and operational amplifiers need, your designs now benefit from low 10 pA switch leakage current, 95 ohm "ON" resistance, and 1.5 mW power dissipation. Single supply operation from 3 to 18 V for battery powered systems. Full microprocessor compatibility too!

Switch architectures cover all your application needs from quad SPST to dual SPDT. Normally closed, open and mixed versions. The innovative TSC444 SPDT switch features a neutral, switch "OFF" position. On chip latches eliminate external components in $\mu$-processor controlled systems. Disable latches for transparent operation. Standardize on the TSC 44X family for your job today and tomorrow's breakthrough.

Pin compatible with many old, high supply voltage only parts like the DG221 and AD7590/1/2. Available in DIP or "SO" surface mount technology. Call or write for full information, design help and data sheets. Samples available now.

All devices are backed by Teledyne's reputation for quality, service and support - a reputation earned through 25 leadership years in the semiconductor industry.


# Chopper-stabilized op amps have taken a whole new direction. 

## $\cdots$



ATTELEDYNE SEMICONDUCTOR

Chop Amps ${ }^{\text {Tw }}$ from Teledyne Semiconductor keep the voltage high, the noise low and the capacitors on-chip-in singles, duals and quads.

They give you performance like you've never seen...because they're like no operational amplifiers you've ever seen. Completely monolithic. Linear CMOS. Chopper stabilizedwith design so advanced they don't need external chopper capacitors.

They're Chop Amps ${ }^{\text {w }}$. And they're only from Teledyne Semiconductor. Now you can get them in an even lower noise second generation series that includes singles (TSC901), duals (TSC903) and quads (TSC904) operating from $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ supplies. Convenient OP07/741, 1458 and 348 pinouts. A wide range of package styles including surface mount. And delivery now.

Chop Amps ${ }^{\text {Tw }}$ are just part of our complete family of operational amplifiers. There's also the TSC915, our high voltage, low noise op amp. The TSC918, our low cost, low power amplifier. The TSC76HV52, our new high-voltage replacement for the ICL7652. Plus lots more.

They're all backed by Teledyne's impeccable reputation for quality, service and support, earned over more than a quarter century in the semiconductor business.

Get the full story. Call today for your free Op Amp Handbook with full specifications and application information. And ask about our Chop Amp ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Design Kit-including specs and application notes, working samples of our op amps, plus membership in our Design Support Group-all for just \$35. Charge by phone to your Visa or Mastercard.

## 1-800-888-9966

415-968-9241
1300 Terra Bella Avenue PO Box 7267
Mountain View, CA 94039
TWX 910-379-6494
FAX 415-967-1590

## T TELEDYNE SEMICONDUCTOR

|  | Single Max <br> Dual <br> Quad | VoS <br> $(\mu \mathrm{V})$ | Vos <br> Drift <br> $\left(\mu \mathrm{V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | Max <br> Supply <br> Current <br> $(\mathrm{mA})$ | Power <br> Supply <br> Voltage <br> $(\mathrm{V})$ | Chopper <br> Caps <br> On <br> Chip |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TSCs01 | S | 15 | 0.15 | 0.6 | $\pm 3$ to $\pm 16$ | Yes |

*Available in surface mount package.


Circle No. 105 for literature only

Circle No. 161 for direct factory contact

The TSC915 combines high voltage ( $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ ) operation with low-noise performance.

# PCB LAYOUT ON YOUR PC. FOR ONLY \$1495. OrCAD PCB COMES TO LIFE. 

With nearly 10,000 systems already in use, electrical engineers like the no-nonsense capability of OrCAD/SDT schematic capture. Well, now there's even more to like. Introducing OrCAD/PCB. A fast, easy-touse PCB layout package that runs on your PC. And costs only $\$ 1,495$.

## A NO-NONSENSE

## DESIGN TOOL FOR

 NO-WAIT DESIGNERS.OrCAD/PCB pumps up your productivity. Pop-up menus appear in a flash. Macros speed repetitive operations.

Bit-mapped graphics make redraws, zooms and pans instantaneous. And, since you know SDT, you have no new commands to learn; PCB's interface is exactly the same.
POWER AND FLEXIBILITY MINUS CLUTTER.
OrCAD/PCB produces structured, elegant PCB layouts. It auto-routes boards up to $32^{\prime \prime} \times 32^{\prime \prime}$ with up to 8,000 track segments and 16 layers, taking into account manually routed connections. And, it adapts to your design with features like:


Find your OTCAD region number on this map; then locate your sales and support representative on the list below.

- Selectable track and via widths from $0.001^{\prime \prime}$ to 0.255 ." - Square, rectangular, round, elliptical, and SMD pads.
- Grid bases of $100,50,25,10$ and 5 mils. Or, go off grid to 1 mil.
- Support for digital and analog components and surface-mount devices.
- Ratsnest and force vector placement.
- Definition of board edge, forbidden zones, and copper zones.
GIVE OUR DEMO DISK A SPIN.
If you need affordable, nononsense PCB layout, call for a free OrCAD/PCB demo disk. Not an OrCAD user? Call for the SDT demo disk while you're at it (OrCAD/SDT costs only \$495). Then, watch your PCB layouts take shape.

OrCAD sales and support representatives.

1. WA, OR, MT, ID, AK

Seltech, Inc.
206-746-7970
2. N. CA, Reno NV

Elcor Associates, Inc.
408-980-8868
3. S. CA

Advanced Digital Group
714-897-0319
4. Las Vegas NV, UT, AZ, NM, CO Tusar Corporation 602-998-3688
5. ND, SD, MN, W. WI Comstrand, Inc. 612-788-9234
6. NE, KS, IA, MO Walker Engineering, Inc. 913-888-0089
7. TX, OK, AR, LA Abcor, Inc. 713-486-9251
8. MI, E. WI, IL Cad Design Systems, Inc. 312-882-0114
9. IN, OH, KY, WV, W. PA Frank J. Campisano, Inc. 513-574-7111
10. TN, NC, SC Tingen Technical Sales 919-878-4440
11. FL

High Tech Support 813-920-7564
12. DE, VA, MC, DC MGM Visuals 703-352-3919
13. MS, AL, GA Electro-Cadd 404-446-7523
14. E. PA, NJ, NY Beta Lambda, Inc. 201-446-1100
15. CT, RI, MA, VT, NH, ME DGA Associates, Inc. 617-935-3001
16. $B C, A B, S K, M B$

Interworld Electronics \&
Computer Industries, Ltd. 604-984-4171
17. ON, PQ

Electralert, Ltd
416-475-6730

OR8801

# Back-to-basics approach yields stable references 


#### Abstract

Achieving the accuracy and stability that IC voltage references promise isn't necessarily a "piece of cake," but if you return to your EE roots and do a little old-fashioned analog-circuit analysis, you can obtain impressive results.


## Ron Knapp, Maxim Integrated Products

Analog-IC manufacturers make it look simple to achieve the voltage-reference accuracy and stability that used to present major challenges for circuit designers. Today, obtaining stability of a few parts per million per degree should be a routine task. Nonetheless, ignoring facts of life such as noise and I•R drops can transform a seemingly simple job into one as complex as that faced by reference designers 20 years ago. Attention to circuit basics can make obtaining precise rocksolid reference voltages in the late 1980s as uncomplicated as the vendors of the ICs intend it to be.

Selecting a low-temperature-coefficient, precision voltage reference starts with careful consideration of your noise requirements. If the reference is too noisy, the highest dc accuracy and the cheapest price won't mean anything. Determine the signal-to-noise ratio your application requires. If you intend to use the
reference with an $A / D$ or $D / A$ converter, the reference noise should be less than $1 / 10$ the resolution. For example, a 12 -bit ADC with a 0 to 10 V input has a 1 -LSB resolution of 2.44 mV . The maximum noise from the reference should be no more than $240 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ p-p. In this case, a bandgap reference such as an REF01 or AD581 will suffice. For a 14 -bit converter with an LSB size of $610 \mu \mathrm{~V}$, a noise limitation of $60 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ will require an AD2700, MAX670, or equivalent.

Often, you can lower the wideband noise with a large capacitor placed on the reference-device output. A $10-\mu \mathrm{F}$ capacitor is large enough to prevent oscillation problems and will typically decrease the high-frequency noise (above 1 kHz ) by a factor of 3 or 4 . Some references, like the AD584, have noise-reduction pins that allow you to add an external capacitor. A smaller capacitor $(0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F})$ placed in parallel with the feedback resistor (if the inverting input of the reference amplifier is available) will filter the noise from both the reference device and the amplifier, but will also adversely affect the turn-on time and the circuit's response to load changes. Nevertheless, there is little you can do about low-frequency noise, and therefore most reference data sheets place great importance on noise in the 0.1- to $10-\mathrm{Hz}$ band.

## Thermal effects take second place

Taking into account noise considerations, the second most important spec of a voltage reference is the temperature coefficient, or TC. Don't ignore initial

> Ignoring facts of life like noise and $I \cdot R$ drops can turn what appears to be a simple job into a complex one.
accuracy, though, or take it too lightly, thinking that you'll be able to adjust it. Remember that any components you add can jeopardize the TC, long-term stability, and reliability-all it takes is one component that drifts out of calibration. For example, using a reference's trim-adjust feature or scaling its output with an external gain stage will probably affect the TC.

To set the gain of an op amp, you should use TCmatched thin-film resistor networks. When you use separate RN55D metal-film resistors with TC specs of $\pm 50 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, you introduce a TC error of $100 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ if one resistor TC is $+50 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and the other is -50 $\mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The fine-trim adjustment of the AD2700 is somewhat interactive with the TC; 1 mV of adjustment changes the TC by $4 \mu \mathrm{~V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or $0.64 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ referred to the output. The best advice to follow about reference trim adjustment is "don't do it." It is much better to calibrate the gain elsewhere-at the D/A converter, for example. Better yet, make gain adjustments in software. If there is a temperature-independent gain trim elsewhere in the system, you can use the AD2700's fine-trim output-voltage adjustment to change the device's TC (and, incidentally, affect its output voltage).

## High-resolution converters need TLC

Most high-resolution converters, such as 16 -bit DACs and ADCs, guarantee linearity consistent with resolution, but rarely do they guarantee absolute accuracy, which includes gain error, to that level. Because the gain accuracy depends primarily on the accuracy of the voltage reference (whether internal or external), the temperature coefficient of the reference determines the useful temperature range for converter accuracy (Fig 1). Applications where absolute accuracy is critical include weighing scales, data-acquisition measurement systems, automatic test equipment (ATE), and laboratory instruments (such as DVMs and programmable voltage standards).

First, consider a 12 -bit-system example. A 12 -bit A/D converter with its linearity specified to $\pm 1 / 2 \mathrm{LSB}$ requires a reference with a TC of no more than 2.67 $\mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ from 25 to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to maintain a gain accuracy within $1 / 2 \mathrm{LSB}$, or 1.2 mV out of 10 V FS. A suitable reference would be the AD2710KD, which is specified to $2 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ max from 0 to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

For a 16 -bit system, you can use a reference guaranteed to $1 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, like a MAX671 or an AD2710LD, to obtain true 16 -bit absolute accuracy over the $7.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ range from 25 to $32.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Between these temperatures, the output of the reference changes no more than 75


Fig 1-Increasing the resolution of an $A / D$ or $D / A$ converter decreases the temperature range over which it delivers absolute accuracy comparable to its resolution.
$\mu \mathrm{V}$-an amount equivalent to less than $1 / 2$ LSB on a 16-bit, 10V FS converter.

Most voltage references on the market produce a single-ended output between $\mathrm{V}_{\text {out }}$ and GND, as in the AD2700, REF01, AD580, AD581, and AD584. In these types of devices, I•R voltage drops can cause errors that can spoil the accuracy of the output voltage. The reason is that the load current must pass through the $V_{\text {out }}$ pin and the quiescent supply current must pass through the GND pin (Fig 2). If the output happens to be sinking current-for example, if the load is connected between $\mathrm{V}_{\text {out }}$ and $\mathrm{V}^{+}$as in Fig 3-then the load current also returns through the GND pin. In most cases, however, the load is connected between $\mathrm{V}_{\text {out }}$ and GND; the load current flows into the reference from $\mathrm{V}^{+}$ and out to the load through the $\mathrm{V}_{\text {out }} \mathrm{pin}$. In these cases, the I•R drop on GND won't disturb the output voltage, but the $\mathrm{I} \cdot \mathrm{R}$ drop on the $\mathrm{V}_{\text {out }}$ pin will always remain.

You can minimize single-ended output errors by using a device whose package incorporates internal Kelvin connections (that is, separate force and sense lines) to connect the die to the package pins (Fig 2). Running both force and sense bond wires internally from the chip to the output pin places the "force" bonding wire's resistance inside the output amplifier's feedback loop. This technique in effect eliminates connection resistance except for that of the pin itself and
that of the wiring or metal trace between the output and the load. With many references operating at full output current, even if you connect the load directly to the pin, the voltage drop in the pin resistance itself is large enough to equal the initial accuracy spec.

## Small errors add up

For example, the AD2710LD has an initial accuracy of $10.000 \mathrm{~V} \pm 1 \mathrm{mV}$ max. The device is enclosed in a 14-lead ceramic sidebrazed DIP that can have a pin resistance of $0.05 \Omega$ (Fig 2). If your circuit draws the full output current of 10 mA , the resulting voltage drop in series with the load will be 0.5 mV -half the initial accuracy spec. This drop has the effect of lowering the output voltage to 9.9995 V (assuming that the factory set it to exactly 10.0000 V with no load).

If you connect the load to $\mathrm{V}^{+}$as in Fig 3, the error will be twice as great, because the GND I•R drop is additive. The result is a further decrease in load voltage, to 9.9990 V . In fact, the output-lead resistance is the dominant contribution to the load-regulation spec of $50 \mu \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{mA}$, which is equivalent to $0.05 \Omega$. The I $\cdot \mathrm{R}$ induced errors can expand into several millivolts if there is any length of wiring or pc-board trace that measures a few tenths of an ohm.
For constant-current loads, it's possible to simply


Fig 2-When this reference supplies current to a load, voltage drops inside the package are inside the feedback loop and have little effect on accuracy. The voltage drop across the package's output pin can be significant, however.
adjust out the errors caused by I-R drops. However, the TC of the reference may be unacceptable because the TC of the pin resistance is too high. Gold has a TC of $4000 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, or $0.4 \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. With this TC, the $0.05 \Omega$ resistance in the above example would increase by $40 \%$ between 25 and $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. At $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, the resistance is $0.07 \Omega$ and produces a $0.7-\mathrm{mV}$ error at a load current of 10 mA .

## Sense at the load

A voltage reference can easily eliminate all the problems associated with I $\cdot \mathrm{R}$ drops if it uses Kelvin outputs with separate force and sense pins joined at the load. The sense pin carries only a small, constant current, such as that which flows in the gain-determining feedback resistors. The force pin carries all of the variable load-dependent current. You close the feedback loop at the load by connecting the force and sense pins there; that is, you place the wiring and pin resistances inside the feedback loop.

Because of limitations on the number of package pins, some references provide only one GND pin and offer Kelvin connections only on the output. This setup is adequate if the output sources current but does not sink it, as is true in the majority of applications. The MAX670 and MAX671 contain full Kelvin connections


Fig 3-If a reference sinks current into its output from the positive supply, both the voltage drop across the package's ground pin and the drop across its output pin will affect accuracy.

## Don't take the initial accuracy too lightly, thinking that you'll be able to adjust it.

on both output and GND (Fig 4a). These devices can source or sink 10 mA .

Why are Kelvin output connections so important? First of all, they make the voltage reference easier to use: You can preserve accuracy without providing ex-tra-wide printed-circuit traces or limiting the load current or the length of the wire that carries it. (You do, however, need to consider the possibility of loop instability caused by the inductance of the load-currentcarrying wires and capacitive loading of the feedback network.)

## Fifty milliohms can be a big deal

D/A and A/D converters with 12 - to 16 -bit resolution often require separate voltage references. In the case of a 16 -bit converter, if the full-scale input equals $5 \mathrm{~V}, 1$ LSB has a value of $76.25 \mu \mathrm{~V}$. As good as the AD2700 is, with a load-regulation spec of $50 \mu \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{mA}$, it takes only a $1.5-\mathrm{mA}$ change in the output current to cause a $1-\mathrm{LSB}$ error. Such a $1.5-\mathrm{mA}$ change means that, if you were to use a reference such as the REF01, with a loadregulation spec of only $1 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{mA}$, the result would be a 20 -LSB error. In a 12 -bit, 10 V -FS converter, the same $1.5-\mathrm{mA}$ reference-current change causes the REF01's output voltage to change by more than $1 / 2$ LSB. Fortunately, except for transients that occur when the converter's code changes, the reference input current of an ADC or DAC is normally constant.

Sometimes, though, you must switch the A/D converter between a unipolar 0 to 10 V range and a bipolar -10 to +10 V range. You can do so by using relays to switch the converter's bipolar-offset-resistor input to GND or to the voltage-reference output. This arrangement causes the load on the reference to vary by 1 mA . The MAX670's Kelvin outputs alleviate concern over output-voltage changes caused by such output-current changes.

## Buffering-analgesic for pain of high current

The MAX670 and the MAX671 are unusual in the way that their Kelvin sense lines are further divided between two separate pins (Fig 4a). This arrangement allows you to add an output buffer transistor or amplifier for higher current. It also allows you to place the added components within the reference feedback loop and thus maintain the specified performance at the load (Fig 4b). For example, an LH0101, together with a MAX670, can supply 10 V at 2 A with a $3-\mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{TC}$. In this way, the MAX670 can serve as an ultrastable, low-noise power-supply regulator with an output cur-


Fig 4-By providing a pair of sense terminals for both the output and ground signals (a), this reference can compensate for voltage drops outside as well as inside the package (b). The configuration also allows you to enclose a high-current output buffer within the feedback loop.
rent ranging from hundreds of milliamps to a few amps, depending on the external buffer components.

You can use an amplifier to buffer references without Kelvin connections, but the voltage at the load is subject to added errors such as offset, drift over temperature, output-impedance-induced voltage drops, and voltage variations caused by line regulation. If you know the load current to within $\sim 20 \%$, you can supply high current regardless of the type of reference, even if


Fig 5-A pullup resistor acts as a poor man's output buffer by delivering most of the load current. Even though it delivers a small fraction of the load current, the reference still controls the output voltage.
it is one with a single-ended output (Fig 5). In such a special case, you can use a pullup resistor to supply the nominal load current from $\mathrm{V}^{+}$to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {out }}$. The reference output then only needs to sink or source the error current-the difference between the actual load current and that supplied by the resistor. Most IC-op-amp outputs supply at least $\pm 10 \mathrm{~mA}$. Ideally, if the pullup current exactly equals the load current to ground, the output current from the voltage reference will be zero. When using references like the REF01, which can source current but cannot sink it, you must guarantee that the current in the pullup resistor is less than the load current, so that the reference always supplies some current. The REF01 supplies 10 mA to ground, so you should select the pullup resistor to supply 5 mA less than the load current. That way, the REF01 will nominally supply 5 mA , a value in the middle of its range.

This technique is prevalent in ATE, where one reference supplies the reference input to perhaps dozens of D/A converters, which set the voltage or current of the pin drivers that supply signals to the device under test. A similar situation arises in drift testing large numbers of D/A converters in a temperature chamber; a reference outside the chamber drives the reference input of all of the converters.

All in all, there are three advantages to using a pullup resistor to boost a reference's output-drive capability: Adding a single passive component is simple and cheap; you preserve the accuracy and TC performance
of the reference without resorting to Kelvin connections; and you don't need extra supply current (as you would if you used a buffer).

## Why not design your own?

Voltage references seem like simple circuits, so you might be tempted to design your own with discrete components, but you should consider the tradeoffs carefully. To make a bandgap reference like the REF01, for instance, you need two transistors carrying equal currents with an 8:1 current-density ratio. In other words, one transistor must have $8 \times$ the emitter area of the other. Matched pairs that have this area ratio are not commonly available, but you could use a pair of identical devices and set the current ratio with resistors, except that the TC of the resistors must match as do the TCs of $R_{1}$ and $R_{2}$ in Fig 6. In addition, you still have to amplify the 1.2 V bandgap voltage, something that requires an op amp with matching gain resistors ( $\mathrm{R}_{5}$ and $\mathrm{R}_{6}$ in Fig 6).

If you want to construct a reference similar to the AD2700 (Fig 2), you can do so with a $1 \mathrm{~N} 8295-\mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ zener diode and an op amp, but again don't forget the task's nontrivial nature. First of all, the diode's severaldollar price tag is a significant expense. And, in discrete form, the best temperature-compensated diodes have TC specs higher than the AD2700 spec. Assuming you can accept $5 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, however, you'll need a low-


Fig 6-A bandgap voltage reference generates the sum, $V_{B E}+V_{1}$, in which the two voltages have equal and opposite temperature coefficients. The amplifier then raises the sum to a more convenient voltage level.

## The 5 mA Data Logger Engine



Tattletale ${ }^{\circledR}$ Model 5 actual size

## Features:

- 11-chan 10-bit A-D
- 17 digital I/O lines
- Hardware UART
- 2 mA sleep mode
- 10 mA active
- 5 mA typ. application
- 16K TTBASIC op. sys. runs fast 32-bit integer math, and has built-in 6303 assembler
- 16K EPROM space for user's program
- 28 K data storage, expandable to 2 Mbytes
- Onboard voltage regulators for 7 to 15 V battery supply input.
\$395 Qty 1; \$275 Qty 100. Developer's kit (Model 5, manual, breadboard and RS-232 cable) $\$ 490$.

Other Models have data capacities to 20 Megabytes.
Onset Computer Corp., 199 Main St., N. Falmouth MA 02556, (617) 563-2267, TLX 469915

CIRCLE NO 19

## EDN NEWS



drift op amp. The spec of $5 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ translates into 50 $\mu \mathrm{V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, and therefore you'll need an op amp like the OP07, with an offset voltage drift significantly smaller than $50 \mu \mathrm{~V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The OP07's $2.5-\mu \mathrm{V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ drift, when multiplied by the required gain of 1.59 , contributes 0.4 $\mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(10 \mathrm{~V} / 6.3 \mathrm{~V} \cdot 0.25 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}=0.40 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$. You can reduce this drift further by substituting a MAX400 op amp: It has a $0.3-\mu \mathrm{V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ maximum offset-voltage drift spec, which translates to only $0.05 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Assuming that you use a thin-film resistor network, you should allow a $0.5-\mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ tracking TCR. You should also be aware of thermocouple effects of as much as several $\mu \mathrm{V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, a result of interconnections between different metals. The thermocouples' sensing and reference junctions are at slightly different temperatures because of gradients across the board. Finally, if you add up the cost of the components and the time to build, test, and calibrate the circuit, you can easily appreciate the value of purchasing a complete, tested, and guaranteed precision voltage reference.

EDN

## Author's biography

Ron Knapp is a senior member of the technical staff at Maxim Integrated Products (Sunnyvale, CA). He holds a $B S$ in systems engineering from Boston University and an MSEE from Worcester Polytechnic Institute. He is vice president of the Northern California Chapter of The International Society for Hybrid Microelectronics
 (ISHM). In his spare time, Ron enjoys flying and sailing.

Article Interest Quotient (Circle One) High 497 Medium 498 Low 499

## 100 V/us GUARANTEED

PMI's OP-44 also guarantees a 15 MHz GBW and full power BW of 1.5 MHz . And no compromises on accuracy. .

| OP-44 HA-2520 |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OS }}$ | 1.0 | 8 | $\mathrm{mV} \max$ |
| $\mathrm{TCV}_{\text {OS }}$ | 4 | 20 | $\mu \mathrm{~V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ typ |
| $\mathrm{A}_{\text {VOL }}$ | 200 | 10 | $\mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{mV}$ min |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B}}$ | 0.2 | 200 | $\mathrm{nA} \max$ |
| CMR | 86 | 80 | dB min |

Precision Monolithics Inc.
A Bourns Company
Santa Clara, California USA 408-727-9222

The OP-44 is available now . . . in 883 too. Get the high-speed facts from our 12page OP-44 data sheet. Circle the reader service number or call 1-800-843-1515.


FAST Applications Handbook
Nationat Semiconductor Corboration

DIFF_INU
14297
1 N

$E N$



3Egigent tiontan
Y

## The logic inchoosing National.

## ANNOUNCING A

## TOP-DOWN COMMITMENT

 TO FAST AND FACT LOGICFrom design to delivery, no one is doing more than National to meet your advanced logic needs. In fact, no one even comes close.

Only we can offer you the Fairchild tradition of advanced logic technology and applications leadership. Plus our own industryrecognized expertise in manufacturing, packaging, and quality \& reliability. All backed by a manage ment commitment to supporting you with service second to none.

Take a moment to examine the logic of our position.

## WE'RE CREATING INDUSTRY STANDARDS

You can expect stepped-up product development in both FAST" (Fairchild Advanced Schottky TTL) logic and FACT"' (Fairchild Advanced CMOS Technology) logic. Without resorting to padding the lines with seldom-used parts impractical for high-speed logic designs.

In FACT, 77 parts are available today. And we're committing here and now to offer you a total of 150 commercial parts by January 1. Including four LSI functions.

Now think FAST. We've got 135 parts on the shelf right now, 13 of which are LSI functions. 25 new parts will be added to stock by year end.

And we've secured Hitachi and Motorola as world-class alternate suppliers for FACT logic to ensure availability in peak demand periods.

[^7]

And only National offers you all the key logic families. Including FACT, HC/HCT, CD4000 and 74 C in CMOS. And FAST, ALS, AS, Schottky, LS-TTL, STD-TTL and F100K ECL in bipolar.

## WE'RE SETTING THE PACE IN QUALITY AND RELIABILITY

We were the first to implement $100 \% \mathrm{AC}, \mathrm{DC}$ and function testing. Our pioneering use of Statistical Process Control techniques from wafer fab through assembly enables us to ship both lines at defect rates of less than 50 ppm .

Our gains in reliability have been equally significant. For example, we process our FACT products with epitaxial silicon for improved latchup and ESD specifications. The result? The industry's first latch-up and ESD guarantees.

## WE'RE LEADING THE FIELD IN MILITARY APPLICATIONS

No other logic supplier offers military customers so many products specifically designed to meet critical mil-specs. Including 77

MIL-STD-883C, 49 JAN Class B and 38 JAN Class S FAST parts. And 23 FACT Standard Military Drawings.
We can supply radiation-tolerant FACT products as well. And we even perform our own radiation testing with an in-house cobalt source.

## WE'RE PROVIDING SOLUTIONS IN A VARIETY OF PACKAGES

Our FAST and FACT products are available in a full range of package options, including PDIP, CDIP, SO, LCC, PLCC and Flatpak configurations.

## WE'RE MAKING IT HAPPEN RIGHT NOW

With fully trained field sales, applications and product specialists located in 46 offices across the nation. A variety of depend able delivery programs from which to choose. And a network of 20 distributors with more than 200 total branch locations


For details on the logic in choosing National, call today for our latest Advanced Logic Product Status Guide.
1-800-252-4488, ext. 730
National
Semiconductor

## Only HP can put real teeth into faster

Test development and execution speed. We know they're your top priorities. HP BASIC,* combined with our range of controllers and instrumentation, is the answer. Even if you're running on $\mathrm{MS}^{\text {TM }}$ DOS or the UNIX ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ operating system. And of course, it's all backed by HP's measurement expertise, and the product reliability you've come to count on from an industry leader.

## HP BASIC: Optimized for instrument control.

It's no secret that a critical element of automated instrument control is fast development time. That's where HP BASIC really shines. With power, versatility and ease of use. We invite you to find a better instrument control language.

A few examples: - Fast program development with interactive editing, syntax checking and the ability to search and replace
strings, or move blocks of code easily. - Optimized for I/O with advanced constructs to simplify otherwise complex tasks. Interrupts, high speed data transfers, automatic data formatting and branching on events can all be handled easily. Since HP BASIC was designed for instrument control, these capabilities are integral, not tacked on as an afterthought.

- Structured programming lets you make your program modular with independent subprograms which can be re-used in other applications. Constructs like CASE statements, IF-THEN-ELSE, WHILE, REPEATUNTIL and LOOP are useful for rapid program development and invaluable for program maintenance.
- Powerful computation lets you take advantage of a full range of matrix manipulations such as multiplication, inversion and scalar operations HP's complex number implementa-
tion allows for powerful arithmetic operations.
- Graphic capabilities are simple to program, yet powerful. One program statement can draw axes or grids, a second will plot your data, a third will label your plot and a fourth will provide a permanent copy.


## HP Controllers: The right horsepower for the job.

Hewlett-Packard provides a wide range of instrument controllers and operating systems to meet your performance needs, allowing you to choose the most cost effective controller for your job.

Just look:

- Personal computers; the HP BASIC Language Processor allows you to use HP BASIC on the world's most prevalent operating system, MS DOS. It's available for the HP VECTRA or the IBM PC-AT.



## est development.

- Dedicated controllers up to 4 MIPS, HP's Series 300 controllers provide a dedicated, high performance system for maximum I/O throughput.
- HP-UX workstations. HP BASIC will also be available for use in the Series

Trim more time:
Deal with the pros.
Our sales, service and support team can get your test up and running when time is of the essence. With over
 500 instruments, HP is the recognized industry leader in test and measurement. Call HP for a free video. 1-800-752-0900, Dept 215R

300 HP-UX environment. Our implementation combines the ease-of-use and performance of HP BASIC with the full networking, multitasking and windowing capabilities of the UNIX operating system.

No matter the controller demand, HP makes it in the optimum package.

Ask for our free videotape on HP BASIC or a brochure on HP instrument controllers. Learn how Hewlett-Packard can help you cut test development time significantly. More questions? Contact your local HP rep listed in the white pages.
© 1988 Hewlett-Packard Co. EI 15514 EDN


# We've been delivering high accuracy multifunction calibrators for 2 years ... others are still making promises! 

While others have been promising, we've been delivering. While others have been dealing in 'futures', we've been providing solutions.

The Datron Instruments 4700 series of high accuracy multifunction calibrators is a reality and can give your laboratory these levels of performance now, with no delivery hassle:
DCV - 10 nV to 1 kV , 90 day accuracy to 2.5 ppm .
ACV - 100 nV to $1 \mathrm{kV}, 10 \mathrm{~Hz}$ to 1 MHz , 90 day accuracy to 80 ppm .

Integral 1 kV range to 33 kHz no need for an add-on unit to get a usable 1 kV range!
Autocal-traceable electronic calibration.
Plus - Resistance, DCI and ACI Functions with IEEE-488.

And those are just the specifications for the 4707 Multifunction Standard. The versatile 4700 and 4705 models also provide superior value and performance levels specifically suited to your application needs.

Remember, you can't calibrate with a promise.

For more information or to arrange a real-time demo or evaluation of a real calibrator contact:

United States:
San Diego, Cal.(619) 565-9234
Clearwater, Fl. (813) 797-1792
Beech Grove, Ind.(317) 787-3915
Suffern, N.Y. (914) 357-5544
United Kingdom:
Norwich (0603) 404824


## Philips KTY sensors. For sensing a wider range of temperatures, for pennies.



Philips KTY silicon temperature sensors are not only attractively priced, they also monitor a wider range of temperatures than any other sensor.
Three models monitor temperature ranges from $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; and $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Wide operating range and excellent reproduceability are direct results of proven silicon planar technology.
By utilizing the nearly linear temperature-dependent resistivity of silicon, Philips KTY sensors can detect and respond to temperature changes in the broad ranges mentioned, with response times as fast as one second.
Exceptional accuracy of Philips KTY sensors results from a positive temperature coefficient (PTC) of 0.7
percent per degree Centigrade. They are available off the shelf in tolerances of $\pm 1 \%, \pm 2 \%$, and $\pm 5 \%$.

Because KTY sensors are small, are not polarity dependent, and need no special interfacing, they are ideal for applications involving solid-state circuitry. Configurations: plastic-encapsulated, axial lead glass bead, and surface-mounted device.

And remember, whatever the model, whatever the package, we're talking pennies.

To find out how Philips KTY sensors can fit into your measurement and control designs, call or write Amperex Electronic Corporation, A North American Philips Company, George Washington Highway, Smithfield, RI 02917. Phone (401) 232-0500; TWX 710-381-8808. In Canada contact Philips Electronics Ltd, ELCOMA Division.

## Reducing your product costs could be as simple as pushing the right buttons.



## MORE NTROL.



## A NEW 32-BIT

 ARCHITECTURE SPECIFICALLY DESIGNED FOR EMBEDDED CONTROL.Now you can go beyond the performance limitations of existing microprocessors and microcontrollers. And get to a whole new level of embedded control capabilities.

With the Intel 80960.We
created its architecture with the intelligent use of RISC techniques and extensive use of parallelism. This will provide a level of performance far beyond today's microprocessors which are scaled to linear
clock speed increases.
The 80960 also supports on-board register caching, which significantly reduces the number of memory accesses for every subroutine executed. Even more performance is gained through the 80960's register scoreboarding capability that allows overlap of memory and CPU operations for maximum possible throughput.

And you can begin designing with our new 32-bit technology today. With our highlyintegrated 80960 KB microprocessor: It's a complete CPU sub-system on a single chip that delivers 7-10 VAX* MIPS, with burst rates of up to 20 VAX MIPS.

To make it even better for embedded control designs, the 80960 KB integrates Boolean and bit instructions, self-test and built-in debug capability.Add to that an on-chip instruction

and register cache, plus a 4-input interrupt controller. And you have the most highly integrated single-chip, 4 MegaWhetstones floating-point solution available.

Best of all, it's on your distributor's shelf today.

Then there's our pin-compatible 80960KA without floating point, which will be available later this year. Or, if you require a military temperature range, the 80960MC military version, optimized for Ada, will be available in Q3' 88 . Of course, we provide the wide range of development tools it takes to get started on your design today. The 80960 architecture can easily be evaluated and code developed immediately with your PC and a Starter Kit that includes languages and an evaluation board.

As a result, you'll get to market faster.

What more could a designer want?


## OUR 386" MICROPROCESSOR TECHNOLOGY ADAPTED ESPECIALLY FOR EMBEDDED CONTROL.

Consider the power of $386^{\circ}$ microprocessor technology controlling a robot arm. Or pumping data through a PBX. Now, with Intel's new $376^{\circ}$ processor it's simple.

We simplified the Intel386 architecture by eliminating the features not necessary for
embedded control applications.The result is a full 32-bit architecture capable of handling high performance embedded applications and a 16-Mbyte address space that is easy to use.

Together with the 82370 multifunction peripheral, the

376 processor offers you a complete CPU and I/O subsystem with the cost and form factor of 16-bit systems. And if you've ever worked with other products from our '86 family, this new 376 processor technology will be even easier to work with.

To make things easier yet, we simplified your I/O subsystem design. The 82370 packs 22 chips into one small package, providing eight channels of 16-Mbyte/sec DMA transfer rate.

even better fit, we produced the 376 chip in an inexpensive, plastic surface mount, gull wing, fine pitch package. So we can offer you 5000 Dhrystone performance in a smaller, lowercost package.

And getting the develop- ment support you need for the 376 processor couldn't be simpler. There's a full line of proven 386 microprocessor software tools that can be used on the 376 processor. Even for debugging. You can use established realtime 32-bit kernels Which THE INTEL 376" PROCESSOR CARD like our means IS A COMPLETE 32-BIT SYSTEM iRMK"kernel. you'll have SMALLER THAN 3" x 5". Of course, we have no more problems matching DMA memory timing to CPU memory timing. Or fitting DRAM refresh into the memory controller. Or getting a refresh into long DMA activities.

We also simplified our proven 386 microprocessor technology and used it in the 376 processor. To make it an the ICE"386 in-circuit emulator available for the fastest and simplest integration of hardware and software. You can even run and debug your application on any 386 microprocessor based PC.

Simpler control.
Isn't that something every designer wants?

## COST CONTROL.

Firmware Update Costs


Until now, the only way designers could easily alter code in an embedded system was to upgrade from low-cost EPROM to expensive EEPROM.

Now, we've invented a way to incorporate electrical
erasure into our proven EPROM process. We call it ETOX"' (EPROM Tunnel Oxide) Flash technology. And we think it's a major breakthrough in nonvolatile memory technology. ETOX Flash memory allows you
to cut the cost of code or parameter changes by over 50\%.

The ETOX process breaks through the technology barrier between low-density, high-cost EEPROM and dense, low-cost EPROMs. It combines the electrical erase capability of an EEPROM with the single transistor cell of EPROM. And ETOX Flash technology delivers 10,000 cycle endurance capability with a reprogramming failure rate at or below the lifetest failure rate of other components in your system.
Our proven EPROM
manufacturing process assures unmatched reliability for your embedded control applications.

With Intel's new flash memory,you can execute
 code changes almost instantaneously. Over phone lines,
in-system, or at the end of the production line.Without the hassle of UV erasure. So after just one update it can be cheaper than EPROM. Making it the most cost effective, nonvolatile memory solution for updating code in advanced embedded control designs.

And Intel's complete family of ETOX Flash memories is available now! Our 27F64 and 27F256 28-pin flash devices provide pinout and read compatibility with equivalent density EPROMs, making the flash memory design-in process easy. Our 28F256 device is available in both 32pin CERDIP and 32lead PLCC A NEW FLASH MEMORY THAT packages DRAMATICALLY LOWERS THE COST thatprovide OF EMBEDDED CODE UPDATES. upgrade capabilities to 2 megabits. So you can start designing Intel's ETOX Flash memories into your 8-, 16- and 32-bit embedded control applications today. Cost-effective embedded code updates in a flash. What more could you ask for?

To help you increase control over your designs, we're committed to supporting you at every stage of the development process.

To begin with, we offer a complete line of highly integrated development tools. We've designed them to work with each other, to maximize the power and performance of each component, and to give you the most powerful debug capability available.

And behind these tools, you'll find our design support and training teams. With the expertise to help you create custom hardware and software solutions.

Our worldwide service organization provides hardware maintenance and software support for all 960 or

[^8]376 processor development tools.

Of course, we also offer one of the world's largest, best trained groups of Field Applications Engieers. And engineering consulting services to help you throughout your design cycle. All of which helps you get a better product to market. Faster. So if you're designing advanced embedded systems and want more information on these new embedded control technologies, call us at 800-548-4725 and ask for our Literature Department. We'll give you all the answers you want.
intel

# Tape drives can work like disk drives if you use SCSI bus 

> The SCSI Common Command Set lets you read and write tape storage in just the same way that you bandle disk storage. Intelligent controllers eliminate the need to learn the details of tape formats and access commands. What's more, you don't bave to bother with separate software for your tape drivers.

Tony Kozlowski, 3M Company

When building a microcomputer system, you can save a considerable amount of development time and effort if you incorporate tape drives that respond to the SCSI random-access Common Command Set (CCS). These tape drives can use the same software device drivers (with only minimal modification) as the disks do. In addition, you don't need to learn complex sequentialaccess commands to make optimum use of the tape medium-you can rely on the intelligent controller to translate the commonly known SCSI commands into the detailed hardware commands needed by tape drives. In effect, the SCSI controller makes a tape device look like just another disk drive to the host computer.

Using the same command set for both disk and tape storage devices is particularly important to designers
of multiuser microcomputer systems. Since an IBM PC/XT seldom has more than 30M bytes of hard-disk storage, you can use standard 360 k -byte floppy disks as the backup and archiving media, although the process is somewhat tedious. But in microcomputers of the PC/AT or 80386 class, or 68020 systems running Unix, storage capacities start at 30 M bytes for a single-user system and may reach 300 M or more bytes in a multiuser system or network file server. In such situations, floppy disks are no longer practical for backup.

Until recently, in order to use tape drives, you had to fully understand the complexities of tape formats as well as their relatively obscure command sets for sequential access. Fortunately, the current generation of both hard-disk drives and cartridge tape drives (such as 3M's MCD-40/SCSI) frequently incorporate intelligent controllers that respond to the SCSI commands for random-access devices.

## SCSI bus concept is simple

There's nothing mysterious or complex about mixing tape and disk storage devices on the SCSI bus. The only extra hardware you'll need is a host adapter that plugs into the host computer's bus. This adapter translates the host's I/O requests into standardized SCSI signals. At the peripheral end of the SCSI bus, an intelligent controller (usually supplied as an integral part of the drive electronics) translates the standardized SCSI signals into the detailed command sequences that actually control the peripheral. Within the host, the software drivers let the host send file-oriented I/O requests across the bus to a peripheral's controller that

# There's nothing complex or mysterious about mixing tape drives with dish drives in a SCSI bus system. 

understands commands such as Read, Write, and Seek.
The primary drawback to this type of setup involves speed. Designers whose main concern is a high datatransfer rate have been known to complain that the double translation process (from host command to SCSI command, and then from SCSI command to device command) is inefficient. It's true that other buses such as ESDI (Enhanced Storage Device Interface) and IPI (Intelligent Peripheral Interface) can provide transfer rates that exceed 10 M bytes/sec, but these buses require a separate controller in the host for each type of storage device. The maximum SCSI transfer rate is currently around 1.5 M bytes $/ \mathrm{sec}$, but if you opt for that slower rate, you'll gain some system flexibility.

## Bus configuration can be simple or complex

In small systems, the SCSI bus provides data transfers between a single host computer, called the initiator, and as many as seven peripheral devices, called targets, which include tape and disk drives, printers, plotters, and others (Fig 1). Multiprocessor systems (Fig 2) can not only establish communication from any processor to any peripheral, but also from host to host, because the host adapter in each host is itself a SCSI device and can be a target as well as an initiator. Two peripherals (targets), however, cannot normally communicate with each other, and only two devices (one initiator and one target) can communicate with each other over the bus at any one time.

## Take some tape features into account

Regardless of the architecture of the host and the nature of the specific peripheral devices, the basic SCSI configurations and the rules for implementing them remain constant. But you must still keep in mind some inherent differences between disk and tape; if the sequentially-oriented tape is to appear to the system like a random-access device, you must make these


Fig 1-In this single-initiator, multiple-target system, the initiator is the SCSI host adapter. It can communicate with any one of seven target devices, such as disk and tape drives.


Fig 2-You can have more than one initiator in a system. In this multiprocessor system, each processor has its own host adapter; both processors can use all the resources of the target devices. However, only two devices (one initiator and one target) can communicate at any one time.
differences completely transparent to the file system.
The primary difference is the size of the storage blocks. Disk drives typically perform I/O transfers in 512-byte blocks. In general, tape drives use much larger blocks. The QIC-100 (quarter-inch cartridge) format, for example, allocates data in 8 k -byte blocks, which means that the smallest file on the tape occupies 8 k bytes of storage space, even if its significant length is only a few bytes.

The tape's large data blocks mean that when you back up many small files on tape, they consume much more space than the sum of their actual lengths. You can improve the efficiency of storing many small files by creating a memory buffer that is the same size as a tape block; you fill the buffer with small files from the disk, and then write the buffer to tape as a single block.

The buffering technique introduces its own problems however. First you must modify the software drivers for the disk-standard SCSI disk drivers don't provide a buffering function. Second you have to read the entire block from tape in order to get any one of the files in the block, and if the files you want are not all in the same block, it takes even longer to get them. Thus, there's a tradeoff between speed of recovery and efficiency of storage.

## Verification checks format

All data-storage devices are subject to read/write errors that arise from media defects, dust, electromagnetic fields, and other influences. Because of their high recording densities, today's tape cartridges are partic-
ularly vulnerable to loss of data integrity. Consequently their drives must provide some means of detecting and correcting errors. In a drive that has an embedded controller, the error-detection and -correction scheme is an integral part of the drive electronics. If that scheme is properly implemented, the hardware catches (and fixes) most errors on the fly without any need to report them to the host.
To check data reliability, tape drives generally have the means to verify the media format and the data areas. This verification process occurs just after formatting; the drive reads back the entire tape and checks the data-frame structure to verify that the tape is correctly formatted.
QIC-100 machines record data on 24 tracks in a serpentine pattern. The controller divides each track into 206 blocks (Fig 3.) Each block contains three 4 k -byte frames, of which two hold user data and the third holds redundant data (computed during the write) for error-correction purposes. The first block of three frames on the tape constitutes the manufacturer's block and contains the bad-frame table. The next three frames constitute the use log, which identifies alternate frames and holds cartridge information, such as the date of manufacture and the number of times the cartridge has been inserted. The controller also reserves two blocks as alternates; thus 202 blocks, less bad blocks, are available for user data.
While it is verifying, the controller maintains reliability by updating the bad-frame table in the manufacturer's block with the IDs of any frames that do not format properly. If a block contains any bad frames, the controller does not map that block into the Logical Block Address space (Fig 4), so the drive never writes


Fig 3-Each track of a QIC-100 tape has 618 data frames, which are organized into 206 blocks. Two blocks hold historical data about the cartridge and the bad-frame list; two blocks are reserved as alternates. The remaining 202, less bad blocks, are available for user data.


Fig 4-The logical-addressing function isolates bad blocks. This figure shows how the controller might assign logical block numbers, skipping over blocks that are known to be defective.
data into a block that has a known bad frame. To ensure that the test is realistic, the controller reduces the gain while performing the verification; the reduced gain ensures that marginal bit cells on the tape produce errors and cause the relevant frames to be listed as bad.
The verification process is highly dependable, but it takes time. Formatting and verifying one of 3 M 's $205-\mathrm{ft}$ DC $20001 / 4-\mathrm{in}$. cartridges, for example, takes about 32 minutes, of which about half entails verifying the cartridge and writing the bad-frame table. If the system is in such great use that this amount of time is inconvenient, most media vendors offer preformatted tapes.

## Error detection relies on a CRC algorithm

Format verification ensures that you start out with good media and that the controller will skip over blocks that are known to be defective. However, transient errors may later prevent a proper write operation, and environmental conditions may damage the tape after you've recorded on it. To prevent loss of data from these causes, you need on-the-fly error-detection and -correction features.
The QIC-100's error-detection scheme relies on a 40-bit CRC (Cyclic Redundancy Check) code that the controller computes during a write operation and stores in the last five bytes of each block. Most disk drives depend on a 16 -bit CRC, which is adequate for their smaller block size. The 8 k -byte block size of the QIC-100 format requires a CRC at least 32 bits long for adequate error detection; the additional 8 bits of the QIC-100 CRC improve error detection and lower the possibility of miscorrections. During a read operation, the controller computes a new CRC code as it reads the block, and then compares the computed CRC code with the one stored on the tape during the write operation. Any discrepancy between the two codes indicates that

You can make a tape drive appear to the system like a disk drive, if you make the differences between the storage formats transparent to that system.
an error exists. By analyzing the CRC values, the controller can immediately correct many types of errors.

## Data redundancy improves error correction

The CRC code cannot correct some types of error conditions, such as bursts of multiple-bit errors in contiguous bytes, or complete dropouts. For such errors, the QIC-100 standard requires an error-correction scheme that provides $50 \%$ data redundancy. This does not mean that $50 \%$ of the data is duplicated in its original form-such a scheme does not allow correction of errors in the unduplicated $50 \%$. Rather it means that for each block, additional space equal to half the block size is allocated to error-correction data.

When you write a 3 -frame block of data to the tape, the controller computes the exclusive OR of byte $n$ of frame 1 and byte $n$ of frame 2, and then stores the result in byte $n$ of frame 3 (Fig 5). When you read the block, you can reconstruct unreadable bytes in frame 2 by computing the exclusive OR of the corresponding bytes in frame 1 (user data) and frame 3 (redundancy data). If the unreadable bytes are in frame 1, you reconstruct them by exclusive-ORing the corresponding bytes in frames 2 and 3 .

The formatting and verifying processes, together with the on-the-fly error-detection and -correction scheme, yield highly reliable recorded data. An additional benefit of the error-correction scheme, as established by the QIC-100 standard and as tested by 3 M , is that it helps to ensure interchangeability among QIC100 cartridge drives.

Understanding the error-reporting features built into SCSI cartridge drives gives you some insight into how the I/O operations work. Error reporting, which


Fig 5-Redundant data lets you reconstruct damaged frames. On this QIC-100 tape, which has an interleave of 2, block 1 contains user-data frames 1 and 3; each byte of frame 5 contains the exclusive $O R$ of the corresponding bytes of frames 1 and 3, and allows you to reconstruct damaged bytes in those frames.
isn't usually available on disk drives, lets you monitor exactly how well a tape drive is doing its job and, by revealing trends, provides a sense of any problems that may be gradually developing. It doesn't make any difference how many errors occur; what's important is the number of errors that go uncorrected.

Although error correction helps to ensure that data is correctly retrieved, even redundant data can sometimes be corrupted after it has been successfully written. The most frustrating thing in the world is to have important data on the medium and not be able to read it. For maximum reliability, therefore, cartridge drives provide a procedure that can recover from errors that occur after the initial write. This procedure is called the "heroic retry."

## Keep the tape moving

Most tape drives offer normal retry procedures that simply read a block, perform error correction if an error is detected, and, if the error is uncorrectable, back up to the beginning of the block and try again. Occasionally, the error is simply that the drive cannot locate the block into which it wants to write data because it can't read the ID correctly. In this case, the heroic retry lets the drive increase the read gain by as much as 4 dB , and then repeat the operation.

The heroic retry can be used by a read operation also. If a normal read operation fails to read the data, the heroic retry attempts the same operation at increasing gain levels to the maximum of 4 dB above normal. The procedure can also move the heads over a range of 14 steps ( 0.002 in. each) both above and below the normal center-of-track position. The heroic retry serves to ensure that data recorded on one drive can be read by another, compatible drive. Under all common conditions of interchange, the heroic retry compensates for any differences between the two drives.

Measuring the efficiency of any tape-drive implementation is fairly simple: Watch the tape during backup operations; if the tape moves at a constant rate, the system is as efficient as it can be. But if the tape frequently stops and restarts, then something is out of balance. Most frequently it's data underrun (ie, the system isn't sending data at the rate necessary to keep the tape streaming, and so the drive must stop and wait for data). Whenever the tape stops because of data underrun, the drive must reposition the tape to the correct block and, because this process can take as much as two seconds, efficiency is seriously compromised.

# NOW YOU CAN DRIVE OUR SUBCOMPACTS. 

## Seagate's family of $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ hard disc drives.



As computers grow smaller, the demand for high-quality drives grows larger. But if you're looking for $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ drives for your small computer systems, you don't have a lot to choose from.

Except at Seagate.
We offer six $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ drives with 21 , 32 and 48 MB formatted capacities. You also have a choice of interfaces: SCSI or ST412 with RLL or MFM encoding. All with 28 msec access time.

Our $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ drives use Seagate's field-proven, proprietary stepper motors to achieve fast access times normally found only with more expensive

When you're ready to go for a little drive, give us a call. 800-468-DISC. voice coil actuators.


The first name in disc drives.

Data-cartridge tape drives store data in $8 k$-byte blocks. Therefore, backing up many small files may occupy more tape space than you expect.

| TABLE 1-EFFECTS OF INTERLEAVE FACTOR ON USABLE FRAMES |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INTERLEAVE FACTOR | NO OF THREADS | BLOCKS/THREAD/ TRACK | USABLE <br> FRAMES |
| 2 | 2 | 102 | 612 |
| 3 | 3 | 68 | 612 |
| 4 | 4 | 51 | 612 |
| 5 | 6 | 40 34 | 600 |
| 7 | 7 | 29 | 609 |

The data rate required to keep a drive streaming varies with the interleave used; interleaving refers to the mapping of logical frames onto physical frames in such a manner that two consecutive logical frames are separated by one or more physical frames. The QIC-100 format permits interleave factors (Table 1) ranging from two (which maps logically consecutive frames onto every second physical frame) through seven (which maps logically consecutive frames onto every seventh physical frame).

You can also implement an interleave factor of one as an interleave of two, overlapped. In this situation, logically associated frames are separated by one physical frame, but the blocks are overlapped instead of consecutive. This technique prevents a single defect from corrupting an entire block.

Increasing the interleave factor gives the drive more time to receive data from the host before it has to write data to the tape. Since you can adjust the interleave factor, you can precisely match the system data rate to the tape data rate, thereby eliminating time-consuming stop-start operations. For example, a SCSI tape drive with an interleave of 1 requires that the system supply data at 42.2 k bytes $/ \mathrm{sec}$ to keep the tape streaming. If the system can't supply data that fast, you can increase the interleave; an interleave of 2 reduces the necessary system data-transfer rate to 21.1 k bytes $/ \mathrm{sec}$; an interleave of 7 reduces it to only 6 k bytes $/ \mathrm{sec}$. To correct an inefficient implementation, therefore, consider the possibility of increasing the tape interleave factor first.

## Improve access time

The access time of tape storage is notoriously slow, especially in microcomputer environments. In an MS-DOS system, for example, the Copy command frequently requires a great deal of tape movement. In 3M's MCD40 drive, this movement slows down access because the tape drive can take as much as 250 msec to reposition the tape; even worse, to locate a file, the
drive has to look up the address in the directory, which is at the start of the tape-and a full end-to-end rewind takes 27 seconds.

There are several possible solutions to this problem. One requires that you take advantage of some spare storage space. The QIC-100 format provides 128 uncommitted bytes at the end of each data block on the tape. You might use these bytes to create a rolling directory, which obviates the need to do a complete rewind in order to consult the master directory. Another solution, and one that improves performance even more, is to keep an updated directory in the system memory.

Another way of speeding up tape-to-disk or disk-totape operations is to overlap the operations of the devices. The intelligence in SCSI peripherals allows the tape to read (or write) a block of data at the same time that the disk drive is seeking the next location at which to perform a write (or read).
Ultimately, incorporating into your system a SCSI tape drive that uses the random-access CCS isn't much more difficult than incorporating a SCSI disk drive. The factors that you have to consider are the potential of each type of peripheral and the means of tweaking system performance, rather than fundamental systemdesign problems. The CCS works well in a wide variety of system designs. And as more and more system integrators gain this understanding, easy and standard methods should appear for obtaining reliable and predictable performance from a mixture of all types of random-access peripherals.

## Author's biography

Tony Kozlowski is a senior productdevelopment engineer at $3 M$ Company (St Paul, MN), where his responsibilities include the design and development of the SCSI controller for the $3 M$ MCD-40 Cartridge Tape Drive System. He holds a BSEE degree from Marquette University and is a member of the American National Standard
 Committee (ANSC) X3T9.2. In his free time, he enjoys tennis, photography, and gardening.

Article Interest Quotient (Circle One) High 488 Medium 489 Low 490

## Hundreds of high-performance D/A Converters to choose from.

Burr-Brown offers one of the industry's most complete lines of high-performance digital-toanalog converters. High quality and reliability are assured by our 30+ years of microcircuit design and manufacturing experience. Key features of our line include

- a wide selection of complete 12-bit and 16-bit resolution DACs with many performance options;
- $\mu$ processor-compatible DACs with double-buffered latches;
- a broad assortment of PCM DACs for signal processing and digital audio applications;
- low cost, low-power CMOS DACs;
- variety of package options;
- ultra-high accuracy 18-bit DACs;
- \$5.95* and up.


Free DAC Selection Guide
Our new selection guide gives you key specs, pin outs, and prices for all our DACs, plus valuable applications tips on wiring management, power supply selection, EMI/RFI isolation, and driving remote
loads. For your free copy, ask your sales representative, circle the magazine reader service number, or contact Applications Engineering, 602-746-1111.
Burr-Brown Corp., P.O. Box 11400, Tucson, AZ 85734
*U.S. unit prices, in 100-249 quantities.


HARTING/Austria, Vienna, Tel. 0222-686818-0 HARTING/Belgium, Relegem, Tel. 02-465.42.40 HARTING/France, Fontenay-sous-Bois Cedex, Tel. (1) 487706 ؛ HARTING/Great Britain, Biggin Hill, Tel. (0959) 71411 HARTING/Italy, Pioltello (Milan), Tel. 02-92100847 HARTING/Japan, Yokohama, Tel. 045-931.57

## NATURE may make mistakes. BUT NOT US.

Every day, millions of connectors leave our unique, state-of-the-art production facilities. And each one complies with the very highest international standards and norms found in industry. Not only that, our reject rate is virtually nil despite the fact - or rather because of the fact - that production is completely automated. After all, people make mistakes, but electronic technology doesn't. Electronic controls and monitoring equipment don't miss a thing. The result is virtual perfection.

We at HARTING have invested decades of in-depth research and hands-on development to achieve this degree of perfection. That's why we produce each individual component of the final product ourselves and use only the best materials available. And that's why we carry out every single processing operation our-


their technology works just right.
With HARTING connector systems, you know perfection is designed in. After all, there's no telling what kind of havoc a single black sheep might wreak. So contact HARTING's specialists as soon as you start developing your next product.
They're just a phone call away.
World headquarters: HARTING ELEKTRONIK GmbH
P. O. Box 1140 - D-4992 Espelkamp West Germany
(05772) 47-1- Tx 972310-11 he d

## CONNECT UP WITH QUALITY WITH HARTING.



HARTING/Netherlands, AM Etten-Leur, Tel. 01-608-35400 - HARTING/Norway, Oslo, Tel. 02-647590 HARTING/Sweden, Spanga, Tel. (08) 7617980 HARTING/Switzerland, Schwerzenbach, Tel. 01-8255151 HARTING/USA, Chicago, Tel. (312) $519-7700$

$\square$

## because it's my job. But I buy the product because it's my career."

WHAT YOU SHOULD KNOW ABOUT THE NEW PRODRIVE SERIES' ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ OF $31 / 2$-INCH HARD DISK DRIVES FROM QUANTUM.

The numbers are the easy part. Either a product has them or it doesn't.

But you can't build a system out of specs.
You also need dedicated product-support people who will sit down and help you solve some tough engineering problems and put those specs to work.

Quantum is ready to deliver both.


Our new ProDrive Series of $31 / 2$-inch hard disk drives offers you the broadest range of capacities in the broadest range of interfaces in the industry. 42 and 84 megabyte formatted with embedded SCSI interface right now. And later this year, up to 168 megabytes, in SCSI, ESDI, and AT-Bus.Ten new drives in all.

With access times of 19 ms or less.
With synchronous data transfers to the SCSI bus of 4 megabytes per second, and asynchronous data transfers of 2 megabytes per second.

With an MTBF of 50,000 hours.
And with DisCache",' Quantum's unique 64 kilobyte data-buffering scheme that can make our 19-ms intelligent drive perform like a 12 -ms drive-or even faster, depending on your application.

But Quantum also offers you the people who can help you put those numbers to work in your own system. A dedicated team of engineering professionals who understand the particular needs of the systems designer-and can help meet those needs quickly, efficiently, cost-effectively.

The new ProDrive Series.The specs you want.The support you need.
That's what Quantum delivers.

INTRODUCING THE ProDrive Series

- 31/2-inch form factor
- 42,84, 103, 120, 145, 168 MBs formatted
- SCSI, ESDI, AT-Bus
- 19 ms or faster average access time
- 64 KB buffer with exclusive DisCache"
- 50,000-hour MTBF
- 42, 84 MB SCSI
units in mass production now
- 42, 84 MB AT-Bus units available early summer'88

[^9]
# Our ASICs 



## are boring.

## They're easy to design.They're ready on time. And first-time success is virtually $100 \%$.

You've heard all about the excitement of ASICs.

They improve performance, lower costs and make many new designs possible.

But, unfortunately, you've probably also heard about one big potential problem: while many ASICs pass the tests specified by the designer, they don't always work in the real world. And that causes excitement you can do without.

## How to get first-time success.

It starts with our Design Simulation Software. It's been rated the best in the industry by the people who should know-designers who have used it. Within three days, you can be up to speed, working at any of the major workstations in the industry, creating and revising your ASIC with ease.

## The standard cell advantage.

You'll really appreciate the power of our standard cells, which allow you to integrate a whole system, including macros, memories, logic and peripherals, onto a single chip.

We have cells with effective gate length as small as $1.5 \mu$ (. $9 \mu$ coming soon). And doublelevel metal for higher-density chips that can handle higher clock speeds.

You can choose from a wide range of Supercells, including the leading-edge RS20C51 core micro, RAMs, analog functions, bit-slice processors, HC/HCT logic, Advanced CMOS Logic, and high-voltage cells.

If they aren't enough, we can even generate

Supercells to your specs.
And we're also in the forefront of silicon compiler technology. So we can offer you the ability to create designs that are heavily BUSstructured, with your ROMs, RAMs, PLAs and ALUs compiled right into the design.

We also bring you the resources of some very powerful partners, thanks to our alternatesource agreements with VLSI on standard cells; WSI on macrocells and EPROMs; and a joint-development agreement with Siemens and Toshiba on the Advancell ${ }^{\otimes}$ library of small-geometry cells.

## Gate arrays, too.

If gate arrays are better for your design, you'll be able to choose from our full line up to 50,000 gates, with effective gate length as small as $1.2 \mu$ and sub 1 ns gate delays.

These gate arrays use "continuous gate" technology for up to $75 \%$ utilization. They are an alternate source to VLSI Technology arrays.

We also alternate source the LSI Logic 5000 series.

And we have a unique capability in high-rel ASICs, including SOS. Our outstanding production facilities here in the U.S. produce high-quality ASICs in high volume at very low costs.

It almost sounds exciting for something so boring, doesn't it?

For more information, call toll-free today 800-443-7364, ext. 25. Or contact your local GE Solid State sales office or distributor.


## Switch Hit

If you're like most test-and-measurement people, you have trouble finding automatic switching systems that hit both your budget targets and your testing needs. Not to mention your space constraints.

Meet the Philips System 21, a whole family of handy intelligent modules, all tied to a master unit with a single GPIB address.

You can start with just two unitsa master and slave-then expand as far
as you like, adding modules as your needs grow.

Your options include most common switching and I/O functions, plus an 18 GHz switch, an analog-to-digital converter, a user-adaptable module and much more.

And you only pay for the functions you need.

Which means you can build a working system for under a thousand dollars, and additions are even more affordable.

Plus you have Fluke service and support just a phone call away.

How's that for a hit?
Our free System 21 Catalog explains it all. For your copy, just call toll-free: 1-800-44-FLUKE ext. 77.

John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc., P.O. Box C9090, M/S 250C, Everett, WA 98206.
U.S.: (206) 356-5400 CANADA: (416) 890-7600.

OTHER COUNTRIES: (206) 356-5500.
© Copyright 1988 John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. All rights reserved. Ad no. 1271-P21.

# New $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ standard unshackles analog-IC designers 


#### Abstract

Since the late $1960 s, \pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ dc supplies bave been standard for analog ICs. Today, however, such supply voltages force unreasonable constraints on packing density and performance. Lower supply voltages yield significant improvements in integration and performance.


## John Shier and Jerry Thimsen, VTC Inc

The scaling which digital-IC designers have applied so brilliantly to shrinking and speeding up their ICs has not been available to the analog engineer. Because such downscaling inevitably requires a lower supply voltage, the tyranny of $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ suppplies (see box, "The origin of the $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ standard") has sharply limited the development of analog LSI and analog ASICs. IC designers can pack only a very few functions onto a reasonably sized die. Until quite recently, analog-ASIC design tools, such as cell libraries, were nonexistent. And, those tools that have appeared since then don't use $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ supplies.

## A new standard appears

Although the old $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ standard won't be instantly dethroned, a place does exist for a new $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ standard. This new standard has decisive advantages for some applications-applications that will be a growing fraction of all future analog applications.

Among the beneficiaries of scaling, the first is the high-frequency engineer. Op amps, for example, have been extremely popular over the years as universal gain blocks. They have not been useful, however, at frequencies higher than 1 to 2 MHz , because of their inherent speed limitations. Instead, the high-frequency engineer has had to design with discrete components. Moreover, it is much harder to achieve high accuracy with openloop, discrete designs than it is with op amps using negative feedback. The frequency limits of recently developed, scaled video op amps are an order of magnitude higher than unscaled op amps- 10 to 20 MHz .

For high-frequency applications, an ultrafast $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ amplifier is unusable because of excessive power consumption. Even though such a device can drive its load with $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ signal swings, given the low load impedances (such as transmission lines) characteristic of high-frequency electronics, such large signal swings will burn too much power. For example, it would require at least $200-\mathrm{mA}$ driver currents to drive a $50 \Omega$ load (such as a coaxial cable) to $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ amplitude. At this drive level, the driver IC would dissipate 6 W .

Another beneficiary of scaling is the system designer inherently constrained by low supply voltages. The high-frequency systems where $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ analog ICs are most attractive are also those most likely to use ECL for the digital part of the system. With the 12 V supplies common for peripherals, designers can readily generate a 10 V analog supply with an inexpensive monolithic regulator that works well with $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ parts.
Many of today's analog ICs actually will operate with reduced supply voltages (such as $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ ), but they were not designed for low-voltage operation and often work

By choosing a $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ supply, the IC designer gives up several other benefits such as small transistor size, low parasitic capacitance, and rapid switching.
poorly. To better understand the limitations that power supplies impose on analog ICs, consider the following. Due to power supply tolerances, analog-IC designers must allow for nominal $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ supplies actually running at $\pm 16.5 \mathrm{~V}$ ( $\pm 10 \%$ tolerance). Thus, an analog IC's transistors must withstand at least 33 V in the off state. Such a breakdown voltage mandates a spacing of at least several microns between the collector-base junction and the underlying collector-buried layer. All other junctions (especially relevant for the isolation junction) must also have very wide spacings. These requirements result in a big transistor. By choosing to maintain $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ supplies, the IC designer inherently trades away several other benefits such as small transistor size, low parasitic capacitance, and rapid switching.
The poor frequency response and large size of the lateral pnp transistor has made it a limiting element in many conventional analog-IC designs. When IC designers attempt scaled, analog ICs, the transistor's limitations go from serious to disastrous. Consequently, some IC designers use more complex processes such as vertical pnp transistors. In one case, the fundamental speed ( $f_{T}$ ) of the vertical pnp transistor is 1.5 GHz vs the 5 MHz of the conventional lateral pnp transistor.

For comparison purposes, Fig 1 shows a scale drawing of a conventional 15 V transistor and a scaled 5 V transistor. Table 1 describes the transistors' properties. The differences are quite dramatic. The lowvoltage transistor's packing density, fundamental speed, and parasitic capacitance are all more than an order of magnitude better than those of the highvoltage transistor.

## Signal swing is affected

Lower supply voltages can affect many properties of analog ICs. For example, conventional analog ICs allow signal swings to $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$. These swings are acceptable as long as they exceed such errors as noise, offsets, and crosstalk (pickup) by an acceptable margin. Chips operating with lower supply voltages will have correspondingly lower signal swings. Although, in some instances, the large swings will still prove necessary to maintain adequate $\mathrm{S} / \mathrm{N}$ ratio and accuracy, using today's highquality analog ICs is overkill most of the time. Many designs can tolerate substantially smaller swings and still maintain adequate error margins.

Power dissipation is a key factor in applications. To understand how downscaling supply voltages affects dissipation, consider two otherwise-identical ICs dissipating 100 mW , but with one operating from $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ and


Fig 1-The need for high breakdown voltages to withstand $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V} d c$ supplies has meant that analog ICs need large structures (a). The smaller structure (b) shows the shrinkage possible with $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ supplies. The smaller structure is not a direct scaling of the large one, but includes refinements such as partial oxide isolation.

TABLE 1-COMPARISON OF TRANSISTORS

| PROPERTY | $\mathbf{\pm 1 5 V}$ | $\mathbf{5 5 V}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| DEVICE AREA (SQ MICRONS) | 6138 | 207 |
| UNITY-GAIN FREQUENCY ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{T}}$ ) | 300 MHz | 6 GHz |
| COLLECTOR-SUBSTRATE CAPACITANCE | 1.2 pF | 0.1 pF |
| BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE $\left(\right.$ BV $\left._{(\text {CEO }}\right)$ | 35 V | 12 V |

one from $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$. The high-voltage chip can use only 3.3 mA for all of its circuits, whereas the low-voltage chip can consume 10 mA . If a resistor in the high-voltage chip carries 0.1 mA , in the low-voltage chip, it can carry 0.3 mA for the same chip-wide power dissipation. Moreover, its voltage drop will typically need to be about three times smaller because of the smaller signal swing. Thus, the low-voltage IC's resistor will have a ninefold smaller value, and the associated nodal RC time constant will be ninefold smaller (other things being equal).
Other things are not equal, however. By shrinking the transistor size, you achieve a three to fivefold lower node capacitance. Thus, scaling at constant power yields internal RC time constants for an analog, lowvoltage IC that are 25 to 50 times smaller than those of a high-voltage IC.
The same parameters also affect slew rates. The available current in a low-voltage IC, $I$, will be three times higher, and the internal node capacitance three to five times smaller, than in a high-voltage IC. Because
$[\mathrm{dV} / \mathrm{dt}]=[\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{C}]$, low-voltage ICs exhibit a dramatic increase in slew rate.

Of course, you can play this scaling game several ways. By keeping the supply current the same, you achieve a three to fivefold improvement in speed with a threefold drop in power. When going for equal performance, you can cut power comsumption by 10 to 15 times.

Moreover, RC time constants do not dominate all IC speed problems. The basic frequency response ( $f_{T}$ ) of an IC's transistors may also be important, especially if parasitic resistive and capacitive elements are small. Here too, there is good news; shrinking the size of transistor elements yields a several-fold improvement in basic active-device speed (Fig 2).

## What supply voltages are best?

Although other possibilities exist for a new analogvoltage standard, $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ is a good practical choice for


Fig 2-Speed also improves when transistors shrink. The unity gain frequencies $\left(f_{T}\right)$ for the transistors of Fig 1 show a roughly 15 -fold advantage for the scaled device.

## The origin of the $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ standard

The old, and still existing, standard for analog supply voltages is $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$. If you look into the catalogs of such analog vendors as National, Linear Technology, Precision Monolithics, Analog Devices, and Burr-Brown, you will see device after device specified for $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ de supplies. This convention is nearly universal for op amps, and almost universal for instrumentation amps, comparators, ADCs, and DACs.

The standard $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ analog voltage dates back to the early 1960s, when the transistor was still a rather new device. One of the technological fads of the 1950 s and 60 s was the analog computer, and the operational amplifier was a key element in such computers. The earliest models employed tubes and, consequently, used very large supply voltages-like $\pm 100 \mathrm{~V}$.

Given this demand, op-amp module vendors came into being
to supply the hardware. Analog Devices and Philbrick Research (now part of Teledyne) were two of the leading producers.

Op-amp designers embraced the new transistor with enthusiasm. It solved many of the weight, power, and dc-drift problems that plagued vacuum tubes. But, transistors could not operate with the very high voltages of tubes because of the limitations of the available solidstate technology. A smaller supply voltage of $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ came to be a standard for these modular op amps.

Analog computers died during the 1960 s because of the rapid progress in digital electronics. But, in the meantime, the existing op amps (made as potted modules) were proving useful in various instrumentation applications. Thus, the pioneering IC designers of the 60 s naturally turned their attention to inte-
grating an op amp on a single substrate.

The first product appeared in the mid-60s from Fairchild. Bob Widlar designed it, and it was called the $\mu$ A709. This op amp was followed shortly by the $\mu \mathrm{A} 741$, which became an industry standard and is still finding use in designs even today (truly remarkable longevity for an IC). In developing these pioneer ana$\log$ ICs, the designers used a deep-junction, thick-epi process that provided a breakdown voltage of $\mathrm{BV}_{\mathrm{CEO}}>35 \mathrm{~V}$.

The large geometries and deep junctions used in analog ICs were not very exceptional in the 60s, because even digital ICs used coarse geometries and had high breakdown voltages. The technological limitations of the day were such that a 16 -bit RAM was considered a very big deal.

> The poor frequency response and large size of the lateral pnp transistor has made it a limiting element in many conventional analog IC designs.
system reasons. $\mathrm{A}+5 \mathrm{~V}$ supply is standard for both TTL and CMOS, and -5.2 V is the ECL standard. In other words, in some systems $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ dc supplies are already available. In addition, there are already indications of a modest move toward $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$. Several conventional analog-IC vendors now put $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ characterization data on their data sheets. And a small but significant number of new $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ chip offerings are appearing.

The opportunities that downscaling will create for greater functional complexity are immense. For example, a widely used 12 -bit $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ A/D converter occupies a $200 \times 200$-mil die and uses perhaps 500 active devices. By comparison, the same die size $(200 \times 200)$ is typical of 8 -bit flash converters, which employ modern, highly scaled bipolar processes and operate with $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ or -5.2 V supplies. The flash converter can squeeze in around 5000 to 7000 active devices.

Fig 3 shows a developmental 12 -bit, $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ ADC that integrates a DAC, successive-approximation register (SAR), control logic, and voltage reference on a $17,000-$ $\mathrm{mil}^{2}$ die. Comparable devices using $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ supplies occupy $40,000 \mathrm{mil}^{2}$. The prototype device's conversion speed improves from the 10 to $25 \mu \mathrm{sec}$ typical of high-voltage ADCs to less than $2.5 \mu \mathrm{sec}$.

In another example, using a proprietary A/D ASIC reduced a $31 / 2 \times 9$-in. pe board with 17 ICs to a single 28 -pin, 5 V chip, which performed with much less noise and jitter than the prototype. Only downscaled chips offer the analog world the opportunities to achieve the


Fig 3-This developmental 12-bit, $\mathbf{\pm 5 V}$ ADC integrates a DAC, successive-approximation register, control logic, and voltage reference on a 17,000-mil ${ }^{2}$ die. Comparable devices using $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ supplies occupy 40,000 mil'. The prototype device's conversion speed improves from the 10 to $25 \mu$ sec typical of high-voltage ADCs to less than 2.5 $\mu \mathrm{sec}$.
same kinds of size, cost, power, performance, and functional improvements that digital ICs have achieved.

A precision operational amplifier, the VA701, serves as an example of a $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ analog design. It is comparable to the industry-standard OP-27/37 amplifier (Table 2).

TABLE 2-COMPARISON OF OP AMPS

| PARAMETER | VA701 | OP-27 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| SUPPLY VOLTAGE $(\mathrm{V})$ | $\pm 5$ | $\pm 15$ |
| POWER CONSUMPTION $(\mathrm{mW})$ | 70 | 140 |
| INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE $(\mu \mathrm{V})$ | 25 | 25 |
| INPUT BIAS CURRENT $(\mathrm{nA})$ | 40 | 60 |
| OPEN-LOOP GAIN $(\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{mV})$ | 6000 | 1800 |
| SLEW RATE $(\mathrm{V} / \mu \mathrm{SEC})$ | 10 | 1.7 |
| GAIN-BANDWIDTH PRODUCT $(\mathrm{MHz})$ | 30 | 8 |
| NOISE DENSITY @ $1 \mathrm{kHz}(\mathrm{nV} / \sqrt{\mathrm{Hz}})$ | 3.0 | 3.0 |
| USEFUL SIGNAL SWING $(\mathrm{V})$ | $\pm 2.5$ | $\pm 10$ |



Fig 4-Op amps optimized for $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$ operation yield a composite amplifier with a gain of 20 dB and a bandwidth of better than 30 MHz. They can replace open-loop video amplifiers designed with discrete components, and they offer advantages in linearity, size, and power dissipation.

# THE ONLY THING MISSING FROM THIS 680-PAGE LEADED RESISTOR/CAPACITOR DATA BOOK IS YOU. 

## ORDER YOURS NOW.



## "Inahurry?"

Chances are when you need test equipment, you need it immediately. Leasametric delivers-usually within 24 hours.

> Get the best names in the business. From the best name in the business. Leasametric. $1-800-553-2255$

## - LEASAMETRIC

Instrument Rental Division
1164 Triton Drive
Foster City, California 94404
Count on us.
CIRCLE NO 20


Scaling has improved performance and reduced power consumption just as expected. Note, however, that the input-offset voltage is the same for both chips. Fig 4 shows how you can use the VA701 (high precision) and VA707 (high speed) op amps in a high-performance composite amplifier.

Package parasitics do not affect the operation of conventional analog components at their typically low operating frequency. Packaging headaches come with improved performance. The parasitic capacitance and inductance of DIPs can have very significant effects on signals in the $10-$ to $100-\mathrm{MHz}$ region. However, the recent widespread adoption of PLCC and SOIC packages promises to help greatly. The parasitics of these packages are several-fold smaller.

As an illustration of how packaging affects performance, consider a fast comparator that proved twice as fast in a SOIC as in a DIP (the propagation delay) was roughly 1 nsec vs 2 nsec ). Advanced, wideband, analog ICs often display their best speed in chip-and-wire hybrid ICs, where off-chip parasitics are radically less than those of conventional packages.

## Authors' biographies

John Shier is the strategic marketing manager for VTC (Bloomington, MN). John received a BS degree from the California Institute of Technology, and $M S$ and PhD degrees from the University of Illinois, all of which were in physics. He has held IC processing and design positions at Signetics, AMD, Intersil, Sperry Univac, and
 CDC. In his spare time, he enjoys reading, sailing, and gardening.

Jerry Thimsen is the product line manager for linear signal processing products at VTC. He was previously component engineering manager at Magnetic Peripherals Inc and has held similar positions at Northern Telecom and Data 100. In his spare time, he enjoys whitewater canoeing, backpacking, photography, and reading.


Article Interest Quotient (Circle One) High 494 Medium 495 Low 496

unit still provided a steady .8 amp of
In a Navy test, a Tomahawk cruise missile exploded into a concrete building. When the dust settled, little remained but gravel and fragments of casing.

And the Abbott model C28D0.8 you see here.
Its aluminum baseplate and an adjustment cap were ripped off in the blast. But reconnected on a workbench, the DC current - just as it was designed to.

Abbott Transistor Laboratories, Inc. 2721 South La Cienega Blvd., Los Angeles, CA 90034. (213) 936-8185

When reliability is imperative ${ }^{\circledR}$

## The Sine of a Cood Cenerator



## Purity • Precision • Speed

- typically $0,0006 \%(-105 \mathrm{~dB})$ distortion in the audio range
$\pm 0,1192 \mathrm{mHz}$ frequency accuracy throughout the $0,2 \mathrm{~Hz}$ to 200 kHz range
- precision attenuator with $\pm 0,026 \mathrm{~dB}( \pm 0,3 \%)$ accuracy across the entire $100 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ to 5 V range
- very fast response time for all functions via IEEE-488 interface
- heterodyne synthesis gives "instantaneous" settling ( $<0,1 \mathrm{~ms}$ ) of frequency and amplitude
- memory sweep feature with pre-defined amplitude weighting
- two models: Sine Generator Type 1051 and Sine/Noise Generator Type 1049


## Brüel \& Kjær

Brüel \& Kjaer Instruments, Inc. 185 Forest Street - Marlborough, MA 01752 USA • Telephone 617/481-7000 WORLD HEADQUARTERS: DK-2850 Nærum Denmark • Telephone: +452800500 - Telex: 37316 bruka dk

[^10]
## META-SOFTWARE

## Has Taken A Bold, New Step...

From design to silicon, Meta-Software provides the best circuit simulation tools in the industry. Meta has recently repositioned its product offering to better meet the demanding needs of today's design engineers.

## For convenient, one-stop shopping, the innovators at Meta-Software now offer:

HSPICE: The industry's leading analog circuit simulator for integrated and discrete circuit design. HSPICE includes a multi-target optimizer supporting all SPICE and HSPICE models.

RADSPICE: HSPICE plus radiation effects modeling provided by SAIC. Effects include total dose, ionizing photocurrents and neutron radiation.
HSPLOT: Meta's high-resolution interactive graphics post- processor for HSPICE and RADSPICE. HSPLOT provides graphic terminal and hardcopy support for a wide range of display services.
Discrete Device Library (DDL): Includes more than 750 models of discrete components for use with HSPICE. Included are BJT, MOSFET, HEXFET, Diode, JFET, Op Amp. Comparator, A/D converter, D/A converter, Timer and SCR models.
ATEM: Meta's lab test equipment interface program which creates measured data files and initial guesses for optimization features of HSPICE. ATEM provides an easy method for scanning transistor characteristics and selecting devices for full optimization.
Meta'Testchip ${ }^{\text {Tu }}$ : A test chip tailored to customer's design rules, providing all structures necessary for complete, automated process and device characterization.

Lab Services: Products and services for discrete device and wafer level characterization.

Circuit PathFinder (CPF): A path timing analysis program, providing full chip analysis at interactive speed. Circuit Rule Checker module locates slow nodes and gates, and a variety of circuit-configuration rule violations.


Meta-Software provides all essential support services. For answers to technical questions from experienced engineers, please call Meta's toll-free HOTLINE SUPPORT number: (800) 346-5953

HOTLINE SUPPORT is also available at our main number: (800) 371-5100
Get your circuit simulation and cbaracterization problems resolved quickly and professionally. Call Meta today!


Shows < $\pm 0.7 \mathrm{LSB}$ code width variation from ideal (definitely no missed codes)
CS5016 16-BIT DIFFERENTIAL NONLINEARITY AT $16 \mu$ SEC CONVERSION TIME

# OUR 12-TO16-BIT CMOSAD <br> COYYERTERS LOOK $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{Ambient} \mathrm{Temperature}$,60 , 

4nyone can promise the world's best performance from monolithic CMOS A/D converters. Only Crystal can prove it.

Get your hands on the evaluation board of a Crystal SMARTAnalog ${ }^{\text {Tw }}$ device and you'll believe the breakthrough performance the plots on the opposite page promise.
Dynamic performance really is 92 dB SNR over a 25 kHz bandwidth, or 70 dB over 500 kHz .

Differential Non-Linearity of 16 bits with no missing codes is so outstanding we've published a DNL plot no one else dares to. Stability over temperature is dramatically better than the competition across the entire military range.
Our reliability far surpasses the alternatives, with less than 33 failures per billion operating hours (FITs).

What the plots don't show, you already know: monolithic A/D converters using CMOS technology mean lower design and assembly costs, higher relia-

| DEVICE | STAIICTESTED ADCS |  |  |  | DYNAMIC FFT-TESTED ADCs |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | W5012 | , |  |  |  | Nz |  |
| Resolution | 16 | 14 | 12 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 16 | 14 | 12 |
| Conversion Time ( $\mu \mathrm{sec}$ ) Throughput Speed (kHz) | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & 50 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14 \\ & 56 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & 100 \end{aligned}$ | 1.3 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.25 \\ & 1000 \end{aligned}$ | 20 | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & 50 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 14 \\ 56 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & 100 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Static Specifications: Linearity Error (\% FS, max) No Missing Codes (Bits) | $\begin{aligned} & +/-.0015 \\ & 16 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & +/-.003 \\ & 14 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & +/-.012 \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ | $8^{+1-.2}$ | $\begin{aligned} & +1-.01 \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ | 16 | 16 | 14 | 12 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dynamic Specifications } \\ & \text { THD (\%) } \\ & S /(N+D)(d B) \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & .02 \\ & 70 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & .007 \\ & 84 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & .001 \\ & 92 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & .003 \\ & 83 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & .008 \\ & 73 \end{aligned}$ |
| Power Dissipation (mW) | 120 | 120 | 120 | 40 | 700 | 220 | 120 | 120 | 120 |
| On-Chip Sample and Hold | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES |

The proof behind the promise: monolithic CMOS performance that beats even hybrids.
bility, lower power consumption, easier manufacturing and faster deliveries than hybrid or discrete designs can manage.

And our SMARTAnalog devices are the first with self-calibration at any timel temperature. Which ensures accuracy throughout their operating lives, correcting for gain, offset and even linearity errors. Automatically.

If that weren't enough, Crystal's SMARTAnalog line is the first line of 12- to 16-bit AD converters with the converter, track/hold, digital interface, calibration circuitry and timing all on a single chip. So you can forget designing, building and characterizing discrete
devices while trying to correlate component specifications with system requirements.

Prove to yourself how our revolutionary SMARTAnalog technology makes hybrids a very expensive proposition, indeed. Call 512-445-7222 today for yourvery own 12-, 14 - or 16 -bit evaluation board. Or ask for a demonstration at your facility.

Either way, you'll know why seeing a SMARTAnalog converter in action makes our promises on the opposite page seem flat by comparison.


# Set a new <br> multillayer PWB design speed record. 

## And get high-quality, manufacturable results.



## $\square \square$ <br> Francear

Now you can have the power and speed of Prance ${ }^{T M}$ with Prance GT ${ }^{T M}$ from ASI... on Digital's standard VAXstation ${ }^{\text {M }}$ workstation.
The industry's most powerful router
The design challenge: a $16.5^{\prime \prime} \times 15.5^{\prime \prime}$ board with 500 equivalent ICs. Logic type: ECL. 6 signal layers. 100 -mil via grid. 8 -mil trace width and clearance, no stubs allowed.

Prance GT performance: 100 percent routed with via minimization, diagonal traces and trace cleanup in 53 minutes. Could your present system ever match that?

## Designer-oriented interface

You don't have to be a computer scientist to take advantage of the power of Prance. Prance GT gives you all the tools you need for maximum throughput, including a new designer-oriented interface that makes the system easier to use. Plus an array of new features, including CAE interfaces, standard 2D drafting, an integral Relational Database Management System, and much more!
Fabrication-driven design: the proof of real productivity
For 19 years, we've been an acknowledged
pioneer and leader in the PWB Design Automation and Fabrication Service business. We still set the performance standards for the industry.
Other design automation systems claim to be productive. We know we are. We've been earning our living that way for
 a long time.
As a leader in PWB manufacturing technology, we're living proof that our systems deliver quality designs. We build most of them!
Bring your PWB design capability up to our standard
With ASI's new Prance GT design automation system on a standard Digital VAXstation.
To learn more about Prance GT, contact ASI Prance GT Marketing today at (619) 546-0024.


VAXstation is a trademark of Digital Equipment Corporation


AUTOMATED SYSTEMS INC.

## arloox



## A close look at digital testers will give you a new Outlook for design verification.

The DAS 9200 from Tektronix is a high performance digital test system. But for even higher performance, take a close look at the T-100 from Outlook Technology.

Both products have a maximum recording clock of 2 GHz . But only the T-100 uses intelligent sampling for precise data recording with 100 ps resolution. That's up to five times the resolution of the $9200 \ldots$ the difference between just seeing what happened and finding out why.

Both instruments find timing problems, but only the T-100 can trigger on and track down setup and hold time violations to save countless hours of searching for logic problems.

Both products can be used in automated setups to test boards and chips at high speed and high resolution. But the T-100 can perform up to ten times more tests per hour. And it can act as a 250 MHz pattern generator (stimulus), 250 MHz logic recorder (response), or both.

The T-100 also comes with a friendly human interface, including LogicProbe, a new utility program that makes setup and use faster and easier than ever before.

For a new outlook on digital testing, look into the T-100 family, with prices starting at just $\$ 15,000$. Contact Outlook Technology, Inc., 200 E. Hacienda Ave., Campbell, CA (408) 374-2990.

Discover the newest measurement techniques in our 12-page brochure.

## Processing advances push GaAs ICs to higher VLSI levels

For most designers, digital GaAs ICs mean high-speed circuitry. But because of breakthroughs in fabrication, some of these ICs are now suitable for use in more complicated VLSI designs, creating new tradeoff issues when selecting ICs.

## Louis R Tomasetta, Vitesse Semiconductor Corp

Designers have long associated digital GaAs ICs with the slogan "speed at any price." However, developments both in GaAs IC manufacturing and in other technologies (most notably silicon ECL) have made the selection of ICs more complicated. The price now may involve not just trading dollars and cents for a certain frequency response. Other issues come into play, such as power consumption, circuit complexity, I/O compatibility, and packaging considerations-and digital GaAs products can successfully compete with silicon ECL on those points.

## D-mode vs E-mode FETs

Basically, digital GaAs circuits can use two types of transistors: the depletion-mode FET (D-mode FET) and the enhancement-mode FET (E-mode FET). The E-mode FET has a channel with less doping than the


Fig 1-Because an n-channel enhancement-mode device (a) draws no drain current $\left(I_{D}\right)$ when the gate-to-source voltage $\left(V_{G S}\right)$ is 0 , the device is normally off. In contrast, an n-channel depletion-mode device (b), which draws drain current when $V_{G S}$ equals 0 , is normally $o n$.

D-mode FET. Therefore, in order to turn on, any n-channel E-mode device needs a positive gate-tosource voltage that exceeds the threshold voltage. In contrast, a D-mode FET requires a negative gate-tosource voltage to turn the transistor off. Thus, D-mode FETs are normally on, and E-mode FETs are normally off (Fig 1).

Digital GaAs products can successfully compete with silicon ECL on the issues of power consumption, I/O compatibility, circuit complexity, and packaging.

The most popular approach in the US for fabricating digital GaAs FETs is the direct-implant technique (Fig 2a.) This procedure implants the channel, implants the source and drain (usually a higher dose than the channel), anneals the implants, and then deposits the con-
tacts and the gate. The aligning of the gate to the source and drain is imprecise, however, because the gates are deposited after the annealing process. The channel length must span not only the gate length but the alignment tolerances needed to deposit the gate.

## Logic design determines applications

Manufacturing processes define which logic types you can use in a given application. Fig A shows some of the more common logic configurations. The first implementation of a GaAs logic gate was the Buffered MESFET Logic (BFL) family (Aa). The family contains depletion-mode FETs only with threshold voltages ranging from -2.0 to -1.0 V . In the BFL's 2-input NOR gate, the 2 diodes shift the output high and low levels to encompass the threshold of the next gate. A pull-up transistor acts as the load and that transistor's size affects the power dissipation and speed of the gate.

The BFL gate performs well with high fan-outs but dissipates a lot of power per gate- 2 to 5 mW . The BFL configuration is also relatively insensitive to processing and power-supply variations. It's the most popular design for commercial GaAs SSI and MSI digital ICs.

The FET logic (FETL) gate implementation (Fig Ab) eliminates the pull-up transistor so that the gate dissipates less power than the BFL configuration. The FETL gate also uses Schottky diodes as level-shifters. However, this implementation is more sensitive to fan-out loading and is slower than the BFL gate.

The capacitively enhanced logic (CEL) gate operates at a higher speed than the FET logic gate without paying a penalty in high power dissipation (Fig Ac). The CEL gate places a reversebiased diode across the Schottky level-shifting diodes to act as a speed-up capacitor. The capacitor provides a direct path to the output during high-speed transitions. However, like the FETL gate, the CEL configuration is sensitive to fan-out loading because it lacks a pull-up transistor.

Since all of these families use only depletion-mode devices, their logic levels can be compati-


Fig A-Five 2-input NOR gate configurations-the BFL (a), the FETL (b), the CEL (c), the DCFL (d), and the SCFL (e), for GaAs logic circuits exhibit tradeoffs between speed, power, complexity, and manufacturability.

This extra length creates a high resistance region in the channel.

An approach used in the fabrication of silicon MOSFETs, known as the self-aligned gate, avoids this imprecision by depositing the gate metal as a mask for
implanting the source and drain (Fig 2b). Each channel length is consequently equal to the gate length, so the source and drain are perfectly aligned to the gate. Furthermore, this approach reduces the channel resistance and the size of the FET.
ble. Thus, you can mix these families together on the same chip. For designs with low fanout, you can use a CEL gate for high speed and low power dissipation, or you can use a BFL gate for driving high-capacitance loads.

## Saving power

The availability of the selfaligning technique for GaAs processing technology allows you to design logic gates using E-mode and D-mode FETs efficiently. One of these designs uses the Direct-Coupled FET Logic (DCFL) configuration (Fig Ad). The design connects a D-mode

FET, configured as a current source, to the drains of two E-mode FETs. This design eliminates the level-shifting diodes between logic stages. Consequently, the DCFL gate is smaller and dissipates less power than the depletion-mode logic families. The design is similar to that of enhancement- and depletionmode NMOS circuitry with a lower power supply voltage (approximately 2 V ). The gate turns on when the gate voltage exceeds the gate-diode voltage, which is typically 0.8 V .

In order to overcome some of the limitations of DCFL, some manufacturers use a Source-Cou-
pled FET Logic (SCFL) configuration. A 2-input NOR gate with differential inputs is shown in Fig Ae. The families that use this configuration are similar in basic connections to the silicon ECL and CML (current-mode logic) families. The SCFL approach is less sensitive than the DCFL to processing variations since it only requires that two adjacent transistors have wellmatched pinch-off voltages. It is also less sensitive to capacitive loading than DCFL. However, each gate draws more power and occupies more area than the DCFL family.


Manufacturers of silicon ICs have adopted the selfaligned gate technique as the norm, but GaAs IC makers couldn't use it until they identified gate metals that can withstand the annealing temperature, which is greater than $800^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Gold, which is the lowest resistance metal, alloys with GaAs and becomes ohmic at temperatures approaching $400^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Fortunately, digital ICs have small gate widths (the lengths remain standard), so their fabrication process can use metals with higher resistivity without the RC time constant (a product of the gate resistance and capacitance) becoming a dominant factor. Refractory metals like tungsten, tungsten silicide, and platinum are suitable for selfaligned gates.

Another obstacle for GaAs IC manufacturers involves the fact that, even with a refractory metal gate, you need a process that deposits the metal without letting any arsenic escape from the surface at the annealing temperature. If arsenic escapes, the surface contains excess gallium, which changes the electrical properties of the FET.

A variation of the self-aligning technique uses a dummy gate (usually $\mathrm{SiO}_{2}$ or $\mathrm{Si}_{3} \mathrm{~N}_{4}$ ) during the annealing process. The process replaces the dummy gate with a gold gate after annealing. Although this approach


Fig 2-The direct implant processing technique (a) produces high resistance regions in the channel. The self-aligned gate approach (b) eliminates those regions, but the gate metal must withstand the annealing temperature.
obviates both the metal and the arsenic problem and achieves a comparable device structure, it requires additional processing and lithography steps.

## Process control defines logic

Various processing advances have created a number of different GaAs logic families (see box, "Logic design determines applications"). Fig 3 shows a general comparison of the typical performance of various types of digital GaAs products with those of CMOS and silicon ECL chips. Obviously, the various technologies overlap: You could, for example, use a GaAs depletion-mode device for a $500-\mathrm{MHz}$ circuit or you could use a $1-\mu \mathrm{m}$ ECL IC. High-power $1-\mu \mathrm{m}$ ECL technology can achieve flip-flop toggle rates of 1000 MHz with power


Fig 3-In this approximate comparison, the performance levels for digital GaAs products and other digital technologies overlap. The maximum power dissipation per package is reached at the point that allows the greatest complexity times the gate-power dissipation. For high-power ECL devices, the maximum power dissipation is $15 W$; for DCFL devices, it's $5 W$.

## TABLE 1-A COMPARISON OF FEATURES OF VARIOUS GaAs AND ECL LOGIC FAMILIES

|  | FLIP-FLOP TOGGLE RATE (MHz) | POWER/GATE (mW) | COMPLEXITY ${ }^{1}$ <br> (GATES) | THRESHOLD CONTROL REQUIRED ${ }^{2}$ (mV) | MASK LEVELS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GaAs BFL | 2000 | 2 TO 5 | 1000 TO 2000 | 100 | 9 TO 10 |
| CEL | 1800 | 1 TO 2 | 2500 TO 5000 | 100 | 9 TO 10 |
| SCFL ${ }^{3}$ | 1500 | 0.5 TO 2 | 2500 TO 10,000 | 50 | 9 TO 10 |
| DCFL | 1500 | 0.2 TO 0.4 | 12,000 TO 25,000 | 15 | 9 TO 10 |
| ECL HIGH POWER | 1000 | 1.5 TO 2 | 7500 TO 10,000 | NA | 16 TO 20 |
| LOW POWER | 600 | 0.5 TO 1 | 15,000 TO 30,000 | NA | 16 TO 20 |

NOTES:

1. 5 W LIMIT FOR GaAs; 15 W LIMIT FOR ECL.
2. STANDARD DEVIATION OF E-MODE FETS FOR E-D LOGIC; OF D-MODE FETS FOR D-MODE LOGIC.
3. INCLUDES OTHER E-D (NON-DCFL) LOGIC.
dissipations of 1.5 to 2 mW for each gate. Assuming a power-dissipation limit for an ECL VLSI package of 15 W , the complexity limit for ECL devices is 7500 to 10,000 gates. In applications that require that kind of complexity, ECL is 5 to 10 times faster than CMOS.

## E-D devices run at 1500 MHz

Table 1 summarizes the features of the various GaAs logic families along with $1-\mu \mathrm{m}$ ECL. By connecting enhancement- and depletion-mode (E-D) GaAs devices in a direct-coupled FET logic (DCFL) configuration, you can achieve flip-flop toggle rates of 1500 MHz while dissipating 0.2 to 0.4 mW per gate.

## Power dissipation vs complexity

Other configurations for E-D GaAs devices, such as source-coupled FET logic (a variant of the ECL configuration), achieve flip-flop toggle rates as high as 1500 MHz , but they dissipate 0.5 to 2 mW per gate. Deple-tion-mode-only configurations, such as buffer FET logic (BFL) and capacitively enhanced logic (CEL), offer higher toggle speeds at the expense of high power dissipation.

Since the thermal conductivity of GaAs is one-third that of silicon, a GaAs package's power-dissipation limit of 5 W maintains a temperature rise in the substrate comparable to a 15 W ECL package. Under this constraint, a complexity limit for DCFL devices can be 12,000 to 25,000 gates. The high power dissipation of the BFL and CEL families limits these devices to SSI and MSI complexities (less than 2000 gates).

TABLE 2-COMPARISON OF CIRCUIT RESULTS FOR THREE GaAs LOGIC FAMILIES

|  | DCFL | BLF | CEL |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NOR GATE SWITCHING <br> POINT | 0.32 V | -0.16 V | -0.10 V |
| RING OSCILLATOR <br> WITH F $/ \mathrm{F}_{2}=2 / 2$ <br> MINMUM GATE DELAY | 44 pSEC | 47 pSEC | 39 pSEC |
| ASSOCIATED POWER <br> DISSIPATION | 0.55 mW | 3.4 mW | 2.8 mW |
| POWER-DELAY <br> PRODUCTS | 24 fJ | 160 fJ | 109 fJ |
| DIVIDE-BY-2 CIRCUITS <br> MAXIMUM INPUT | 3.1 GHz | 2.7 GHz | 3.8 GHz |
| FREQUENCY | 3.4 mW | 18 mW | 25 mW |

(SOURCE: ITT CORP)

In a hands-on comparison of the BFL, CEL, and DCFL families, an ITT lab team fabricated ring oscillators, flip-flops, and shift registers on the same GaAs substrate and compared their relative performances. A self-aligned gate process produced E-mode and D-mode FETs with pinch-off voltages of 0.1 V and -0.5 V , respectively. The gate length was one micron. Table 2 summarizes results for the three logic families. The report concluded that DCFL is the preferred logic design if processing tolerances are controllable.

The greatest opportunities for digital GaAs ICs, therefore, lie in areas requiring both high speed and

# For real-time relief, take these. 

 COMPIANT

For math-intensive processing, Logic Devices offers a whole range of innovative architectural solutions, including these lowpower CMOS functions. So if your application is pushing data rates of 25 MHz and beyond, check out our real-time solutions. Call toll free 1-800-851-0767 (in California, 1-800-233-2518) for a product catalog, which includes our MIL-STD-883C compliant parts. Or write: Logic Devices, Inc., 628 East Evelyn Avenue, Sunnyvale, California 94086 . Telex 172387.

## 16-bit ALU L4C381

- 16 -bit cascadable ALU, with 26 ns. flow-through add time.
- Includes optional pipeline registers.
- Implements add, subtract, accumulate, two's complement, pass and logic operations.


## 16-bit multiplier LMU18



- $16 \times 16$ multiplier, with 35 ns. multiply time.
- Non-multiplexed 32-bit output port.


## 32-bit barrel shifter/normalizer LSH32

- 32 -input, parallel shifter with 32 ns . prop. delay.
- Implements left, right, or circular shifts, 0 to 32 positions; automatically calculates optimum scaling value for maximum accuracy.
- Separate external shift distance inputs for block floating-point applications.


## 12-bit multiplier-summer (AxB)+C LMS12

- $12 \times 12$ multiplier, plus 26 -bit adder in one package.
- Cascadable to form 25 MHz video filter with broadside coefficient load.
high complexity. To achieve VLSI integration (greater than 10,000 gates), with a chip power dissipation of 5 W , only the DCFL configuration is viable. The major requirement is process control when fabricating these devices. For example, for a DCFL gate to work properly, the pinch-off voltage of the E-mode FET must remain within a 0.15 to 0.4 V range.

Moreover, the threshold voltage of the E-mode FET determines the speed and yield of the wafer. The transconductance $\left(\mathrm{g}_{\mathrm{m}}\right)$ of the FET improves with a lower threshold. If the spread of threshold voltages is too large, some E-mode FETs may have thresholds less than 0 V and won't turn off. A higher threshold will increase yields, but performance suffers. In addition, a tight spread on the threshold voltage of the E-mode FETs insures a tight spread on the current drain for each gate.

The improvements of $1-\mu \mathrm{m}$ ECL devices, however, have left high-power GaAs logic families with only an incremental speed advantage (see Fig 3). But E-D GaAs logic families, such as DCFL, offer an increase in complexity along with less power consumption. Therefore, it appears that a technology that was heralded for its speed advantage over silicon ECL, may find its best opportunity by offering more complexity, lower power, and higher manufacturing yields than ECL.

EDN

## Reference

1. Singh, HP, et al, "A comparative study of GaAs logic families using universal shift registers and self-aligned gate technology," IEEE GaAs IC Symposium, pg 11, 1986.

## Author's biography

Louis $R$ Tomasetta is the president and CEO of Vitesse Semiconductor Corp. He has been at this position for four years since coming from Rockwell International. He has a BS, an MS, and a PhD from MIT'. A member of the IEEE, he has been granted one patent.


## How tokeephigh-speed frombecoming halffast.

By maximizing throughput and minimizing propagation delay, NEC's new GaAs digital logic ICs give you the extra speed your fiber


High-speed designs require highspeed parts, and NEC's ICs can deliver up to $5 \mathrm{~Gb} / \mathrm{s}$. optic, instrumentation and communications designs demand.

They're twice as fast as first generation GaAs logic devices, and up to five times faster than equivalent ECL circuits. Their low power dissipation makes them more reliable. And they're available at very competitive prices.

## NEC's Growing Family of HIGH-SPEED GaAs ICs

| PART NO. | PRODUCT DESCRIPTION | PROPAGATION <br> DELAY (Typ.) | OPERATING <br> SPEED (Typ.) |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| UPG700B | Master Slave D-Type Flip Flop | 400 ps | 3.2 GHz |
| UPG701B | Master Slave T-Type Flip Flop | 400 ps | 4.5 GHz |
| UPG702B | 3-Input NOR/0R | 400 ps | 3.0 GHz |
| UPG703B | Four Stage Ripple Counter | 500 ps | 2.5 GHz |
| UPG704B-15 | 4:1 Multiplexer | 800 ps | 1.5 GHz |
| UPG704B-20 | 4:1 Multiplexer | 800 ps | 2.0 GHz |
| UPG704B-25 | 4:1 Multiplexer | 800 ps | 2.5 GHz |
| UPG705B-15 | 1:4 DeMultiplexer | 800 ps | 1.5 GHz |
| UPG705B-20 | 1:4 DeMultiplexer | 800 ps | 2.0 GHz |
| UPG705B-25 | 1:4 DeMultiplexer | 800 ps | 2.5 GHz |
| UPG706B-1 | High Speed Flip Flop | 400 ps | 4.0 Gbps |
| UPG706B-2 | High Speed Flip Flop | 400 ps | 4.0 Gbps |
| UPG707B | Laser Diode Driver | 400 ps | 3.0 GHz |

## NEC

Compatible with ECL power supply and logic levelsWide-bandwidth: from nearly DC to well over 3 GHzMIL-STD-883 ther-mal and mechanical

Available in 16- and 20-pin packages as well as in chip form. reliabilityOperates over extended temperature rangeSuitable for space applicationsEvaluation Kits and Prototyping Boards availableMost parts shipped immediately from local stock We have the parts, a fully equipped engineering facility, and the experienced applications support it takes to give your designs that competitive edge.

NEC technology and quality - and CEL service.
It's a powerful team. Put it to work for you.

## FREE DATA <br> FOR DESIGNERS

For app notes, data sheets, specification brochure, and information on our new IC Evaluation Kits and Prototyping Boards, call, write, or circle the number below.


California Eastern Laboratories

## WhenYouNeed Toshiba Is



# ASingleSource, <br> he One. 

## FLOPPY DISK DRIVES.

With our Universal Installation Kit you can easily fit our $3.5^{\prime \prime}, 1$ or 2 megabyte floppy in the slot where a $5.25^{\prime \prime}$ drive used to go. But if a $5.25^{\prime \prime}$ is what you really want, then you've got plenty of options there too.


## OPTICAL DISK DRIVES.

We shipped the world's first optical drive back in 1981. And with our choice of $5.25^{\prime \prime}$ or $12^{\prime \prime}$ WORM drives and our half-high CD-ROM, we're still light years ahead.

## QUALITY PRODUCTS WITH QUALITY SUPPORT.

Floppy, optical or Winchester, you'll find the quality drives you need at Toshiba. Along with J.I.T. delivery, complete technical support and full service. Because, it's doing it all that's made us the best single source drive supplier around.

To find out how good a source we can be for you, call us at 1-800-456-DISK.

## In Touch with Tomorrow <br> TOSHIBA TOSHIBA AMERICA, INC.



## Not to give you the mear with our instruments the with life would seem to



## to interface way you interface <br> $s$ unfriendly.



## SUDDENLY, EVERYONE'S LOOKING AT

LTX INTRODUCES THE SYNCHROMASTER. ${ }^{\text {TM }}$
It's nothing less than the combination of the best linear, digital, and mixed-signal test solutions. All three dimensions in one IC test system.

And only LTX had all the right ingredients to make it happen:
We're the recognized leader in linear testing with our Hi.T and LTX Ninety systems. Our Trillium systems have established our engineering leadership in digital testing as well. And we were the first to introduce mixed-signal testing ten years ago.

Synchromaster is the latest product of our experience. It's a total produc-


## TEST EQUIPMENT A WHOLE NEW WAY.

tion system for all phases of manufacturing today's sophisticated IC devices-from engineering to design to debug to final inspection.

In keeping with the best LTX traditions, Synchromaster comes with complete applications support. We've also planned for your future with a modular design that allows expandability without the expense of an entirely new system.
And even though Synchromaster would be worth waiting
for, you don't have to wait for it. It's available almost as fast as you can call your nearest LTX sales office.

TEST YOUR LIMITS.

# CADSHAR ${ }^{\text {m }}$-THENEWEST PLAYER OUTHEREDAC SOFTMARETEAM. 



## TEAM UP WITH A STAR IN PC-BASED PCB CAD.

Gear up for winning play in PCB CAD with new CADSTAR Design and Layout Software. At last, one PC-based system can handle the multitude of PCB designs that cross your desk . . . from dual in-line designs to multilayer, double-sided surface-mount designs. And CADSTAR is compatible with its Redac software teammates, assuring you a game plan for future growth.

CADSTAR brings into play powerful features such as automatic component placement, automatic gate and pin swapping, dynamic rubber banding and automatic routing. They enable you to get your designs to the
market faster and with complete manufacturability. What's more, CADSTAR is backed by the leading player in PCB CAD with over 20 years of experience in the field. From the PC-based systems to the engineering workstation-based Visula system, Racal-Redac supports every level of electronic design automation.

Team up with the winner! Also ask about our low-cost CADSTAR interactive package. Call for a demonstration.


# CAD $\int$ TAR 

## RACAL-REDAC

238 Littleton Road Post Office Box 365 RACLD Westford, MA 01886-9984
Telephone: (617) 692-4900

# Simple calculator acts as low-speed counter 

J N Lygouras<br>University of Thrace, Xanthi, Greece

By adding a handful of inexpensive components, you can transform a 4 -function calculator into a low-speed counter or tachometer. Note, however, that the calculator must have a constant-calculation feature for this scheme to work.
Fig 1 illustrates the scheme. In Fig 1a, a series of 555 timers produces a string of pulses (Fig 1b), which key the calculator. When you press the reset switch, $\mathrm{S}_{1}$, its negative-going edge triggers the first 555 timer, $\mathrm{IC}_{1}$, making its output go high for about 23 msec . This high level closes electronic switch $\mathrm{S}_{2}$. This closure is equivalent to pressing the calculator's zero digit.
In a similar fashion, the circuit sequentially activates the plus and one keys. The negative-going output of the third 555 timer, $\mathrm{IC}_{3}$, triggers the fourth 555 timer, $\mathrm{IC}_{4}$. Triggering $\mathrm{IC}_{4}$ enables electronic switch $\mathrm{S}_{5}$, which routes the input pulses to the equals key for the duration of $\mathrm{IC}_{4}$ 's time period. This sequence is equivalent to your pressing the calculator's keys as shown in Fig 2, where N is the number of counted pulses that


Fig 2-The circuit shown in Fig 1 mimics the key strokes shown here.
correspond to the final display on the calculator at the end of $\mathrm{IC}_{4}$ 's time period, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}$.
You can add the optional circuit to convert the counter to a tachometer. The Schmitt trigger shapes pulses from an engine's contact points. You must divide the points' signal by four because the calculator's maximum counting frequency is 20 Hz . For example, a 4 -stroke, 4 -cylinder engine running at 1000 rpm would generate 33.3 sparks $/ \mathrm{sec}$. Of course, if you divide the incoming pulse stream by four, you must increase $\mathrm{IC}_{4}$ 's counting period by a factor of four to compensate. EDN

To Vote For This Design, Circle No 746


Fig 1-Electronic switches, triggered by 555 timers and an incoming pulse train, turn a simple 4 -function, constant-calculation calculator into a low-speed counter or, optionally, a tachometer.

## DESIGN IDEAS

## Circuit renders ROM contents secure

R B Srinivas,<br>Kalpakkam, India

If you are designing ASICs having memory elements, you can render those memory elements immune to dumping by incorporating a simple hardware/software scheme. This data-locking scheme blocks the reading of a device's memory contents by taking advantage of the fact that an external agent attempting to pirate a memory element's contents accesses each and every memory location while an onboard $\mu \mathrm{P}$ generally does not.

A data pirate can easily get a dump of commercially available data-protecting EPROMs by hot-wiring one of your boards and taking control of its EPROM in DMA fashion after the onboard $\mu \mathrm{P}$ has first unlocked the EPROM with its key. The scheme presented here is immune to such tactics and requires no manager chip, as do the commercial data-locking EPROMs.

The mechanism senses an unauthorized dump of the
memory by triggering on accesses to ROM addresses that the $\mu \mathrm{P}$ 's program never uses. The block diagram in Fig 1 shows an example of the logic elements, outlined in heavy lines, that you must add to an ASIC that contains a 4 k -byte ROM macrocell ( 2732 type).
The magnitude comparators, $\mathrm{MC}_{1-16}$, compare the incoming address and a security code. These security codes are unused addresses you have previously stored. If any magnitude comparator senses a match, it permanently disables the ASIC's select logic via the 16 -input OR gate and programmable switch, $\mathrm{FS}_{1}$.

Note that the sixteenth control register's highest order bit also feeds back into the select logic to seal the control registers. This bit gets set when you program the sixteenth control register. After being programmed, this bit sets the select logic so that you can no longer write to the control registers.

EDN

To Vote For This Design, Circle No 747


Fig 1-Adding a set of control registers and magnitude comparators to an ASIC that has a memory element can render the memory immune to data pirating. The control registers contain unused memory addresses. If a pirate attempts to access one of these unused program locations, the magnitude comparator sets a programmable switch that permanently disables the ASIC's select logic.

$50 \mathrm{KHz}-2000 \mathrm{MHz}$, Low Noise 250 mW output Gain Controlled from $\$ 69.95$

Our ZFL-2000 miniature wideband amplifier hit a bulls-eye when we introduced it last year. Now we've added more models to offer you a competitive edge in the continuing battle for systems improvement.

The ZFL-2000, flat from 10 to 2000 MHz , delivers +17 dBm output and is priced at only $\$ 219$.

Need more output? Our ZFL-1000H, flat from 10 to 1000 MHz , delivers +20 dBm output.

Is low noise a critical factor: Our ZFL-500LN and 1000LN boast a 2.9 dB NF.

Variable gain important? Our ZFL-1000G, flat from 10 to 1000 MHz , delivers +3 dBm output with 30 dB gain control while maintaining constant input/output impedance.

Searching for a high-quality, low-cost amplifier? Our ZFL-500 flat from 50 KHz to 500 MHz , delivers +10 dBm output for the unbelievable low price of only $\$ 69.95$. Need to go higher in frequency? Consider the ZFL-750, from 0.2 to 750 MHz , for only $\$ 74.95$. Or the $\$ 79.95$ ZFL-1000, spanning 0.1 to 1000 MHz .

One week delivery ... one year guarantee.

SPECIFICATIONS

| MODEL | $\underset{\mathrm{MHz}}{\text { FREQUENCY }}$ | GAIN, dB (min.) | MAX. POWER OUTPUT dBm(typ) | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{NF} \\ \mathrm{~dB}(\text { typ }) \end{gathered}$ | PRICE Ea. | \$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ZFL-500 | 0.05-500 | 20 | +9 | 5.3 | 69.95 | 1-24 |
| ZFL-500LN | 0.1-500 | 24 | +5 | 2.9 | 79.95 | 1-24 |
| ZFL-750 | 0.2-750 | 18 | +9 | 6.0 | 74.95 | 1-24 |
| ZFL-1000 | 0.1-1000 | 17 | +9 | 6.0 | 79.95 | 1-24 |
| ZFL-1000G ${ }^{\text {* }}$ | 10-1000 | 17 | +3 | 12.0 | 199.00 | 1-9 |
| ZFL-1000H | 10-1000 | 28 | +20 | 5.0 | 219.00 | 1-9 |
| ZFL-500HLN | 10-500 | 19 | +16 | 3.8 | 99.95 | 1-24 |
| ZFL-1000LN | 0.1-1000 | 20 | +3 | 2.9 | 89.95 | 1-24 |
| ZFL-1000VH | 10-1000 | 20 | +25 | 4.5 | 229.00 | 1-9 |
| ZFL-2000 | 10-2000 | 20 | $+17^{* *}$ | 7.0 | 219.00 | 1-9 |
| * 30 dB gain c | ntrol ** + | mm below | 000 MHz |  |  |  |

finding new ways
setting higher standards
$\square$ Mini-Circuits
P.O. Box 350166, Brooklyn, New York 11235-0003 (718) 934-4500 Fax (718) 332-4661 Domestic and International Telexes: 6852844 or 620156

## ECL circuit calibrates phase meters

## Miroslaw Sadowski <br> Warsaw University of Technology, <br> Warszawa, Poland

The circuit in Fig 1 uses high-speed ECL devices to produce a pair of precision phase-shifted periodic signals, which prove useful for calibrating phase meters. This circuit has been tested with input signals ranging from 16 Hz to $96 \mathrm{MHz}(1-\mathrm{Hz}$ to $6-\mathrm{MHz}$ output frequency). At a $6-\mathrm{MHz}$ output frequency, a $0.1-\mathrm{nsec}$ phase shift has about $0.2^{\circ}$ accuracy.

The circuit divides the reference input by 16 to produce the output frequency. You use switches $S_{1}$ through $\mathrm{S}_{4}$ to set the phase shift between the two outputs from $0^{\circ}$ to $337.5^{\circ}$ in $22.5^{\circ}$ steps. The buffers in the clock line to the D flip-flops delay the clock signal to synchronize the flip-flops' inputs to the counters' outputs.

The simple Schmitt-trigger circuit in Fig 2 allows you


Fig 2-You can slave the circuit in Fig 1 to your system's signal generator with this simple Schmitt trigger.
to slave the phase-shift generator to your test system's signal generator.

To Vote For This Design, Circle No 750


Fig 1-This high-speed ECL circuit develops a pair of phase-shifted square waves suitable for calibrating phase meters. By setting switches $S_{1-4}$, you can add programmable delay to the signal path through $I C_{z}$.


# Cache-tag RAM is content-addressable 

Steven Bennett<br>Integrated Device Technology Europe, Leatherhead, Surrey, UK

A 7174S35 cache-tag RAM forms the heart of a contentaddressable memory. You can use this content-addressable memory in a $\mu \mathrm{P}$-based system as a memorymapped peripheral to vastly speed the searching of tables for data matches.

A content-addressable memory provides a diametrically opposite address-contents correlation from that of a conventional memory. If you supply a conventional memory with an address, it will return the address's data; if you supply a content-addressable memory with data, it will return the address in the memory where the data are stored (or, optionally, addresses in the event of multiple instances of a given datum).

Obviously, a content-addressable memory must access every location in its memory and test each location's contents against the data you supply. Although you can do such a search in software, the hardwarebased design (Fig 1) is much faster. This design can check all 8 k content-addressable memory locations in $409.6 \mu \mathrm{sec}$ max.

Operating this content-addressable memory involves two distinct phases: loading and verifying the contentaddressable memory and performing data matches. Loading the content-addressable memory begins with
an active-low reset from the $\mu \mathrm{P}$. You must clear the entire content-addressable memory to avoid generating spurious matches on obsolete data.

To load data, you first write a 13 -bit address to the address latch $\mathrm{IC}_{3}$ and, at the same time, set the 14th bit, PE (parallel enable), to the counter ( $\mathrm{IC}_{4}$ through $\mathrm{IC}_{7}$ ) high. Setting PE high jams the 13 -bit address into the counter, stops the counter, and impresses the 13 -bit address on the RAM's ( $\mathrm{IC}_{8}$ and $\mathrm{IC}_{9}$ ) address port. A second write, this time to $\mathrm{IC}_{1}$, the data-transceiver latch, allows a 16 -bit data word to flow through to the RAM's data port. At the same time, strobing the RAM's $\overline{\mathrm{WE}}$ input via the decoder $\mathrm{IC}_{10}$ writes the data into the RAM.

Clearing the 14th bit latched into $\mathrm{IC}_{3}$ releases the counters to continue cycling addresses. $\mathrm{IC}_{3}$, a 49 C 602 , is a bidirectional, 16 -bit latched transceiver. Therefore, you can manipulate the 14th bit as part of a read-modify-write cycle (or clear the transceiver by writing $00_{\text {HEX }}$ to it).

Reading the content-addressable memory to verify data is similar to writing. You first load an address into the address latch $\mathrm{IC}_{3}$, again setting the PE bit to jam the address into the counter. At this point you can read the 16 -bit data word via $\mathrm{IC}_{1}$ by setting the appropriate input to the $\mathrm{IC}_{10}$ decoder.

After loading and verifying the content-addressable memory's RAM, you can use the content-addressable


Fig 1-This content-addressable memory accepts a data word in $I C_{1}$. The counter, $I C_{4-7}$, then begins cycling the $R A M$ through all of its $8 k$ addresses (in $409.6 \mu \mathrm{sec}$ max) until the RAM finds a matching data word. The RAM then latches the address of the matching word into IC for reading by the system $\mu P$.


# DESIGN NOTES 

Number 11 in a series from Linear Technology Corporation

# Achieving Microamp Quiescent Current in Switching Regulators 

Jim Williams

Many battery powered applications require very wide ranges of power supply output current. Normal conditions require currents in the ampere range, while standby or "sleep" modes draw only microamperes. A typical lap top computer may draw 1 to 2 amperes running while needing only a few hundred microamps for memory when turned off. In theory, any switching regulator designed for loop stability under noload conditions will work. In practice, a regulator's relatively large quiescent current may cause unacceptable battery drain during low output current intervals.
Figure 1 shows a typical flyback regulator. In this case the 6 V battery is converted to a 12 V output by the inductive flyback voltage produced each time the LT1070's $V_{S w}$ pin is internally switched to ground. An internal 40 kHz clock produces a flyback event every $25 \mu s$. The energy in this event is controlled by the IC's internal error amplifier, which acts to force the feedback (FB) pin to a 1.23 V reference. The error amplifiers high impedance output (the $V_{C}$ pin) uses an $R C$ damper for stable loop compensation.

This circuit works well but pulls 9 mA of quiescent current. If battery capacity is limited by size or weight this may be too high. How can this figure be reduced while retaining high current performance?

A solution is suggested by considering an auxiliary $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{c}}$ pin function. If the $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{C}}$ pin is pulled within 150 mV of ground the IC shuts down, pulling only 50 microamperes. Figure 2's special loop exploits this feature, reducing quiescent current to only 150 microamperes. Here, circuitry is placed between the feedback divider and the $V_{C}$ pin. The LT1070's internal feedback amplifier and reference are not used. Figure 3 shows operating waveforms under no-load conditions. The 12 V output (trace A) ramps down over a period of seconds. During this time comparator A1's output (trace B) is low, as are the paralleled inverters. This pulls the $V_{c}$ pin (trace $C$ ) low, putting the IC in its $50 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ shutdown mode. The $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Sw}}$ pin (trace D ) is high, and no inductor current flows. When the 12 V output drops about 20 mV , A1 triggers and the inverters (74C04) go high, pulling the $V_{C}$ pin up and turning on the
regulator. The $\mathrm{V}_{\text {SW }}$ pin pulses the inductor at the 40 KHz clock rate, causing the output to abruptly rise. This action trips A1 low, forcing the $V_{C}$ pin back into shutdown. This "bang-bang" control loop keeps the 12 V output within the 20 mV ramp hysteresis window set by R3-R4. Diode clamps prevent $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{C}}$ pin overdrive. Note that the loop oscillation period of $4-5 \mathrm{sec}$ onds means the $\mathrm{R} 6-\mathrm{C} 2$ time constant at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{C}}$ is not a significant term. Because the LT1070 spends almost all of the time in shutdown, very little quiescent current $(150 \mu \mathrm{~A})$ is drawn.

Figure 4 shows the same waveforms with the load increased to 3mA. Loop oscillation frequency increases to keep up with the loads sink current demand. Now, the $V_{C}$ pin waveform (trace C ) begins to take on a filtered appearance. This is due to R6-C2's 10ms time constant. If the load continues to increase, loop oscillation frequency will also increase. The R6-C2 time constant, however, is fixed. Beyond some frequency, R6-C2 must average loop oscillations to DC .

Figure 5 plots what occurs, with a pleasant surprise. As output current rises, loop oscillation frequency also rises until about 500Hz. At this point the R6-C2 time constant filters the $V_{C}$ pin to $D C$ and the LT1070 transitions into "normal" operation. With the $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{C}}$ pin at DC it is convenient to think of Al and the inverters as a linear error amplifier with a closed loop gain set by the R1-R2 feedback divider. In fact, A1 is still duty cycle modulating, but at a rate far above R6-C2's break frequency. The phase error contributed by $\mathrm{C1}$ (which was selected for low loop frequency at low output currents) is dominated by the R6-C2 roll off and the R7-C3 lead into A1. The loop is stable and responds linearly for all loads beyond 80mA. In this high current region the LT1070 behaves like Figure 1 's circuit.

The loop described provides a controlled, conditional instability to lower regulator quiescent current by a factor of 60 without sacrificing high power performance. Although demon strated in a boost converter, it is readily exportable to other configurations, (e.g, multi-output flyback, buck, etc.) allowing LT1070 use in low quiescent power applications.


Figure 1. Typical LT1070 Flyback Regulator


Figure 3. Waveforms at No Load for Figure 2 (Traces B and D Retouched for Clarity)


Figure 4. Waveforms at 3 mA Load for Figure 2


Figure 5. Output Current vs Loop Oscillation Frequency for Figure 2

For LT1070 literature call $800 \cdot 637-5545$. For help with an application call (408) 432-1900, Ext. 361.

## DESIGN IDEAS

memory to search for data matches. First, you write the data word to be searched for to the data latch, $\mathrm{IC}_{1}$. When the counter sequence reaches an address of a data word in the RAM matching the search word, the RAM's built-in comparators pull the Match line to a logic one.

Asserting the Match line has two effects. First, the Clock Enable line of $\mathrm{IC}_{2}$ goes to a logic zero, enabling the next clock edge to capture the value of the address counters (which corresponds to the address in RAM of
the matching data). Second, Match sends an interrupt to the $\mu \mathrm{P}$ indicating that the content-addressable memory operation is complete. The $\mu \mathrm{P}$ can read out the address value held in $\mathrm{IC}_{2}$.

If you desire to search for further occurrences of the data you can simply move the contents of $\mathrm{IC}_{2}$ to $\mathrm{IC}_{3}$ and begin searching again.

EDN

To Vote For This Design, Circle No 748

# Fortran routine manipulates bits 

Joseph A Dennis<br>M/A Com Government Systems, San Diego, CA

Fortran subroutine BINA (Listing 1) takes a decimal number, converts it into a binary number, and stores it bit-wise in the array ADDRESS. BINA simulates, in software, a series of left-shift and test operations. This

## LISTING 1-SUBROUTINE BINA

SUBROUTINE TAKES THE DECIMAL VALUE OF ADR AND CONVERTS IT INTO A BINARY VALUE AND STORES IN ARRAY ADDRESS(7:0). ROUTINE USES A SHIFT LEFT OPERATION (MULTIPLY $\times 2$ ) TO EXAMINE CARRY OUT BUCKET BIT. IF BUCKET IS 1 THEN DECIMAL VALUE OF IZ WILL BE EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 255. THE BUCKET VALUE IS STORED IN ARRAY ADDRESS(7.0)

SUBROUTINE BINA(ADR, ADDRESS)
INTEGER I,ADR,ADDRESS(0:7)
INTEGER IZ
$\mathrm{IZ}=\mathrm{ADR}$
DO $101=7,0,-1$
IF $(I Z>255)$ THEN ; MULTIPLY SHIFTS VALUE TO LEFT BY 1 BIT EXAMINE CARRY OUT BUCKET - PLACE A " 1 " IN ARRAY BIT POSITION $I Z=1 Z-256$ CLEAR CARRY OUT BUCKET
ELSE ADDRESS $(1)=0$; PLACE A " 0 " IN ARRAY BIT POSITION END IF CONTINUE

## LISTING 2-ROUTINE THAT CALLS BINA

```
DO 40 K=0,15 ; CYCLE THROUGH ALL INPUTS
    ADR=-K ;CAN'T MESS WITH LOOP PARAMETER
    CALL BINA(ADR,ADDRESS) ; INPUT ADR TO SUBROUTINE BINA
        ARRAY ADDRESS(7:0) IS RETURNED
    OUTPUT(0) =[ADDRESS(3) + ADDRESS(2)]
        +[ADDRESS(1) * ADDRESS(0)]
    TYPE 23,OUTPUT(0)
    FORMAT("THE VALUE OF OUTPUT(0) IS",13)
    CONTINUE
    STOP
    END
```

Fig 1-This simple circuit serves as an example of why you might need to manipulate individual bits in a Fortran program.
conversion and storage allows you to select any bit from the array ADDRESS for logic computations. Although BINA handles only numbers less than 256 , you can easily extend it to cover larger numbers.

As an example of how to use BINA, consider the simple logic circuit in Fig 1. You can simulate this logic circuit with this equation:

$$
\begin{aligned}
\operatorname{OUTPUT}(0) & =[\operatorname{ADDRESS}(3)+\operatorname{ADDRESS}(2)] \\
& +[\operatorname{ADDRESS}(1) * \operatorname{ADDRESS}(0)]
\end{aligned}
$$

where the plus sign equals a logic OR and the asterisk equals a logic AND.

To use this equation in a Fortran program, you must be able to selectively access each bit of the ADDRESS vector. The short Fortran program in Listing 2 repeatedly calls BINA to set up the array ADDRESS and then plugs the ADDRESS vector into the logic equation. The short program automatically runs through all possible combinations of inputs.

EDN

## Design Entry Blank

\$100 Cash Award for all entries selected by editors. An additional \$100 Cash Award for the winning design of each issue, determined by vote of readers. Additional \$1500 Cash Award for annual Grand Prize Design, selected among biweekly winners by vote of editors.

To: Design Ideas Editor, EDN Magazine
Cahners Publishing Co
275 Washington St, Newton, MA 02158
I hereby submit by Design Ideas entry.
Name $\qquad$
Title $\qquad$ Phone $\qquad$
Company
Division (if any) $\qquad$
Street $\qquad$
City $\qquad$ State $\qquad$ Zip $\qquad$
Design Title $\qquad$
Home Address $\qquad$

Social Security Number $\qquad$
(Must accompany all Design Ideas submitted by US authors)
Entry blank must accompany all entries. Design entered must be submitted exclusively to EDN, must not be patented, and must have no patent pending. Design must be original with author(s), must not have been previously published (limited-distribution house organs excepted), and must have been constructed and tested.
Exclusive publishing rights remain with Cahners Publishing Co unless entry is returned to author or editor gives written permission for publication elsewhere.

In submitting my entry, I agree to abide by the rules of the Design Ideas Program.

Signed $\qquad$
Date $\qquad$

## ISSUE WINNER

The winning Design Idea for the March 17, 1988, issue is entitled "Spy terminal monitors RS-232C traffic," submitted by Sebastiao Santiago Barretto of Scopus Tecnologia S A (Sao Paulo, Brazil).

Your vote determines this issue's winner. All designs published win $\$ 100$ cash. All issue winners receive an additional \$100 and become eligible for the annual \$1500 Grand Prize. Vote now, by circling the appropriate number on the reader inquiry card.


This DC-operated linear displacement sensor incorporates unique monolithic circuitry and ratiometric design for accurate, repeatable measurements - at very affordable prices.

With an operating temperature range of $+32^{\circ}$ to $+160^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ and linearity at $0.25 \%$ full range, our DC-LVDT operates efficiently in tough environments.

Measuring DISPLACEMENT, PRESSURE, ACCELERATION, FORCE/WEIGHT, SLOPE/TILT, or VELOCITY? For nearly half a century, we've demonstrated our commitment to sensor technology with products for a variety of measurement applications.

For complete information on the DCLVDT, write Schaevitz, U.S. Route 130 \& Union Avenue, Pennsauken, NJ 08110 or call our Hot Line: 609/662-8008.
Grid Scale: $3 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$


## schorevitz

The Name in SensorTechnology

## Disk-Caching SCSI for Multibus' II.

## The CD22/4500 SCSI Controller from Central Data.

Central Data is committed to a leadership role in the Multibus II market. With special emphasis on SCSI support.

The CD22/4500 provides the ultimate Multibus II SCSI solution. It's fast, transferring data at the limits of the SCSI bus. And versatile, providing either direct SCSI commands or Intel compatible PCI commands.

On-board disk-caching firmware makes it even faster. Up to 2 megabytes of parity protected RAM and 80186 CPU speeds of up to 12.5 MHz mean cache hits are frequent and fast.

For extra efficiency, tune your systems using the four provided disk-sorting algorithms,
automatic read ahead and selectable write back or write through policies.
Design excellence, unparalleled account service, easy access to design engineers, even customizing for some applications. You'll find them in this and every Central Data product.

Call product manager Andre Felix today for a detailed product brochure on the CD22/4500.

## Central Data

1602 Newton Drive, Champaign, IL 61821-1098

## 1-800-482-0315

(In Illinois 217-359-8010)
FAX 217-359-6904
*Multibus is a trademark of Intel Corporation.


## NEW AVOCET C"' FOR MICROCONTROLLERSA BREAKTHROUGH IN SPEED AND QUALITY.

Introducing Avocet C. ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Fast, optimizing cross-compilers that can cut microcontroller development time in half-without sacrificing code quality.

## From concept to code

 in a fraction of the time.Programming in C lets you concentrate on end results, not annoying details-so you get more done, faster. And rapid compilation takes the frustration out. But for microcontrollers, you need more than speed. You need tight, high-quality code.

That's why we spent two years field-testing and perfecting Avocet $C$ for both speed and quality. We built in three separate phases of optimization for object code tight enough for real applications. And we integrated Avocet $C$ with an assembler package that's mature in its own right-not an afterthought. So you can still work magic at the bits-and-bytes level.

Avocet $C$ saves you time in all phases of development. Our run-time library is extensive-no need to write the routines yourself. You'll arrive at bug-free code faster, thanks to LINT-like type checking. And your program's useful life is extended, because you can recompile for other target chips.

Testing is easier, too. Avocet $C$ is ANSI-standard-so you can test generic parts of your program with hostresident systems like Microsoft Quick$C^{T M}$ and Codeview. ${ }^{T M}$ And when youre ready for hardware-specific testing, Avocet's AVSIM Simulator/Debugger tests microcontroller code right on your PC.

## An excellent value.

Just $\$ 895$ buys Avocet C for your favorite chip: Intel 8051 or 8096 , Hitachi 64180, or Zilog Z80 - with more to follow. And Avocet $C$ includes the latest version of AVMAC-Avocet's superfast, professional assembly-language development package. (If you're already a registered AVMAC owner, you can upgrade to Avocet C for only \$595.)


AVUCET SYSTEMS, INC. THE SOURCE FOR QUALITY PERSONAL $\mu$ P DEVELOPMENT TOOLS.


## VIDEO OP AMP

- Features $45-\mathrm{MHz}$ unity-gain bandwidth
- Offers $150 \mathrm{~V} / \mu \mathrm{sec}$ slew rate

The HA-2544 general-purpose op amp is optimized for video and other high-speed signals. The device features a unity-gain bandwidth of 45 MHz and a slew rate of $150 \mathrm{~V} / \mu \mathrm{sec}$. When operating at 5 MHz , the unit has a differential gain error of less than 0.05 dB , a differential phase error of $0.1^{\circ}$, and a gain tolerance of 0.15 dB max. Its other video param-
eters include a typical $0.1-\mathrm{dB}$ chrominance to luminance gain and a 5 -nsec chrominance to luminance delay. The chip has an open-loop gain of $6 \mathrm{kV} / \mathrm{V}$, an output voltage swing of $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ from a $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ supply, and a CMRR of $75 \mathrm{~dB} \min$ and 89 dB typ. You can obtain it in an 8-pin TO-99, 8-pin plastic DIP, 8-pin ceramic DIP, or a 20 -pin LCC. From $\$ 3.04$ (100).

Harris Corp, Semiconductor Sector, Box 883, Melbourne, FL 32901. Phone (305) 724-7800.

Circle No 351


## DUAL CMOS DACs

- Permit selection of 8- or 12-bit data buses
- Provide double-buffered digital inputs

The DAC-8222 and -8248 dual 12-bit D/A converters feature double buffering at their digital inputs. The devices offer a choice of 8 - or 12 -bit
data-bus architectures to accommodate an 8 -, 16 -, or 32 -bit $\mu \mathrm{P}$. The 8222 has a 12 -bit data bus that accepts a 12 -bit word in a single byte, whereas the 8248 has an 8 -bit data bus that accepts a 12 -bit word in two bytes, an 8 -bit byte followed by a 4 -bit nibble, or 4 -bits followed by 8 bits. Both DACs offer $\pm 1$-LSB gain accuracy with $\pm 0.5$-LSB nonlinearity, and they settle to within $\pm 0.5$ LSB of final value in less than $1 \mu \mathrm{sec}$ for a 10 V full-scale step change. The devices come in plastic or ceramic DIPs. Commercial-grade version, $\$ 11.60$; military-grade version, $\$ 48$ (100).

Precision Monolithics Inc, Box 58020, Santa Clara, CA 95052. Phone (408) 727-9222. TLX 713719541.

Circle No 352

## GaAs MULTIPLEXER

- Meets Sonet standard
- Operates at 1.24G-bit/sec rate

The VS8010 implements an 8 to 1 multiplexer and a 1 to 8 demultiplexer on a GaAs chip. The device contains control logic that meets the Sonet (synchronous optical network) standard at a $1.24 \mathrm{G}-\mathrm{bit} / \mathrm{sec}$ communication rate. The unit handles incoming 8 -bit parallel data at rates to 155 M bytes/sec and outputs a 1.24 G -bit/sec serial bit stream. The chip also receives 1.24 G -bit/sec data and converts it back to bytewide parallel data. The demultiplexer portion of the chip contains the Sonet framing circuitry, which aligns the incoming serial data stream to the byte boundaries. Clock- and data-information are transmitted and received separately via a high-speed I/O to ensure synchronization. The device operates from standard ECL power supplies and comes in a 52 -pin ceramic LCC. $\$ 980$.

Vitesse Semiconductor Corp, 741 Calle Plano, Camarillo, CA 93010. Phone (805) 388-3700.

Circle No 353


## DATA SYSTEMS

- Feature $75-k H z$ throughput rates
- Provide 8-channel multiplexers and 12-bit ADCs

Every Series SP9415 device constitutes a complete data-acquisition system housed in a single package.

In addition to including an 8-channel multiplexer, a sample-hold amplifier, and a 12-bit A/D converter, each device provides control logic, a clock, and a reference. All the systems feature a $75-\mathrm{kHz}$ throughput rate; you can expand a system's 8channel input capacity by employing external multiplexers connected in series. You must specify fixed input ranges for the systems as follows: SP9415, 0 to 10 V ; SP416, $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$; and SP417, $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$. The sample-hold section of each system acquires signals in $1.5 \mu \mathrm{sec}$ max to $0.01 \%$ for a 20 V step. The aperture time equals 25 nsec, and the aperture uncertainty is 0.3 nsec . The devices' ADCs feature a $12-\mu \mathrm{sec}$ conversion time, are $\mu \mathrm{P}$ compatible, and contain the interface logic necessary for direct connection to 8 - or 16 -bit buses. The devices come in 28-pin DIPs and operate from 5 V and $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ supplies. You can obtain each in two linearity-grade and temperature-
range versions. $\$ 125$ to $\$ 260$ (100). Delivery, stock to 12 weeks ARO.

Sipex Corp, Hybrid Systems Div, 22 Linnell Circle, Billerica, MA 01821. Phone (617) 667-8700. FAX 617-667-8310.

Circle No 354

## 20-MHz CORRELATOR

- Low-power CMOS
- Two speed grades

Available in two speed grades (correlation rates) of 17 and 20 MHz , the TMC2220 is a $4 \times 32$-bit correlator with internal weighting and combining circuitry. Divided into four modules of $1 \times 32$ bits, each module contains mask and reference registers. The device produces a correlation score between the serial 32 -bit input and the 32 -bit reference pattern. The output from each module is multiplied by user-selected weighting factors and passed to the output

section. The circuit then adds the four weighted results in combinations that you select. The final scaled and combined results are available from two parallel, 3-state output ports. The output is either 2's complement or unsigned magnitude. The device is available in a 68-pin pin-grid-array package. $17-\mathrm{MHz}$ version, $\$ 61 ; 20-\mathrm{MHz}$ version, $\$ 73$ (1000).

TRW LSI Products, Box 2472, La Jolla, CA 92038. Phone (619) 457-1000.

Circle No 355

## Colorby

Sun Microsystems' Sun-4/260 workstation with the TAAC-1 Applications Accelerator lifts visualization capabilities to new heights. Brooktree provides the lift with four Bt458 RAMDACs small enough to fit on a single board. The result: Amazing detail in both pseudo and true color.

## FREQUENCY INVERTERS

- For secure voice applications
- Splits voice band

You can use the MX214 and MX224 variable split-band ICs for secure voice applications in mobile radios and telephony. In transmit mode, the devices use frequency-agile, seventh-order elliptic filters to split the $300-$ to $2700-\mathrm{Hz}$ voice band into one of 32 pairs of sub-bands. The circuit inverts the frequency of the sub-bands and then recombines them in the output. In the receive mode, the circuit reverses the filtering process. You can configure the devices in fixed-code mode (constant sub-bands), or in rolling-code mode (sub-bands periodically changed via $\mu \mathrm{P}$ control). Both devices are singlechannel, half-duplex types that require 5 V CMOS power and draw 8 mA typ. A $300-\mathrm{Hz}$, on-chip highpass filter allows full compatibility with subaudible signaling schemes. The

22-pin MX214 requires serial loading of digital control functions; the 24-pin MX224 requires parallel loading. $\$ 15.30$ (100).

MX-COM Inc, 4800 Bethania Station Rd, Winston-Salem, NC 27105. Phone (800) 638-5577; in NC, (919) 744-5050.

Circle No 356

## HIGH-SPEED PLL

- Includes VCO and lock detector
- High-speed CMOS construction

The CD54/74HC/HCT7046A phaselocked loop IC contains a linear volt-age-controlled oscillator, a lock-detector circuit, and two types of phase comparators. Depending on the duty cycle, designers can choose between an exclusive-OR phase comparator and an edge-triggered J-K flip-flop comparator. A NOR gate and envelope detector detect a locked-loop condition; when the loop

is in lock, a high-level signal (logic 1) appears on pin 1 of the device. The signal and comparator inputs, which you can couple directly to large voltage signals, are provided for the phase comparator. When operated with a passive lowpass filter, the device forms a second-order PLL. Two versions of the device are available: The CD54/74HC7046A is suitable for CMOS designs; the CD54/ 74HCT7046A has the inhibit input adjusted for TTL designs. In the plastic DIP version, $\$ 2$ (100).

GE Solid State, Route 202, Somerville, NJ 08876. Phone (201) 6856562.

INQUIRE DIRECT


Brooktree Bt458. Triple 8-bit color RAMDAC. Available in speeds from 80 MHz to 125 MHz .
Sun Microsystems' Sun-4/260 Workstation with TAAC-1. Provides pseudo color (8 bit) and true color (24 bit), with a choice of 256 colors or 16.8 million colors.



## PRECISION OP AMP

- Very low offset voltage
- Low power dissipation

Equal or superior to competitive types in several important parameters, the RC4077 precision op amp features an offset voltage of $\pm 10 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ (max) and an offset-voltage drift of $0.3 \mu \mathrm{~V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \quad(\max )$. The device

## Well-Connected

 ..because CADdy is integrated.With PC-based CADdy, integration means one environment for Schematic Capture, PCB Layout and beyond.

- Features include symbol selection, dynamic placement, autonaming/numbering, BOM/Netlist, board pin/gate swapping with back annotation.
- CADdy manual routing is effective for analog and multi-layer boards.
- Optional Autorouters from 4 to 16 to 22 layers, gridless, rip-up retry, each with DRC and SMD capabilities.
- CADdy has a screen menu interface with programmable function keys; unlimited zooms, grids, trace widths,
pads, text sizes, hatch/fill, dynamic dragging/rubberbanding, EMS.
- Optional 2D/3D mechanical for packaging design.
- Available on XT, AT, 386, PS/2 with coprocessors and a wide range of graphic cards.
- Major pen plotters, laser printers, Gerber and Excellon are supported.

Now that's integration to help you manage your projects and stay well-connected.
achieves its offset-voltage specifications by the use of stable thin-film resistors that are trimmed during production. Other features include an input bias current of 2 nA (max), a minimum open-loop gain of 5 M , and a maximum power dissipation of 50 mW . The RC4077 has a minimum CMRR of 120 dB and a PSRR of 110 dB . The op amp is available in LCC, SOIC, TO-99, and plastic and ceramic miniature DIPs. Processing to MIL-STD-883B is also available. Depending on the grade, from $\$ 3$ to \$18 (100).
Raytheon Co, Semiconductor Div, 350 Ellis St, Mountain View, CA 94043. Phone (415) 968-9211.

Circle No 358


## CMOS 16-BIT ALU

- Provides 10 functions
- Offers two 16-bit inputs

According to the manufacturer, the L4C381 is the industry's fastest CMOS 16 -bit arithmetic logic unit (ALU). When operating in the flowthrough mode, the device can perform any one of five arithmetic or five logical functions on two 16 -bit inputs in 26 nsec, whereas when operating in the registered-add mode, it can complete a function in 20 nsec . These ten functions include subtraction, accumulation, and negation. Each of the two 16-bit inputs on the device has a register that allows the simultaneous loading of two data values from a 32 -bit bus or of one data value at a time from a 16 -bit bus. A register on the device's 16 -bit output allows the chip

## MULTIPLE



## For Your Special Requirements

KEC has been designing and manufacturing precision power supplies for over 70 years. Our design engineers are ready to work with you to develop the exact power supply to meet your specifications.
What are your needs? Single or multiple output? Open frame or modular? 115 or 220VAC? 25W or more? We can do it!

From the moment you call, our design team is on top of your project. From design to production, we assure strict adherence to your specifications and ensure the quality of our product. With over 200 standard power supplies, chances are you will find the one you need. If not, consider a
custom-designed power supply from KEC. Every KEC power supply is backed by a two-year Warranty.
Pick up your phone and call us toll-free today! Discover the multiple possibilities and competitive pricing that 70 years of custom power supply design experience has to offer.
1-800-255-5668
KEC ELECTRONICS, INC.
20817 Western Avenue, Torrance, CA 90501
(213) 320-3902, FAX (213) 618-1197
"KEC-BRINGING MORE POWER TO YOU"

# An Instrument is only as Good as its Output 

## Will the hardcopy output of your next instrument reflect the quality, precision and capability you build into it?

Instrument users get more than data from their printout . . .they also get a continuing impression of the overall quality and accuracy of the instrument that produces it.
Plots that can't keep pace with real-time events, that display rough, visible jaggies, that are limited in format and have noticeably lower resolution may adversely reflect on the quality of your instruments.

WHERE DO YOU GO FOR SMOOTH, HIGH-SPEED, HIGH-RESOLUTION RECORDING?
Only General Scanning's advanced 2 and 4 inch thermal array printer/plotters are designed specifically to produce records suitable for premium quality, precision instruments. They provide:

- Industry's highest resolution (800 dots/in) for maximum output quality.
- User-defined printing speeds from $1 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{hr}$ to $50 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{sec}$ (up to 650 characters/sec).
Extensive character complement (246, including 96 ASCII); easy-to-add special and foreign sets for custom and international applications.
- Proprietary curve-smoothing software to enhance waveforms (real-time).
- Custom generation of background grids, special codes, X and Y orientation of alphanumerics and graphics printing, full interaction between all output modes, etc. provide total printing flexibility.
- Internal self-test routines, reducing QA and incoming inspection expenses inherent in similar products.
General Scanning, with 20 years of experience in building advanced thermal printers, is the leader in offering customers total application and engineering support. Charting the Path of Technology
500 Arsenal Street, Watertown, MA 02272 (617) 924-1010 Outside Mass. 800-343-1167



## INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

to recycle an output result back to an input via a feedback path. The device's output pins show the ALU's status, making it easy to cascade devices to perform 32-bit calculations. You can obtain the device in a 68 -pin ceramic pin grid array, 68-pin plastic leaded chip carrier, and 68 -pin ceramic LCC. In a plastic leaded chip carrier, from $\$ 20$ to $\$ 24$ (1000).

Logic Devices Inc, 628 East Evelyn Ave, Sunnyvale, CA 94086. Phone (408) 720-8630.

Circle No 359


MICROCONTROLLER

- Contains twice as much RAM and ROM as an 80C51
- Includes an IIC Bus interface

The PCB83C652 8-bit CMOS microcontroller is fully compatible with the industry standard 80 C 51 microcontroller, but provides you with twice as much on-chip ROM and RAM, and an IIC Bus interface. The device has 8 k bytes of program ROM and 256 bytes of volatile data RAM. As with the industry standard part, you can expand both the RAM and ROM off chip to 64 k bytes. The device's 2 -wire, serial IIC Bus interface allows you to use the microcontroller with a variety of other IIC Bus-compatible ICs. The PCB83C652's other on-chip functions are equivalent to those found in an 80C51 microcontroller. Manufactured in a CMOS process, the
device has software-selectable idle and power-down modes in which typical current consumption is 5 mA and $50 \mu \mathrm{~A}$, respectively. It is packaged in a 44-pin plastic leaded chip carrier or a 40 -pin DIP. A quad flat-pack version and an extended temperature-range version are under development. Approximately DM $18(50,000)$.

Philips, Components Division, Box 523, 5600 AM Eindhoven, The Netherlands. Phone (040) 757005. TLX 51573.

Circle No 360
Amperex Sales Corp, Providence Pike, Slatersville, RI 02876. Phone (401) 762-9000.

Circle No 361


CONTROLLER CHIP

- Broadband MAP interface
- Combines multichip functions

The MC68184 broadband interface controller supports the Manufacturing Automation Protocol in realtime communications networking. The broadband network specified by MAP connects mainframes and data bases with carrier-band subnetworks. By combining the functions of as many as 50 SSI/MSI ICs into a single 40 -pin DIP, the chip reduces the cost of a MAP broadband modem. The 10M bit/sec MC68184 implements the digital portion of the IEEE-802.4 broadband physical layer for standardized multivendor data-communications networking. The digital portion manipulates data and provides control for the RF transmitter and receiver. The de-

System-Level Design Automation
WHAT BERKELEY CAN TEACH YOU ABOUT SYSTEM DESIGN.


System-level design is no longer purely academic. As the engineers at U.C. Berkeley have discovered, ENDOT understands your system design issues. Our system-level design tools support the development of advanced architecturesin pipelined processors, multiprocessing computers, controllers, and communications.
With ENDOT tools you can describe and verify the performance and function of an evolving design's hardware, firmware and software before a prototype is built. This reduces risk, saves time and money, and lets you readily evaluate design alternatives.

## ENDOT ADDRESSES FOUR MAJOR ISSUES IN SYSTEM DESIGN:

1. Management of concurrency
2. Speed/power/space trade-offs
3. Integration of hardware and
software development
4. Performance evaluation
For a free copy of our system design tutorial, call us toll-free:

vice also features post-error correction, two loop-back modes, and 20 lines for receiver/transmitter con-trol-including 13 user-defined lines. In a 40-pin plastic DIP. $\$ 20$ (100).

Motorola Inc, Technical Information Center, Box 52073, Phoenix, AZ 85072. Phone (602) 821-4406.

Circle No 362

## 12-BIT DACs

- Provide three interfaces
- CMOS and TTL compatible

The AD7542, 7543, and 7545 12-bit multiplying $\mathrm{D} / \mathrm{A}$ converters interface with popular 8 - and 16 -bit $\mu$ Ps. Each of the converters offers a different interface technique. The 7542 features data inputs organized


High-speed chips, high-speed QuickChip ${ }^{\text {™ }}$ turnaround it's our 8.5 GHz process ... that's our game. For semicustom ICs, there's no better, faster source. Bet on it.

1800-835-9433. Ask for Ext. 100.

around three 4 -bit bytes, the 7543 accepts data serially, and the 7545 supports a 12 -bit parallel interface. These current-output D/A converters possess thin-film resistors that have guaranteed monotonicity and are laser trimmed to a maximum gain error of $\pm 1$ LSB and an integral linearity of $\pm 0.5$ LSB. The devices work with a 5 V power supply and are TTL/CMOS compatible. They come in three electrical grades and temperature ranges. You can order them in small-outline packages or in plastic or ceramic DIPs. Including 24 -hour, $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ burn-in, $\$ 6.40$ (100).

Maxim Integrated Products, 120 San Gabriel Dr, Sunnyvale, CA 94086. Phone (408) 737-7600.

Circle No 363

## CRT CONTROLLERS

- Provide 256 characters per row
- Operate at $5-\mathrm{MHz}$ clock rates

Suitable for use in color or monochrome alphanumeric CRT terminals, the SCN2672T and 2674 T are enhanced versions of video controllers with the same part numbers. The devices generate the vertical and horizontal timing signals necessary for the display of interlaced or noninterlaced data on a CRT monitor. Both devices feature 256 characters per row, 1 to 16 raster lines per character, and 128 character rows per frame. The 2672 T operates at a character clock rate of 5 MHz , the 2674 T at 5.5 MHz . The 2674 T also includes features such as bidirectional soft scrolling, double height/width modes, and RAM addressing for multiple-page operation. Both devices are fully pro-

## Carborundum ${ }^{\circledR}$ noninductive ceramic power resistors solve tough problems.

We make three types of noninductive ceramic resistors that can solve tough resistance problems, save money and space.


Regardless of the pulse shape, we have the resistor. Our Type SP handles large amounts of power from 60 cycles through VHF. Type AS can absorb huge amounts of energy in millisecond pulses. Type A solves high resistance problems in high voltage situations.
For more information on ceramic power resistors and our broad line of thermistors and varistors, call or write today.

## Standard Oil

Engineered Materials Company
Electronic Ceramics Division
P.O. Box 339

Niagara Falls, New York 14302
716 278-2553

## STANDARD OIL

ENGINEERED MATERIALS
CARBORUNDUM ${ }^{\circledR}$ ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS

CIRCLE NO 18
grammable. You can order them in plastic DIPs and plastic leaded chip carriers. 2672T, \$5; 2674T, \$6 (100).

Signetics, Box 3409, Sunnyvale, CA 94088. Phone (408) 991-2000.

Circle No 364


## ANALOG SWITCHES

- Operate at 5 V
- Feature low on-resistance

The analog switches TSC441, 442, $443,444,445,446$, and 447 , which feature on-chip latches and the ability to operate from a 5 V supply, are suitable for use with $\mu \mathrm{P}$-based systems. Each member of the series specs on-resistance of less than $175 \Omega$ at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and leakage current of 10 pA typ. The 441 and 446 contain four independent and normally closed switches; the 442 and 445 contain four independent and normally open switches. The 443 and 447 provide two normally closed switches. The 444 provides two sin-gle-pole, three-position switches. All the switches incorporate a latch, which latches in the address input for each. If you don't need the latches, you can operate the switches in a transparent mode by tying the latch write-input low. You can obtain the devices in 14- and 16 -pin plastic and ceramic DIPs or in surface-mount packages. Commer-cial-grade versions, $\$ 1.81$; militarygrade versions, $\$ 4.92$ (100).

Teledyne Semiconductor, 1300 Terra Bella Ave, Mountain View, CA 94039. Phone (415) 968-9241. TWX 910-379-6494.

Circle No 365

System-Level Design Automation

instruction
UNIT
EXECUTION
UNIT
UNIT
microstore

Put your computer through its paces, before you build a prototype, with ENDOT system-level design tools. ENDOT understands and supports the system issues of computer design-processing architectures, hardware and software partitioning, and performance analysis.
Our tools reduce risk, save time and money, and help you readily evaluate design alternatives.

## ENDOT ADDRESSES FOUR MAJOR ISSUES IN SYSTEM DESIGN:

1. Management of concurrency
2. Speed/power/space trade-offs
3. Integration of hardware and software development
4. Performance evaluation
For a free copy of our system design tutorial, call us toll-free:


1-800-545-8765
ENDOT


EDN magazine for technology in depth.
EDN News for news of products,
technology, and careers.
Together, they provide complete coverage
of electronics for engineers and
engineering managers worldwide.

## INTEGRATED CIRCUITS



MICRO CHANNEL CHIP

- Micro Channel interface
- Uses PLD technology

Built from PLD technology, the MCA 1200 provides a master interface for the IBM Micro Channel circuitry. It includes the protocol logic, $24-\mathrm{mA}$ drivers, and input buffers necessary for bus control and local arbitration of the Micro Channel interface. The CMOS device is $\mu \mathrm{P}$ independent and includes burst or single-cycle data-transfer capability. You can customize your interface by programming the device, using PLD programming tools such as ABEL, CUPL, and programmers from Data I/O and other manufacturers. The device will be available in the second quarter of 1988. Sample price, $\$ 26$.

PLX Technology, 520 Weddell Dr, Suite 3, Sunnyvale, CA 94089. Phone (408) 747-1711.

Circle No 366

## VIDEO CONTROLLER

- Combines DRAM, VRAM, and CRT controls on a single chip
- Works with 16- and 32-bit $\mu P s$

The SMJ34061, which is suitable for high-performance video-system control in military applications, integrates video RAM (VRAM), dynamic RAM (DRAM), and CRT controls on a single chip. The chip interfaces with the CRT, system memory, and the host processor in a graphics system. The combination of functions eliminates the need for separate text and graphics subsystems. The unit is compatible with
any 16 -bit or 32 -bit processor. As an interface to the CRT, the chip provides programmable control of $256 \times 256$ - to $4096 \times 4096$-line screen resolutions. It contains all the control functions needed to interface system memory and video memory to a monitor in bit-mapped graphics applications. You can also use the chip as a stand-alone DRAM controller to refresh VRAMs and DRAMs. Characterized for operation from -55 to $110^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, the device comes in a 68 -pin ceramic pin-gridarray package. $\$ 135$ (1000).

Texas Instruments, Semiconductor Group (SC-817), Box 809066, Dallas, TX 75380. Phone (800) 2323200.

Circle No 367


## 64-BIT PROCESSOR

- Floating-point CMOS type
- Features 100-nsec throughput rate

The single-chip Am29C327 is a dou-ble-precision, 64-bit floating-point processor that provides a $100-$ nsec throughput rate and includes more than 70 instructions. It performs arithmetic and logical operations on 32 - and 64 -bit integers and supports the IEEE-754, IBM, and DEC D, F, and G formats. You can operate it in a flow-through or pipelined mode, ensuring high performance in both scalar and vector applications. The company is now shipping first samples and will provide general-customer samples by the third quarter. The device comes in a 169 -pin pig-

System-Level Design Automation

## A

FAIL-SAFE WAY TO DESIGN FAIL-SAFE CONTROLLERS.


When there's no room for error, depend on ENDOT's system-level design tools. ENDOT supports your evaluation of high reliability system alternatives-hardware and software redundancy, analysis of architectural trade-offs, and top-down verification. We understand your system design issues.

With ENDOT tools you can describe and verify the performance and function of an evolving design's hardware, firmware and software before a prototype is built. This reduces risk, saves time and money, and lets you readily evaluate design alternatives.

## ENDOT ADDRESSES FOUR MAJOR ISSUES IN SYSTEM DESIGN:

1. Management of concurrency
2. Speed/power/space trade-offs
3. Integration of hardware and software development
4. Performance evaluation For a free copy of our system design tutorial, call us toll-free:


1-800-545-8765



## A TYPICAL "PORTABLE" SCOPE

THE TRULY PORTABLE LBO-315

## If boot of thees sco pes samporatile,

 then this is a lapdog.What's the difference between a portable scope and the truly portable LBO-315? A lot of weight, among other things. At just 10 lbs and $10.5 \times 3 \times 13^{\prime \prime}$ with battery, the full-function LBO-315 can easily go everywhere a technician goes.

## Don't waste money.

When a tech must return to the shop or a car, for the heavy scope left behind, time costs money. LBO-315, the scope techs love to carry, saves time and delivers more profit. It's that simple.
No so-called "portable" even comes close. Compact $60-\mathrm{MHz}$ LBO-315 packs all the performance of a bench scope. Operates from

supplied $12-\mathrm{Vdc}$ battery, external 10 to 20 Vdc source or 85 to 264 Vac, without switching. Has bright $3.5^{\prime \prime}, 12-\mathrm{kV}$, PDA CRT; alternate trigger, time base, and sweep; 2-channel and X-Y operation; variable holdoff, and more. All this from a unit small enough to fit into an attache case! Leader has "truly portable" 20 to $60-\mathrm{MHz}$ oscilloscopes for $\mathrm{ac} / \mathrm{dc}$ or ac operation. Each is backed by our 2-year warranty and factory service on both coasts.

## Call toll-free

1800 645-5104
In NY State
516 231-6900
Ask for our full-line Catalog, an evaluation unit, and the address of your nearest Leader Distributor.

## CIRCLE NO 175

Leader Instruments Corporation
380 Oser Avenue, Hauppauge, New York 11788
Regional Offices:
Chicago, Dallas, Los Angeles, Boston, Atlanta In Canada call Omnitronix Ltd. 416 828-6221
LEADER
FOR PROFESSIONALS WHO KNOW THE DIFFERENCE

## PCB PROTOTYPES

## Under One Roof



Now you can have speed, quality and a total premium serviceunder one roof.

Sun Circuits specializes in prototype printed circuit board fabrication and pilot runs. We're efficient and we're fast. From photoplotting to panelization, fabrication, hot air levelling and electrical test, Sun Circuits has it all in-house.

The next time you face a critical deadline or just want it now, call the experts at Sun Circuits, toll free, $800-\mathrm{PCB}$ RUSH.


5191 Lafayette Street • Santa Clara, CA 95054 - (408) 727-7784

## CIRCLE NO 30

## DID YOU KNOW?

## Half of all EDN's articles are staff-written.

EDN

## INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

grid-array package. $\$ 595$ for $100-$ nsec version; $\$ 395$ for 120 -nsec version (100).

Advanced Micro Devices, Box 3453, Sunnyvale, CA 94088. Phone (408) 732-2400.

Circle No 368


## HIGH VOLTAGE OP AMP

- Operates from $\pm 45 \mathrm{~V}$ supplies
- Low input bias current of 50 pA

Capable of operating over a supplyvoltage range from $\pm 10$ to $\pm 45 \mathrm{~V}$, the OPA445 op amp features FET input circuitry that lets you use high-impedance feedback networks, thus minimizing output loading effects. The device's input bias current is 50 pA max at room temperature and $<100 \mathrm{nA}$ at $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Laser trimming limits the input offset voltage to 1 mV max, and the offset drift is $10 \mu \mathrm{~V} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The device is unity gain stable and has a slew rate of $10 \mathrm{~V} / \mu \mathrm{sec}$. It's available in industrial and military temperature ranges, and comes in either an 8-pin DIP or a TO-99 package. $\$ 3.80$ (100).

Burr-Brown, Box 11400, Tucson, AZ 85734. Phone (602) 746-1111. TLX 666491.

Circle No 369

# "AUTOMATIC ASIC TE THAT'S WHAT W AND WE NEED IT AT EVERY 



## WE COULDNT AGREE MORE.

Testing ASIC devices creates a whole new set of problems. Developing test programs, characterizing, verifying and debugging are, at best, unwelcome and time-consuming for ASIC designers. ASIC vendors can test the silicon, but not the custom functionality of the ASIC prototype. Traditional test approaches and traditional ATE merely compound the problem.

At ASIX Systems our focus has always been exclusively on ASICs. From the start we took an entirely different approach to solving the unique ASIC test problems. We saw immediately that adapting existing ATE to try to fit to needs of ASICs didn't make sense. Designing a totally new, focused ASIC test system did. Not only did programs need to be automated, they needed to be developed from the design data base and menu-driven, so changes would be simple to make. And the test system itself had to be easy to use, designed for its particular environment, and a cost-effective alternative to the huge, expensive, complicated ATE.

## TEST SOLUTIONS FOR THE WHOLE ASIC COMMUNITY.

Our unique perspective allowed us to understand that the ASIC world is not so much Design Engineers, Test Engineers and Quality Engineers working independently. It's more a "community" of specialists whose tasks are intrinsically linked. So we made sure that we could provide another crucial element. Communication. In order to capture the vital time-to-market edge, what ASIC end users and vendors really need is the opportunity to use the same test programs and the same tester. That's what gives both environments a common frame of reference and the chance to generate test programs automatically from the design data base. That's the ASIX-1 family of test systems.

## ASIX-I: ASIC TEST SYSTEMS THAT MAKE SENSE.

We don't have the room here to tell you everything the ASIX-1 family has to offer. But here are a few things to think about: automatic, menu-guided programming; data base management; ATE architecture and flexibility at an affordable cost; 256 true I/0 pins; "zero footprint"; fully integrated PMU; automatic calibration; simple fixturing; no cabling; high MTBF. That's enough. If you're testing ASICs you know you have to see for yourself what the ASIX-1 can do. And the sooner the better. ASIX Systems Corporation • 47338 Fremont Blvd Fremont, CA 94538.


## COMPONENTS \& POWER SUPPLIES

## SENSORS

- Sensing capability ranges from 1 in . to 2 ft
- Background movement has no effect on performance
MQ triple-beam photoelectric sensors have a sensing capability ranging from 1 in . to 2 ft , and feature operating speeds of 200 operations/ sec max. Available in three versions, the units employ an optical-triangulation-measurement principle that provides consistent range detection regardless of the target object's color, material, or surface condition. The devices have a preset sensing region so background movement has no effect on operation. The range-measurement technique also minimizes the effects

of soiled lenses because detection is based on light angle rather than light intensity. $\$ 75$ to $\$ 100$ (100).
Aromat Corp, Industrial Prod-
ucts Div, 629 Central Ave, New Providence, NJ 07974. Phone (201) 464-3550.

Circle No 375


## SWITCHES

- You can choose from silver or gold contacts
- Available in spst and spdt configurations

DL Series general-purpose switches are available with either silver contacts rated for 15 or 25 A or gold crosspoint contacts rated at 0.1 A . All ratings are at 125 or 250 V ac. The thermoplastic case features a hinged design, which eases installation of different style levers and actuators-both are available in a choice of two pivot positions. The devices are available with a wearresistant thermoplastic button actuator. The company can design spe-
cial button lengths, forms, and colors to meet any requirement. The switches are offered in either spst or spdt configurations ( NO or NC ). $\$ 0.95(1000)$, for a unit that includes actuator and silver contacts rated for 15 A .
Cherry Electrical Products, 3600 Sunset Ave, Waukegan, IL 60087. Phone (312) 360-3518.

Circle No 376

## POWER SUPPLIES

- Deliver 150 Wrom a small case size
- Cope with light loads and high peak output currents
RL150 Series switch-mode power supplies deliver 150 W of output power from a package that measures only $214 \times 60 \times 117 \mathrm{~mm}$ ( $8.4 \times 2.4 \times 4.6 \mathrm{in}$.). All versions of the supply have a 5 V main output that can deliver a maximum continuous current of 15 A . Secondary outputs are either $\pm 12 \mathrm{~V}$ and 12 V , $\pm 12 \mathrm{~V}$ and $24 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 12 \mathrm{~V}$ and -5 V , or

$\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ and -5 V . You can trim the output voltages by $\pm 5 \%$. The supplies will operate with a main output load as low as 1.2 A with all other outputs unloaded, and can cope with the high peak current requirements of, for example, disk drives. Other features include $75-\mathrm{kHz}$ FET switching, warm- and cold-start inrush-current control, and line input failure signalling. Load regulation for a $40 \%$ change on a $60 \%$ load is $\pm 0.5 \%$ for the main output, $\pm 2 \%$ for the split positive and negative supplies, and $\pm 0.5 \%$ for the single supply. The supplies operate from ac line input voltages of 99 to 132 V , or 187 to 265 V , and have a line regulation of $\pm 0.1 \%$ for a


# Fortransformersthat arefarout ordown toearth, get Magnelek Triad wound up in your ideas. 

The right match between application and transformer can make all the difference in the world. So at MagnéTek Triad, we make thousands of standard off-the-shelf transformers, power supplies, power conversion and AC/DC designs.

If we don't have a standard unit that's

just right for your application, then we'll custom design a Better Coil transformer to your specific requirements.

Our commitment to you is - and always has been - to provide exactly the right transformer for your particular application. Our innovative engineers and designers, sophisticated manufacturing techniques
and rigorous quality control are all dedicated to that idea.

Get MagneTek Triad wound up in your ideas. For our Transformers, Inductors and Power Supplies catalog, write us at 1124 E. Franklin St., Huntington, IN 46750. Or call (219) 356-7100.
$\pm 15 \%$ line-input change. $£ 90.24$ (100).

Coutant Electronics Ltd, Kingsley Ave, Ilfracombe, EX34 8ES, UK. Phone (0271) 65656. TLX 46310.

Circle No 377
Qualidyne Systems Inc, 3055 Del Sol Blvd, San Diego, CA 92154. Phone (619) 575-1100. TLX 709029.

Circle No 378


## LED INDICATORS

- Available in four colors
- Right-angle design accommodates pc board mounting needs

The Jupiter LL500 Series of rightangle indicators incorporates a tinted, diffused T-13/4 LED in a black plastic housing that sits flush on a pe board. The single- and 4position indicators are available in red, high-efficiency red, yellow, and green, and are side-stackable for array applications. $\$ 0.17$ and $\$ 0.52$ (1000) for single- and 4-position red indicators, respectively. Delivery, stock to six weeks ARO.
IEE Inc, Component Products Div, 7740 Lemona Ave, Van Nuys, CA 91409. Phone (818) 787-0311.

Circle No 379

## DIP SWITCHES

- Feature 94V-0 UL rated materials
- Available in 2- to 10-position versions

Designed for surface mounting on pc boards, these DIP switches are available in 2 - to 10 -position ver-


## NOTHING TAKES EVERYTHING YOU CAN DISH OUT LIKE MICRO/Q 2000 CAPACITORS.

For applications in severe conditions, nothing can take whatever the environment dishes out like Rogers new Micro/Q 2000 Flat Ceramic Decoupling Capacitor.
Nothing takes the heat or cold or humidity like Micro/Q 2000 with its unique molded construction and X 7 R dielectric.

Nothing takes up less space because only the Micro/Q 2000 fits under DIPs to save valuable board space. Retrofitable to sim-
plify design. Supplied in antistatic tubes.
Nothing is as effective at reduc-
 ing voltage noise spikes. Only Micro/Q 2000 provides the lowinductance and impedance levels necessary to reli-
Fits under IC to save space.

Test results for MIL-C-39014D and MIL-STD-202F are available. Call or write a Rogers Micro/Q application engineer today for test results, free samples and technical information.

Another MEKTRON ${ }^{\text {® }}$ interconnection component.

## , ROGERS

Rogers Corporation
Circuit Components Division 2400 South Roosevelt St. Tempe, AZ 85282 Tel: (602) 967-0624
Fax: (602) 967-9385
sions. The switches feature gold contacts for reliable performance and employ 94V-0 UL-rated housing materials. The contacts will switch 100 mA at 5 V dc. Contact resistance equals $50 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ initially and $100 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ at end of life. The devices' insulation resistance and dielectric strength spec at $10^{9} \Omega$ and 500 V dc, respectively. They operate over a -25 to


## Full Speed Ahead

 How do chip manufaccircuits? With the fastest lateral DMOS FETs around, available from Topaz Semiconductor. How do we know? Because we invented them.From low-cost plastic discretes to high-performance military circuits, Topaz's lateral DMOS products form a high-speed performance bridge between silicon and gallium arsenide. Applications run the spectrum from raster and laser drivers to phased-array radar.

We offer the widest range of lateral DMOS products and packages on the market for high-speed analog and digital switching within conventional voltages.

Call us for a data book on our complete product line. From DMOS FETs to digitally controlled attenuators, Topaz leads the way.

SEMICONDUCTOR

paz ieaus tue way

Topaz Semiconductor, 1971 N. Capitol Avenue, San Jose, CA 95132-3799 TEL (408) 942-9100 TWX 910-338-0025 FAX (408) 942-1174
$+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ range. $\$ 1.25(1000)$ for a $10-$ position unit. Delivery, six to eight weeks ARO.

LZR Electronics Inc, 8174 Beechcraft Ave, Gaithersburg, MD 20879. Phone (301) 921-9440.

Circle No 380


## BRIDGE RECTIFIERS

- Feature a 35A output
- Available in four versions

The PWR-82300 Series power hybrid bridge rectifiers feature a 35 A output. Each unit contains four Schottky barrier diodes connected in a single-phase, full-wave bridge and measures just $2.5 \mathrm{in}^{2}$. The rectifiers are manufactured in accordance with MIL-M-38510 and MIL-STD883C. Junction-to-case thermal resistance is less than $0.85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$. The devices are available in $20,40,60$, and 80 V full-bridge configurations. Operating range specs at -55 to $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. $\$ 700$. Delivery, stock to 120 days ARO.

ILC Data Device Corp, 105 Wilbur Pl, Bohemia, NY 11716. Phone (516) 567-5600.

Circle No 381

## TIMERS

- Offer fixed delays of 0.05 to 180 sec
- Feature $\pm 5 \%$ repeat accuracy

Designed for pc-board mounting, the MSM Series solid-state timers feature fixed delays ranging from 0.05 to 180 sec . The devices' tolerance specs at $\pm 15 \%$ and repeat accuracy equals $\pm 5 \%$. Units are avail-

able that operate on 12 and 24 V dc or 24,120 , and $230 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{ac}$. The timers operate over a -20 to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ range. The devices' load current equals 0.5 A at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 0.25 A at $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; their holding current specs at 40 mA min. The devices' dielectricbreakdown and insulation-resistance figures are 1500 V rms and $10^{8} \Omega$, respectively. $\$ 5$ (500).
SSAC Inc, Box 1000, Baldwinsville, NY 13027. Phone (315) 638-0100.

Circle No 382

## POWER SUPPLIES

- -25 to $+71^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ operating range
- Features 10 W output capability

The 12 models in the TP Series single-output power supplies offer 5 , 12 , and 15 V outputs. The supply's design allows the units to drive tungsten loads without any voltage dropout problems. The supplies have a 125 to 150 V ac input range and operate over -25 to $+71^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Line and load regulation specs at 0.05 and $0.2 \%$, respectively, and ripple and noise equal 1 mV rms max. The units are available for pe board

or chassis mounting. The latter versions come with a terminal barrier strip. The supplies meet UL and CSA requirements. From $\$ 35.82$ (100).

Total Power International Inc, 418 Bridge St, Lowell, MA 01850. Phone (617) 453-7272.

Circle No 383

## DC/DC CONVERTERS

- Offer three outputs
- 300,000 hour MTBF

LP-315 Series 25W dc/dc converters have an MTBF of 300,000 hours. Six models in the line offer triple outputs of 5 V at 4 A and either $\pm 12$ or $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V}$ at 0.25 A . The devices' switching frequency equals 500 kHz . Their other features include 500 V dc I/O isolation, $75 \%$ efficiency, $\pm 0.3 \%$ line regulation, and $\pm 0.5 \%$ load regulation. Overvoltage and indefinite output short-circuit protection are


When is it practical to develop a custom hybrid? What about my specific circuit requirements? What are the costs, and how long does it take? Get fast answers to these important hybrid questions with HEI's Express Quote Service. Call, write or FAX today for your HEI Express Quote Kit, and we'll respond promptly with clear answers and without obligation. HEI has 20 years of experience in custom hybrid circuit development. The company offers innovative hybrid design and manufacturing capabilities, fast service, and consistent production quality.

Box 5000, 1495 Steiger Lake Lane, Victoria, MN 55386
Phone: 612-443-2500 FAX: 612-443-2668

# Microprocessor Support Made Simple 




Now, ZAX simplifies microprocessor design, integration and testing with their advanced line of ERX- and ICDseries emulators. You simply tell us the processor that drives your design and we tailor a development system especially for your environment, including full software support.

Our ERX-series emulators provide over 80 debugging commands, with 256,000 hardware breakpoints, real-time performance analysis, high-level language debug and trace analysis of program execution while you emulate in real-time. And they interface directly to your personal computer (AT-class) to provide you with a complete host development station and emulation manager. This consolidated approach utilizes industry-standard equipment and eliminates the use of a proprietary dedicated chassis.

ZAX established the benchmark for standalone emulation tools when they introduced their versatile line of ICD-series emulators. Completely flexible, ICD-series emulators can be interfaced to either a simple terminal or host computer (from pc to mainframe) depending on your requirements. This makes them ideal for both in-house development and on-site testing.

Simplify support for your microprocessor development projects with the help of ZAX! Call today to arrange a product demonstration or write for complete details about our product line. Call us TOLL FREE at 800-421-0982 (in California phone 800-233-9817) or write to ZAX CORPORATION, 2572 White Road, Irvine, CA 92714.

In Europe, call United Kingdom: 0628476 741, West Germany: 02162-3798-0, France: (03) 9568142, Italy: (02) 688-2141.


ZNX
Zax Corporation

## COMPONENTS \& POWER SUPPLIES

standard. An external TTL-compatible signal allows you to shut down power remotely. Each model includes an input filter to minimize reflected input ripple current. Continuous 6 -sided shielding virtually eliminates radiated emissions. The devices operate over a -25 to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ temperature range. $\$ 219$.
Power General, Box 189, Canton, MA 02021. Phone (617) 826-6216.

Circle No 384


POWER SUPPLIES

- Feature 3 kW in a $5 \times 8 \times 15-\mathrm{in}$. package
- Operate on either ac or dc inputs

Series 9R SuperSwitcher power supplies feature a $100-\mathrm{kHz}$ switching frequency and provide 3000 W output capability in a $5 \times 8 \times 15-\mathrm{in}$. package. Models in the series provide outputs of $2,5,12,15,24,36$, and 48 V dc. AC input is nominally 220 V single-phase ( $36 \mathrm{~A} \max$ ) or 3 phase (21A max). The units can also function as de/dc converters with a 200 to 375 V input (19A max). Their standard features include currentsharing capability, active soft start, remote sensing, and automatic thermal shutdown. The devices' I/O signals include high- or low-logic inhibit, input-power fail, output good, remote adjust, current share, and margin low/high. The supplies are fan cooled and meet UL, CSA, IEC, and VDE specifications. $5 \mathrm{~V}, 600 \mathrm{~A}$ unit, $\$ 1890$.
Powertec, 20550 Nordhoff St, Chatsworth, CA 91311. Phone (818) 882-0004.

Circle No 385

## IFYOUSTILITHINKYOU NEED LONG LIEADTIMES ANDHEAVY PREMIUMS FOR CUSTOMIIED LINECONDIIIONERS, THINK AGAIN!



## DISPIEX DELIVERS IN A FRACTION OFTHE TIMELATAFRACTION OF THE COST!

What's our secret? Two things. One, CAE/CAD to speed up the design and specification process. Two, a complete line of pre-engineered, pretested off-the-shelf modules that can be assembled quickly in any configuration - with any combination of features and options.

Engineered to eliminate line noise, spikes and surges, they're easily tailored to your specific needs-without costly "customization" delays. Features include: Magnetic circuit breaker protection. Field replaceable surge suppressors. Full status indication. High inrush current and brownout protection. With noise-free zero current switching, they can operate with nonlinear loads and any power factor. Call or write for details: (516) 671-4400.
Wh Displex,inc. subsidiary of North hills Electronics
1 Alexander Place, Glen Cove, New York 11542 (516) 671-4400. TELEX: 46-6886
CIRCLE NO 34

## DID YOU KNOW?

## EDN serves

 electronic engineers and engineering managers in more than 100 countries worldwide.EDN


## Build Electronic Products That Don't Fail From Surge And ESD.

Surge and ESD are the most common cause of field failure in semiconductor-based equipment. And with existing protective designs and technologies, it's all so unnecessary.


KeyTek manufactures the broadest line of surge and ESD test equipment in the world

Every year, lightning, switching transients, human ESD and other "shocks" account for billions of dollars in downtime and repair costs and for untold numbers of disgruntled customers.

And we can't help but ask, "WHY?"
The facts are that, today, well-developed protective designs and technologies exist. And any computer, microprocessor, or semiconductor-based product can be made to withstand thousands of volts of surge and ESD stress without failure, malfunction or the need for user-supplied protection.

At KeyTek, we offer a comprehensive plan-our Protected Electronic Products Program ${ }^{\text {SM }}$ (PEPP) and the test equipment you'll need to evaluate your product's vulnerability to surge and ESD every step of the way from prototype design; to the $\mathrm{QA} / \mathrm{QC}$ testing of finished goods on the manufacturing
floor; to the installation, verification or diagniosis of systems in the field.

Among our customers are the biggest and most successful companies in the world-companies whe manufacture computers, telecommunications equipment, manufacturing and process control systems, microprocessor-based appliances and other consumer goods.

Their products are resistant to the ravages of surge and ESD, and, as a result, they enjoy considerably lower after sales costs, happy and satisfied customers, a superior competitive position and higher profits.
 We'd like to convince you that you too can enjoy these benefits.

Please call your nearest KeyTek sales office (listed below) for a free literature pack consisting of our Surge and ESD protection handbooks and a brochure about PEPF our comprehensive Protected Electronic Products Program.

## КеуТек

KeyTek Instrument Corporation, 260 Fordham Road Wilmington, MA 01887 Phone: (617) 658-0880
TELEX: 951389 FAX: (617) 657-4803

[^11]

## TRANSFER SWITCH

- Has de to 40-GHz operating range
- Features 1-dB max insertion loss

Model SR-TC-R-D-40 remote transfer switch operates over a dc to $40-\mathrm{GHz}$ frequency range. The unit features a connector that will mate with either SMA- or K-type connectors. Maximum VSWR ranges from 1.3 (dc to 6 GHz ) to 2 ( 26.5 to 40 GHz ). For the same frequency
bands, insertion loss equals 0.25 and $1 \mathrm{~dB} \max$ and isolation measures 70 and 45 dB , respectively. The switch is available with a variety of options, including indicator circuitry, TTL control, a choice of power voltages, fail-safe or latching operation, and manual or remote control. From $\$ 525$. Delivery, eight to ten weeks ARO.

RLC Electronics Inc, 83 Radio Circle, Mount Kisco, NY 10549. Phone (914) 241-1334.

Circle No 386

## OSCILLATOR

- Features a 1-GHz tuning range
- Operates over a -40 to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ range

Model C-600SM is a surface-mount voltage controlled oscillator (VCO). The device's output varies from 1.3 to 2.3 GHz with tuning voltages of 2.5 to 30 V dc. Its phase-noise char-

acteristics equal -78 dBc at $1-\mathrm{kHz}$ offset and $1-\mathrm{Hz}$ bandwidth (BW), -100 dBc at $10-\mathrm{kHz}$ offset and $1-\mathrm{Hz}$ BW , and -120 dBc at $25-\mathrm{MHz}$ offset and $1-\mathrm{kHz} \mathrm{BW}$. The unit requires 15 V dc at 46 mA for normal operation; however, it will still output 0 dBm operating from 5 V at 15 mA . The unit's output impedance measures $50 \Omega$ and its operating range equals -40 to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. In an RFshielded enclosure, $\$ 60$. Delivery, six to eight weeks ARO.

Z-Communications Inc, 5450 NW 33rd Ave, Suite 100, Fort Lauderdale, FL 33309. Phone (305) 7351000.

Circle No 387

 setups (2246A). Time and voltage cursors. Exclusive SmartCursors ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ track waveform changes for voltage measurements. All backed by Tek's 3-year warranty.


NEN <br> <br> Smart scopes, perfect setup! teme bist her pee
} <br> \section*{PACESETTFR PRONUMCTIVITY} <br> \section*{PACESETTFR PRONUMCTIVITY}


Everyone's talking about it now, but we've been shipping it since 1982. And we've continued to set the real-time standard every year since. RTUTM, our real-time enhanced UNIX operating system, provides guaranteed response plus the flexibility and compatibility of SVVS-validated AT\&T UNIX System V.

Scientists, engineers and OEMs can choose from a whole family of MC68020/030 multiprocessor computers, from 2 to 20 MIPS, designed for high-performance applications in data acquisition, measurement and control, C3I, GIS, imaging, and real-time simulation.
What's behind the trend to real-time UNIX? Want to learn how your real-time application can benefit from UNIX power and compatibility?
(V) MASSCOMP

MASSCOMP and RTU are registered trademarks of Massachusetts Computer Corporation VME is a trademark of Motorola Corporation.

Send in the coupon below for your free copy of Understanding Real-Time UNIX, by Prof. John Henize.

Get your engineers on track with the best real-time systems available.

## 1-800-451-1824

(MA 617-692-6200)

Send this coupon to MASSCOMP, Dept. I-JM, EDN060988 One Tecbnology Way, Westford, MA 01886

YES, please send a complimentary copy of Understanding Real-Time UNIX.
$\square$ Send me information on MASSCOMP real-time computer systems.

[^12]
## COMPONENTS \& POWER SUPPLIES



## POTENTIOMETERS

- Compatible with automatic production techniques
- Designed for surface mounting

G4 Series miniature surface-mount single-turn cermet potentiometers are suited for automated production techniques. They are available on tape and reel as standard packaging. The devices' design features a high-temperature construction $\left(260^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ for 10 sec$)$ to accommodate flow and reflow soldering operations. Their resistance values range from $100 \Omega$ to $2 \mathrm{M} \Omega$. They feature a standard tolerance of $\pm 20 \%$, but
$\pm 10 \%$ is available for higher-valued units. All the devices have power ratings of 0.25 W at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and working voltages of 200 V . The pots are sealed to accommodate board-cleaning operations, and are available in top-adjust configurations with J-hook, gull-wing, and pc-board type terminations. \$1.47 (1000)

Tocas America Inc, 565 W Golf Rd, Arlington Heights, IL 60005. Phone (312) 364-7277.

Circle No 388

## THERMOMETER

- Has a 0.5-in. display
- Features $1^{\circ}$ resolution

The Oyster thermocouple (type K) thermometer features a $0.5-\mathrm{in}$. LCD built into an adjustable hinged cover. It has a lanyard neck strap and an on/off switch that automatically goes to the off position when the cover is closed. The unit weighs


12 oz and measures from -58 to $+1999^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ and -50 to $+1350^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Its resolution is $1^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ or C , and its accuracy equals $\pm 0.2 \%$ of reading $\pm 1$ digit. A kit is available that includes the meter, a general-purpose temperature probe, and a carrying case. The meter, $\$ 159$; the kit, $\$ 219$.

Extech Instruments Corp, 150 Bear Hill Rd, Waltham, MA 02154. Phone (617) 890-7440.

Circle No 389
Continued on pg 299

Call Tek direct for PaceSetter specs!

# CONFIGURE-YOUR-OWN 

## MIL SPEC•HCH RELAABHITY

 POWER SUPPLIES
## A HIGHER LEVEL OF PERFORMANCE

## INTRODUCING EL 2000 SERIES

 Complete AC to DC and DC to DC multi output systems.
## MORE BENEFITS

Save Space: Completely protected AC-DC systems with rugged high density packaging to 8 watts $/ \mathrm{in}^{3}$.
Less Heat: Efficiencies to over 80\% with next generation circuitry.
Higher Reliability: MTBF to 500,000 hours with conservative design criteria including NAVMAT guidelines.

## MORE CHOICES

- Up to 8 DC outputs to 500 watts.
- $1 \varnothing, 3 \varnothing$ and DC inputs.
- $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ operation.
. Mil-Std-704A-D, 1399 and 1275 input surge and spike protection.
- Meets many provisions of Mil-Std-810D, Mil-E-5400 and Mil-E-16400.

Call or write for our new EL 2000 Catalog today!

$$
\text { ARNOLD } \longdiv { \text { MAGNETICS } }
$$

# ARNOLD MAGNETICS CORPORATION 

4000 Via Pescador, Camarillo, California 93010-5049
Phone: (805) 484-4221 • TWX 910-343-6468 • FAX: (805) 484-4113


## ENCLOSURES

- Carry a 94V-0 UL rating
- Feature optional EMI/RFI shielding

This line of instrument enclosures includes three models. They measure 6 -in. deep by 5.75 -in. wide with front- and rear-panel heights of $21 / 4$, $25 / 8$, and 3 in . The enclosures are made of $94 \mathrm{~V}-0$ ABS and are available in five colors. Front and rear panels are available in molded ABS or clear anodized satin-finish aluminum. The enclosures come in two packages-a prototype package
that includes one enclosure complete with hardware and a bulk package that includes fifty enclosures. The devices' options include EMI/RFI shielding, pc-board mounting clips, plexiglass, and polarized front panels. Customized front and rear panels, including cutouts, silk screening, and engraving are also available. From $\$ 8.91$.

IEE Inc, 7740 Lemona Ave, Van Nuys, CA 91409. Phone (818) 7870311.

Circle No 390

## RELAY

- Features 30A carrying capability
- Available in two contact configurations

Designed for pe board mounting, Model PX can carry 30A load currents. Available in open or enclosed versions, the unit requires only 0.56

$\mathrm{in}^{3}$ mounting space. The relays are currently available in 12 and 24 V dc versions and offer a choice of spst and spdt contact configurations. All units are UL recognized and CSA approved. $\$ 1.34(10,000)$ for open style versions. Delivery, stock to eight weeks ARO.

Global Components \& Controls, One Main St, Suite 210, Eatontown, NJ 07724. Phone (201) 389-1470.

Circle No 391


## SCANNER

- Digitizes $35-m m$ film for IBM PC and Macintosh II
- Resolution of $2000 \times 2000$ dots $/ \mathrm{in}$.

The Scanmaster/35 scanner digitizes $35-\mathrm{mm}$ film for display on an IBM PC or Macintosh II computer. The film can be in either positive or negative form, mounted or in strips. The unit uses a 2048 -element CCD array, a fluorescent lamp, and a color wheel to digitize an image. An 8-bit IEEE-488 interface transmits the data for each scanned line. The unit has a scanning resolution of $2000 \times 2000$ dots/in., which results in an effective resolution of $1333 \times 2000$ dots/in. on a $35-\mathrm{mm}$ image. In addition, it can rotate images 180 degrees. A menu-driven software package, Scan-It/35, lets you scan an image in black and white, select a

subsection for sizing, and re-scan the newly sized image in full color. Hardware and software, \$8195; hardware only, $\$ 6995$.

Howtek Inc, 21 Park Ave, Hudson, NH 03051. Phone (603) 882 5200.

Circle No 405


## V. 32 MODEM

- Can fall back to 4800, 2400, 1200, and 0 to 300 bps
- Asynchronous mode supports Microcom Networking Protocol

The Alliance V. 32 modem operates asynchronously and synchronously. It provides full-duplex $9600-\mathrm{bps}$ operation over the public-switched telephone network, and 2 -wire and 4 -wire leased lines. The unit can automatically fall back to 4800 , 2400,1200 , and 0 to 300 bps operation; it complies with CCITT V.32, CCITT V.22bis, BELL 212A, and Bell 103 recommendations, respectively. In the asynchronous mode, the modem supports the Microcom

Networking Protocol, Class 5 for error control. If the unit detects an error, MNP automatically requests retransmission of the affected data. In addition, MNP, Class 5 uses an adaptive data-compression algorithm to increase the data throughput as much as $200 \%$. The unit supports the Hayes AT command set. $\$ 1595$.

Penril DataComm, 207 Perry Parkway, Gaithersburg, MD 20877. Phone (301) 921-8600.

Circle No 406

## DEVELOPMENT SYSTEM

- System places an emulation module near the hardware
- Mainframe consists of 16 card slots

The HiLevel DS5000 development system generates real-time software for VLSI processors and programmable ASICs; it features a design that places a module, which emulates memory, within 5 in . of

the target hardware. The module, which eliminates the speed limitations of mainframe emulators, can be located as far as 7 ft away from the system chassis. The mainframe's 16 card slots accept either memory-module-interface cards or logic-analysis cards. The memory-module-interface cards communicate with as many as 4 memory modules; the logic-analysis cards can analyze as many as 16 channels, using multilevel triggering. The mainframe can process as many as 512 bits of memory emulation or 256 channels of logic analysis. A trace

## One board not fixe.

If you're looking for a quick, economical and reliable solution to the problem of getting your 68020 system up and running - and who isn't? - you couldn't find a better answer than the TP22V from Tadpole Technology.
The TP22V does the job of up to 5 cards: processor card, memory card, Ethernet controller, communications controller and SCSI/floppy disk controller with no

- 4 Mb dual-ported DRAM
- MC68020 32-bit proces $16-20 \mathrm{MHz}$
- Ethernet IEEE 802.3 interface
- RS232 synchronous console port
- RS232 asynchronous console port
- MC68851 PMMU
- SCSI interface - Floppy disk controller
- Battery backed up real time clock
- Optional MC68881 Floating Point Unit
- UniPlus System V.2.2 or TP-IX System V.3.1
- OS-9 Real Time Operating System
- VRTX Executive

And with power like this you can use it on its own, as a complete, low-cost UNIX multi-user system.

Like to know more about the TP22V? Just phone 0223461000 (UK)
or 4158287676 (USA) for information. piggyback modules!

You may as well throw the other cards away!

# Tadpole Technology 

the driving force in 32-bit design
Tarapole Testmoloy plo
Titan House, Castle Park. Castle Hill. Cambridge CB3 OAY, UK
Telephone: 0223461000 Telex: 818152 TADTEC Fax: (0223) 460727
Tadpole Technology Inc
mnemonic disassembler operates on the entire 256 channels for debugging parallel processors. From $\$ 10,000$ to $\$ 20,000$. Delivery, six weeks ARO.

HiLevel Technology Inc, 31 Technology Dr, Irvine, CA 92718. Phone (800) 445-3835; in CA (800) 541-2742. TLX 655316.

Circle No 407

## PAGE PRINTER

- Emulates the Diablo 630 printer for the single user
- Footprint measures $15.7 \times 13.4 \times 9.1 \mathrm{in}$.

The CrystalPrint WP page printer for single-user word processing and business applications has a footprint that measures $15.7 \times 13.4 \times 9.1 \mathrm{in}$. Standard features include Diablo 630 emulation, 128 k bytes of RAM, a parallel interface, 6 -page/minute print speed, and $300 \times 300$-dot/in.

resolution. Also included are ROMresident and cartridge-based type fonts from Bitstream, one font cartridge slot, a removable paper tray, a $10,000-\mathrm{pg}$ drum set, a $6000-\mathrm{pg}$ toner set, and maintenance and warranty service. Two emulation options for the unit provide graphics capabilities, and HP LaserJet or Epson FX-85 dot-matrix printer emulation. \$1299; emulation op-
tions, $\$ 79$; memory-expansion option, increasing RAM to 256 k bytes, $\$ 169$.

Data Technology Corp, 2551 Walsh Ave, Santa Clara, CA 95051. Phone (408) 727-8899. TLX 4745044.

Circle No 408

## DISK DRIVE

- Boasts . 02 msec access and data transfer at 40 M bps
- Achieves speed by using RAM in front of a hard disk

The Fastdise is a memory device that utilizes RAM in front of a mechanical disk. The combination provides an access time of .02 msec and data transfers of 40 M bps. You can start with a 15.8 M byte system and expand it in 3.9 M byte increments to 591 M bytes. When the system is turned on all data on the mechanical disk drive is transferred to RAM. All accesses from the host computer

## Highly reliable Nippon Ceramic IR sensors, flat packs and modules from PACE Electronics:



Custom designed robotic assembly system for Nippon Ceramic IR detectors

## Exclusive robotic assembly insures consistent quality

Nippon Ceramic IR products, distributed now in the US by PACE Electronics. They're the world's only opto-electronic components entirely assembled by robotics, virtually eliminating the reliability problems of hand assembly.

The SDA02 IR sensor has twin detector elements and 6-7 $\mu \mathrm{m}$ low-end cutoff. Typical S/N ratios exceed 31. Other TO-5 detectors with different cut-offs and element configurations are available.

Small, inexpensive, hermetically-sealed flat packs offer a variety of cut-offs, high sensitivity and excellent $\mathrm{S} / \mathrm{N}$, making them ideal for cost conscious occupancy, proximity and dispensing designs.

The assembled sensor module detects and responds to IR radiation emitted by the human body from approximately 6 feet away maximum, without lens. It features low current drain, user-specified on-times and a choice of operating modes in a tiny package.

If you'd like to get your hands on some highly reliable IR detectors or modules, call PACE now for complete specs, pricing and evaluation samples.

## Perca

PACE ELECTRONIC PRODUCTS
34 Foley Drive
Sodus, New York 14551-0067
Telephone 800-228-7223
Facsimile 315-483-9480
Telex 200806

## New

 Instruments
## DC Current and Voltage

 Calibrator Model CR-103/J

Model CR-103/J is comprised of two complete instruments. DC voltage section is an ultrastable, chopper stabilized amplifier with selectable precision resistors in the feed-back loop. The temperature compensated, aged zener diode is the reference. DC current section is the same configuration plus a precision, reference resistor. HIGH STABILITY-LOW NOISE

## Features Current Mode

Variable Constant: Two Ranges $\pm 10 \mathrm{nA}$ to $+100 \mathrm{mAdC}$
High Resolution: $\pm 0.0001 \%$ (1 PPM)
Minimum selectable setting 10 nAmps High Accuracy ( 1 Mode): $\pm 0.005 \%$ of setting $+0.005 \%$ of range)
Compliance (Power): $\pm 100$ volts
Noise: 2 u Amps
Calibration cycle: 12 months

## Features Voltage Mode

Variable Constant: Three Ranges: $\pm 100 \mathrm{nV}$ to $\pm 10 \mathrm{Vdc}$
High Resolution: $0.0001 \%$ (1 PPM)
Compliance (Power): 50 mAmps
Noise: 5 uV
"Crowbar" (Zero) Ref.
Price: \$2,095
Engineering Contact: Bob Ross
Tel: (617) 268-9696
FAX: (617) 268-6754

## CIRCLE NO 3

## $\mu$ P-based Programmable E/I dc Calibrator



Model 520/A
The Model 520/A is micro-processor based and is compatible with IEEE-488, (GP-IP).
The height is only $31 / 2$ inches, features current mode outputs from 10 nanoampers ( nA ) to 110 milliampers (mA), in 2 ranges, with extraordinary compliance of 100 Vdc . Even with this power, ideal for transducer instrument testing (4-20 and 10-50 mA), the accuracy is $\pm 0.005 \%$ !

The voltage mode has 3 ranges with outputs from 100 nV to 110 Vdc and optional to 1100 Vdc. Compliance current is 100 mA . The one year accuracy is $\pm 0.002 \%$.

All ranges and both modes resolve to 1 ppm . A crowbar zero provides a reference for this essential value.

Availability: 60 days.
Price: $\$ 3,150$. 1000 V option $\$ 595$.
Engineering Contact: Bob Ross
Tel: (617) 268-9696
FAX: (617) 268-6754
CIRCLE NO 4
ELECTRONIC DEVELOPMENT CORP.
11 Hamlin St., Boston, MA 02127
Tel: ( 617 ) 268-9696
TLX: 951596 (ELECDEVCO BSN)

## COMPUTERS \& PERIPHERALS

are to and from RAM. A transparent background routine constantly updates the mechanical disk. The unit will operate with any computer using the SCSI Interface per ANSI X3.131 standard. It provides automatic error detection \& correction and has intelligent power backup. Systems with 15.8 M to 27.7 M bytes are housed in an enclosure which can sit on a desk or a floor stand; systems over 27.7 M bytes are rack mounted. Prices start at $\$ 4875$. 4M bytes of RAM, $\$ 1056$ each. 16Mbyte board, $\$ 6390$.

Digital Electronic Systems Inc, 302 S Main St, Estill Springs, TN 37330. Phone (615) 649-5137.

Circle No 409


## WORKSTATION

- Emulates the IBM 3197 C colordisplay station
- System/3X station provides 80 and 132-column operation

The LynkStation/197C workstation emulates the IBM 3197C color-display station. It attaches to the IBM System/36, System/38, or 5294 re-mote-control unit as a 3197 C or 3197D workstation. The unit has a 14-inch diagonal CRT display that offers eight colors and eight userselectable palettes. The unit can display 80 - and 132 -character lines in full color. Tint and intensity may be adjusted in varying degrees. A dual-session feature allows the workstation to operate a single display station, two display stations, or as a display station and interface for


As a systems designer requiring low power switchers, it's easy to get crushed between Marketing's demands for reliability and Purchasing's demands for standard product. Until now, reliable low power switching power supplies has been the proverbial contradiction in terms.

Well, Power General has the SP series solution. These compact, cost effective supplies are available at 40,50,65, and 80 watts. They utilize a forward converter topology, fixed frequency operation, and surface mount technology to achieve performance features such as:

- >90,000 hours MTBF
- Meet VDE, UL, CSA standards
- Indefinite output protection

High efficiency operation

- Input VDE "B" line filters
- Small size

Full five year warranty
Power General, utilizing the latest technology to provide complete, innovative solutions to your power needs.

FREE HANDBOOK!
Call for your free
1988 Power Supply Handbook

## Put

Power General To Work For You!


A SUBSIDIARY OF UNITRODE CORPORATION
152 Will Drive, P.O. Box 189, Canton, MA 02021 (617) 828-6216 TWX: 710-348-0200

FAX: 617-828-3215
a system-addressable parallel printer. Most ASCII printers can be addressed as 5256 or $5224 / 25$ printers. An optional plug-in cartridge drives an HP-compatible laser printer as an IBM 5219 printer. $\$ 1725$.

The Lynk Corp, 101 Queens Dr, King of Prussia, PA 19406. Phone (215) 265-3550. TLX 4944315.

Circle No 410

## CONTROLLER

- Interfaces VME Bus systems to IBM host computers
- Can perform a variety of con-trol-unit emulations

The SCHC10 VME Bus module allows you to interface a VME Bus system to IBM host computers via an IBM I/O channel interface. The

# Everyone should tee as well read. 



And every Memodyne Thermal Printer is. From intelligent instrumentation and test equipment to information transactions. From the factory to the field. Very well read because data, text and graphics are as sharp and clear at the 4 millionth line as the first. Quiet reading, and fast too. Just a single moving part. Rates up to 6 lines per second. There's also a choice of interfaces, software options and physical configurations.

At Memodyne, our byline is
 Thermal Printers reliability. In product design and performance. And, just as important, in exceptional turnaround to insure meeting any production schedule, in
any volume. For some good CONFIGURE" 404 reading and great writing, Modular Thermal Printers contact us for the full story. Evaluation units are available to qualified prospects. Memodyne Corporation, 200 Reservoir Street, Needham, MA 02194.


MEMロロУחE A family of fine printers.
TEL: (617) 444-7000 TELEX: 510-600-8774 FAX:(617) 444-7023
Memodyne is a Computer Products company.
double-Eurocard module, which occupies two VME Bus slots, operates as a control unit on the IBM channel and supports all three IBM channel types (selector, byte-multiplex, and block-multiplex). In addition to emulating a standard IBM control unit, an onboard $68010 \mu \mathrm{P}$ and 512 k bytes of RAM allow you to implement special-purpose control units by adding firmware to the board. The hardware supports three channeltransfer modes (standard interlock, high-speed interlock, and streaming), and allows data-transfer rates of 4.5 M bytes $/ \mathrm{sec}$. An onboard 68450 4-channel DMA controller can transfer data directly between the IBM I/O channel and the VME bus, between the I/O channel and the local RAM, or between the VME Bus and the local RAM. In addition, FIFO buffers decouple the data flow to and from the I/O channel. Application support for several control-unit emulations is available from the company. DM 14,500 .

Stollmann GmbH, Max-BrauerAllee 81, 2000 Hamburg 50, West Germany. Phone (040) 3890030. FAX (040) 3809224.

Circle No 411


MEMORY MODULE

- Drives $1280 \times 1024$-pixel displays
- VME Bus board acquires image data at 10M bytes/sec
MaxView is a memory module for the company's VME Bus digitalprocessing and real-time imageprocessing boards. The board drives $1280 \times 1024$-pixel displays so you can view live on-screen windows with


## "WE"VE GAINED MAXIMUM EXPOSURE WITH THE PRODUCT MART SECTIONS OF EDN MAGAZINE AND EDN NEWS!"

Cosette Trautman-Scheiber Marketing Manager SMT Plus, Inc. San Jose, CA

## Cosette Trautman-Scheiber is the marketing

manager for SMT Plus, Inc., a two-year-old company that provides surface-mount designing, assembling, and education services.
Cosette has watched SMT Plus triple its sales in the last year. "We have a small advertising budget, and as a growing company, visibility is important. We need to reach the right audience, at the right time, for the right price."
Where does Cosette place her advertising?
"In the Product Mart sections of EDN magazine and EDN NEWS."


EDN magazine and EDN NEWS works for SMT Plus, Inc. They can work for you.

Why $1 / 9$-page Product Mart ads?
"That's where we get the most bang for our bucks! With EDN magazine and EDN NEWS, we reach our target audience with outstanding results and with less money. Our Product Mart ads have generated high-volume, highquality sales leads. "I recommend EDN magazine and EDN NEWS. They are the right vehicles for getting our message to the market."


## When You WantFast 1 Mb EPROMs.

Mitsubishi delivers with a family of $150 \mathrm{~ns}, \mathrm{CMOS}$ 1 megabit UV EPROMs. Available now. And, for applications requiring even higher performance, 120 ns versions are on the way.

Now, you can combine the advantages of fast access times and low power CMOS operation in the organizations and pin-outs you need.

There's a $128 \mathrm{~K} \times 8$ that's pin-compatible with 1 Mb mask ROMs for easy conversion when you reach high volume production. Another device offers the JEDEC-standard pinout allowing easy upgrade from lower density EPROMs. Plus, there's a $64 \mathrm{~K} \times 16$, ideal for applications requiring wider data paths. And, they're all available in 150 ns speeds. From Mitsubishi.


## When You Want CostEffective Packaging Options

If you want all the advantages of Mitsubishi EPROMs, but don't need to reprogram, Mitsubishi's $1 \mathrm{Mb}, 200 \mathrm{~ns}$ CMOS OTP ROMs provide cost-effective alternatives for volume production.

And, for maximum flexibility, Mitsubishi's 1 Mb OTP ROMs are available in PDIP and PLCC packages, with SOP available soon.

For fast EPROMs, or cost-effective packaging options, call or write: Mitsubishi Electronics America, Inc., Semiconductor Division, 1050 East Arques Avenue, Sunnyvale, CA 94086. (408) 730-5900.


Products subject to availability.
CIRCLE NO 185

## COMPUTERS \& PERIPHERALS

color graphic overlays on Sun and Apollo workstations. The board has a quad-ported 8 -bit frame buffer arranged as $2048 \times 1024$ pixels with connections to the company's Maxbus. The Maxbus input port allows the board to acquire image data at 10 M bytes $/ \mathrm{sec}$, while simultaneously the MAXbus output port transfers data at the same rate to other modules. The video output port lets the board's memory feed a MaxView D/A drive board at a $10-\mathrm{MHz}$ rate to drive a display at speeds of 125 MHz max. Under $\$ 6500$. Delivery, 90 days ARO.

Datacube Inc, 4 Dearborn Rd, Peabody, MA 01906. Phone (617) 535-6644.

Circle No 412


INTERFACE CARD

- Connects devices with serial ports to IEEE-488 bus
- Provides RS-232C and RS-422 interfaces
The Model 4814 IEEE-488 interface card for peripheral devices provides either an RS-232C or an RS-422 interface to the IEEE-488 bus. The card can act as both a talker and a listener interface for bidirectional communications. When it operates as a talker, you can add a character to the end of the message for com-patibility-that is, you can convert CR (carriage return) to CR LF (carriage return-line feed) for HP computers. The card has a 3584 -byte buffer for transmit and receive. Rocker switches select the baud rate (as high as 57.6 k baud), charac-
ter format, and bus address. The card contains an ac power supply, interface connectors, six LED indicators, and a reset button. The board measures $5.75 \times 7.75 \times 2.062$ in. and weighs 1.6 lbs . Five $3 / 8-\mathrm{in}$. standoffs on the back of the card let you mount the card to a panel or chassis plate. $\$ 450$.

ICS Electronics Corp, 2185 Old Oakland Rd, San Jose, CA 95131. Phone (408) 432-9009. TLX 286895.

Circle No 413


## 80386 BOARD

- Achieves a data transfer rate of $32 M$ bytes/sec
- CPU and bus dual-ported to $1 M$ byte of static RAM
The CP1-386/016 is an 80386 -based CPU board for Multibus I. The board operates at 16 MHz and achieves bus transfer rates of 32M bytes/sec. An 82380 DMA controller provides 8 DMA channels, 15 interrupts, and 4 timers. Four sockets are available for as much as 1 M byte of EPROM. Additionally, eight sockets are available for 1 M byte of zero-wait-state static RAM. The static RAM is dual ported between the 80386 and Multibus I. You can expand the memory capacity by adding 1 or 2 memory-expansion modules. The modules are available in $1 \mathrm{M}-, 2 \mathrm{M}-, 4 \mathrm{M}$-, or 8 M -byte versions. The board has two serial channels that you can configure as either RS-232C or RS-422 ports. The board also has a SCSI and an iSBX interface. A socket is available



## FINDOUT BEFORE OTHERS DO.

The VME Bus Anomaly Trigger (VBAT) is a massively parallel trigger board which automatically recognizes violations of the VME specification in real time.
Plug it into a spare slot in your system, and it will find design errors in all boards by watching every bus cycle, during actual operation.
Each timing violation lights an LED and generates a trigger output in less than 80 ns , which will trigger your logic analyzer, to give you an immediate picture of the bad bus activity.
Try one, and be confident.


## ultraviewwill/

Ultraview Corporation
475 Yampa Way
Fremont, CA 94539
(415) 657-9501

FAX: (415) 657-0927
for an optional floating-point coprocessor. \$3895.
Concurrent Technologies, 25401 Cabot Rd, Laguna Hills, CA 92653. Phone (714) 768-3332. TLX 989159 CONTECH USA.

Circle No 414

## DMA BOARD

- Provides DMA channels to the VME and VSB Buses
- Includes local memory for data processing
The FIC8230 VME Bus board suits applications that require you to process data on-the-fly as it is transferred from one place to another. The board is based around a 68020 $\mu \mathrm{P}$ that is clocked at either 16 or 24 MHz , and a 68881 or 68882 math coprocessor. The board features an optional DMA controller, which can perform 16- or 32 -bit block data transfers across the entire 4G-byte
addressing range of the VME Bus. These DMA transfers can take place at data rates as high as 8 M bytes/ sec. The DMA controller can also transfer 32-bit data over the VSB Bus at data rates in excess of 10 M bytes/sec. A third DMA channel allows you to transfer data to or from an 8 -bit I/O port, which by adding external logic you can configure for a variety of uses-for example, as a SCSI port. The board has 512 k bytes or 1M byte of zero-wait-state CMOS static RAM, which is ported to the 68020 and to the VME Bus, and ported to the VSB Bus via a DMA channel. The board also has 128k bytes of local RAM, and space for as much as 128 k bytes of EPROM. Four independent $255 \times 32$ bit LIFO/FIF0 buffers provide the board with message-passing capabilities. Additional facilities include two RS-232C serial I/O ports, a 16 -bit timer/counter, a real-time clock, and software-programmable
board configuration. Between $\$ 4500$ and $\$ 6000$ depending on configuration.
Creative Electronic Systems SA, 70 route du Pont-Butin, 1213 PetitLancy 1, Switzerland. Phone (022) 925745. TLX 421320.

Circle No 415
C E Systems (US) Inc, 4655 Old Ironsides Drive, Suite 370, Santa Clara, CA 95054. Phone (408) 7273360. Fax (408) 727-7721.

Circle No 416

## BITBUS MODULE

- Provides isolation and transient protection
- Protects networks operating in the 62.5 k and 375 k bps modes
The iRCS 900 Isolation Module provides electrical isolation and transient protection for Bitbus networks. A de/dc converter, optocouplers, and transient sup-


## THEIR STRATEGY. OUR STRATEGY.

It can be the loneliest part of design.
That nail-biting time right after your design is done. And you wonder: "Will it fly?" "Will I get it on time?" "Can it be improved?"

If you gave the job to Standard Logic, the answer is a resounding: Yes!

Our patent-pending, embedded-capacitor DINstandard Metric Series logic card line gets you off to a fast start.

We can also handle all your wiring service needs including Stitch-wire, a process that takes up less space and increases circuit speeds ten-fold.

Our top-flight packaging engineers can also help you with the design and develop specialized custom boards. Provide the data in any format and we'll deliver the highest-quality, fully-assembled boards fast-at a price no one else can match. Added value? You bet.

Know your product will fly right, on time. Simply call or write: Standard Logic Inc., 4940 East La Palma
Avenue,
Anaheim,
California
92807.

714/779-2897.
STANDARD
LOGIC INC.
Bringing your designs to life.


## THE ONLY THING FASTER THAN ROCKWELIS MODEMS IS MARSHALI'S SERVICE.

At 14,400 bits-per-second, Rockwell's high-speed modems are a full generation ahead of the competition.

This new 14.4 Kbps modem family is the latest in Rockwell's leading R-series modems. The R144DP is the V.33/V. 29 product offering which complements their R96DP and R48DP/208 high-speed modems. And the R144HD features are compatible to the R96F, the standard for facsimile modems.

Which is why Rockwell modems can be found in high-speed network controls and multiplexers, personal computers and terminals, custom modems, facsimile, and desktop publishing equipment around the world. In fact, Rockwell is the world's leading supplier of original equipment manufacturer modems.

And for the fastest delivery of the world's fastest modems, call Marshall Industries. At Marshall, we're dedicated to customer service When you call, we'll quickly find
the part you need with our extensive inventory tracking system, then speed your order to you by shipping same day.

So if you need to communicate at rates up to 14,400 bits-persecond, and need to do it in a hurry, call Marshall today.

Where you'll always get speedy service, but not a lot of fast talk.

## Morshall

IL Chicago (312) 490-0155* IN Indianapolis (317) 297-0483* KS Kansas City (913) 492-3121* Wichita (316) 264-6333* MA Boston (617) 658-0810* MD Maryland (301) 840-9450* MI Michigan (313) 525-5850*

MN Minneapolis (612) 559-2211* MO St. Louis (314) 291-4650* NC Raleigh (919) 878-9882* NJ N. New Jersey (201) 882-0320* Philadelphia (609) 234-9100* NY Binghamton (607) 798-1611 Long Island (516) 273-2424*

Rochester (716) 235-7620* OH Cleveland (216) 248-1788* Dayton (513) 898-4480* Westerville (614) 891-7580* OR Portland (503) 644-5050* PA Pittsburgh (412) 963-0441* TX Austin (512) 837-1991*

Brownsville (512) 542-4589* Dallas (214) 233-5200* El Paso (915) 593-0706* Houston (713) 895-9200 San Antonio (512) 734-5100* UT Salt Lake City (801) 485-1551* WA Seattle (206) 747-9100 WI Wisconsin (414) 797-8400*

## mendelson <br> 1-800-422-3525

CONTROL YOUR HOME OR BUSINESS FROM YOUR IBM*PC OR PC/AT COMPATIBLE
This card is what you need to TURN ON \& OFF lights, machinery, and other electrical or electronic equipment.

IBM PC* DATA
ACQUISITION AND
CONTROL ADAPTER
\& DISTRIBUTION
PANEL provides the
capability to control and
monitor processes within a sensor base system.

Up to four IBM DATA ACQuISITION
AND CONTHOL ADAPTERS can be
attached to an individual PC or AT
Compatible.
The Adapter has

- Four analog inp
Two analog input channels (12-but channeis (12-bit resolution)
16-channel digital input port
16-channel digital output port
- Programmable sampling rates provided by a

32 -bit timer
Event counter, programmable rate generator, or
programmable time delay provided by a 16 -bit user timet programm
counter

- The Distribution Panel has
- Screw terminals pronded to anach devices to the distribution panel Muttiple grounds for twisted par terminations Shielded construction to minimize noise interterence.
- USES Chromatography. Electrochemistry. Energy management. Elec
tronct lesting. Process control. Data logging. Robotics.
Some parameters commonly monitored or controlled include
Pressure. Flow, Displacement. Voltage. Light intensity. Rotational
speed.
Some instruments or devices that may utitize the Adapter are Chromatographs, Spectrophotometers. Pressure gages. Relay controls,
Thermocouples. Gas analyzers. Humidity sensors. Valve actuators, Level gauges, Load cells. Conductivity cells, ph Meters.
- technical data
- TECHNICAL DATA
ANALOG INPUT: The analog input functions of the adapter oper ate in eigher programed or interrupting mode. The analog input functions provide 12 -bit relative accuracy. RESOLUTION - 12 bits


THIS IS AN ORIGINAL IBM* PRODUCT !!!

IBM PC*DATA ACQUISITION AND CONTROL ADAPTER provides an easy to use interface for accessing the ANALOG and DIGITAL I/O. Integrates analog, binary and time/ counter devices on a single adapter card.

## OUR LOW! LOW! PRICE FOR BOTH UNITS



IBM* DATA ACQUISTION AND CONTROL ADAPTER \#6451502 ORGINAL COST \$1275
IBM* ADAPTER DISTRIBUTION PANEL \#6451504 ORGINAL COST \$245


INCLUDES TURBO PASCAL DEMO SOFTWARE W/SOURCE CODES, ADDRESSES, ANALOG \& BINARY INPUT \& OUTPUT MODULES

## PER SET

Shipping \& Handling $\$ 6.50$

Part No. \#200-108 Demo Turbo
pressors protect networks operating in the 62.5 k - and 375 k -bps synchronous modes. The module provides protection against com-mon-mode voltage as high as 1500 V ac between nodes and transient voltage spikes as high as 2500 V on the Bitbus interconnect. It can drive as many as 28 remote Bitbus nodes, allowing it to serve as an isolated stand-alone repeater. The module can be either panel-mounted or used on a desk top or a bench top. $\$ 367$.

Intel Corp, Box 58065, Santa Clara, CA 95052. Phone (800) 5484725.

Circle No 417

## DSP BOARD

- Delivers 10 MIPS for the Sun-3 workstation
- Has TI TMS32020 chips and a $16 \times 16$-bit multiplier

The Sky Challenger-S digital-sig-

nal-processor board for the Sun-3 workstation utilizes two TI TMS32020 DSP chips and a $16 \times 16$ bit multiplier to multiply and accumulate in a single cycle at 10 MIPS. One of the DSP chips acts as a master to control the operational functions, and the other chip acts as a slave to perform arithmetic processing. This arrangement lets the host simultaneously move process integer data with no wait states. A multiported static RAM, with capacities ranging from 64 k to 256 k
bytes, lets the VME Bus or both DSP chips access memory simultaneously. A 16 -bit I/O interface lets you chain multiple boards together or connect to A/D converters. The board comes with a C compiler and cross-development tools to develop application code. $\$ 5200$.

Sky Computers Inc, Foot of John St, Lowell, MA 01852. Phone (617) 454-6200.

Circle No 418

## CPU CARD

- Provides an 80386 processor for Multibus-I systems
- Includes $1 M$ byte of zero-waitstate static RAM

The CP1-386/016 CPU card for Mul-tibus-I systems features a $16-\mathrm{MHz}$ $80386 \mu \mathrm{P}$, and an 82380 8-channel 32-bit DMA controller. The board has eight sockets that support as much as 1 M byte of zero-wait-state
FLUKE AND PHILIPS - THE GLOBAL ALLIANCE IN TEST\& MEASUREMENT

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 5100 \mathrm{BSeries} \\
& \text { Calibrators } \\
& \text { deliver best? }
\end{aligned}
$$



> Explore the world's most advanced test site.

## ITC '88

Washington, DC

The International Test Conference is where testing's technical and business leaders meet-and reach new frontiers. For almost 20 years, ITC has remained the best place to learn, discover and improve electronics testing techniques of integrated circuits, boards and systems.

In 1987, over 3,500 participants demonstrated the importance of testing in today's marketplace. This year, over 150 technical papers are scheduled for presentation to attendees from around the world.

Those who've made ITC'88 a priority recognize the value of leadership...technical excellence... and practical suggestions. Explore the world's most advanced test site at ITC'88: Important discoveries are waiting in Washington.

While September 12-14 is not far off, there is still time to register. Simply call or write today for full conference details.

International Test Conference, Millbrook Plaza, Suite 104D, P.O. Box 264, Mount Freedom, NJ 07970. September 12, 13, 14, 1988
(201) 895-5260

THE COMPUTER SOCIETY
OF THE IEEE
static RAM, and four sockets for as much as 1 M byte of EPROM. The static RAM is dual-ported to the $80386 \mu \mathrm{P}$ and to the board's Multi-bus-I interface. You can expand local memory by adding one or two memory-expansion modules, which are available with capacities of 1 M , $2 \mathrm{M}, 4 \mathrm{M}$, or 8 M bytes. Additional onboard facilities include two RS-232C/RS-422 synchronous/asynchronous serial IO channels, a SCSI interface, an iSBX interface, and a socket for an optional 80387 math coprocessor. £2395.
Concurrent Technologies Ltd, Fairfax House, Causton Rd, Colchester, Essex C01 1RJ, UK. Phone (0206) 42996. Fax (0206) 67333.

## Circle No 419

Concurrent Technologies Inc, 25255 Cabot Rd, Suite 101, Laguna Hills, CA 92653. Phone (714) 7683332. Fax (714) 951-8902.

Circle No 420


## DIGITAL I/O

- Features 16 lines of digital input
- Ruggedized board has 32 lines of digital output

The Digital I/O Interface board for the IBM PC, AT and compatible computers has 16 TTL-compatible inputs configured as two 8-bit channels. Each line may be set to generate an interrupt on either a high or low level. Two 8-bit Delta Registers store status changes of each input line even for momentary-contact input sources. You can read data directly either from the inputs or from the Delta Registers. The board
has 32 TTL-compatible outputs divided into four 8 -bit channels. The outputs source 2.6 mA when high and sink 24 mA when low. An optional real-time clock is batterybacked for 10 years of operation without power. The board, designed for ruggedized operation, has a 50 -pin D-shell connector that provides RFI and EMF shielding. $\$ 729$. $\$ 42$ for the optional clock.
Commtech Inc, Communication Technologies, 8622 Mt Vernon Ct, Wichita, KS 67207. Phone (316) 6510077.

Circle No 421

## PLOTTER

- Accepts standard graphics-language commands
- Has a plot data buffer as large as 240 k bytes
The Colourwriter-6900 is an 8-pen A0 flatbed drafting plotter that con-



# Fasy targets. 

## Mizar opens new windows to real-time target development.


nects via RS-232C or IEEE-488 interfaces to micro, mini or mainframe computers. Accepting HPGL standard graphics-language instructions, the plotter is compatible with a wide range of CAE packages including Autocad, Prodesign, Generic CADD, Orcad, and Racal Redboard. It features a standard data buffer capacity of 64 k bytes that you can optionally expand to 240 k bytes, and it includes character generators for a variety of character sets. The plotter has a writing speed that is programmable in steps of $0.3 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{sec}$ to $40 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{sec}$ max, and a pen-positioning speed with the pen raised to $55 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{sec}$. It uses electrostatic paper hold down, and industry standard pen types. The plotter's pen-positioning resolution is 0.025 mm , and it has a single-pen repeatability of $\pm 0.05 \mathrm{~mm}$. Its overall dimensions are $1580 \times 1100 \times 195 \mathrm{~mm}$, and to minimize the required installation space you can wall-mount the
plotter so that it lies flat against the wall. Around $£ 6000$.

Advance Bryans Instruments Ltd, 14/16 Wates Way, Mitcham, Surrey CR4 4HR, UK. Phone 01-640 5624. TLX 946097.

Circle No 422

## 3D GRAPHICS

- Has effective resolution of $4864 \times 4096$ pixels
- Add-on to the VAX 8000 workstation

When coupled with an adapted PS 390 terminal, the Stereo Option for the VAXstation provides stereo viewing of 3D models. The monitor has two liquid crystal modulators, which alternately switch on and off in $1 / 98 \mathrm{sec}$, to produce left- and righthanded circularly polarized light. The user wears passive viewing glasses with left- and right-handed circular polarized filters covering
the left and right eye, respectively The glasses, which look like ordinary eye glasses, let more than one person at a time view the model. A line-smoothing operation, called antialiasing, produces an effective resolution of $8196 \times 6912$ pixels in monochrome. During stereo operation the resolution reduces to $4864 \times 4096$ pixels. The product sells as an $\$ 11,500$ option for the VAX8000 workstation.

StereoGraphics Corp, Box 2309, San Rafael, CA 94912. Phone (415) 459-4500. TWX 650-231-9225.

Circle No 423

## CPU BOARD

- Uses a $25-\mathrm{MHz} 68020$ CPU for the VME Bus
- Contains $1 M$ byte of dual-port, zero-wait-state RAM

The V07 CPU board for the VME Bus uses a $25-\mathrm{MHz} 68020 \mathrm{CPU}$. It

FLUKE AND PHILIPS - THE GLOBALALLIANCEIN TEST\& MEASUREMENT


## Standard Delivery.

The Fluke Direct Voltage Maintenance Program can deliver the standard legal volt right to your lab. It's the most convenient way to maintain your traceability to national standards, while minimizing downtime. And only Fluke has it. Call us at 1-800-44-FLUKE for details.

# The Ultimate 16-bit slice... 

49C402: FAST, TWO BUSES


490403: HIGH BANOWIDIH, 3 BUSES


## It's your choice!

## If you need speed, choose the CMOS 2-bus IDT49C402

- Two-bus 2901-type architecture
- Fastest: 37ns RAM address to output
- 10ns set-up-Direct D-bus to RAM and Q
- Independent RAM \& Q shifts

64 deep register file. Provides you with more on-chip working space for your high-speed multi-tasking algorithms.

Eight new destination functions.
New operands now can be brought into the register file during ALU operations; ideal for address generation.

Now in plastic packages. Lowcost, compact, 68-pin plastic pin grid array and surface mount PLCC.

Upgrade your existing 2901 design. 2901 instruction set compatible so it is easy to upgrade. $\square$ Higher performance: $50 \%$ faster than 2901 C . $\square$ Reduced board space: 68 pins vs. 176 pins ( 5 parts). $\square$ Lower power dissipation: 1 watt vs. $>5$ watts (bipolar).

## If you need flexiblility and high bandwidth, choose the CMOS 3-bus IDT49C403.

- Three-bus 2903-type architecture
- Fast: 50ns RAM address to output delay
- Expandable register file
- Byte as well as word operations
- SPC $^{\text {™ }}$ diagnostics logic

Expandable register file. Can be expanded to provide even more working space for complex digital signal processing algorithms.

Three-bus architecture. For high bus bandwidth. Can perform high-speed integer functions while fixed/floating point multipliers perform the matrix calculations. Ideal for graphics.

On-chip SPC diagnostics. Provides on-chip diagnostic support for design debug, production board level test and field diagnostics.

Upgrade your existing 2903/203 system. 2903/203 instruction set compatible. Performs BCD arithmetic and word and byte operations. $\square$ Better performance - $40 \%$ faster than 2903A. $\square$ Reduced board space - 108 pins vs. 208 pins (5 parts). $\square$ Lower power dissipation 1 watt vs. >5 watts bipolar.

## The IDT CMOS Microslice ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Solution

Fastest Sequencers-for microinstruction execution control-49C410, 16-bit sequencer and 39C10, 12-bit sequencer ( $=2910 \mathrm{~A}$ )
NEW Writable Control Store RAMfor microprogram memory-71502, 4Kx16 Registered RAM
Fastest Register Files-for expanding your 49C40339C705/7 ( $=29705 / 7$ )

## Fastest Multipliers \& MACs-for

 number crunching graphics-7216/7, 16-bit multipliers, $20 \mathrm{~ns} \square 721264 / 5-32$-/64-bit IEEE floating point multiplier and ALU, 33.4/25 MFLOPSFastest Bus Interface Logic-49FCT818, 8-bit Register with SPC $\square$ 49FCT618, 16-bit register with SPC $\square 54 / 74 \mathrm{FCT} 800 \mathrm{~B} 30 \%$ faster than 29800A $\square 54 / 74 \mathrm{FCT}^{2} \times x$ A $30 \%$ faster than FAST ${ }^{\text {¹ }}$

Fastest 4-bit slices-39C01/03/203 = 2901/03/203 $\square 39$ C09/11 = 2909/11

Call 408-492-8314 for your free copy of our new 1800 page, 1988 highperformance CMOS DATA BOOK. Or call your local IDT representative.
contains a 68881 coprocessor and 1M byte of dual-port, zero-wait-state RAM. A Bus Master Boot feature lets you boot a multiple CPU system from one boot PROM. This feature also frees up a socket for 512 k bytes of additional RAM per board. Another feature, which contributes to a multiple-CPU environment, dynamically allocates interrupt-handling functions between processors on the VME Bus. The board also contains a Z8536 programmable controller and a 68155 bus-interrupt manager. The baseboard has two serial ports, which you can config-

ure as RS-232C, RS-422, and RS-485 ports. $\$ 1995$.
General Micro System Inc, 4740 Brooks St, Montclair, CA 91763. Phone (714) 625-5475.

Circle No 424

## MULTIBUS I SBC

- Based on a 25-MHz 68030 CPU and runs Unix System V. 3
- Contains 1 or $4 M$ bytes of $d y$ namic RAM with parity

The HK68/M130, a single-board computer for Multibus I, contains a $25-\mathrm{MHz} 68030 \mathrm{CPU}, 1$ or 4 M bytes of onboard dynamic RAM with parity, as many as 2 M bytes of EPROM, and a 4 -channel, 32 -bit DMA. In addition, the board includes a SCSI interface, $4 \mathrm{RS}-232 \mathrm{C} \mathrm{I/O}$ ports, a 16 -bit parallel port, an 8 -bit iSBX connector, 128 bytes of nonvolatile RAM, 3 16-bit counter/timers, iLBX memory expansion, mailbox

interrupt support, and a full master/slave interface to Multibus I. Optional features include a 68881 or 68882 floating-point coprocessor, and a time-of-day clock with battery backup. The board runs on Unix System V.3, Ready Systems' VRTX real-time executive, and Microware's OS-9 operating system. 4 M byte dynamic RAM version, $\$ 4995$.
Heurikon Corp, 3201 Latham Dr, Madison, WI 53713. Phone (800) 356-9602; in WI, (608) 271-8700. TLX 469532.

Circle No 435


## No Problems.

The key to a problem-free calibration lab is a well-designed system. The kind you get with Fluke assistance and consulting. We can help you with everything from training to calibration, to customized hardware and software. For the whole story call Fluke at 1-800-44-FLUKE.


O1988 John Fluke Mig. Co., Inc. Ad no. 0381-SERV

## NEW PRODUCTS

## TEST \& MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTS

## BUS CONTROLLERS

- Control bus from host's RS-232C or RS-422 port
- Include $64 k$ - or 256 k -byte RAM buffers

The GPIB-232CT and GPIB-422CT bus controllers let you control an IEEE-488 bus from any computer that has an RS-232C port or an RS-422 port. The units contain 64 k bytes, or optionally, 256 k bytes of RAM to buffer data returned from the IEEE bus devices to the host. The units accept data at speeds as high as 900 k bytes/sec and support serial-port data rates from 300 to $38,400 \mathrm{bps}$. Each bus controller has its own $\mu \mathrm{P}$ and DMA controller. The bus controllers incorporate a firm-ware-resident, bus-control language and operating system that

enable you to control the IEEE-488 bus from any computer's serial port without using special software. The units can act as normal or extended talkers and listeners. They support serial and parallel polling, service and pass/receive-control requests, and can be remotely programmed in
three modes. With 64 k -byte RAM buffer, $\$ 595$; with 256 k-byte RAM buffer, $\$ 795$.
National Instruments Corp, 12109 Technology Blvd, Austin, TX 78727. Phone (800) 531-4742; in TX, (800) 433-3488. TLX 756737.

Circle No 395


## DATA-LOGGING SYSTEM

- Stores $>100 k$ readings in internal RAM
- Linearizes output of seven thermocouple types

The Model 52A data logger combined with the Model 53 expansion chassis, and, optionally, with the Model 54 alphanumeric/graphics printer accommodates as many as 260 analog inputs. Its internal, bat-tery-backed RAM can store as many as 100,000 readings. The linearization routines handle seven thermocouple types. The cold-junction
compensation is automatic. You can program 99 alarms and average as many as 65,536 readings to minimize the effect of noise. You use "channel lists" to tell the data logger what to do with acquired information. The channel lists can have 254 entries and can repeat $254 \times$ within a scan. From $\$ 4000$. Delivery, four to six weeks ARO.
Wavetek, 9045 Balboa Ave, San Diego, CA 92123. Phone (619) 2792200. TWX 910-335-2007.

Circle No 396

## TIME-STAMP MODULE

- Monitors events and elapsed time
- Measures program, memory, and module-linkage activity

The time-stamp module connects to the vendor's ES 1800 family of incircuit emulators for Intel, Motorola, and Zilog 16 -bit $\mu$ Ps. It permits real-time, nonintrusive measurement of software performance. The

timing and counting modes permit eight types of measurements. You can measure the amount of time a program spends within a software module, outside of the module, or between modules. This information can help you determine where to focus your code-optimization effort. When you measure program, memory, or module-linkage activity, the unit counts the number of occurrences of a defined event. You can use a Sun or Apollo workstation, a DEC VAX, or an IBM PC or com-

## INSTRUMENTS

patible computer as the emulators' host processor. The supported $\mu \mathrm{Ps}$ include the $8086 / 88,80 \mathrm{C} 86 / 88$, 80186/188, 80286, 68000, 68008, 68010 , Z8001, and Z8002. $\$ 1200$.

Applied Microsystems Corp, Box 97002, Redmond, WA 98073. Phone (800) 426-3925; in WA, (206) 8822000. TLX 185196.

Circle No 397


LOGIC ANALYZER

- Provides 32-channel, 25-MHz data capture
- Features multilevel triggering

The TA1000 logic analyzer provides $3225-\mathrm{MHz}$ state/timing channels. It features a 1 k -bit/channel trace memory and provides external clock facilities that include three independent clock inputs and five clock qualifiers. You can define as many as four 32 -bit trigger/restart words, which you can OR together in each step of a 4 -step trigger sequencer. Each step of the trigger sequencer also includes a 1 to 256 event counter. You can display timing or varia-ble-format state information on the analyzer's 7 -in. CRT, and can analyze it using the instrument's traceexpansion facilities, two screen cursors, and reference memory. The instrument can also perform automatic trace/reference memory comparisons on the traced data, optionally stopping trace acquisition on trace/reference equality or inequality, or counting the occurrences of these conditions. The instrument includes IEEE-488, RS-232C, and Centronics interfaces, and a nonvol-

## 19" Card Racks allow board size

 flexibility.
## Design printed circuit

 boards to the size you need! Amlan's adjustable 19" card racks combine circuit board size flexibility with high quality and a handsome appearance.

Four standard card rack sizes accommodate PCB heights from $13 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ to 9 13/16". Each card rack accepts board depths from $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ to $79 / 32$ ".

Fabricated with high strength, clear anodized extruded aluminum and zinc plated steel parts, these rugged card racks offer vibration resistance and ease of assembly. Accessories include aluminum front panels.
Call today for data sheet and prices.
High quality products at competitive prices.

97 Thornwood Road Stamford, CT 06903 TEL: (203) 322-1913
FAX: (203) 322-7648

CIRCLE NO 54


## Who's got the button?

Nobody, but nobody, offers or delivers more
rechargeable button cells and batteries than Varta.
The first in NiCd batteries.

This year, 1988, Varta celebrates its 100th year in manufacturing batteries of all types. In the '50's we led the world in com-
 mercialization of NiCd batteries.

We invented the mass-plate cell construction which excels over sintered nickel-cadmium cells.
Unique performance advantages.
In stand-by at ambient temperatures, our mass-plate button cells retain $60 \%$ capacity after 12 months versus about three months for sintered NiCd cells, because they have much lower internal losses. Similarly, they require much lower recharging rates, as low as 1 mA
(C/100) versus 4-7mA for competition, so charging power and circuitry will be minimized.

## More compact designs.

Varta mass-plate button cells and batteries usually take much less space - or let you put up to $40 \%$

more capacity in the same space.

## Better shelf life.

Cells can be stored in any state of charge for over five years without significant loss of performance.

## Cost benefits, too.

With all their advantages, Varta mass-plate button cells and batteries usually cost less than comparable sintered-type cells.

## Many sizes and types.

Capacities range from 4 mAh to 1000 mAh. Many flat or stacked batteries can be assembled. Extra hish temperature ratings and UL list-
 ings are available in key sizes. For rechargeable applications above 1000 mAh , Varta also offers a complete line of NiCd cells and batteries.
For an introduction
to Varta's world-leading line of rechargeable button cells and batteries, please ask for "Who's Got The Button". Call 1-800-431-2504, Ext. 260, or write below.
atile memory for captured data, reference data, and 16 instrument setups. You can obtain disassemblers for a variety of 8 - and 16 -bit $\mu \mathrm{Ps}$ as options. With TTL-threshold input pods, $£ 1790$; with variable threshold pods, £2250.
Thandar Electronics Ltd, London Rd, St Ives, Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire PE17 4HJ, UK. Phone (0480) 64646. TLX 32250.

Circle No 398

## WAVEFORM RECORDER

- Samples at 10 MHz
- Includes ring buffer expandable to $2 M$ samples
The styling and footprint of the SDA2000 transient-waveform recorder's enclosure mimic those of an IBM PC/XT's. The unit, which can offer from one to eight channels, communicates with the host via an IEEE-488 interface. Sampling can

occur at rates as high as 10 MHz . A ring buffer that can hold 1 M samples is standard; you can expand it to hold 2 M samples. The A/D converter resolves 12 bits. Program-mable-gain amplifiers with $3-\mathrm{MHz}$ bandwidth and programmable offset of $4 \times$ full scale precede the converter and provide 31 calibrated full-scale ranges from 50 mV to 80 V . You can trigger the unit with a TTL trigger command or from a signal
being digitized. Trigger-signal conditioning facilities include lowpass filtering. Software for the host computer converts data to engineering units, performs many computations, and provides easily interpreted displays. $\$ 9995$.
Soltec Corp, Sol Vista Park, San Fernando, CA 91340. Phone (800) 423-2344; in CA, (818) 365-0800.

Circle No 399

## LCR METER

- Measures on 22 ranges at two frequencies
- Operates for 40 hours from 9 V alkaline battery
You can obtain the handheld LM22A in the standard battery-powered version or in an optional ac-powered version. It uses a $31 / 2$-digit LCD to display inductance from $19 \mu \mathrm{H}$ to 199.9 H in seven ranges, capacitance from 19 pF to $1999 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ in eight


Tauber and Kodak. For the World's 1st 9-volt Lithium Power Cell.
Introducing the new Kodak Ultralife 9-volt lithium power cell. It lasts 200\% as long as high performance alkaline batteries. Because it loses less than 2\% of its service capacity a year when not in use, it has a shelf life of up to 10 years. Its longer life, consistent discharge qualities, dependability, and performance make it very cost effective. Call today to learn more.


TAUEERELEETIORONTCSME

4901 Morena Blvd, ste. 314
San Diego, CA 92117 619/274-7242
FAX 619/274-2220; LA 213/416-9000
OC 714/667-0177: N CA 408/737-9408

## Find the small change:

| 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 |
| 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 |
| 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 |
| 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 |
| 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 |
| 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 |
| 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 |
| 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 |
| 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 |
| 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19639 | 2.19640 |
| 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 |
| 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 |
| 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 |
| 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 |
| 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 | 2.19640 |

TThe 197 Microvolt DMM detects the small change-one part in 220,000 -for small change: ${ }^{\mathbf{5}} \mathbf{6 2 0}$. And you can automate with its IEEE-488 option. Find out how to get a big change in your measurement capabilities. Call the Keithley Product Information Center: (216) 248-0400.

## Because you're thinking fast...

you need responsive
suppliers as well as fast
parts. Comlinear is tuned
in. With high quality, high
speed products. Assistance from R\&D-level applications engineers to help develop your ideas quicker. Sales and distribution that get you what you need fast. Quality product documentation with guaranteed specs so you don't waste time. In your business, time is everything. Count on us for the speed you need.

## Introducing monolithic op amps with 10ns settling times and $150-200 \mathrm{MHz}$ bandwidths.

Now, only from Comlinear, monolithic op amps with incredible high-speed, fast-settling performance.

Our new 200MHz CLC400 is designed for low-gain applications ( $\pm 1$ to $\pm 8$ ) and settles in a mere 10 ns to $0.1 \%$. For gains greater than 7, choose our 150 MHz CLC401, with the same 10 ns settling time. Both feature low power $(150 \mathrm{~mW})$, low distortion, stability without compensation, plus overload and short circuit protection. They're ideal as flash A/D drivers and D/A current-tovoltage converters, or in video distribution and line driving applications.

Our experience in high speed amplifiers now brings you monolithic op amps with numbers like you've never had before. A new dimension in performance is now available for your analog designs.

Try one. Fast.

ranges, and resistance from $1 \Omega$ to $19.99 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ in seven ranges. On most ranges, the unit measures inductance and capacitance with an accuracy of $\pm(1 \%+1$ digit), resistance with an accuracy of $\pm(0.5 \%+1$ digit), and dissipation with an accuracy of $\pm(1 \%+2$ digits $)$. The inputs are protected against damage caused by overvoltage. The display features an overrange indication. You can order a carrying case as an option. Including test leads, manual, and spare fuse, $\$ 199$.
Beckman Industrial Corp, 3883 Ruffin Rd, San Diego, CA 92123. Phone (619) 495-3224.

Circle No 400


## A/D SCOPE

- Captures $15-\mathrm{MHz}$ one-shot and $100-\mathrm{MHz}$ repeated waveforms
- Displays $8 k$ 8-bit samples

The VP-5720A A/D storage scope samples at 40 MHz . When engaged in equivalent-time sampling, it can handle repetitive signals that contain frequencies to 100 MHz ; with single-shot phenomena, its bandwidth is 15 MHz . The unit digitizes with 8 -bit resolution and displays 8 k samples. It also operates in an X-Y mode, in which it displays with 8-bit precision along each axis. You can move the trigger window along the horizontal axis to reveal pretrigger and posttrigger conditions. To reduce the effect of random noise, the unit can average two to 256 samples. It displays the number of samples averaged on its $7-\mathrm{in}$. CRT. $\$ 6000$.

Panasonic Industrial Co, 2 Panasonic Way, Secaucus, NJ 07094. Phone (201) 392-4050.

Circle No 401

# "MATHCAD IS THE BEST THING TO HAPPEN TO THE ENGINEER SINCE THE POCKET PROTECTOR." <br> - PC Magazine 

For problems involving engineering calculations or scientific analysis, the answer is MathCAD.
MathCAD is the only PC-based software package specifically designed to give technical professionals the freedom to follow their own scientific intuition. You decide how to solve the problem - MathCAD does the "grunt work."

- Ends tedious programming and debugging.
- Displays instant answers as you change variables.
- Generates quick plots to help you view results.

MathCAD includes such built-in features as:

- Matrix operations
- Automatic unit conversions
- Simultaneous equation solver
- Real and complex numbers
- Dynamic error flagging
- Greek character set
- Fast Fourier Transform

To find out what MathCAD can do for you, call us today for a free demo disk: 1-800-MathCAD (in MA, 617-577-1017). Or write to MathSoft, Inc. One Kendall Square, Cambridge, Massachusetts 02139.

Requires IBM© PC or compatible,
512 KB RAM, graphics card.

$\Sigma+\sqrt{ }=\times 1 \div \delta$ Software Tools for Calculating Minds

## Go easy on your cal lab:

$\mathrm{A}^{\mathrm{A}}$11 of your Model 175 and 197 DMMs can be calibrated automatically-without the need to access internal test points. Even if they're not equipped with the IEEE-488 interface option. All it takes is the Model 1755 Calibration Interface (below). You'll be saving your calibration lab manager his most critical asset-time.

Get day-in, day-out high performance and reduce instrument
 maintenance. Call the Keithley Product Information

Center: (216) 248-0400.


CIRCLE NO 57

## NEW PRODUCTS

## CAE \& SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT TOOLS



## LISP/dBASE LINK

- Provides Lisp functions that simulate dBase III commands
- Lets Lisp programmers apply AI methods to dBase III
dBLisp is a set of 50 GCLisp functions and keywords that simulate the commands that define and manipulate dBase III files. These functions allow Lisp applications to create, manage, and retrieve dBase III file information. The package lets Lisp application programs apply AI (artificial intelligence) techniques to the problems of accessing and managing a dBase III database. Lisp
application programs on which you can use the program include expertsystem inference mechanisms, natu-ral-language interfaces to the database, and other interactive front ends. To use dBLisp, you'll need the vendor's Golden Common Lisp; you won't immediately need dBase III, however, because dBLisp writes and stores dBase-compatible data, index, and memo files. dBLisp, $\$ 295$; with source code, $\$ 495$.

Chestnut Software Inc, 636 Beacon St, Boston, MA 02215. Phone (617) 262-0914. TLX 516840.

Circle No 425

SYMBOLIC DEBUGGER

- Lets an IBM PC or compatible execute 68020 software
- Provides single stepping and breakpoints

The Sim 20 cross debugger allows you to test and debug your 68020 software on an IBM PC or compatible. The package, which simulates all 68020 functions, includes Load, Dump, and Breakpoint facilities, and lets you single step through a
program or execute it at full speed. When the program reaches a breakpoint or after it has completed a step, you can display the effects of the current instruction on flags, registers, and 68020 memory. You can also disassemble and display hex files of Motorola S-records. To use the debugger, you need a machine with at least 256 k bytes of RAM that runs under DOS version 2.0 or later. $\$ 385$.

Big Bang Software Inc, Beach-
walk Centre, 7151 W Hwy 98, Suite 286, Panama City Beach, FL 32407. Phone (904) 784-7114. TWX 910-250-1687.

Circle No 426

## CAE DATA MANAGER

- Uses relational database technology to provide security
- Provides release/revision control

Product Data Manager, previously available only for the vendor's CAE workstations and for Prime computers, is now available for VAX/VMS systems. The data manager lets you control all aspects of a CAE/CAD/ CAM database. It employs relation-al-database technology to offer three management facilities: a con-trolled-storage feature that provides tools for database access and security; a data-distribution feature that supplies tools for storing, retrieving, and moving collections of data elements; and a data-management feature that offers a release/ revision-control system, an administration module, and a customizable programming interface. From $\$ 75,000$.

Computervision Corp, 100 Crosby Dr, Bedford, MA 01730. Phone (617) 275-1800.

Circle No 427

## 80386 TOOLS

- HLL compilers provide global optimization
- Support Intel 80387 and Weitek 1167 coprocessors
The Oasys 80386 software-development tool kit consists of Green Hills C, Pascal, and Fortran compilers, and complementary assembler/ linker options. For development on an IBM PC or an 80386-based ma-


## Enter The New Age of Electronic CAD

## The wait is over for a powerful, easy to use electronic design workstation.

With the new Douglas CAD/CAM Professional System, you can now experience computer-aided design without going over budget and without sitting through months of tedious training. Running on the Apple Macintosh Plus, SE and II, the Professional System from Douglas Electronics excels in price/performance, short learning curves and ease of use.

As the newest addition to the Douglas CAD/CAM line of printed circuit board design and manufacturing systems, the Professional System is a fully integrated engineering tool that will take you from the schematic drawing to the final routed board. The software features full color, unlimited multi-
layers and $.001^{\prime \prime}$ control which makes surface mount technology (SMT) and other difficult tasks a snap. Professional Layout includes a parts placement facility. Schematic includes fully interactive digital simulation and net list generation. A flexible, multi-pass router completes the design cycle with a 16 layer routing capability.
The new age of electronic CAD has come with the high resolution and speed of a Macintosh engineering workstation. You'll be designing your first circuit board just minutes after the Professional System software has been loaded into your computer. In addition, the Macintosh's graphics capa-
bilities allow for powerful features such as the ability to transfer Professional System drawings into final engineering documentation.

Computer-aided design wasn't meant to be time consuming and complicated. If your present CAD system has got the best of you, it may be time you enter the new age of electronic CAD with the powerful, easy to use Douglas CAD/CAM Professional System.

Take your first step by ordering a fullfeature Demo. All three programs are included for just $\$ 25$.

Call or write for more information and to place your order.

Now in-house prototyping is truly affordable.


## Mills and drills circuits in minutes.

There's no reason to waste time and money sending out for prototype circuit boards any longer. With the new BoardMaker, you can make your own prototypes in your own lab directly from your PCB CAD-as fast as you need them.

## No delays or rush charges.

BoardMaker engraves single and double-sided boards, forming conductor lines as small as 5 mil . (There is a throughplate option too.)

A 2" x 3" board with medium density, for example, takes about 15 minutes. So you can save a week or more at every level of design development. You also save the money spent on outside sources, along with costly charges for rush service that can't compare with BoardMaker speed.

## No chemicals.

BoardMaker is totally mechanical. There are no chemicals, no fumes, and no toxicity problems.

## At $\$ 5,000$, pays for itself fast.

BoardMaker is revolutionary because it costs one-sixth the price of first generation prototype machines-and literally pays for itself after about a dozen boards. For more information, call (415) 883-1717 or use the reader card.


20A Pamaron Way
Novato, CA 94948
CIRCLE NO 60

## CAE \& SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT TOOLS

chine, you should select the Phar Lap (Cambridge, MA) assembler and the LinkLoc linker/locator, available from the vendor or from Phar Lap. LinkLoc lets you generate ROMable code for downloading to the target machine in Intel hex, Intel 32 -bit hex, S-records, OMF386, and the Phar Lap proprietary formats. The tool-kit options include the vendor's Designer C++ preprocessor and Fortran and C source-level debuggers. If you are cross-developing on a Unix machine, such as a Sun, Apollo, or VAX workstation, you should select the vendor's Avalon MX386 assembler and Avalon LX386 COFF linker, which produces standard Unix output in COFF format in an a.out file. All of the compilers support the Intel 80387 and Weitek 1167 math coprocessors and have interlanguage calling facilities-for example, C programs may call Fortran or Pascal subroutines. Compilers, $\$ 795$ to $\$ 3000$; Phar Lap assembler/linker combination, $\$ 495$ to $\$ 1400$; Avalon assembler/linker combination, $\$ 1500$ to $\$ 3000$.

Oasys, 230 Second Ave, Waltham, MA 02154. Phone (617) 890-7889.

Circle No 428

## PICTURE DATABASE

- Captures, stores, and indexes graphics on an IBM PS/2
- Works with a variety of imagecapture boards
PicturePower employs the extensive graphics features of the IBM PS/2 and compatibles in picture-database applications. The software lets you select and use 256 colors from the PS/2's palette of 256,000 , includes an internal database manager, and is compatible with Ashton-Tate's dBASE III Plus. You can imbue existing dBASE applications with pictorial capability or incorporate such capability in new ones. Employing a video camera and an im-age-capture/display board, you can create databases containing signa-
tures, photographs, and documents, for use with applications that require visual identification of the data. Until August 1988, purchasers of the software will receive a free image-capture board. $\$ 995$.

PictureWare Inc, 111 N Presidential Blvd, Bala Cynwyd, PA 19004. (215) 667-0880.

Circle No 429

## FILTER DESIGN TOOL

- Analyzes filter design and selects component values
- Provides Bode plot and compares result to ideal response
PMSS Active Filter Design Tools 2.0 is a low-cost, filter-analysis and -design program that covers the most commonly used filter designs. The program handles 1 Hz to 50 kHz filters of one to six poles. You can use it for Butterworth, Chebyshev, Bessel, and elliptic filters with highpass, lowpass, or bandpass response. You specify the transfer function, and the program selects appropriate component values. It then prints a Bode plot of the response predicated on the use of these values, together with a plot of the ideal response of the specified transfer function. You'll need an IBM PC or compatible that has at least 384 k bytes of RAM; a CGA, EGA, VGA or compatible graphics card; and an Epson-compatible printer. $\$ 55$.

Power Mountain Software Systems, Box 6, Dept M, Cora, WY 82925.

Circle No 430

## CAE OPTIMIZATION

- Provides block-diagram modeling and simulation
- Speeds up solutions to problems that require iteration
The Matrix ${ }_{x}$ optimization module lets you specify a design problem using system-analysis commands and graphical, function-level simula-

tion models. A command then translates the specification into a mathematical optimization problem. The program solves the problem with the aid of an enhanced version of the Kalmarkar algorithm. The program determines the values of design variables that optimize the performance index that you have specified, solves simultaneous equations, and determines whether your design can meet the specifications. The tuning factors for all algorithms feature carefully selected default
values, eliminating guesswork. You can request that intermediate results be displayed or plotted as the algorithm proceeds. You can obtain the program in versions for VAX computers and Apollo workstations. Apollo version, from $\$ 4000$.

Integrated Systems Inc, 2500 Mission College Blvd, Santa Clara, CA 95054. Phone (408) 985-1500.

Circle No 431

## SOLDER TESTING

- Lets IBM PC control vendor's solderability tester
- Can test solderability of SMT devices and compare test runs
The MustMate $100 / 110$ and the MustMate 200/210 software packages provide a means of controlling the vendor's multicore universal solderability tester (Must) and analyzing the test results. You can store the test conditions for each compo-

nent type; when you recall them via a code number, the program sets the Must controls and reads in the evaluation parameters. At the end of a test run, you can display any number of force/time curves and use the stored evaluation parameters to assess the solderability of the component leads. MustMate 100 and 110 each guide you through the steps necessary to perform a wetting balance test on leaded components in accordance with DIN 32 506, MIL-STD-883C, and IPC-S-805 standards. MustMate 200 and 210 each


# Weller PPS. The unique answer to SMD re-work. 



Weller, the undisputed leader in soldering technology, is proud to introduce a unique piece of equipment, specifically designed for the repair, re-work and prototyping of circuit boards with lead-less and hybrid components and also for small production runs.

The Weller Pick-Place-Solder system is a self contained manual work station for the application of glue or solder paste and for the removal, positioning, soldering and desoldering of SMD's by means of temperature controlled inert gas. Call today for the full, state-of-the-art details.

## Coopertions

The difference between work and workmanship.
CooperTools PO Box 728 Apex NC, 27502 USATel (919) 362-7510 Telex 579497


## WHAT'S NEW FOR MAC II \& MAC SE

## Open architecture.

Expansion power: VECTORBORD PLUS.'"

High speed prototyping boards,
test extenders and accessories.

Eight models available now.

Vector-41 years industry standard


- High Density proto boards for DIPs and PGAs
Multilayer power and ground planes SMT caps and socket pins installed Bracket w/ expandable I/O port available separately


## CAE \& SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT TOOLS

provide the same facilities and, in conjunction with the vendor's SMT kit, let you test the solderability of surface-mount devices. Each program occupies approximately 80 k bytes of memory and stores the results on floppy disks; a 360 k -byte disk holds approximately 200 results if the test immersion time is 10 seconds; you can store more results by reducing the test immersion time to 5 seconds. MustMate 100 and 200 run only on IBM PC/ATs and compatibles, whereas MustMate 110 and 210 can run on IBM PC/XTs and compatibles. All four versions require that your machine have a Hercules graphics card and the CEC PC-488-IEE GPIB interface card. MustMate $100 / 110$ or $200 / 210, \$ 2495$ each.

Multicore Solders, Cantiague Rock Rd, Westbury, NY 11590. Phone (516) 334-7997.

Circle No 432

## AUTOROUTER

- Runs on IBM PC/ATs under DOS or OS/2
- Works in conjunction with your schematic-capture software
The MaxRoute add-on autorouting program can work with any sche-matic-capture package that runs on 286 - and 386 -based machines. The program comes with one translator that permits data transfers between the autorouter and your particular CAD system; you can obtain translators for use with other systems at an extra charge. The program includes a shove feature and performs sweep routing and multipass heuristics. The interactive steering feature optimizes routing paths through congested board areas. The program operates in either an automatic or semiautomatic mode, and it features a batch mode that allows several designs to run in sequence or a single design to run under different technologies or strategies. To ensure completion of the routing, the program examines a small rout-
ing window down to the half-grid level; when the program identifies the optimal half-grid space in which to route a line, it shoves aside blocking lines or vias and routes on this ideal path. According to the vendor, the program takes approximately eight hours to achieve $100 \%$ routing of a 200 -equivalent-IC board, with a density of 0.4. To run the program, you need an IBM PC/AT or compatible, or an 80386-based machine, with at least 640 k bytes of RAM, a hard disk or network file server, a mouse or other pointing device, and a color-graphics card and monitor compatible with IBM's MCGA, EGA, or VGA. \$6500; additional translators, $\$ 500$ each.

Massteck, Box 1128, Littleton, MA 01460. Phone (617) 486-0197.

Circle No 433

## C CROSS COMPILER

- Runs on IBM PCs and compatibles and VAX/VMS machines
- Generates code for MC68HC11 microcontroller

Version 3.3 of the vendor's C cross compiler now runs on IBM PCs and compatibles and on VAX machines under VMS. The package includes CXDB/6811, a new interactive, source-level cross debugger. The compiler can use any one of five programming models to optimize the code either for speed or compactness. The compiler passes source-line-number information and the name, type, storage class, and address of program data to the object file for use by CXDB/6811 or by another debugging tool, such as an in-circuit emulator. License fees for the C cross compiler, $\$ 1500$ to $\$ 7000$, depending on the host; license fees for both the cross compiler and cross debugger, $\$ 2500$ to $\$ 12,000$.

Whitesmiths Ltd, 59 Power Rd, Westford, MA 01886. Phone (617) 692-7800. TLX 750246.

Circle No 434

# We've Invented the Future of Instrumentation Software . . . Twice. With Words 

## Acquisition

Integrated libraries for GPIB, RS-232, A/D-D/A-DIO plug-in cards, and modular instruments.


Intuitive character-based function panels that automatically generate source code.


Front panel user interface with virtual instrument block diagram programming.

## Analysis

Extensive libraries for data reduction, digital signal processing, and statistical analysis.


Over 100 analysis functions plus all the built-in functions of your language.


Over 250 icons for computation and analysis.

## Presentation

Flexible high-performance graphics and report generation.


Extensive graphics support for CGA, EGA, MCGA, VGA, and Hercules.


Macintosh Desktop Publishing compatibility.

## LabWindows ${ }^{\text {m }}$ -

for the DOS-based PC and PS/2, with Microsoft QuickBASIC or C.

Circle No. 69 for Lab windows

LabVIEW ${ }^{\circledR}$ -
for the Apple Macintosh
Circle No. 68 for Lab view


# When your eyes need high quality displays, you need the Toshiba ST LCD. 

Once again Toshiba has made a breakthrough in display quality. Clear and beautiful displays are achieved with the ST LCD. The LCD for the new age. And for your eyes. Now, by employing a new operating mode, this module provides excellent readability from a viewing angle perpendicular to the LCD panel. This was difficult to achieve with conventional LCDs. The aim was to make our LCD easier on the eyes. We succeeded with the ST LCD. Just another improvement in the man-to-machine interface by Toshiba.

ST LCD Module Specifications

| Model name | Number of dots | Duty | Dot pitch (mm) | Outline dimensions <br> $(\mathbf{m m})$ | EL Back Light <br> (Option) | Recommended <br> controller |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TLX-1181* | $640 \times 400$ | $1 / 200$ | $0.35 \times 0.35$ | $276 \times 168 \times 12$ | Yes | T7779 |
| TLX-932 | $640 \times 200$ | $1 / 200$ | $0.375 \times 0.375$ | $293 \times 97.6 \times 14$ | No | T7779 |
| TLX-561 | $640 \times 200$ | $1 / 200$ | $0.35 \times 0.49$ | $275 \times 126 \times 14$ | Yes | T7779 |
| TLX-711A $^{*}$ | $240 \times 64$ | $1 / 64$ | $0.53 \times 0.53$ | $180 \times 65 \times 12$ | Yes | T6963C** |
| TLX-341AK $^{*}$ | $128 \times 128$ | $1 / 64$ | $0.45 \times 0.45$ | $93.2 \times 86.6 \times 12$ | No | T6963C |

*Under development, **Built-in controller
In Touch with Tomorrow TOSHIBA

## This advertising is for new and current products.

## Please circle Reader Service number for additional information from manufacturers.



SBX ANALOG I/O MODULES. Up to 16 analog inputs and 8 analog outputs w/12 bit resolution on one card. Throughput rates from 3 kHz to 59 kHz . TTL or CMOS. Nonintelligent or intelligent w/FIFO I/O buffer and many preprogrammed modes of operation. Input filters, prog. gain amp, sample-hold.

## ROBOTROL CORP

16100 Caputo Dr, Morgan Hill, CA 95037 (408) 778-0400 CIRCLE NO 325


UNIVERSAL E(E)PROM PROGRAMMER \$495 (Kits from \$165)

No personality modules; Menu driven device selection. - Built-in Eraser/Timer option (\$50); Conductive foam pad. - Direct technical support; Full 1 year warranty.

- Stand alone duplication \& verify ( 27 XX parts).
- Quick pulse algorithm ( 27256 under 60 sec ).
- 27xx to 1 Mbit; 25xx; 68xx; CMOS; EEPROMS.
-8741,-2,-4,-8,-8H,-9,-9H,-51,-C51,-52,-55, 9761 \& more. - IBM-PC, Apple, CPM or Unix driver, Autobaud RS232.
- Offset/split Hex, Binary, Intel \& Motorola 8,16,32 bit.
- Manual with complete schematics.

VISA MC AMEX Call today for datasheets ! B\&C MICROSYSTEMS
355 WEST OLIVE AVE. SUNNYVALE, CA 94086 PH: (408) 730-5511 FAX: (408) 730-5521 TELEX: 984185


## Programmable Trackballs

## CTI trackballs with EPROM memory permit customer reprogramming of the output interface, eliminating hardware redesign costs.

Choose from our program library or count on us to reprogram. RS-232C, RS-422, TTL, and quadrature outputs. High quality, in-depth line includes $2.5^{\prime \prime} \times 2.5^{\prime \prime}$ footprint mini unit. Call today for literature.
PRICES: 32 K Emulator for 8031 \$1790, 4 K Trace $\$ 1495$ CALL OR WRITE FOR FREE DEMO DISK! Ask about our demo VIDEO!
nOHaU
51 E. Campbell Ave. \#107E, Campbell, CA 95008 (408) 866-1820

CIRCLE NO 326
the HUSKY $^{\text {mim }}$

EPROM
PLD
MICRO
GANG
SET


PC based PROGRAMMER \$599.00*
modules not included
From A Name You Can Trust
LOCIGAL DEVIGES, ING. 1201 N.W. 65 th Place, Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33309
1-800-331-7766 (305) 974-0967
Telex 383142 Fax (305) 974-85 31
electronics
955 Connecticut Ave. Bridgeport, CT 06607
Tel: 203/366-9444
CIRCLE NO 327

PROTECT YOUR INVESTMENT
Power up with ... Z-LINE

AC Power Distribution and Control System Model TPC 115-10A MTD, ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ space saver design for clean power up with Multiple Time Delay ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ prevents high current inrush by sequencing your computers power up. Filters AC line voltage and protects your system from voltage spikes and surges. Priced from $\$ 436$ to $\$ 305$.
To order call:
(714) 540-4229

FAX 714-641-9062
or write
Pulizzi Engineering Inc.
3260 S. Susan St.
Santa Ana, CA 92704-6865

FREQUENCY SYNTHESIZERS

- Complete $0.02 \mathrm{~Hz}-30 \mathrm{MHz}$
- Requires no external filters, coils or other components.
- CMOS inputs and outputs.
- 5 volt operation.

SINGLE QUANTITIES \$195 50 MHz AND 200 MHz SYNTHESIZERS ALSO AVAILABLE!
Ask about our EXPERIMENTER'S KIT that includes our 23-page Manual, Synthesizer, and working DEMO BOARD for only $\$ 295$.
ANALYTICINSTRUMENTS Dept-EDN2 9995 Monroe Dr., Suite 205
Dallas, TX $75220 \quad$ (214) 357-3882
CIRCLE NO 331


RS-232, RS-422, \& TTL SERIAL DATA ANALYZER Real time display on PC or dumb terminal • 3 to 64,000 baud - Switch matrix with LEDs • 16 byte pre/cntr/post triggers - ASCII/Hex display • 24 k buffer • Non Volatile setup • Printer output • Help menus • SCC UART • $2 \times 38,400$ baud at max character rate $\bullet$ Post capture search $\bullet$ Parity/Framing error display - Customizations • Visa/MC

WARDEN TRONICS
33 Standen Dr., Hamilton, Ohio 45015 (513) 874-1211 10 day free trial • Model AK-47 \$795

CIRCLE NO 334

## Only a Specialized Manufacturer Could Provide

 Versatile and Economic Products

## PC-Based Servo System



System Elements: • Plug-in Motion Controller for 1,2 or 3 Axes - Servo Motor - Encoder - Design Software for PC • Power Driver \& Supply •Cables Base Price \$1145 Software Features: - Servo Modeling and Analysis •"Live"Communication •Storage Scope • Step and Frequency Response

- Auto Tuning - Linear and Circular Interpolation - Contouring - User-Definable Programs Demo Disk $\$ 50$ Galil Motion Control 1054 Elwell Court, Palo Alto, CA 94303 (415) 964-6494 CIRCLE NO 332


The WIDEST RANGE of DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING (DSP) TOOLS AVAILABLE for the IBM-PC:

DSP DEVELOPMENT \& APPLICATIONS SYSTEMS:

| TMS32020/320C25 Development Systems | $\$ 2,595$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| ADSP-2100 Development System | $\$ 2,595$ |

- Ariel DSP-16 Real-Time Data Acquisition Processor
\$2,495
- 77230 Development System
\$1,995
- DF-1 Dataflow Processor (NEC 7281)
\$1,495
- 7763/64 Speech Recognizer/Synthesizer \$1,695


## HIGH-PERFORMANCE DATA ACQUISITION:

(via DSP LINK ${ }^{T M}$ standardized interface)

- 4-Channel In/2-Channel Out (12-bit,
$50 \mathrm{KHz} /$ Channel
$\$ 845$
- 32-Channel Input (12-bit, $7 \mathrm{KHz} /$ Channel, mux to 32 Ch .)

DSP SOFTWARE TOOLS:

- 'C' Compilers for TMS320C25 \& ADSP-2100
- Assemblers for TMS320 \& NEC 77230 \& ADSP-2100
- SignaLink 320 data acquisition \& Digital oscilloscope
\$280
- DADISP worksheet-style algorithm development
- DISPRO digital filter design \& simulation


## SPECTRUM SIGNAL PROCESSING INC

In Canada: (604) 438-7266 USA East: 1-800-323-1842 Massachusetts: (617) 890-3400 USA West: 1-800-663-8986

IEEE-488

IEEE-488, PARALLEL, and SERIAL PORTS PLUS 4M BYTES of MEMORY

- Control any instrument. RS232 or '488.
- 4Mbytes of extended/expanded memory.
- Software library and memory manager.
- High speed DMA. Risk free guarantee.


Capital Equipment Corp. 99 South Bedford St. Burlington, MA. 01803
FREE demo disk. Call (617) 273-1818 CIRCLE NO 333


Advantage<br>The Affordable Alternative

The ADVANTAGE line of low cost rain-tight industrial connectors. UL recognized, ADVANTAGE is available in a variety of pin positions up to 35 , and in wire ranges of \#8 AWG to \#24 AWG and sub-miniature coax. This modular environmental connector line satisfies UL Standard 514.
Industrial Interfaces, Inc.
1325 Paramount Parkway
Batavia, IL 60510
(312) 879-6262

CIRCLE NO 336

## LEADER. <br> A Better Tomorrow For Transformer Through Automation

## CONTACT US RIGHT NOW!



LEADER ELECTRONICS INC.


No.2, Lane 87, Pao Hsin Rd. Hsin Tien, Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C. Cable: :LEADEREL TAIPEI Telex: 31372 LEIGROUP Fax: 886-2-917-6809 Tel: 886-2-911-1910 (Rep)

## PGA \& LCC PROTOTYPE



TEST ADAPTORS - VLSI Ironwood's line of VLSI prototype adaptors allow prototyping of devices from 24 pin (video RAM ZIP), Shrink DIP, to 240 pin PGA, PIP families 80X86 and 680X0 along with many other patterns. Annotated test adaptors for $68010,68020,80186,80386$. All gold Machined pins / most wirewrap panel patterns.
Customs - quick turnaround.
IRONWOOD ELECTRONICS, INC
P.O. BOX 21-151

ST. PAUL, MN 55121 (612) 431-7025

CIRCLE NO 340


## NEW! ADVANCED ACTIVE

## FILTER DESIGN SOFTWARE

Version 3.0 designs Lowpass, Highpass, Bandpass, Bandstop and ALLPASS fillers with Butterworth, Chebyshev, elliptic and Bessel ALLPASS filiers with Butterworth, Chebyshev, elliptic and Resticon, ${ }^{\text {response }}$ MFB, VCVS, biquad and state variable filter circuits ninteractive graphics for group or phase delay, gain, phase, impulse and step graphics or group or phate deray, gain, petase, impulse and step response or the complete liter or Modivifal secuon for system design/analysis
$(\$ 525)$ Modify

SPICE FILE CONVERSION OPTION AVAILABLE

> RLM Research
> P. $0.0 \times 3630$

Boulder, C0 80307-3630 (303) 499-7566
CIRCLE NO 343
68020 SBC
Only \$1298.50 (Qty. 100)


- 12.5 MHz 68020
- Centronics' PLL Port
- SASI/SCSI Port
- 256 KB EPROM (max.)
- 1/0 Expansion Port
- $8.8^{\prime \prime} \times 5.75^{\prime \prime}$
- 1 MByte DRAM - 4 RS-232 Serial Ports - TOD Clock w/battery - 3.5/5.25" Floppy Controller - ROM Monitor/Diagnostics - Mounts on a $5.25^{\prime \prime}$ Drive

Optional: 2 MByte RAM, 4 MByte RAM w/MMU, 16.67 or 20 MHz versions, $68881 / 2$ FPC, additional serial and parallel ports; ARCNET LAN, Color Graphics, UniFLEX or OS-9/68020 DOS, C, BASIC, PASCAL, FORTRAN, Assembler, Spreadsheet, Data Base Management. Also Available: 68030 version w/4 Mbyte RAM.
GMX INC. 1337 West 37th Place, Chicago, IL 60609 Ph. (312) 927-5510 TWX 910-221-4055 FAX (312) 927-7352 State-of-the-Art Computers Since 1975

## 68HC11 EMULATOR

The Micro-AID/11A and an IBM PC/AT provide complete development support for the Motorola $68 \mathrm{HC11}$ microcontroller.

- In-Circuit Emulator - Real-time emulation of the 68HC11 in both single chip and expanded modes.
- Real-Time Trace - $2 \mathrm{~K} \times 32$ memory captures up to 2048 cycles of bus activity.
- Symbolic Debugger - Allows symbolic reference to parameters in emulator commands.
- EEPROM Programmer - Programs the 68HC11 on-chip EEPROM.
- Micro-AID/05A available for the 6805 family. Micro-AID/11A: \$2395.00 Micro-AID/05A: \$1200.00
 THORSON ENGINEERING COMPANY 6225 76th St. S.E., Snohomish, WA 98290 (206) 334-4214

CIRCLE NO 341

uP Simulators for: $68 \mathrm{HC} 11,65 \mathrm{C} 02$ 8051, Z80, 6301, 6801, 8048, 6805, 6809, 8085, 6800.

- Eliminates need for hardware debugging tools.
- No waiting for EPROMs to program.
- \$95 each. Immediate delivery.


## Mecklenburg Engineering

P.O. Box 744, Chagrin Falls, OH 44022 (216) 338-1900 CIRCLE NO 344

NO ENGINEER SHOULD BE WITHOUT ONE


America's most advanced Personal Programmer
The Digital Media IQ-280 can program 40 PIN devices. The most advanced firmware controlled pin driver system available means you never have to worry about buying another expensive module or PAK again. The IQPersonal Programmer line offers the power and features comparable to many of
the $\$ 5,000$ programmers, but at a fraction of the costs. Support for CMOS. NMOS, ECL. Bipolar. PROMS. EPROMs, EEPROMs.PLDs, ePLDs. IFLS. FPLDS, up to 40 pinDIP packages. Altera, AMD. Atmel, Cypress. Excel, Fairchild, Fuiitsu, GI, Hitachi. Hughes. Intel. Lattice. Mits subishi, Motorola. National.
NEC MMI Samsung Seeg Sierra Toshiba. Waterscale and more. ALMOST 1000 DEVICES Whatever your need is. Digital Media can help you solve it. And you won't believe how little it costs.
Call(714) 751 -1373 to receive a complete product specification
package immediately.


- Replaces Mechonical Potentiometers
- Nonvolatile 5 V only potentiometer, pockaged in 8 -pin mini-DIP or 14 -pin SOIC.
- Solid Stare Reliability
- Ideal for digitally controlled resistance trim ming applications.

| Part No. | Max. Resis. $\Omega$ | Min. Resis. 8 | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Wiper } \\ \text { Increments } \Omega \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| X9102 | 1000 | 40 | 10 |
| X9103 | 10K | 40 | 101 |
| X9503 | 50K | 40 | 505 |
| X9104 | 100K | 40 | 1010 |
| $E^{2}$ POT ${ }^{\text {a }}$ is | a tradema | ark of Xicor |  |

MAKES IT MEMORABE

CIRCLE NO 342


## Menu-driven software package for your PC

## JUNIOR - \$125

Take, store, retrieve, print data - perfect for Design Engineers
LEVEL $2+$ - $\$ 549$
Data acquisition plus: experiment control, data analysis. The complete package.
FREE Demo Disk. Money-back guarantee

## Unkel Software inc.

62 Bridge St. Lexington, MA 02173 (617) 861-0181 CIRCLE NO 345

## VMEbus <br> MULTIDROP REPEATER LINK



VMIC announces a software transparent high performance 32 -bit multidrop longline (R485) differential VMEbus Repeater Link (VMIVME-Repeat L-485/32) that supports the interconnection of up to 16 VMEbus chassis in a system configuration where a "Master Chassis" contains all master/slave controller boards and the extended chassis (slave chassis) contains only slave boards.
The price of the master multidrop board (VMIVMERepeat $\mathrm{M}-485 / 32$ ) is $\$ 895.00$. The price of the slave multidrop board (VMIVME-Repeat S-485/32) is \$1,095.00.

VMIC
12090 South Memorial Parkway, Huntsville, AL 35803-3308 (205) 880-0444, or 1-800-322-3616 CIRCLE NO 348

## "D" SIZE PLOTTER



- Vacuum Paper Hold Down
- High Resolution Circles: Suitable for PCB Artwork


## (415) 490-8380 ZERICON STEVENSON BUSINESS PARK <br> BOX 1669 • FREMONT, CA 94538

## CIRCLE NO 349

## Not Copy Protected



CALL TODAY TO ORDER! MONEY-BACK GUARANTEE


DESIGN
COMPUTATION
(201) 938 -6661

CIRCLE NO 752


PC488A
\$145
LOW COST PC/XT/AT INTERFACE FOR IEEE-488 (GPIB/HPIB)

- Includes INSTALLABLE DOS DEVICE DRIVERS and software support for BASIC
- Optional language support for C, PASCAL, FORTRAN
- Selectable base I/O address, IRQ and DMA
- CONTROLLER / TALKER / LISTENER capability
- Customer support via dedicated 24 hours B\&C Microsy-
stems BULLETIN BOARD
- Quantity discounts available

VISA MC AMEX B\&C MICROSYSTEMS 355 West Olive Ave, Sunnyvale, CA 94086
PH: $(408) 730-5511$ FAX: $(408) 730-5521$ TELEX: 984185


CAE/CAD Integrated Software Package for IBM PC/XT/AT/PS2 Weigh Cost Against Performance
When you balance cost and performance, EE Designer III gives you more features per dollar than any other electronic design software package. You get full-featured PCB layout plus schematic capture, analog/digital circuit simulation, support for EMS memory. 45 degree autorouting, and full postprocessing EMSciemory, 4e degree autorouting, and suir 5 .
30 day money back guararantee. Full purchases price refunded if not completely satistied. Call $1-800-553-1177$ today to order your package. Bank cards welcome.

CO R PORATION Sunnyvale, CA 94089 CIRCLE NO 350


ANALOG CIRCUIT ANALYSIS ECA-2 Introducing ECA.2 tor the Macintosh. ECA.2 2.31 indudes more models. increased graphics capabiities, and expanded documentation. - AC, DC, Transient - Twice as fast as SPICE - ACurier Temperature $\quad$ Twice as tast as SPICE - Worst-case, Monte-Carlo - Sine. Pulse, PWL. SFFM - Full, nonlinear simulator - Interactive or batch - Money back guarantee

EC-Ace, a subset of ECA-2, \$145
ECA- 2 IBM PC or Mac 5675 Call $313-663-8810$ For FREE DEMO disk whMm $7 / \angle \mathrm{G}$ TLT Tatum Labs, Inc
1478 Mark Twain Court, Ann Arbor, MI 48103 CIRCLE NO 753


MODELS 50, 60, 80

- Two Channel
- Transfers to 256 K baud
- Address Selectable
- Interrupt Selectable

1-800-553-1170


478 E. Exchange St., Akron, OH 44304 TEL: (216) 434-3154 FAX: (216) 434-1409 TLX: 5101012726

Analog Circuit Simulation


NEW SPICE_NET \$295.00 Make SPICE input files from schematic drawings using pull down menus and a mouse to draw and connect parts. Use an IBM PC with any UC Berkeley compatible SPICE program. Simulation Programs

- IS_SPICE, \$95.00. Performs $A \bar{C}, D C$ and Transient analysis.
- PRE_SPICE \$200.00: Adds Monte Carlo Analysis, Sweeps, Optimization, libraries and algebraic parameter evaluation.
- Intu_Scope \$250: A graphics post processor works like a digital oscilloscope. Easy to use with all the waveform operations you will ever need.
for
IBM
PC's from


## intusoft

(213) 833-0710
P.O. Box 6607

San Pedro, CA
90734-6607

## CIRCLE NO 751



Catalog of data acquisition \& control plug-in cards and software for IBM and Apple computers. For process control, laboratory measurements, temperature, strain, pressure monitoring, and chromatography analysis. Includes Analog Connection WorkBench software for data acquisition and control set up by a schematic.

Strawberry Tree Computers, Inc.
160 So. Wolfe Rd., Sunnyvale, CA 94086
Tel: 408-736-3083
CIRCLE NO 754


TOMORROW'S PCB CAD TECHNOLOGY...TODAY! AutoPCB is a professional quality, PC/AT-based PCB design system integrated with AutoCAD. It features schematic capture, interactive part placement and route editing, and a powerful autorouter that uses artificial intelligence techniques to identify optimal routing patterns, as shown above, as part of the routing process. All layers of multiliayer boards are routed simultaneously. Post processors for photopiotters and drill tapes are available. A large, 4500 component part library lets you start designing boards immediately. Complete PCB design systems are priced from $\$ 1995$ to $\$ 4295$.
PRO. LIB, INC., 624 E Evelyn Ave., Sunnyvale, CA 94086 Tel. (408) 732-1832 FAX 408-732-4932


## Flow

Charting II +
The New Plus for Fast
Flowcharting FLOW CHARTING

Flow Charting II + , with more speed + more functions + more printing options;

- 10 text fonts; 26 shapes; - Line mode can stop at a shape; - Backspace key can erase a line to its origin; - Free text entry anywhere, or select autocentering; • Vertical or horizontal printing; one chart or multiple charts.
Used by Fairchild, Bechtel and more than 500 other major corporations. Edit quickly and accurately - even major edits - with Flow Charting II + , the Specialist.
See your retail store or call:


## PATION \& PATION

1-800-525-0082, Outside California 408-629-5376, California/International

CIRCLE NO 758

ELIMINATE DECOUPLING CAPACITORS


## CAP-BUS® CAPACITOR/BUS BAR

Eliminate the decoupling capacitors and the power and ground traces from your PCB for more reliability. CAP-BUS® has a distributed capacitance of . 05 micro-farads per lin. in., at 50 VDC with low inductance and low impedance. The capacitor and the bus bar have been joined together for CAP-BUS®; a more efficient capacitive decoupled power distribution system, increasing IC density on a two sided board

ELDRE COMPONENTS, INC. 1500 Jefferson Rd. Rochester. NY 14623 (716) 427-7280

CIRCLE NO 761


## EL LCD BACKLIGHTING.

To backlight or not to backlight? With BKL's EL lamps, the answer is simple, inexpensive and fast! BKL's extremely thin (.012" to .018") quality lamps are made from Kard-O-Lite, a patented electroluminescent material that's easily die-cut to any size, any shape. For the fastest turnaround in the industry, at a drastically reduced cost, call Dean Smith, 215-277-2910

BONAR KARD-O-LITE ${ }^{\text {TM }}$
421 Feheley Drive
King of Prussia, PA 19406
(215) $277-2910$

CIRCLE NO 764

CY525 3rd generation Stepper Motor Controller


CIRCLE NO 759

## 6809

Single Board Computer


CIRCLE NO 762

## No waiting for complete, low

 PRICED, CHIP COMPONENT KITSCC-1 Capacitor Kit contains 365 pieces, 5 ea. of every $10 \%$ value from 1 pf to $33 \mu \mathrm{f}$. CR-1 Resistor Kit contains 1540 pieces; 10 ea of every $5 \%$ value from 102 to 10 megn. Sizes are 0805 and 1206. Each kit is ONLY \$49.95 and available for Immediate One Day Delivery!

Order by toll-free phone, FAX, or mail. We accept VISA, MC, AMEX, COD orders, or company P.O.'s with approved credit. Call for free detailed brochure.


COOMMUNICATIONS SPECIALLSTS, INC. 426 West Taft Avenue. Orange. CA $92665-4296$
Local (714) $998-3021 \cdot F A X(714) 9743420$

Entire U.S.A. 1-800-854-0547 CIRCLE NO 765

GANG/SET (E)EPROM Model 135-E: $\mathbf{9 9 5}^{\mathbf{0 0}}$ MULTIPROGRAMMERS ${ }^{\text {TM }}$

- BYTEK's 135 is a SET Programmer, GANG

Duplicator, \& UNIVERSAL Device Programmer.

- Programs virtually all $24,28, \& 32$-pin (E) EPROMs.
- RAM expandable to 2 MegaByte.
- Optional support for 40 -pin EPROMs, Bipolar PROMs, 40-pin Micros, \& (E)PLD/GAL/FPLA Devices.
- 18-Month FREE WARRANTY and also 12-Month FREE DEVICE UPDATES.
1-800-523-1565
In Florida: 1-407-994-3520


BYTEK Corporation

-
CIRCLE NO 760

## WE PROVIDE SOLUTIONS TO MANY INTERCONNECT PROBLEMS..



- Test Adapters (Socketed LCCIPLCC/PGA)
- Test Clips (Surfaced Mounted SOIC/PLCC)
- 150 Types of Prototyping Board Adapters
- 125 Types of Programming Socket Converters
- Many Types of Emulator Pod Converters
- PGA/PLCC Extraction/Insertion Tools
- And Much, Much More

Emulation Technology, inc.
2368-B Walsh Ave. •Bldg. D • Santa Clara, CA 95051 TEL: (408) 982-0660 • FAX: (408) 982-0664 CIRCLE NO 763


PRECISION SWITCHES CATALOG
56 pages: Engineering drawings and specs operating characteristics and ordering information, electrical life charts and terminology. Photos of vertically integrated manufacturing facilities. Write:


CHERRY ELECTRICAL PRODUCTS
3600 Sunset Avenue •Waukegan, IL 60087•312-360-3500 CIRCLE NO 766

## 72 DIGITAL I/O FOR PS/2



MODELS 50, 60, 80

- Parallel Expansion
- 72 I/O Lines
- Address Selectable 1-800-553-1170


CUA TECH
acoapozated
478 E. Exchange St., Akron, OH 44304 TEL: (216) 434-3154 FAX: (216) 434-1409 TLX: 5101012726

CIRCLE NO 767

\$ 125 87C51 PROGRAMMER
The UPA87C51 converts general purpose programmers into 8751/C751 programmers. Select 2732A on your programmer, plug in the UPA, and you have an 8751/87C51 programmer. With the UPA87C51 you can also program the 8751 and $87 C 51$ security bits and the 87C51 encryption array. It's very simple and VERY cost effective.
Price $\$ 125$ including UPS ground shipping. Adapters are also available for the 63701 VO , 63705V0, and 8751 and are priced at $\$ 65-\$ 95$.

> LOGICAL SYSTEMS

6184 Teall Station, Syracuse NY 13217 USA (315) 478-0722 Telex: 6715617 LOGS

CIRCLE NO 770

## EPROM PROGRAMMER \$349



THE EP-1's A GREAT VALUE \& HERE'S WHY:

- READS, PROGRAMS, COPIES OVER 300 EPROMS AND EEPROMS FROM 29 MANUFACTURERS INCLUDING 2716-27513, 2804-28256, 27011
- READS $\&$ WITITS INTE - READS \& WRITES INTEL, MOTOROLA, STRAIGHT HEX AND BINARY - OPTIONAL HEADS PROGRAM INTEL 874X, 8751, 87C51, 8755 - MENU-DRIVEN CHIP SELECTION BY MFG \& PN: NO MOOULES - SPLITS FILES BY BASE ADDRESS AND ODDIEVEN (16832 BIT) - ALL INTELIGENCE IN UNIT; Z8O MICROPROCESSOR BASED - 5, 12.5, 21, 25 VOLT PROGRAMMING FOR CMOS AND -A SUFFIX PARTS - FREE PC-DOS SOFTWARE - GOLD TEXTOOL ZIF SOCKET - SAME DAY SHIPMENT - oNE YEAR WARRANTY - MONEY-BACK GUARANTEE RS232 TO ANY COMPUTER - 8 BAUD RATES TO 38,400 CALL TODTE CALL TODAY FOR MORE INFORMATION 800/225-2102 713/461-9430 TELEX 1561477 10681 HADDINGTON \#190 HOUSTON, TX 77043

CIRCLE NO 773

## LIKE-NEW INSTRUMENTS FOR SALE!



Free new catalog listing thousands of electronic instruments available immediately from Genstar REI Sales Company. Wide selection of equipment ranging from Analyzers to Oscilloscopes and Recorders to Terminals

## CALL TOLL FREE!

Eastern Time Zone
(Plus AL, MS, TN)
All other locations
(800) 631-8960
(800) 227-8409
in NJ (800) 562-3714
GENSTAR REI SALES COMPANY
6307 De Soto Ave., Ste. J
Woodland Hiils, CA 91367
$\square \square \square!$
CIRCLE NO 768

## IBM COMPATIBLE RS232/488 $3112-51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ FLOPPY DATA STORAGE \& TRANSFER SYSTEM



Information Transfer toffrom Non IBM Compatible Systems toffrom IBM \& Compatibles: (Over RS-232 or 488 Interface).

- Reads \& Writes MS DOS Disks
- RS-232/488 I/O
- Rugged Portable Package/battery option
- ASCII or Full Binary Operation
- Baud Rate 110 to 38.4 K Baud
- RAM Cartridge Option
- Price $\$ 895$ in Singles-OEM Qtys. Less.

28 other systems with storage from 100K to 35 megabytes.
 ANALOG \& DIGITAL PERIPHERALS, INC. 251 South Mulberry St. Troy, Ohio 45373 TWX 810/450-2685 513/339-2241 FAX 513/339-0070 CIRCLE NO 771

## S.I. TECH F/O BIT-DRIVERS IBM PC/XT/AT COMPATIBLE with Diagnostic Software

Model 2320 I and II Bit-Drivers are board-level communications products with single or dual RS-232 full duplex channels. They connect and operate inside any IBM PC/XT/AT or similar computer systems, as well as personal computers. No need for RS-232 cables and external modem devices. Plus you'll get diagnostic software to help you bring your fiber optic communications channel on-line. Data rates up to 19.2 KBps ; distance to $15,000 \mathrm{ft}$. ( 5 km ). Small size, light weight and EMI/RFI problem-free. Status indicators are standard. Volume discounts. For complete Model 2320 specifications, write to:

## S.I. TECH

P.O. Box 609, Geneva, IL 60134

Or call: 312/232-8640
CIRCLE NO 774

WINPOINT A FULL RANGE OF CONNECTORS \& SOCKET


IC SOCKETS-8, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 28, 40, 42, 48 contact LCC SOCKET-68 contact
PLCC SOCKET-28, 32, 44, 52, 68, 84 contact series


Winpoint Electronic Corp. P. O. Box 89-80, Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C. Office : No. 47 , Chi-Wei St., San Chung City, Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C. Tel: (02) 986-0208, 984-0209
Telex: 34227 WINPOINT Fax: $886-2 \cdot 9838555$
CIRCLE NO 769


## TOKEN RING MAGNETICS

Coupling transformers designed for implementation of the IEEE 802.5 standard are described in a new product bulletin from Schott. Available in both dual and single packages, these devices have turns ratios of 1:1:2:2 for compatibility with Texas Instruments' TMS 380 Chip Set. They also will support transmission at both 4 Mbps and 16 Mbps .

Schott Corporation
1000 Parkers Lake Road, Wayzata, MN 55391 (612) 475-1173

CIRCLE NO 772

## CHIP COILS

 DC-DC CONVERTERS PULSE TRANSFORMERS

Our Chip Coils is good for your miniaturization \& surface mounting. DC-DC Converters, pulse transformers \& band pass filters is now complete with excellent functions. We also supply choke coils, power chokes, inearity coils, toroidal coils, pulse transformers, coupling transformers, power transformers and others. Send for details today.!
ABC) Oem and Asem
ABC TAIWAN ELECTRONICS CORP. No. 422, Sec. 1, Yang Fu Rd., Yangmei 32627, Taoyuan, Taiwan, R.O.C
Tel: (03) 4788088 , Telex: 32379 ABCEC
Fax: (03) 4755503


MIL-STD-1553 Interface Board
ForIBM-PC/XT/AT or Compatibles
Dual redundant bus controller, remote
terminal and monitor with powerful
easy-to-use software. From only \$2095
Call now for free data \& demo disc
Ballercl|IIIIII $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1216N.W. 75th St., } \\ & \text { Seattle, wA } 98117\end{aligned}$
Technology (206) 782-8704

## CIRCLE NO 776



8051 Debugger with In-Circuit-Element The CY-8051 in-circuit element replaces the 8051 and communicates with your IBM-PC over COM1. The powerful dynamic user interface provides source code and symbolic debugging with easy access to all 8051 spaces. Live keyboard, Global Symbol Monitor, 'C' support. Histogram generated during reduced speed execution. Lowest cost, most powerful 8051 design support. Mil spec and CMOS versions available.

Cybernetic Micro Systems, Inc.
Box 3000 - San Gregorio, CA 94074 • USA (415) 728-3000 Telex: 910-350-5842

CIRCLE NO 779


> SOPHISTICATED PCB CAD AT A
> PRACTICAL PRICE

Everything you've always wanted in a CAD Engineering workstation and affordable!

- Inputs from FutureNet ${ }^{\text {w }}$, Orcad ${ }^{\prime \prime}$, Schema"
- 1 Mil database, $32 \times 32$ ", 30 Layers
- Routing Grids: $1,5,10,20,25$ \& 50 Mils
- 1,2 \& 3 Tracks between IC Pads
- Interactive and Automatic Placement and Routing*
- XT, AT \& 386 (and compatibles)
- Full Air Gap \& Connectivity Checking
- 200 IC Capability ( 400 IC optional)
- Full SMD \& Analog Support
- Evaluation Kit $\$ 50.00$ : contains actual software on multiple disks, and detailed manuals Outside MA 1-800-255-7814 Inside MA 1-617-486-9521
CAD Software, Inc.
P.O. Box 1142, Littleton, Massachusetts 01460


PC488B
\$445
IEEE-488 INTERFACE CARD WITH BUILT - IN BUS ANALYZER

- GPBASIC package complements IBM/Microsoft BASIC interpreter and compiler to create a programming
environment similar to HP desktop computers. environment similar to HP desktop computers.
Additional libraries of over 20 high level 488 dedic - Additional libraries of over 20 high level 488 dedicated - Powerful menu-driven bus analyzer, which can run in the foreground or in the background while 4888 programs or commands are executed, features program stepping, break - points and real time bus data capture (4k circular buffer) - Instant toggling between foreground and Analyzer screen.
- Complete Talker/Listener/Contronter capabiility.

VISA MC AMEX Call today for datasheet!

> B\&C MICROSYSTEMS

355 West Olive Ave, Sunnyvale, CA 94086
PH: (408) $730-5511$ FAX: $(408) 730-5521$ PH: (408) ${ }^{3} 30-5511$ FAX:'(4088)730-5521 'TELEX: 984185
CIRCLE NO 777


## CMOS STD BUS SINGLE BOARD COMPUTER

The LPM-SBC40 is a CMOS STD-BUS Single Board Computer that is designed for Industrial applications. The LPM-SBC40 uses the NEC V40 microprocessor, up to 256 K bytes of EPROM, 384 K bytes of battery backed-up SRAM, real time clock, two RS-232 serial channels with RS-422/485, watchdog timer and power fail logic, 5,8 and 10 MHz .

WinSystems
Box 121361, Arlington, TX 76012 817/274-7553
CIRCLE NO 780


## Great Designs Start With Tango-Schematic.' Just \$495.

Designs quickly come to life with Tango-Schematic's easy-to-use drawing editor and extensive component libraries. Features four line types, four text sizes, repeat and block functions, unique built-in word processor. Includes DRC, BOM, Wire List, Net List outputs and crisp plots, prints, or laserprints. The perfect front end to our popular
Tango-PCB and Tango-Route board design systems.
For IBM PC/XT/AT/PS2. Just \$495. Full-function Demo Package: \$10. Order toll-free 800 433-7801. VISAMMC. Thirty-day money back guarantee.
ACCEL Technologies, 7358 Trade St., San Diego, CA 92121 Outside N., S. America contact HST Technology (Australia) Phone: 61-02-34-8499 FAX: 61-02-23-8771

WRITE OR CALL FOR SAMPLE Low Cost Tempilabel ${ }^{\circ}$ Temperature Monitor.

$\sqrt{0} 0$

## How to put a low cost temperature gauge on everything.

Label's center spot turns black when surface to which it is affixed reaches specified temperature. Single- or multi-spot labels with pre-determined increment of ratings: $100^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(33^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ to $600^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(316^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) .1 \%$ accuracy guaranteed. 1 thru 8 ratings on each monitor with various increments. Self-adhesive, removable. TEMPIL DIVISION, Big Three Industries, Inc. 2901 Hamilton Blvd., South Plainfield, NJ 07080 Phone: (201) 757-8300 Telex: 138662

CIRCLE NO 778


SAILOR PROGRAMMERS:
\#1 IN SOFTWARE, \#1 IN SPEED
Software driven by IBM PC/XT/AT/PS2. Rugged, industrial quality. 1-2-3 style user interface. Interactive plus automatic batch operation. Beloved by our customers.

Sailor-2,-8: $2 / 8$-socket set/gang high speed EPROM programmers, to Mbit devices. High speed parallel interface to PC means no waiting for download. Virtual memory feature means no RAM modules ever required. \$575-\$975.

Sailor-PAL: Supports PLDs, EPROMs, PROMs: Bipolar, CMOS, EPLD, GAL, PEEL, ECL and Signetics PLS. \$1095-\$1895.

ADVIN SYSTEMS, INC.
1050 East Duane, Sunnyvale, CA 94086 408-984-8600
TLX 5106005624 FAX: 408-245-2135
CIRCLE NO 781


## Glide Through PCB Design.

TangoPCB ${ }^{\text {rw }}$ Create the toughest board designs with powerful layout software that's a snap to use. Function-rich Tango-PCB supports eight layers, 1 mil grid, $\mathrm{OrCAD}^{\prime \prime}$ or Schema ${ }^{\text {" }}$ netlist input, print/plot/ photoplot output, and more.
Tango Route" "Get impressive completion rates and remarkable speed with Tango-Route, a four layer, eleven pass autorouter.
For IBM PC/XT/AT/PS2. Compare features and you'll buy Tango. Or try full-function Demo Package, just \$10 Order toll-free: 800 433-7801. VISAMC. Thirty-day money back guarantee.
ACCEL Technologies, 7358 Trade St., San Diego, CA 92121
CIRCLE NO 783

To advertise in Product Mart, call Joanne Dorian, 212/463-6415


## LITERATURE

## Reference series covers Transputer

The Transputer Reference Manual describes Transputer architecture and the Occam model, as well as four Transputer models: the 32 -bit T800 with an on-chip floating-point coprocessor, the 32 -bit T414, the 16 -bit T212, and the M212 peripher-al-controller Transputer. It also discuses the C004 communications link switch, and the C011 and C012 communications link adapters. The remaining five books to be published in 1988 are entitled Transputer Instruction Set: A Compiler Writer's Guide; Transputer Development System; Digital Signal Processing in Inmos Devices; Communicating Process Architecture; and Transputer Technical Notes. The Transputer Reference Manual is available now for $\$ 34.95$; the other volumes in the series will range in price from $\$ 34.95$ to $\$ 42.95$.

Prentice Hall, Prentice Hall Building, Englewood Cliffs, NJ 07632.

INQUIRE DIRECT


## Instruments cataloged

The vendor's $28-\mathrm{pg}$ catalog presents three precision analyzers and seven LCR (inductance-capacitance-resistance) meters. It provides explanations and illustrations of product features and specifications for each product. The Selection Guide helps
you select the instrument you need. The Terms and Techniques section focuses on the terminology and methods used in testing capacitors, resistors, and inductors.
Wayne Kerr Inc, 600 W Cummings Park, Woburn, MA 01801.

Circle No 441


Guide helps you
select logic ICs
The vendor's 8-pg Fact Selector Guide describes Fact CMOS logic ICs and provides information about CMOS logic surface-mount technology. Besides its chart of logic family comparisons that allow you to compare and select standard logic elements, a CMOS numeric listing presents the devices scheduled for the second quarter of 1988.
Motorola Inc, Literature Distribution Center, Box 20912, Phoenix, AZ 85036.

Circle No 442

## Quarterly review emphasizes Unix tradition

Based on systems influenced by Unix, Computing Systems, a quarterly journal of the Usenix Association, concentrates on the analysis and understanding of the theory, design, art, engineering, and implementation of advanced computer systems. It deals specifically with operating systems, architecture,


## IOtech has

 the widest selection of easy-to-use interfaces \& software for IEEE 488 (GPIB/HPIB) systems.- Instrument \& plotter controllers (internal \& external) for PCs, PS/2s, \& Macintosh
- Converters from IEEE to RS-232/422, digital I/O, modem, realtime clock, SCSI, \& analog I/O
- IEEE bus extenders via RS-422 or fiber-optics - 512K IEEE data buffers \& expanders
- Software for IEEE control from languages \& Lotus 1-2-3.
- Menu-driven graphics \& analysis software
- 30 day money-back guarantee - 2 year warranty
- Call for your FREE Technical Guide

IOtech...the choice is easy

 - 12-20 bit DACs for both voltage and current control ( 4,000 to over 100,000 steps of resolution, not just 256); plus subnanosecond timing resolution.

- High voltage high current pin drivers can program and test single ICs or fully loaded PC boards.
- $1600+$ part library with room for 20,000 additional devices.
- ATE and MIL Spec screening options.

- Small, portable and plug compatible with over 350 different computers and operating systems.
- Free library updates for 2 years.


The OMNI. With prices that start at just $\$ 3,250$, why settle for anything less?

## OAE

Oliver Advanced Engineering, Inc.
320 West Arden Street
Glendale, CA 91203
(818) 240-0080
(800) 828-0080
(800) 423-8874 in California.

TWX (510) 600-8099 FAX (818) 240-6131
networking, programming languages, and advanced applications. Nonmember US subscription, \$40; single copy, $\$ 10$.
Computing Systems, University of California Press, 2120 Berkeley Way, Berkeley, CA 94720.

INQUIRE DIRECT

## Brochure sums up PC-to-mainframe transfers

This 6-pg publication Mag Tape Power For Your PC presents three different approaches to processing bulk data transfers between PCs and mainframe computers. It includes software solutions for DOS and Xenix, based on PC systems. It also describes Filetran for selective file-based backup, as well as hardware solutions, using three different tape systems.
Telebyte Technology Inc, 270 E Pulaski Rd, Greenlawn, NY 11740.

Circle No 444


## Pamphlet depicts

 dc-to-microwave amplifiersThe vendor's $12-\mathrm{pg}$ brochure offers information about low-noise, medi-um-power, dc-to-microwave amplifiers. Out of almost 1500 available models, the publication lists approximately 400 of the most popular amplifiers. The listing includes the following types of amplifiers: silicon
and GaAs FET low-noise; mediumand high-power RF and microwave; and ultra-wide-band low-noise and medium-power. It also mentions the company's optional custom production and variations for standard amplifiers. General information, definitions of commonly used technical terms, graphs, charts, and mechanical dimensions of standard case styles complete the brochure.
Trontech Inc, 63 Shark River Rd, Neptune, NJ 07753.

Circle No 445

## App note expounds upon signal-source capability

Application Note 358-1 Characterization of Frequency-Agile Signal Sources investigates the HP 5371A frequency and time-interval analyzer's ability to analyze frequencyhopping signals and other capabilities. The publication discusses switching-transient analysis, set-tling-time verification, and the analysis of FM or FSK modulation. It also explains mixer down-conversion and prescaling to extend the analyzer's range to RF and microwave frequencies.

Hewlett-Packard Co, Customer Information Center, Inquiry Fulfillment Dept, 19310 Pruneridge Ave, Cupertino, CA 95014.

Circle No 446


## Publication features backplanes

This 8-pg, 4-color brochure describes the vendor's sole product and service, custom pressfit backplanes for wire-wrap, card-cage as-
sembly, or hand-soldering capabilities. It includes specifications, diagrams, and photographs.

Qualtech Backplane Inc, 16682 Milliken Ave, Irvine, CA 92714.

Circle No 447


CMOS switches and multiplexers cataloged
The company's $16-\mathrm{pg}$ catalog Analog CMOS Switches and Multiplexers contains a listing of products, block diagrams, and reliability data. The publication also features a section on single-supply operation.

Analog Devices, Literature Center, 70 Shawmut Rd, Canton, MA 02021.

Circle No 448

## Software products categorized

This $56-\mathrm{pg}$ catalog summarizes information about the vendor's dataacquisition and control equipment for IBM and Apple computers. It introduces LT/Control and Genesis, factory-controlled software for the IBM PC and Analog Connection Chrom for the Macintosh II and SE. The publication also contains a price list, as well as a listing of sales representatives.
Strawberry Tree Computers Inc, 160 S Wolfe Rd, Sunnyvale, CA 94086.

Circle No 449

## Programming language manual

The occam 2 Reference Manual serves as a reference text for the high-level Occam programming language or as an introduction to the language for anyone who has a reasonable understanding of programming languages. The $132-\mathrm{pg}$ paperback volume presents the language from its most elementary processes to actual procedures and functions. The manual is designed for computer scientists, software engineers and programmers, electronics engineers, and system designers.

Inmos Corp, Box 16000, Colorado Springs, CO 80935.

Circle No 450


## Leaflet discusses spectrum analyzer

This 8-pg brochure features the Model 2383/2380 spectrum analyzer and display. Besides general information about the device, the publication discusses IEEE-488 bus capabilities, markers, horizontal scales, receiver modes, vertical scales, and display and storage. It also describes the digital method of signal processing with limit masks, self-calibration, and plotting functions.
Marconi Instruments, 3 Pearl Ct, Allendale, NJ 07401.

Circle No 451

## Three better ways to put the right amount of POWER where it's needed.

## 1. DP Series

- 2.4 Watt regulated $5,9,12,15$, $\pm 12$, or $\pm 15$ Vdc output
- 200 kHz switching frequency
-5.0 Vdc filtered input
- 500 Vdc isolation
- Continuous short circuit protection
- $1.25 \times 0.8 \times 0.4$ inches



## 2. H Series

7.5 Watt regulated $5,9,12,15$, $\pm 12$, or $\pm 15 \mathrm{Vdc}$ output

- Surface mount technology
- 4.5 to 72 Vdc selectable input
- 500 Vdc isolation
- Continuous short circuit protection
. $2.0 \times 2.0 \times 0.375$ inches


## 3. TSeries



- 18 Watt regulated single, dual, and triple outputs: $5,12,15 ; \pm 12$ or $\pm 15$; and $5 \pm 12 ; 5 \pm 15 \mathrm{Vdc}$
- $100-200 \mathrm{kHz}$ switching frequency
- 9 to 72 Vdc selectable input
- 500 Vdc isolation
- Continuous short circuit protection
$2.5 \times 3.0 \times 0.83$ inches

free catalog:
Bonar SCI, Inc.
49 Range Road
Windham, NH 03087
Telephone: (603) 893-2330


Bonar SCI, Inc.
A Bonar Power Supplies Company


# What do college kids know? 

 Students name their top employer choicesDeborah Asbrand, Associate Editor

When it comes to that first job out of college, some things never change. Graduating electrical engineers' top choices for employment are the perennial favorites IBM, Hewlett-Packard, AT\&T, and General Electric. What has changed, however, is the way in which students go about deciding which companies they'd most like to work for. Whereas company representatives, open houses, and brochures once held sway over students, college seniors now say that they base their opinions on media reports and on their own experiences with a company's products.

With minor variations, electricalengineering students have voted the same companies among their top choices since Graduating Engineer magazine began conducting the survey in 1981. The poll asks students to name their three top choices for postgraduate employment. It includes students from all engineering backgrounds, but electrical-engineering students make up the largest contingent at $25 \%$. The survey was conducted in 1987, and the results released in April.

Texas Instruments and Hughes took the number six and number seven slots, respectively, while Lockheed and Rockwell tied for the number eight position. Semiconductor companies returned to favor with students in the 1987 poll. Motorola ranked ninth, a respectable
rebound from its 1985 position, number 17. Intel, too, made the top 10, tieing with Boeing for tenth place. In contrast, students responding to the 1985 survey had showed little interest in Intel, with just $1.5 \%$ indicating the company as their first choice for employment. Last year, perhaps influenced by the positive publicity surrounding the 80386 chip's release, $7 \%$ of the students put Intel at the top of their lists.

Indeed, the power of the press is becoming more evident in students' selections. Digital Equipment Corp tied for seventeenth place in the 1985 survey. Since then, however, the company has introduced a variety of new products and established itself as a strong competitor for IBM. The press has covered DEC's turnaround in detail, and the company's successes have not been lost on students: In the 1987 survey, DEC shot up to fourth place.

In addition to media reports, students respond to the more subtle messages in advertising. After Burroughs and Sperry merged to become Unisys, the new company embarked on an ambitious publicity campaign to promote not just the new name but the marriage of the two companies. Students got the point. They showed little confusion and readily began using the new name in their lists of choices.

Not so for RCA, which General

Electric bought in 1986. In contrast to the marriagelike demeanor of the principals in the Burroughs-Sperry merger, General Electric has done little to preserve or refresh RCA's identity since its purchase of the company. As a result, RCA's standing has plummeted with students. It has dropped from the number 12 spot in the 1983 poll to number 26 in 1987, with just $1.1 \%$ of students reporting the company as their first choice.
Two upstarts breaking into the top 25 for the first time are Apple Computer and Microsoft, both of which have enjoyed tremendous success over the past two years. Apple's appearance may attest to the Macintosh II's growing reputation as an engineering tool. Wang Laboratories' fortunes, on the other hand, illustrate how quickly reputations can be gained and lost. Whereas Wang scored high with students in both the 1981 and 1983 polls, it was nowhere to be found in last year's survey.

## Shifting influence

Although the influence of corporate representatives on students remains marked - $43 \%$ mentioned it as factor in their decisions-it is on the wane, as is the impact of company brochures. Instead, students demonstrate a distinct preference for avenues of information over which companies have little control. Fifty-
three percent of students say that they base their opinions partially on newspaper or magazine articles, which is $11 \%$ more than indicated so in 1983. One third of the students also rely on the advice of family members and friends. And almost half of the respondents cite their experiences with a company's products as influencing their employment preferences.

Among the factors affecting students' choices are the locations of the schools that they attend. Students favor companies with facilities near their colleges or universities. Electrical-engineering majors in New England, for example, would most like to work for Massachu-setts-based DEC, whereas their counterparts in the Mid-Atlantic states choose IBM first and General Electric second, two companies strongly represented in New York.
The survey also noted the increasing number of foreign students enrolled in engineering programs. Questions regarding students' ethnic backgrounds were optional, and $28 \%$ of the respondents chose not to answer them. Of those who did report their ethnic background, $19 \%$ identified themselves as Asian, up from $13 \%$ in 1983.

EDN

Article Interest Quotient
(Circle One)
High 509 Medium 510 Low 511

WHERE DO STUDENTS WANT TO WORK? THE TOP 20

|  | 1987 | 1985 | 1983 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IBM | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| HEWLETT-PACKARD | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| AT\&T | 3 | \# | 6 |
| DIGITAL EQUIPMENT CORP. | 4 | 17 | 6 |
| GENERAL ELECTRIC | 5 | 3 | 3 |
| TEXAS INSTRUMENTS | 6 | 6 | 4 |
| HUGHES | 7 | 4 | 5 |
| LOCKHEED | 8 | 12 | 15 |
| ROCKWELL |  | 7 | 7 |
| MOTOROLA | 9 | 17 | 7 |
| BOEING | 10 | 11 | 19 |
| INTEL |  | 25 | 15 |
| GENERAL MOTORS | 11 | 16 | 16 |
| GENERAL DYNAMICS | 12 | 18 | 14 |
| NASA |  | 13 | 17 |
| MARTIN MARIETTA | 13 | 17 | 20 |
| McDONNELL DOUGLAS |  | 19 | 9 |
| TRW | 14 | 14 | 11 |
| HARRIS | 15 | 10 | 8 |
| HONEYWELL |  | 9 | 7 |
| NORTHROP |  | 21 | 21 |
| GTE | 16 | 15 | 10 |
| FORD | 17 | 21 | 17 |
| EASTMAN KODAK | 18 | 10 | 19 |
| NCR | 19 | 24 | 21 |
| NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY |  | 27 | \# |
| NORTHERN TELECOM |  | \# | \# |
| BELL COMMUNICATIONS RESEARCH | 20 | 20 | \# |

\# NOT CHOSEN AS ONE OF TOP 50 EMPLOYERS

* LISTED IN PREVIOUS SURVEYS AS BURROUGHS AND SPERRY



## CAREER OPPORTUNITIES



Call today for information:
East Coast: Janet O. Penn (201) 228-8610
West Coast: Ellen Sherwood (714) 851-9422
National: Roberta Renard (201) 228-8602


Reconciling demanding productivity goals with uncompromising quality standards is one of the greatest challenges a manufacturing environment can face. We embrace it. And meet it most impressively. State-of-theart automated processes, implemented by outstanding engineers, make it happen. For high volume, high qual ity, high technology manufacturing you can't beat Motorola.

The result? We are one of the most respected producers of microprocessor-based PC board assemblies for OEMs in vehicle and industrial markets worldwide. Our products include electronic dash boards, engine control systems, and secured telecommunications products. We're ready to hire more individuals of the outstanding caliber that becoming a Motorolan demands.

MOTOROLA INC.
Automotive \& Industrial Electronics Group
San Antonio, Texas
HIGH VOLUME,
HIGH QUALITY, HIGH TECH
MATERIALS/PROCUREMENT MANAGER
Requires 8+ years procurement experience in a high volume electronics production environment and a Bachelors degree in Business or equivalent. Must have thorough knowledge of purchasing, negotiating, MRP systems and supervision

## QCENGINEERING <br> GROUP LEADER

Requires 6+ years project leadership experience in a high volume electronic products environment, includ-
ing planning, organizing, and implementing quality programs. BSEE or equivalent required.

## QUALITY ENGINEERING

Several years experience in a high volume electronics production environment is preferred, either in quality, design, or manufacturing engineering. Knowledge and experience in SPC, product reliability, and production line quality is needed. BSEE or equivalent required.

## DESIGN ENGINEERING

Design and develop analog and digital circuits for microprocessor-based secured telecommunications products. Should have at least three years experience in the design of circuits for products to be produced in high volume. BSEE or equivalent required.

## PRODUCT ENGINEERING

Requires $3+$ years experience in a high volume electronics manufacturing environment, including new product launches and process improvements. BSME/BSEE or equivalent required.

## ATE ENGINEERING

Requires $3+$ years design experience with automatic test equipment for functional product testing. Knowledge of circuit design and/or software design for ATE applications for microprocessor-based products necessary. Experience with HP1000 software and systems preferred.
Join us in the pleasant community of Seguin, Texas, near America's 9 th largest city, San Antonio. We offer you a competitive salary, complete benefits, advancement potential... and an environment of the highest caliber. Send your resume indicating the position in which you are interested, to: Staffing Manager, Dept. \#3688, MOTOROLA INC., Automotive \& Industrial Electronics Group, 3740 N. Austin St., Seguin, TX 78155. Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer.

# Great Memories are Made in America 



At Micron, we're committed to making American-made memory products the standard of the industry, and as part of our team, you'll work on the leading edge of sub-micron, multi-megabit technology. Located in the beautiful foothills of Boise, Idaho, Micron offers a state-of-the-art environment - both on and off the job and a quality of life, and diversity of recreational opportunities, that equals the quality of our products. Make a memorable career move and choose Micron - the team that makes great American memories.

## Engineering Opportunities

- Device Physics
- Thin Films
- Implant
- Analytical Chemist
- E-Beam and Optical Lithography
- Field Applications
- Test
- Product
- QA/FA
- Material Science
- Modeling/Simulation/Characterization
- PVD
- Dry Etch
- CVD


## Research $\mathcal{E}$ Development Projects

- Planar Sub-Micron Contacts/Vias
- Sub-Micron CMOS Transistors
- Reliable Metal Interconnect
- Source, Drain and Poly Self-Aligned Silicide
- Local Interconnection
- E-Beam Direct Exposure Systems
- Aggressive N+/P + Space
- High Pressure Oxidation
- Rapid Thermal Processing
- Multi-Level Metalization
- Ultra-Clean Technology
- Advanced Metrology
- Hi-Energy Implantation
- Ultra-Thin Dielectric Technology
- 3D Technology
- Zero SER Technology
- Facility Automation


## Production

- CMOS DRAMS ( $256 \mathrm{~K}, 1 \mathrm{M}, 4 \mathrm{M}, 16 \mathrm{M}$ )
- Fast SRAMS ( $16 \mathrm{~K}, 64 \mathrm{~K}, 256 \mathrm{~K}, 1 \mathrm{M}$ )
- High Density Video RAMS (256K, 1M)
- Customer Supplied High Density Logic for use in Rel Sensitive Applications
- ASM Memory


## Reliability Qualification

- Advanced Smart Burn-In Capability
- 5 Million Device Hours Per Day/ Per Part/Per Process
- Full Process/Product Qualification


# HAVING THE BEST TECHNOIOGY ISONIY HALF THE BATLLE. 

The Trojan Horse was a very progressive technological idea for its day - but what was it without those ingenious and determined soldiers inside? Nothing but an oversized wooden horse on wheels.

At Litton Data Systems we understand that it's the people behind technologies that make them work. And the people inside a company who make things happen.

Over twenty-five years of excellence in the design and manufacture of vital military $\mathrm{C}^{3}$ systems mark our commitment to an entrepreneurial atmosphere that encourages our professionals to do what's necessary to conquer today's technologies.

If you're interested in joining a company with a classically simple strategy for success, consider one of the following positions:

## SYSTEMS ENGINEERING

Due to a recently received major DoD multi-year production contract for mobile, modular $\mathrm{C}^{3}$ I Air Defense Systems for the Air Force and Marine Corps, we need strong systems engineers with a BSEE (Master's preferred) and 10 or more years' experience in developing international applications of these systems for tactical air operations In addition, concepts for product improvement are needed for existing system configurations. Immediate openings exist for motivated, experienced systems engineers to lead the Engineering design process by performing requirements analyses, functional syntheses and hardware/ software trade studies in the following areas:

- Tactical Air Operations
- Direct Air Support
- Command Operations Centers
- Forward Area Air Defense
- Artillery Fire Support
- Sensor Fusion
- Data Link Integration


## PRODUCT DESIGN ENGINEERING

## Electronic Design

 Standards SpecialistYou will use your extensive engineering background to expand the electronic design standards and technology function in accordance with DoD Directive 4245.7M (Transition to Production) and NAVSO P. 6071 (Best Practices). The successful candidate will possess a minimum 15 years' technical hands-on experience. Requires a BSEE

(advanced degree desirable) and a working knowledge of digital and analog design, component technology and specifications, testability requirements and management techniques.

## Automatic Test Equipment

Will work on division A.T.E. in Software development for unit level testers. Microprocessor Hardware design experience and familiarity with CMS2 programming language desirable. Requires 3-5 years' experience, BSCS/BSEE and the ability to follow a project through design, development and integration.

## SOFTWARE/FIRMWARE ENGINEERING

- Requires a Sr. Software Engineer with experience on large military command and control systems. A background in CMS2 language and experience with communication data links such as TADIL-A, TADIL-B, TADIL-J, LINK-1 and ATDL-1 are highly desirable.
- Requires 5-10 years' experience in Assembly language programming for military systems and a minimum 5 years' experience in digital signal processing applications.
- Will be responsible for programming state-of-the-art digital and voice communication systems. Requires experience in the programming of the ZILOG Z80, INTEL 8748 and TI TMS 32020 microprocessors, and 3-5 years' experience in the development of communication firmware. A solid understanding of hardware design is necessary.

Above positions require a BS in Computer Science or Engineering.

- Will be responsible for contributing to the design and modeling of new algorithms. Requires an MS/PhD in Computer Science or Engineering and a minimum of 15 years' experience applying signal processing theory in the development of tracking systems.
- Will implement firmware for high speed digital database and impeded computer peripherals. Requires a BS in Computer Science, EE or Math and 3-5 years' experience in Assembly language, programming techniques and the use of the UNIX* Operating System.


## Software Integration \& Test

We need a qualified individual to fill a complex position in Air Defense \& Communication Systems. The successful candidate will interpret customer specification requirements and participate in product upgrade design definitions and implement tasks. Will also prepare test documentation, perform system integration, identify and isolate problems, and conduct formal tests. This position requires excellent writing abilities. Experience in PC based software, particularly System Fault isolation and expert systems is desirable. BSEE or equivalent and 1-3 years' experience also required.

## Jr. and Sr. Level Programmers

- Will generate PDL from detailed design documents, coding of programs in CMS2 and Assembly language and unit testing of the programs. Requires 3-8 years' software experience.


## Please send your resume to: Employment, Dept. 755, 8000 Woodley, Avenue, Van Nuys, CA 91409-7601.

## Litton

# SOETWARE/HARDWAREENGINEERING Digital has it now. 

## A Northwest Passage.

It's called DECwest. Located in the great Pacific Northwest, it gives technical professionals the chance to find new options for their personal and professional lives.
We're Digital's Northwest Engineering Group, developing enhanced VAX/ VMS* products that will revolutionize the way computers are used not just 5 years from now, but for decades to come.
If you know about the Seattle area, then you already know about our unmatched lifestyle. We enjoy all the amenities of a major metropolitan area, as well as every recreational activity imaginable, a choice of city, country or waterfront living, and a high quality of life that is still affordable.

So if you're ready for a change, check out the following opportunities and send us your resume. Then get ready for a new direction.

## UNIX ${ }^{+}$System Experts

We need UNIX System Experts with experience in one or more of the following:

- Development and use of system call and library interfaces
- Programming and user interface standards (i.e. POSIX, X/Open, SVID, BSD)
- UNIX development tools
- Debuggers, utilities, and user interfaces


## UNIX Kernel Experts

You'll need experience in one or more of the following:

- I/O and device support
- Virtual memory systems
- Symmetric multiprocessing
- Threads and lightweight processes
- BSD and/or System V-based systems
- Graphics support and graphics devices


## File System Extensions

We need experienced individuals interested in working on file systems implementation. You'll need experience in one or more of the following:

- Disk and/or tape storage organization techniques and algorithms
- Experience directly manipulating files with OS primitives
- UNIX or VMS file systems
- Operating system development
- DBMS access methods internals

For the above positions you should also have programming experience in high-level languages (in addition to C), a BS or MS in Computer Science, and $5+$ years of experience (or equivalent combination of degree and experience). Knowledge of VMS internals is a plus.

## Client/Server Environments

We need an experienced individual interested in implementing a client/ server computing environment. You'll need experience in one or more of the following:

- Distributed client/server development
- Remote procedure call mechanisms
- Operating system job control
- Programming techniques in a network environment
BS/MS in Computer Science and 5+ years' programming experience in high-level languages required. VMS or UNIX knowledge is a plus.


## Diagnostic Engineer

As a Diagnostic Engineer, you'll be responsible for perfecting our next generation computing system in the following areas:

- Functional unit testing
- Stand-alone system exercising
- System-directed diagnostic testing
- Device diagnostic testing

Requires 3 years of diagnostic or test experience. Knowledge of Assembler and a high-level programming language is required. BSEE with CE or CS and hardware experience or MSEE or equivalent degree and experience a must.

For consideration or more information about the above positions, please send your resume to: L. Taylor, Manager, Dept. 0609-8820, DECwest Engineering Group, Digital Equipment Corporation, 14475 NE 24th, Bellevue, WA 98007. Proof of legal right to work in the U.S. is required.

[^13]If you worked at GenRad, you could work with the most advanced equipment available, including GENESIS ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ GenRad's third generation software for Automatic Test Equipment (ATE). That's how we engineer success.

GenRad. One smart company. And a lot of smart people.

## Development Engineer Custom Products Operations

Working in the Custom Engineering Services Department, you'll integrate custom features to state-of-the-art ATE products. You'll design and generate software for test solutions relating to specific customer requirements. The ideal candidate should have a BS/MS degree in Electrical Engineering or a related field. A working knowledge of Pascal and "C" is required, as well as a background in a UNIX ${ }^{\top M}$ environment.

## Sr. Application Engineer <br> 227X Product Line and Library Group

Working in the "TAC", you will be responsible for providing state-of-the-art technical support to our customers, field personnel and internal departments. Your daily activities will be to supply expert knowledge of GenRad test systems to our customers and to apply the latest testing techniques to solve complex application problems. Support is provided via telecommunications and on-site assistance. Advanced engineering skills, device testing/ modeling experience, and a strong working knowledge of GenRad's 227X In-circuit Test Systems is required. BSEE/CS or equivalent, 5 years experience with ATE, and excellent verbal communications and interpersonal skills are mandatory.
GenRad offers a salary and benefits package which is designed to attract and retain exceptional individuals. Please send your resume and salary requirements to Human Resources Department, Dept. EDN609, 300 Baker Avenue, Concord, MA 01742. An equal opportunity employer.
GENESIS is a registered trademark of GenRad, Inc. UNIX is a registered trademark of AT\&T Bell Laboratories

The difference in software is the difference in test.


It's easy for companies to see what's going on around them. Market trends. New product developments. Competitive activities.

What sets Motorola's Semiconductor Products Sector apart is focus on our internal force. The power of a strong partnership with our people. People who are the source of innovation.

It is this unwavering belief in employee participation and recognition that is the foundation of our technical achievement. That invites our continued growth and success.

When you enter Motorola's Semiconductor Products Sector, you enter a storm of activity that excites the imagination of the designing and discriminating mind.

Specific needs for development and support of our 88000 and 68000 product lines has created a world of opportunities in Motorola's High-End Microprocessor design organization in Austin, Texas for:

## MASK LAYOUT DESIGNER

Work with schematics, logic diagrams and engineering notes to plan and execute topological design of VLSI MPU circuits. Support revisions of existing design and direct design staff. Requires Associate Degree and $5+$ years related experience.

## CIRCUIT DESIGN ENGINEERS

Perform design and analysis of high speed CMOS circuits related to microprocessors and peripherals, and assist test/product engineers. Requires BSEE and 1-2 years experience with knowledge of microprocessor functionality and characteristics.

## APPLICATIONS ENGINEERS

Provide conceptualization, design and implementation of system applications based on High-End MPU products, as well as technical support to marketing, customers and engineering groups. Requires BSEE and 1-2 years experience with microprocessor system design or architecture.

## PRODUCT ENGINEERS

Responsible for yield/cost management and improvement, characterization of products to support design, manufacturing and quality improvements. and customer interface. Requires BSEE and $1-5$ years experience with knowledge of microprocessor functions and characteristics.

## SOFTWARE ENGINEERS

Design, implement and maintain operating systems, compilers, assemblers, simulators and run-time support packages for the M68000 and M88000 product families. Requires BSCS. BSEE or equivalent and programming experience in a UNIX C environment.

## CAD/CAE ENGINEERS

Design. develop and maintain the CAD/CAE tools for integration to design engineering system. Requires strong knowledge of related tools and standards.

## SYSTEMS DESIGN ENGINEERS

Responsible for definition/development of 16/32 bit microprocessor and peripheral elements/various combinations and development of design methodology for ASIC based design. Requires BSEE/BSCS and 3-5 years experience or MSEE/MSCS and $1-3$ years experience including strong background in computer architecture and High Level Language. Experience in ASIC software tool development is a plus.
In addition to the highly competitive salaries and benefits of Motorola, our desirable Austin location offers rolling hills, clear blue lakes, affordable housing and warm Texas hospitality. Explore one of these opportunities now. Send your resume to the attention of Brett Rodgers,
Motorola Semiconductor Products Sector, Dept. HE588, 1112 W. Ben White Blvd., Suite 200, Austin,

## TX 78704.



MOTOROLA
Semiconductor Products Sector
An Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer

## Engineers

## Systems Integration and Engineering Blue Bell, PA Area

## GE GOVERNMENT SERVICES has been

 awarded a major Department of Defense Systems Contract in Blue Bell, PA, that provides challenging opportunities in the area of SYSTEMS INTEGRATION AND ENGINEERING. GE's technical and professional staff is continuing its lead role in the design, development, maintenance and integration of some of the nation's most sophisticated advanced technological systems.If you have the qualifications (degrees plus 2-3 years' experience preferred) and are interested in joining our team, we have openings in the following areas:

Engineer/ Test/simulation, h/w and s/w systems, soft-
Analysts ware development, analysis reports, reliability/maintainability, electromagnetic compatibility, security control systems, survivability.

> Program
> Analysts
> Software development design and implementation, computer/data system engineering-system integration, development of test criteria and design of simulation programs, documentation reports and analysis of program schedule status trends.
> Please forward your resume and salary requirements to: D. P. Graham, GE Government Services, Route 38, Bldg. 201-2, Dept. SIE, Cherry Hill, NJ 08358.

GE Government Services

## Equal Opportunity Employer <br> U.S. CItizenship Required

## ELECTRONICS • AEROSPACE

 NATIONWIDE \$30-80KOpportunities for Engineers \& Professionals in Defense/Aerospace and Commercial Industries. Send Resume to

JACK PORTER ASSOCIATES, INC. 385 Front St.N, Issaquah, WA 98027 (206)455-4928

All fees paid by client companies.

## SR. DEVELOPMENT ENGINEER

Canberra Industries, located in Central Connecticut, is one of the world's largest manufacturers of precision scientific instruments that detect and analyze nuclear radiation.

Currently, we have an opening for a Sr. Development Engineer in the Analog Design department for new product development. Responsibilities will include all phases of product development from conception through production. BSEE/MSEE with a minimum of 5 years experience in design of scientific instruments preferred.

Send resume and salary requirements to:

## Human Resources

Canberra Industries, Inc.
One State Street
Meriden, Conn. 06450
EOE M/F/H/V

## JOIN THE RAYTHEON <br> TEAM <br> Southern California

Raytheon Missile Systems is a division of Raytheon Company and a Fortune 50 company. Located just outside the coastal community of Oxnard, Missile Systems Division offers a technical environment that is challenging and provides growth opportunity

## SR. MANUFACTURING/ QUALITY ENGINEERS

These positions require a minimum of 6 years in process development and manufacturing support of bonded stripline fabrication. Thorough familiarity with plated through hole and edge plating of duriod material is also necessary. All work will be performed in MIL-P-55110 and WS 6536
Raytheon offers excellent salaries and many company-paid benefits that include a savings and investment plan. Please send resume that includes salary history to: Professional Employment, Raytheon Missile Systems Division, 4347 Raytheon Road, Department EDN, Oxnard, CA 93033. U.S. Citizenship Required. An Equal Opportunity Employer.

## BUSINESS/CORPORATE STAFF

## EDN's CHARTER

EDN is written for professionals in the electronics industry who design, or manage the design of, products ranging from circuits to systems.

EDN provides accurate, detailed, and useful information about new technologies, products, and design techniques.

EDN covers new and developing technologies to inform its readers of practical design matters that will be of concern to them at once or in the near future.

EDN covers new products

- that are immediately or imminently available for purchase
- that have technical data specified in enough detail to permit practical application
- for which accurate price information is available.

EDN provides specific "how to" design information that our readers can use immediately. From time to time, EDN's technical editors undertake special "hands-on" projects that demonstrate our commitment to readers' needs for useful information.

EDN is written by engineers for engineers.

275 Washington St
Newton, MA 02158
(617) 964-3030

F Warren Dickson
Vice President/Publishe
Newton, MA 02158
(617) 964-3030; Telex 940573

Diann Siegel, Assistant

## Peter D Coley

VP/Associate Publisher/
Advertising Sales Director
Newton, MA 02158
(617) 964-3030

Ora Dunbar, Assistant/Sales Coordinator

## NEW ENGLAND

John Bartlett, Regional Manager
Chris Platt, Regional Manager
199 Wells Ave
Newton, MA 02159
(617) 964-3730

STAMFORD 06904
George Isbell, Regional Manager
8 Stamford Forum, Box 10277
(203) 328-2580

NEW YORK, NY 10011
Daniel J Rowland, Regional Manager
249 West 17th St
New York, NY 10011
(212) 463-6419

## PHILADELPHIA AREA

Steve Farkas, Regional Manager
487 Devon Park Dr, Suite 206
Wayne, PA 19087
(215) 293-1212

CHICAGO AREA
Clayton Ryder, Regional Manager
Randolph D King, Regional Manage
Cahners Plaza
1350 E Touhy Ave, Box 5080
Des Plaines, IL 60017
(312) 635-8800

DENVER 80206
John Huff, Regional Manager
44 Cook St
(303) 388-4511

DALLAS 75243
Don Ward, Regional Manager
9330 LBJ Freeway, Suite 1060
(214) 644-3683

SAN JOSE 95128
Walt Patstone, Regional Manager Bill Klanke, Regional Manager Philip J Branon, Regional Manager James W Graham, Regional Manager 3031 Tisch Way, Suite 100 (408) 243-8838

LOS ANGELES 9006
Charles J Stillman, Jr
Regional Manager
12233 W Olympic Blvd
(213) 826-5818

ORANGE COUNTY/SAN DIEGO 92715
Jim McErlean, Regional Manager
18818 Teller Ave, Suite 170
Irvine, CA
(714) 851-9422

PORTLAND, OREGON 97221
Pat Dakin, Regional Manager
Wait Patstone, Regional Manage
1750 SW Skyline Blvd, Box
UNITED KINGDOM/BENELUX
Jan Dawson, Regional Manager
27 Paul St
London EC2A 4JU UK
44 01-628 7030
Telex: 914911; FAX: 01-628 5984

## SCANDINAVIA

Stuart Smith
27 Paul St
London EC2A 4JU UK
01-628 7030
Telex: 914911; FAX: 01-628 5984

## FRANCE/ITALY/SPAIN

Alasdair Melville
27 Paul St
London EC2A 4JU UK
01-628 7030
Telex: 914911; FAX: 01-628 5984
WEST GERMANY/SWITZERLAND/AUSTRIA
Wolfgang Richter
Sudring 53
7240 Horb/Necka
West Germany
49-7451-7828; Telex: 765450

## EASTERN BLOC <br> Uwe Kretzschma

27 Paul St
London EC2A 4JU UK
01-628 7030
Telex: 914911; FAX: 01-628 5984

FAR EAST
Ed Schrader, General Manage
18818 Teller Ave, Suite 170
Irvine, CA 92715
(714) 851-9422; Telex: 183653

## TOKYO 160

Dynaco International Inc
Suite 1003, Sun-Palace Shinjuku
8-12-1 Nishishinjuku, Shinjuku-ku
Tokyo 160, Japan
Tel: (03) 366-830
Telex: J2322609 DYNACO
SINGAPORE/MALAYSIA/INDONESIA/THAILAND
THE PHILIPPINES/AUSTRALIA/NEW ZEALAND
Asia Pacific Media House PTE Ltd
Peter Cheong
100 Beach Rd
\#24-03 Shaw Tower
Singapore 0718
Tel: 2915354; Telex: RS 50026 MESPLY

## HONG KONG

John Byrne \& Associates Lto
1613 Hutchison House
10 Harcourt Rd
Central Hong Kong
Tel: 5-265474; Telex: 61708 WEDIN HX
FAX: 5-8106781

## TAIWAN

Acteam International Marketing Corp
6F, No 43, Lane 13
Kwang Fu South R
Mailing Box 18-91
760-6209 or 760-6210
Telex: 29809; FAX: (02) 7604784

## KOREA

Kim Kyong-Hae, BK International
Won Chang Bldg, 3rd Floor 26-3
Yoido-dong, Youngdungpo-ku
Seoul 150, Korea
Tel: 785-6665; FAX: 784-1915
Telex: K32487 BIZKOR

## PRODUCT MART

Joanne Dorian, Manager
249 West 17th St
New York, NY 1001
(212) 463-6415

CAREER OPPORTUNITIES/CAREER NEWS
Roberta Renard, National Sales Manager
201) 228-8602

Janet O Penn, Eastern Sales Manager
201) 228-8610

103 Eisenhower Parkway
Roseland, NJ 07068
Ellen Sherwood, Western Sales Manager
18818 Teller Ave, Suite 170
Irvine, CA 92715
(714) 851-9422

Maria Cubas, Production Assistant
(201) 228-8608

Susan M Campanella, Advertising/Contracts Coordinator Nan Coulter, Advertising/Contracts Coordinator
(617) 964-3030

[^14]ABC-Taiwan Electronics Corp
Abbott Transistor Labs Inc
336

ACCEL Technologies Inc
ADPI 337 336
Advanced Micro Devices
Advin Systems
American Automation
Amlan Inc
337
.41
.319
AMP
82-83
Amperex Electronic Corp*
Analog Design Tools Inc
Analytic Instruments
Apex Microtechnology Corp
Apple Computer
Applied Microsystems Corp
Arnold Magnetics Corp
Asem Industria**
ASIX
Augat-Interconnection Systems
Automated System Inc
Avocet Systems Inc
Ballard Technology
Bayer AG**
B\&C Microsystems
Big Three Industries/Tempil Div
BKL Industries
Bonar Powertec
BP Microsystems
Brooktree Corp
Bruel \& Kjaer Instruments
Burle Industries
Burr-Brown Corp
Bussman
Bytek Corp
CAD Software Inc
Cad Solutions
CADdy Corp
California Eastern Labs Inc
Capital Equipment Corp
Case Technology
Central Data Corp
Cherry Electrical Products Inc
Comair Rotron Inc
Comlinear Corp
Communications Specialists Inc
Cooper Tools*
Crystal Semiconductor
CTI Electronics
Cybernetic Micro Systems
Cypress Semiconductor
Daisy Systems Corp
Data I/O Corp
Datron Instruments*
Deltron Inc
Design Computation Inc
Digital Media Inc
Digital Research Inc
Douglas Electronics
Eldre Components Inc
Electro-Mechanics
Electronic Development Corp
Electronic Solutions
Emulation Technology Inc
Galil Motion Control Inc
GE Solid State
General Silicones
General Scanning Inc
Genstar REI Sales Co
GMX Inc
Gould/AMI Semiconductors*
Harris Semiconductor Products Harris/3M
Harting Electronics
HEI Inc
Hewlett-Packard Co
Houston Instrument
Hughes Aircraft Co
Inmos Corp*
Instant Board Circuits Corp
Integrated Device Technology Inc
Intel Corp
91-92
222-223
289
16-17, 56-59, 64
98-99, 202-203
104-105
.78-79
80-81
.326
316
207-214

Intermetrics Inc International Rectifier International Test Conference Intusoft
I/O Tech
ITr Cannood
John Fluke Manufacturing Co Inc $\qquad$
KEC Electronics Inc ......311, 313, 315, 31

Keithley Instruments $\quad 319,321,323$
Kepco Inc
319, 321, 323
167-174
KeyTek Instrument Corp . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 292
Kontron Electronics Inc . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 164
Leader Electronics
Leader Instruments Corp
Leasametric Inc
.
Lectromagnetics ........................... . . . . . . . 286

Ledex Inc . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 46
Linear Technology Corp . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 263-264
Logic Devices
Logical Devices Inc 248
...............

- .....

Marshall
205
309
Masscomp 294
MathSoft Inc

Matra Design Systems
. . . . . . . . .
Mecklenburg Engineering 333
Memodyne Corp .. .....................

Mendelson Electronics
Mentor Graphics Corp . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 10-11
Mepco/Centralab . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 233
Meta Software
237
MicroCASE
.20
Micro Dimensions Inc . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 48
Micro Switch 206
Mini-Circuits Laboratories . . . . . . . .26-27, 259, 354
Mitsubishi
26-27, 259, 354
Mizar Inc
Molex Inc . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 332
Moto rola Microcomputer Div ................... C2
National Instruments . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
National Semiconductor Corp . . . . . . . . . 200-201
NCR Corp
NCR Microelectronics Div
-201

NEC Corp


Nicolet Test Instruments Div
Nohau Corp
OKI Semicentronics . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 291
OKI Semiconductor 28-29
Oliver Advanced Engineering Inc
28-29
. 340
112, 338
Omnibyte Corp
175
Onset Computer Corp
175
OrCAD Systems Corp
Orion Instruments 192
49, 176-177

Outlook Technology
. . . . . . 242
. . . . . . 302
P-Cad334
P-Cad ............................... 97

Performance Semiconductor Corp . . . . . . . . . . 47
Philips Elcoma Div** . . . . . . 44-45, 74-75, 188-189
Philips T\&M . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 107
Potter \& Brumfield . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 86-87

Power General
86-8

Precision Interconnect
Precision Monolithics Inc . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 199
Pro-Lib Inc199
Pulizzi . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 334


## Recruitment Advertising. .334-350

## Canberra Industries

DEC west
GE Government Services
Genrad
Jack Porter \& Associates
Litton Data Systems
Micron
Motorola Automotive \& Industrial Electronics
Motorola Semiconductor
Raytheon
*Advertiser in US edition
**Advertiser in International edition

This index is provided as an additional service. The publisher does not assume any liability for errors or omissions

## LOOKING AHEAD

EDITED BY CYNTHIA B RETTIG

## Wider opportunities seen in European F-O market

A number of recent changes have brought European fiber-optic suppliers and consumers into the international marketing arena, according to Kessler Marketing Intelligence of Newport, RI. These changes include the doubling of the amount of fiber installed over long-haul networks by the postal, telephone, and telegraph companies; the liberalization of policies that govern competitive manufacturing and marketing; and the founding of several international R\&D organizations. The European fiber-optic market is expected to grow steadily in the next five years, averaging an annual growth rate of $15 \%$ and reaching $\$ 1.9$ billion in sales in 1993.
Telephony is and will remain the largest area of application as fiber invades feeder routes and subscriber loops. But the fastest growing application area will be data communications, which should grow at an average annual rate of $33 \%$. Expected to decline in use and market share are long-haul installations, which reached a peak consumption of $317,000 \mathrm{~km}$ in 1987. On the other hand, video communications and military applications will account for significant shares of the market (although percentages vary notably from country to country).
Of the 15 countries it analyzed, KMI found that various factors, including fiber-optic installation plans, government limitations, and political motivations, characterize different corners of the market. The market in the United Kingdom is so competitive, for example, that the prices of many fiber-optic products in that country are half of what they are in West Germany.
Opportunities for foreign companies also vary from country to country. Some countries, like Italy, have policies that protect domestic manufacturing; partnerships and technol-
ogy licensing, however, still leave doors open for foreign manufacturers. Other countries, like the UK, have instituted policies that encourage foreign suppliers. Consequently, several overseas countries compete in the British fiber-optic
marketplace through alliances and distributors. In spite of these opportunities, KMI points out, it's important to remember that almost every country has at least one strong domestic manufacturer.

## Switching power supplies will grow at $14 \%$ annual rate

The annual growth rate for sales of $\mathrm{ac} / \mathrm{dc}$ and de/de switching power supplies should average $14 \%$ through 1992, market researchers at Venture Development Corp (Natick, MA) have found. The market share for $\mathrm{ac} / \mathrm{dc}$ supplies will continue to dominate the total market, but $\mathrm{de} / \mathrm{dc}$ unit shipments will grow faster and so gain some market share during the forecast period.

VDC found that the US market for ac/dc and de/dc power supplies is highly fragmented. In fact, any one of the big suppliers accounts for less than $6 \%$ of the total shipments for 1987. The market-research company anticipates some consolidation of vendors in the next few years through mergers, acquisitions, and business failures.
Custom products largely define the US merchant market. Although many manufacturers offer standard products, most frequently these de-
vices are standards to the individual company and not to the industry at large. Offshore production accounts for a significant percentage of shipments for both ac/dc and de/dc switching power supplies in the US market, but actual import numbers are lower than one might expect because many US-based companies have offshore production facilities.

OEMs in the computer and peripheral areas will continue to dominate the US market for $\mathrm{ac} / \mathrm{dc}$ switching power supplies during the next few years. Similarly, OEMs in the military/aerospace and communications areas will remain the major consumers of de/dc switching power supplies; areas to watch involve computer and peripheral systems, and office automation and business systems because they, too, are rapidly developing a greater reliance on these dc/dc devices.


## tiny SPDT switches absorptive... reflective



Tough enough to pass stringent MIL-STD-883 tests, useable

Despite its extremely tiny size, only 0.185 by 0.185 by 0.06 in., these switches provide 50 dB isolation (considerably higher than many larger units) and insertion loss of only 1dB. The absorptive model KSWA-2-46 exhibits a typical VSWR of 1.5 in its "OFF" state over the entire frequency range. These surface-mount units can be soldered to pc boards using conventional assembly techniques. The KSW-2-46, priced at only $\$ 32.95$, and the KSWA-2-46, at $\$ 48.95$, are the latest examples of components from Mini-Circuits with unbeatable price/performance.

Connector versions, packaged in a $1.25 \times 1.25 \times 0.75 \mathrm{in}$. metal case, contain five SMA connectors, including one at each control port to
maintain $3 n$ s switching speed.

## Switch fast...to Mini-Circuits' GaAs switches.

finding new ways
setting higher standards Fax (718) 332-4661 Domestic and International Telexes: 6852844 or 620156

> from dc to 6 GHz and smaller than most RF switches, Mini-Circuits'
> hermetically-sealed (reflective) KSW-2-46 and (absorptive)
> KSWA-2-46 offer a new, unexplored horizon of applications. Unlike pin diode switches that become ineffective below 1 MHz , these GaAs switches can operate down to dc with control voltage as low as -5V, at a blinding 2 ns switching speed.


# Now $\mathrm{H}=\mathrm{XSense}$ makes foday's current-sensing obsolete. 



## Old Method

This circuit uses a fractional value resistor (A) to measure current. causing a voltage drop which increases power losses. Its parasitic inductance also slows down switching speed. To offset these losses, a lower $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{DS}(\mathrm{ON})}$ power MOSFET may be used, increasing circuit cost.

HEXSense offers 5-pin lead forms for vertical and horizontal pcb mounting.



CURPENT
SENSE
New HEXSense Method
In this simple, cost effective circuit the current-sensing output connects to a virtual ground. Resistor (A) establishes a voltage-to-current ratio. With the Kelvin connected to the non-inverting input of (B), a highly accurate currentsense results.

HEXFET and HEXSense are trademarks of International Rectifier.

HEXSense, a new HEXFET power MOSFET with built-in current-sensing, reduces component count and design time - making conventional current-measuring methods obsolete.
Your circuit designs are simplified in less board space. Power and voltage losses disappear. Accuracy and bandwidth increase. In the end, your system performs better, more reliably.

It's all made possible by our HEXFET power MOSFET's superior quality, faster switching speed, built-in avalanche withstand capability, and now, current-sensing for control and protection.
In short, now you can design easier and more accurate, cost effective current-sensing circuits with the quality choice in power MOSFETs. Call (213) 607-8842 for technical data. Today.

[^15]

# THE UNISITE 40 PROGRAMMER: BECAUSE STATE-OF-THE-ART IS A STATE OF CHANGE. 

## PROGRAMMING TECHNOLOGY THAT SUPPORTS ADVANCED DESIGNSTODAY AND TOMORROW. The Uni-

 Site ${ }^{\text {T"M }} 40$ 's universal programming technology is the fastest and easiest way to keep up with new devices and packages. Its software-configured pin driver system provides a single site for programming any DIP device up to 40 pins, including PLDs, PROMs, IFLs, FPLAs, EPROMs, EEPROMs and microcontrollers. The same site accommodates the most popular surface-mount packagesPLCCs, LCCs and SOICs.And now the UniSite 40 is also a gang/set programmer. With the new SetSite ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ module, you can program and test as many as eight devices, up to 40 pins each, simultaneously.

## INSTANT ACCESS TO NEW DEVICES.

The UniSite 40's universal pin driver

electronics stores device-specific instructions on a $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ micro diskette. To update your UniSite 40 with the latest device releases, simply load a new master diskette.

FAST, EASY PROGRAMMING. Menuoriented operation with step-by-step prompts makes programming simple.

Or bypass the menus and zoom directly to specific operations by selecting key commands. Help messages are available whenever you need assistance.

To speed parts selection, the UniSite 40 provides a built-in list of devices. And you can save your most frequently-used programming parameters for instant recall.

## DESIGN FREEDOM FOR TOMORROW.

When leading-edge designers use the latest devices in their designs, they need the programming freedom only the UniSite 40 provides. Call Data I/O* today and ask about the UniSite 40. Because state-of-the-art never stops changing.

1-800-247-5700 Dept. 615

[^16]
[^0]:    EDN ${ }^{\text {© }}$ (ISSN 0012-7515) is published 38 times a year (biweekly with 1 additional issue a month) by Cahners Publishing Company, A Division of Reed Publishing USA, 275 Washington Street, Newton, MA 02158-1630. Terrence M McDermott, President; Frank Sibley, Electronics/Computer Group Vice President; Jerry D Neth, Vice President/Publishing Operations; J J Walsh, Financial Vice President/Magazine Division; Thomas J Dellamaria, Vice President/Production and Manufacturing. Circulation records are maintained at Cahners Publishing Company, 44 Cook Street, Denver, CO 80206-5191. Telephone: (303) 388-4511. Second-class postage paid at Denver, CO 80206-5191 and additional mailing offices. POSTMASTER: Send address corrections to EDN ${ }^{\oplus}$ at the Denver address. EDN ${ }^{\circ}$ copyright 1988 by Reed Publishing USA; Saul Goldweitz, Chairman; Ronald G Segel, President and Chief Executive Officer; Robert LKrakoff, Executive Vice President; William M Platt, Senior Vice President. Annual subscription rates for nonqualified people: USA, \$100/year; Canada/Mexico, \$115/year; Europe air mail, \$135/year; all other nations, \$135/year for surface mail and $\$ 210 / y e a r$ for air mail. Except for special issues where price changes are indicated, single copies of regular issues are available for $\$ 6, \$ 8$, and $\$ 10$ (USA, Canada/Mexico, and foreign). Please address all subscription mail to Eric Schmierer, 44 Cook Street, Denver, CO 80206-5191.

[^1]:    Cahners Publishing Company, A Division of Reed Publishing USA $\square$ Specialized Business Magazines for Building \& Construction $\square$ Manufacturing $\square$ Foodservice \& Lodging $\square$ Electronics \& Computers $\square$ Interior Design $\square$ Printing $\square$ Publishing $\square$ Industrial Research \& Technology $\square$ Health Care $\square$ and Entertainment. Specialized Consumer Magazines: $\square$ American Baby $\square$ and Modern Bride.

[^2]:    SmartModel is a trademark of Logic Automation, Inc.

[^3]:    
     716) 235-0830, Rome Electronics, ( 315 ) 337 - 5400 :NORTH/ /
    
    
    
     Hectronics. (612) 938-0000. CANADA, Space Electronics Saes Corp. 1514) 697-8676, (416) 636-8814. (613) 596-5340, (504) 294-1166

[^4]:    1080 East Arques Avenue

[^5]:    - Total capacity of 10,000 gatesIntegrated schematic editor
    - Fast assembly language routines
    - Standard parts library of 200 types
    - Event-driven timing simulator

[^6]:    VAX is a registered trademark of Digital Equipment Corporation

[^7]:    O1988 National Semiconductor Corporation
    FAST (Fairchild Advanced Schottky TTL) and FACT (Fairchild Advanced CMOS Technology) are trademarks of Nationa Semiconductor Corporation

[^8]:    VAX is a trademark of Digi

[^9]:    Quantum Corporation 1804 McCarthy Blvd. Milpitas, CA 95035

    ProDrive and DisCache are trademarks of Quantum Corporation.

[^10]:    Australia (02) 450-2066 - Austria 02235/7550*0 Belgium 02-242-9745. Brazil $2468149 \cdot$ Canada (514) 695-8225 Finland (90) 8017044 - France (1) 64572010 Federal Republic of Germany $(04106) 4055$. Great Britain (01) 954-2366. Holland 03402-39994. Hong Kong 5-487486 - Italy (02) 5244141

    Taiwan (02) 7139303 . USA ( 617 ) 481-7000. Local representatives and service organisations world-wide

[^11]:    AUSTRALIA, 61-387-34455; CANADA, 416-639-8333; ENGLAND, 44-734-794717; FRANCE, 33-13-947-4140; GERMANY, 49-610-92788; HOLLAND, 31-171-28942; HONG KONG, 852-570-1332; INDIA, 91-413893; ISRAEL, 972-349-1922; ITALY, 39-292-37212; JAPAN, 81-334-12611; KOREA, 82-754-7432; SWEDEN, 46-893-0280; TAIWAN, 886-271-22365; USA, 617-658-0880.

[^12]:    NAME
    TITLE
    COMPANY
    ADDRESS
    CITY $\qquad$ STATE $\qquad$ ZIP

    PHONE
    MY APPLICATION IS: $\qquad$

[^13]:    We are an affirmative action employer.
    ${ }^{\bullet}$ Trademarks of Digital Equipment Corporation $\dagger$ Trademark of AT\&T

[^14]:    William Platt, Sr, Vice President, Reed Publishing USA
    Cahners Magazine Division
    Terry McDermott, President, Cahners Publishing Co
    Frank Sibley, Group Vice President, Electronics/Computers Tom Dellamaria, VP/Production \& Manufacturing

    ## Circulation

    Reprints of EDN articles are available on a custom printing basis at reasonable prices in quantities of 500 or more. For an exact quote, contact Joanne R
    Westphal, Cahners Reprint Service, Cahners Plaza,
    1350 E Touhy Ave, Box 5080, Des Plaines, IL 60018.

    Denver, CO: (303) 388-4511
    Denver, CO: (303) 388-4511
    Sherri Gronli, Group Manager
    Eric Schmierer, Manager

    Phone (312) 635-8800.

[^15]:    WORLD HEADQUARTERS: 233 KANSAS ST. EL SEGUNDO. CA 90245. U S.A. (213) 772-2000. TWX 910-348-6291. TELEX 472-0403 EUROPEAN HEADQUARTERS: HURST GREEN. OXTED, SURREY RH8 9BB, ENGLAND TELEPHONE (088 33) 3215 4231. TELEX 95219

[^16]:    Data I/O Corporation 10525 Willows Road N.E., P. O. Box 97046, Redmond, WA 98073-9746, U. S. A. (206) 881-6444/Telex 15-2167 Data I/O Canada 6725 Airport Road, Suite 302, Mississauga, Ontario L4V 1V2 (416) 678-0761/Telex 06968133
    Data I/O Europe World Trade Center, Strawinskylaan 633, 1077 XX Amsterdam, The Netherlands $+31(0) 20-622866 /$ Telex 16616 DATIO NL Data I/O Japan Sumitomoseimei Higashishinbashi Bldg., 8F, 2-1-7, Higashi-Shinbashi, Minato-Ku, Tokyo 105, Japan
    (03)432-6991/Telex 2522685 DATAIO J

