# DPS8 46/70 REFERENCE MANUAL



G.793

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M.S. J-10 HED AZ07

September, 1982:

#### REFERENCE MANUAL

#### DPS8 46/70

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iv

APPENDIX B DPU

# **DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS ENVIRONMENT** Page/mode SCU 4 meg/w CPU-E MOI (MAIN MEMORY)/meg sys. Add. Real men 8/10 is Virtual memory system FRONT END VIRTUAL MEMORY NETWORK PROCESSOR (DISK) (FEP) LOCAL DATA BASE LOCAL LOCAL DATA BASE DATA BASE LEV 6 REMOTE LEV 6 REMOTE LEV 6 REMOTE SYSTEM SYSTEM SYSTEM

Figure 1-1

**USERS** 

**USERS** 

**USERS** 

#### FOUR DPS8 PRODUCT LINE MODELS

DPS8/70
 DPSE Distribute Process system entanted
 DPS8/44
 DPS8/20
 ELS corty level system

POWER RANGE OF ALMOST 17 TIMES, FROM SMALLEST TO LARGEST

RELATIVE	E POWER*	MODELS	
	16.8	8/70 (QUAD)	
	12.5	8/70 (TRIPLE)	
	8.5	8/70 (DUAL)	
	4.8	8/70	1.7 X 6680 WITH 2K CACHEFactor
	2.5	8/52	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	1.5	8/44 & firmwar	e driven
	1.0	8/20 Japu,	

\*TYPICAL APPLICATION MIX

Figure 1-3 Sheet 1 of 2

#### DPS8 MODEL NUMBERS

COMMON HARDWARE NAME	MARKETING MODEL NUMBERS
DPS8/20 DPS8/44	CPS8124 ELS CPS8126
DPS8/52 DPS8/70	CPS8183 DPSE CPS8187

Figure 1-3 Sheet 2 of 2

#### DPS8 FEATURES

#### DPS 8/70 AND DPS 8/52

- Use New LSI and MSI Circuits
- High Density Boards
  - -33% Reduction in Board Count
  - -25% Reduction in Footprint
  - -22% Reduction in Power Requirements
- Microprocessor Based Maintenance/Diagnostic Features
  - -Future Growth of DMS Concept
  - -Future Remote Diagnosis
- Microprocessor in New Console Controller
  - -Utilization of Standard Terminals
- Automatic Switching of Blower Speed
  - -Temperature Dependent standard
  - -Reduced Noise Levels

CPU-E bd. count of 66

Figure 1-4

#### DPS8/70 - NEW TOP-OF-THE LINE POWER

- Power range of 40% to 70% greater than previous single processor models
- ullet GCOS 3, GCOS 8, and GP6 are supported V
- Central System includes: mim.
  - Central Processor with 32KB Cache 8K words
  - IOM
  - SCU
  - One MB Memory
- Up to three additional processors, IOM's, SCU's, can be configured.
- Additional Memory supported
  - GCOS 16 MB Maximum
  - GCOS 8/CP6 64 MB Maximum Virtua/
- Up to eight FNP's are supported.
  - DATANET 6641 or DATANET 6651
- All standard Level 66/DPS Peripherals are supported.
- Up to four consoles supported.
  - One CSU6601 Console is required. New console
- CM66 is supported.

DPS8/70 Power Range Figure 1-5

#### NEW OPERATING SYSTEM - GCOS 8

- Based on proven multidimensional, multi-processing design of GCOS.
- Features full compatibility with GCOS, a design first, with a major new operating system.
- Designed to improve efficiency and ease of use.
- Features "Integrated Transaction Processing" (ITP)
  - ullet Improved efficiency, ease of use
  - Major departure from traditional Execs TP an inherent characteristic.
- Features dynamic memory management for unlimited program size (virtual).

Figure 1-6

#### EXTENDED STORAGE ADDRESSING CAPACITIES

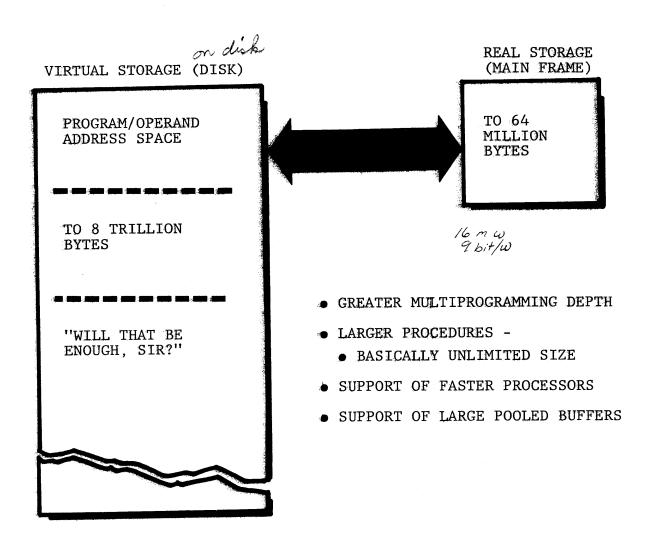


Figure 1-7

## SOPHISTICATED STORAGE MANAGEMENT - REAL AND VIRTUAL

#### • Storage Hierarchy

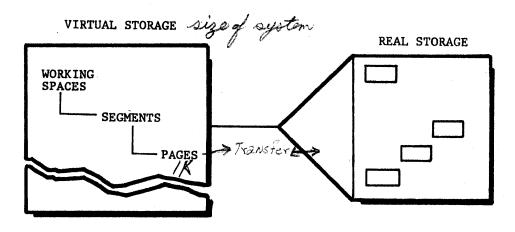
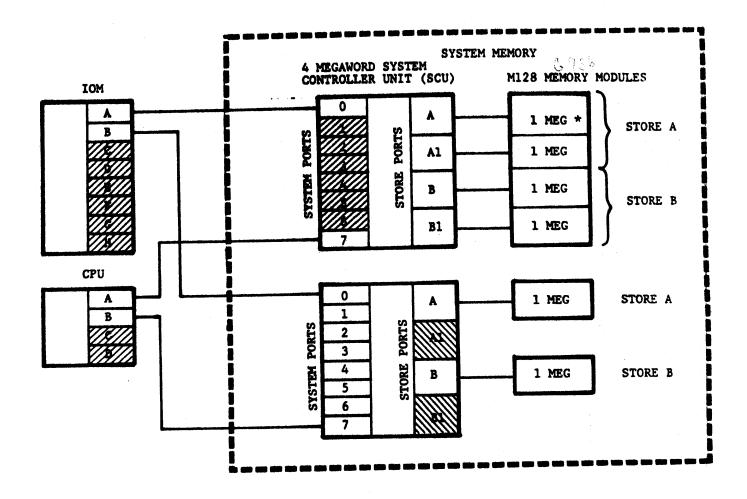


Figure 1-8



System Memory Figure 1-9

REV. 1

#### DISTRIBUTED MAINTENANCE SERVICES

(DMS) Large systems

# "FIELD ENGINEERING DIVISION'S SYSTEMATIC APPROACH TO MAINTENANCE"

#### • REMOTE MAINTENANCE CONTRACTS

- Customer calls single 800 toll-free number for service. (Nationwide response center)
- Technical Assistance Center specialist returns customer's call for problem diagnosis over the phone (remote maintenance). Phonical
- TAC access to customer system is via the DPU remote comm line.
- TAC specialist performs extensive hardware/software diagnosis of customer problem.
- TAC specialist determines failing component (optimum replaceable unit, or ORU).
- TAC calls response center with identical ORU for dispatch of local Level 1 FER for replacement and test.
- Further troubleshooting by on-site FER with TAC support if identified ORU is not the fix.

#### • ON-SITE MAINTENANCE CONTRACTS

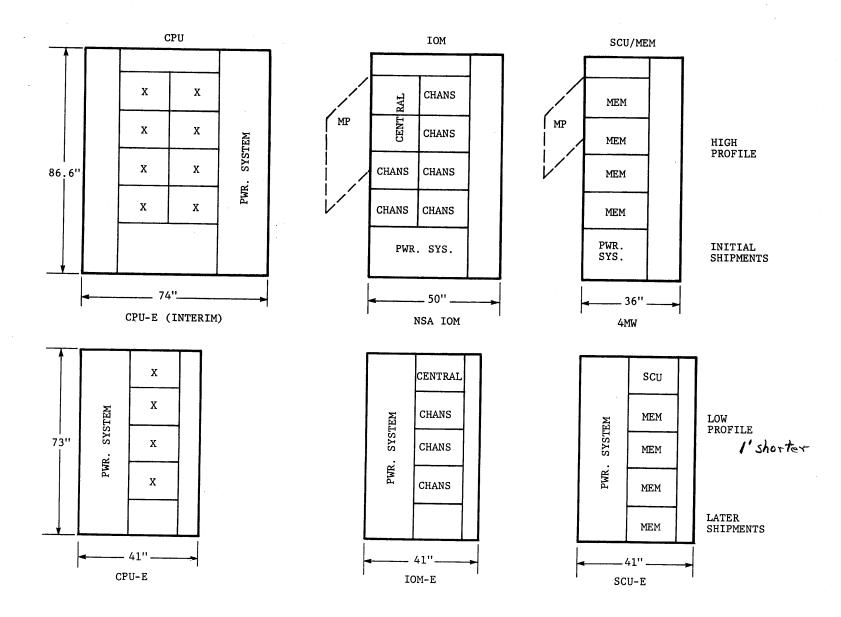
- Customer requests on-site FER give assistance with the problem.
- Level 1 FER runs Test and Diagnostic programs locally, to obtain automatic ORU call out.
- FER replaces called out ORU and re-tests for proper operation.
- For failures not diagnosed by T&D to an ORU, the Level 1 FER calls TAC directly for support.
- On-site Level 2 FER does diagnosis to ORU as TAC specialist would do remotely.

## • CUSTOMER SERVICE ACCOUNT REPRESENTATIVE "CSAR"

Individual FER assigned as Honeywell's representative to personally deal with the customer and his/her problems.

Figure 1-10

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DPSE System Components Figure 2-1

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#### CPS8183 - DPS8/52

MAJOR UNIT DESCRIPTION: FREE-STANDING CENTRAL PROCESSOR SYSTEM WITH MEMORY

INCLUDES: CONFIGURABILITY:

Central Processor Additional CPU: None

Central Processor Addressing CM66: Available with GCOS (III) only

Free-standing I/O Multiplexer w/35 Channel Function Slots Memory Sizes: 1MW, 2MW, 4MW

Memory Addressing: Included I/O Multiplexer Addressing

Additional SCU: None I/O Multiplexer Data Rate Expansion

Additional IOM: None

System Control Unit Mass Storage: (Processors) MSP0606/0609 (Supports up to 8MB Memory)

(Units) MSU0400/0402/0451/0500/0501

1MB of Main Memory Magnetic Tape: (Processors) MTP0610

(Units) MT0400/0419/0411/0412/

Memory Addressing Included 0500/0600/0610

> (Processors) URP0600/ /060 (Printers) PRU1100/1200/1600 Unit Record: /0602 (Cards) CRU0501/1050, CCU0401,

PCU0210/0121, PCU0300

Document Handler: (Processors) DHP0700/0701

(Two Maximum)

(Units) DHU0800/1600 Series REQUIRES:

Communications: DCU6641/6651 (Two Maximum) System Console (CSU6601)

IOM Expansion: 19 Additional Channel Function

Motor Generator and Control Slots (MXF6005) Unit

CSU6601, CSU6004, CSU6005 System Console: REDUNDANT SYSTEM: Not Avail.

(Two Maximum)

Figure 2-2

#### CPS8187 - DPS8/70

MAJOR UNIT DESCRIPTION: FREE-STANDING CENTRAL PROCESSOR SYSTEM WITH MEMORY

INCLUDES:

Central Processor

Central Processor Addressing

Free-standing I/O Multiplexer w/35 Channel Function Slots

I/O Multiplexer Addressing

I/O Multiplexer Data Rate

Expansion

System Control Unit (Supports up to 16MB Memory GCOS 8: 8MB Memory GCOS III)

1MB of Main Memory

Memory Addressing Included

REQUIRES:

System Console (CSU6601)

Motor Generator and Control

Unit

\*A fourth, additional processor available by RPQ for use with GCOS (III). CONFIGURABILITY:

Additional CPU: Three\*

CM66: Available with GCOS (III) only

Memory Sizes: 1MW, 2MW, 4MW, 8MW, 16MW

Memory Addressing: Included

Additional SCU: Three MXC8001

Additional IOM: Three MXU6002

Mass Storage: (Processors) MSP0607/0609

(Units) MSU0400/0402/0451/0500/0501

Magnetic Tape: (Processors) MTP0610

(Units) MTU0400/0410/0411/0412

0500/0600/0610

Unit Record: (Processors) URP0600/ /0602

(Printers) PRU1100/1200/1600 (Cards) CRU0501/1050, CCU0401, PRU0120/0121, PCU0300

Document Handler: (Processors) DHP0700/0701

(Units) DHU0800/1600 Series

Communications: DCU6641/6651 Maximum of Eight

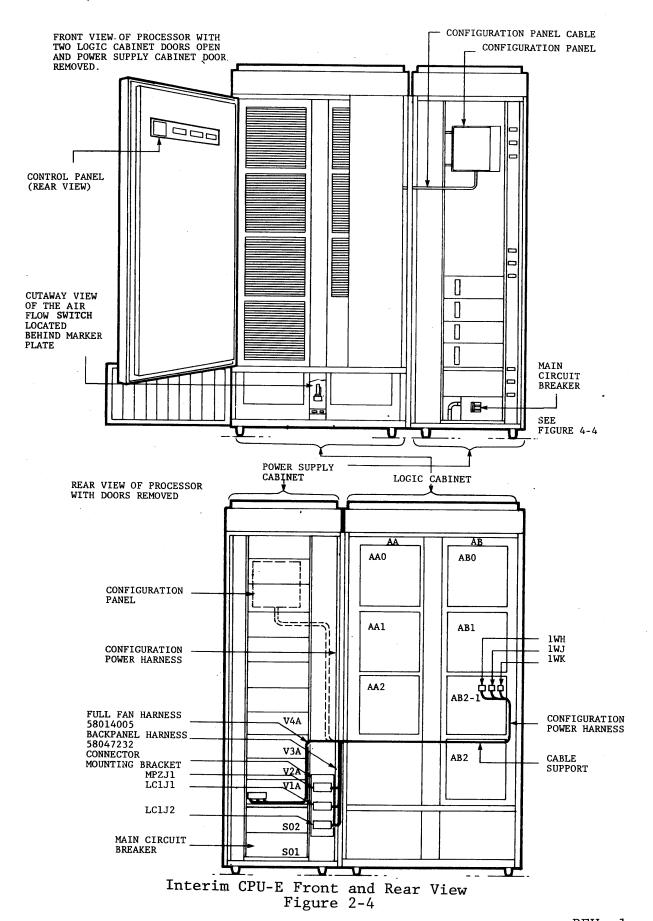
IOM Expansion: 19 Additional Channel Function

Slots (MXF6005)

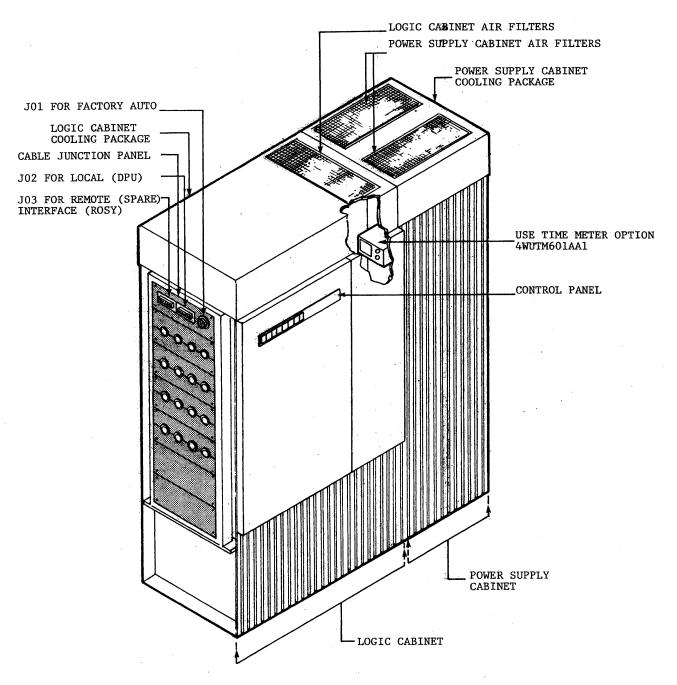
System Console: CSU6601, CSU6004, CSU6005,

(Maximum of Four)

Figure 2-3

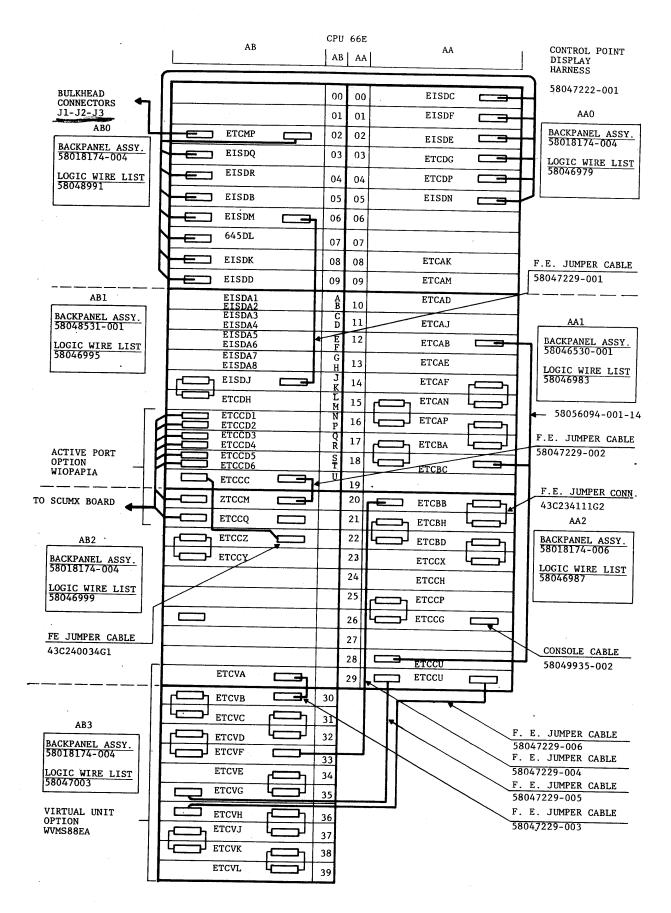


REV. 1

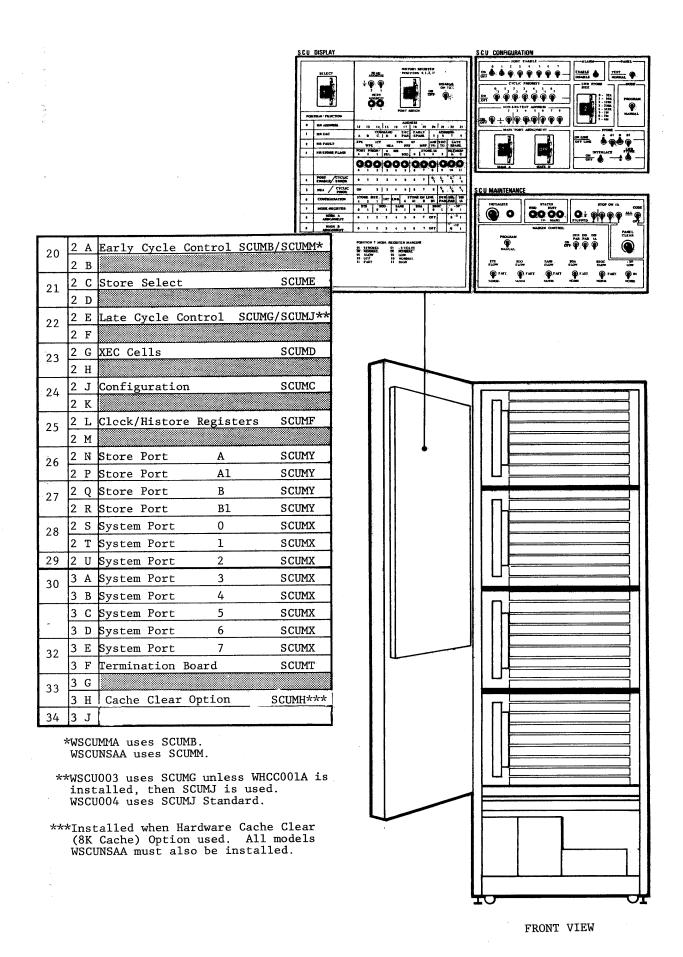


WCPU66EA, DPS-E PROCESSOR

Interim CPU-5 Figure 2-5

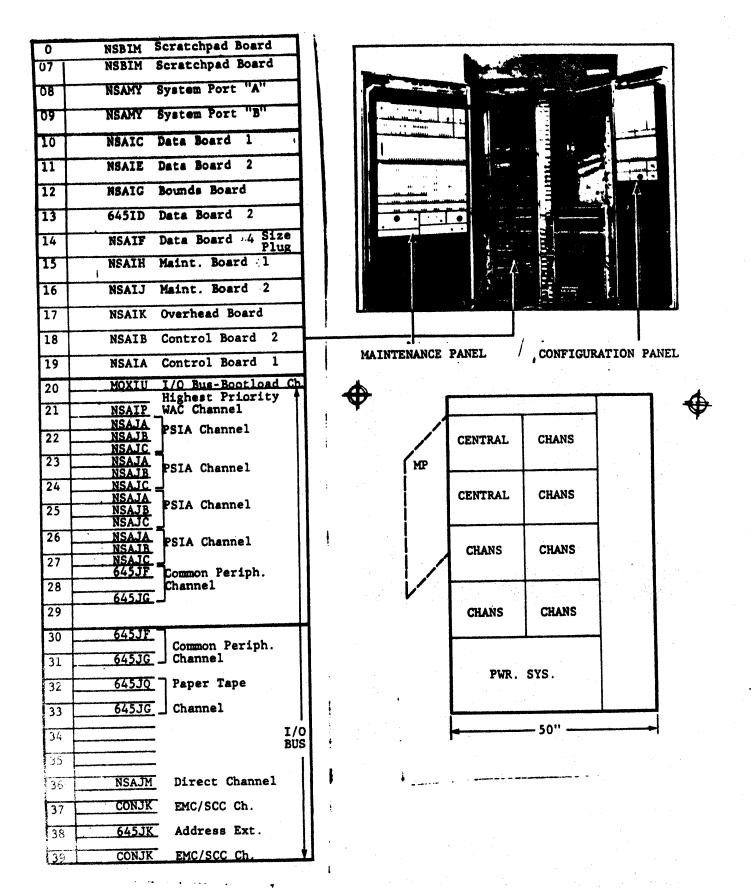


Interim CPU-66E Logic Board Layout Figure 2-6

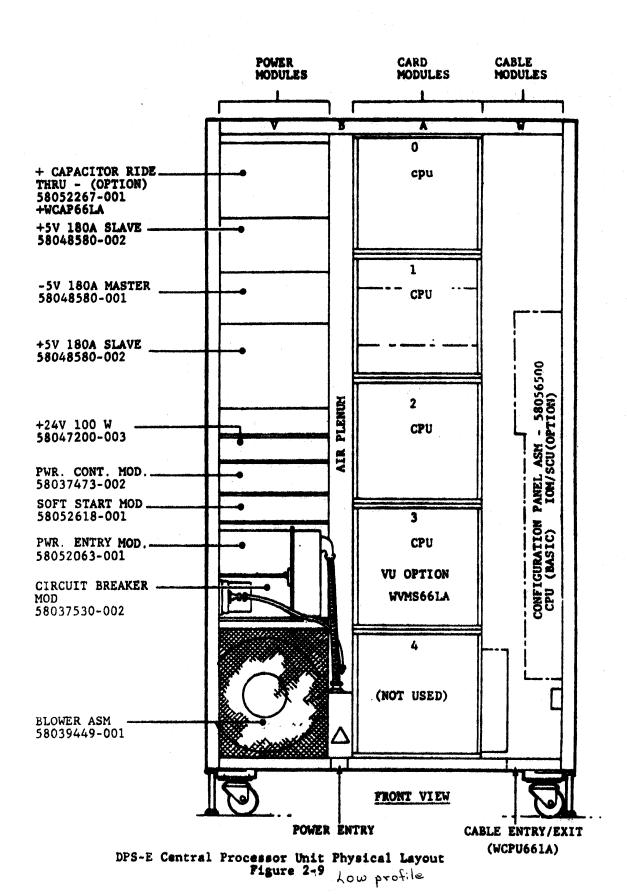


4-Megaword SCU Physical Layout Figure 2-7

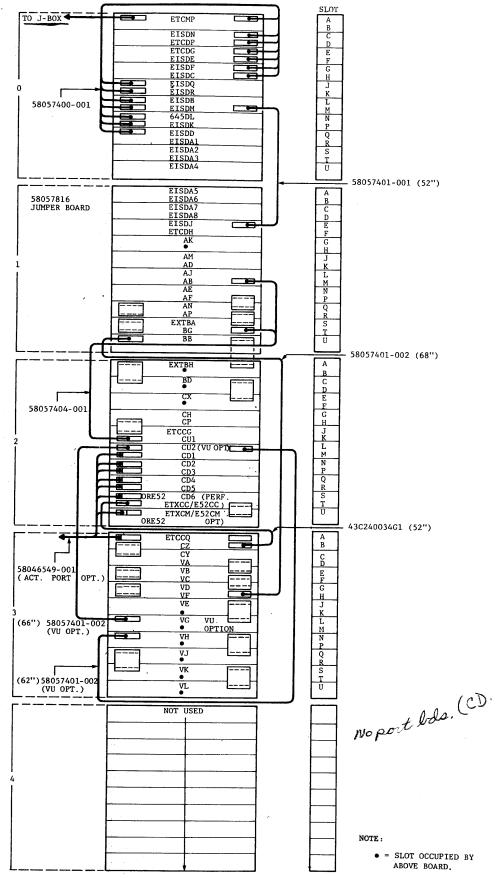
20 , prv 1



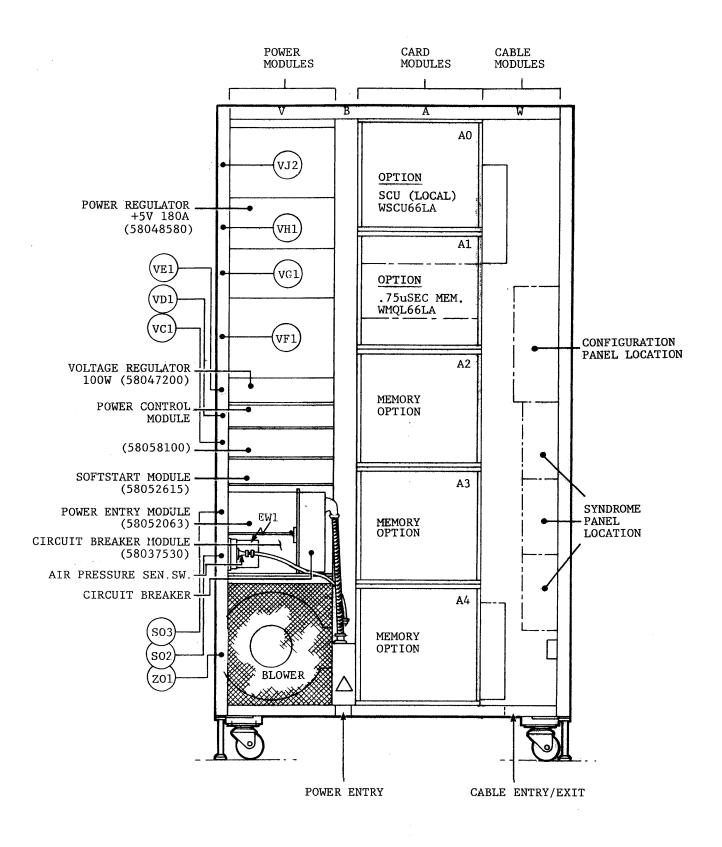
NSA IOM Physical Layout Figure 2-8



.22

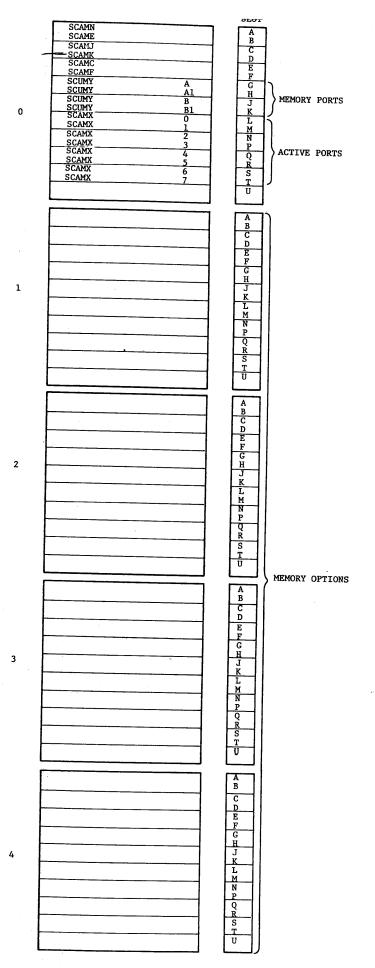


DPS-E Central Processor Unit Board Layout Figure 2-10 Low Profile

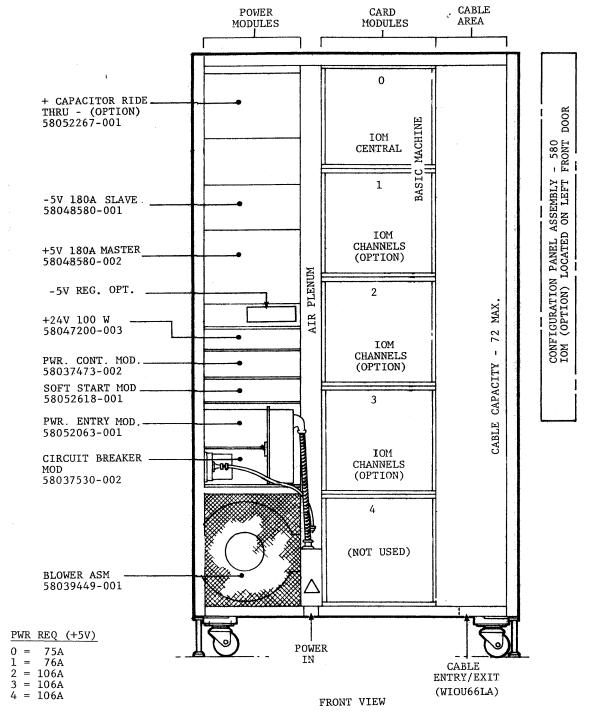


Lo Profile SCU Physical Layout Figure 2-11

REV. 2



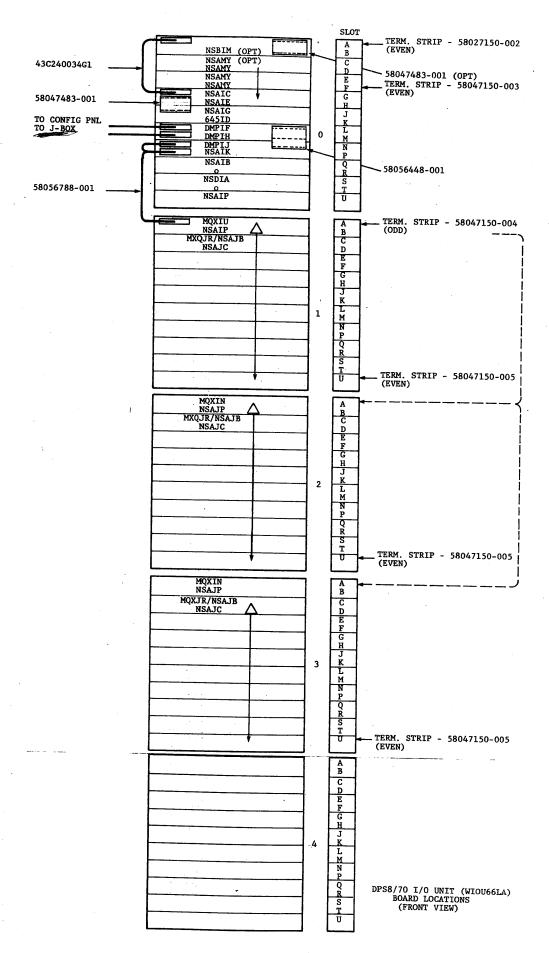
Lo Profile SCU Memory Board Layout Figure 2-12



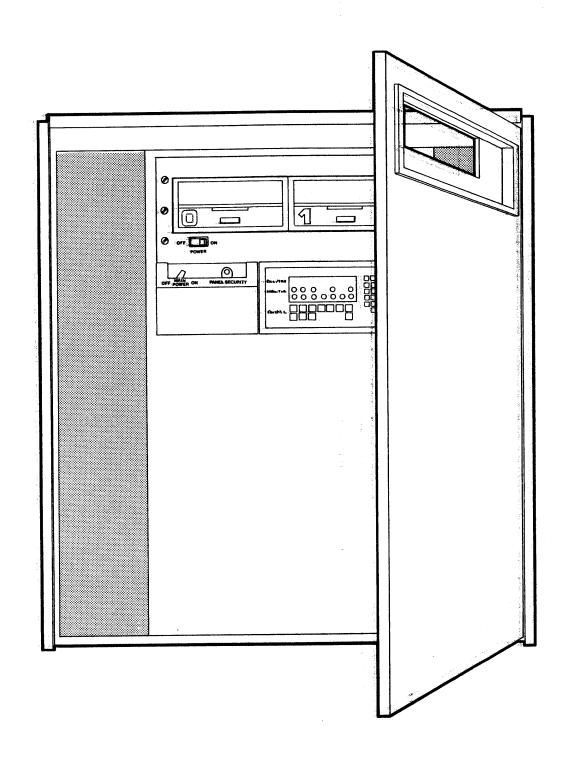
#### CABLE REQ

LO PROFILE INPUT/OUTPUT MULTIPLEXER

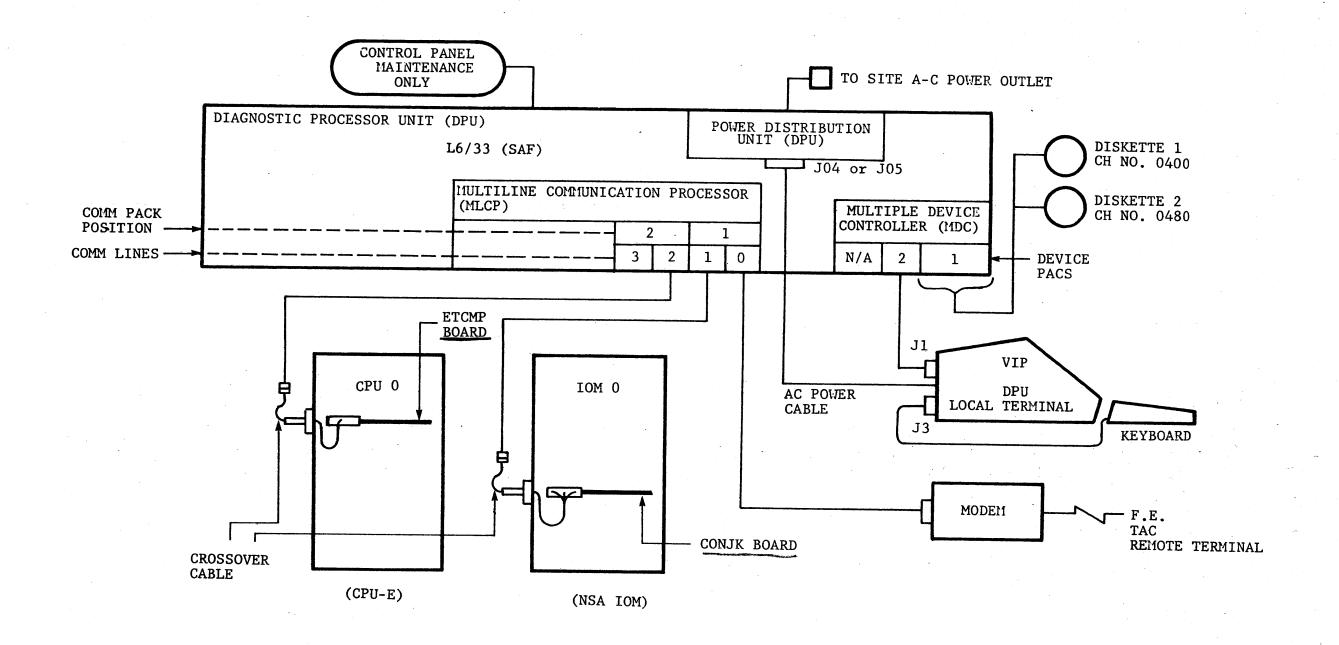
Physical Layout (IOM-E) Figure 2-13



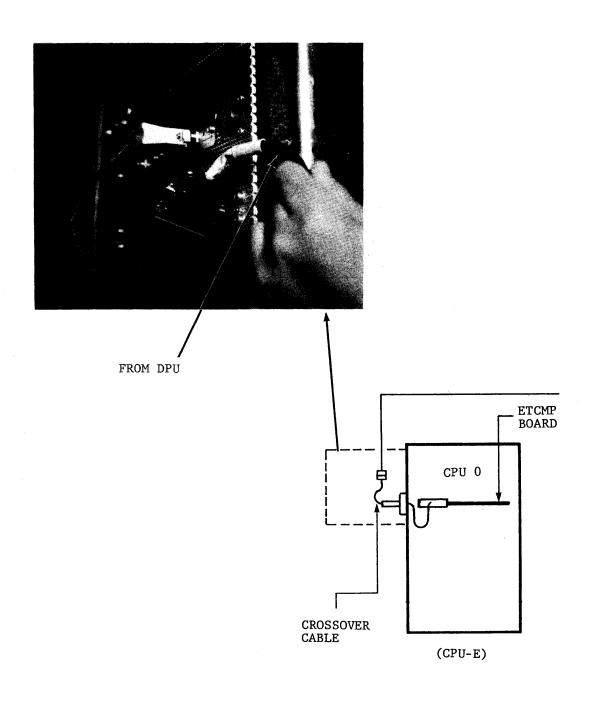
Lo Profile IOM Board Layout Figure 2-14



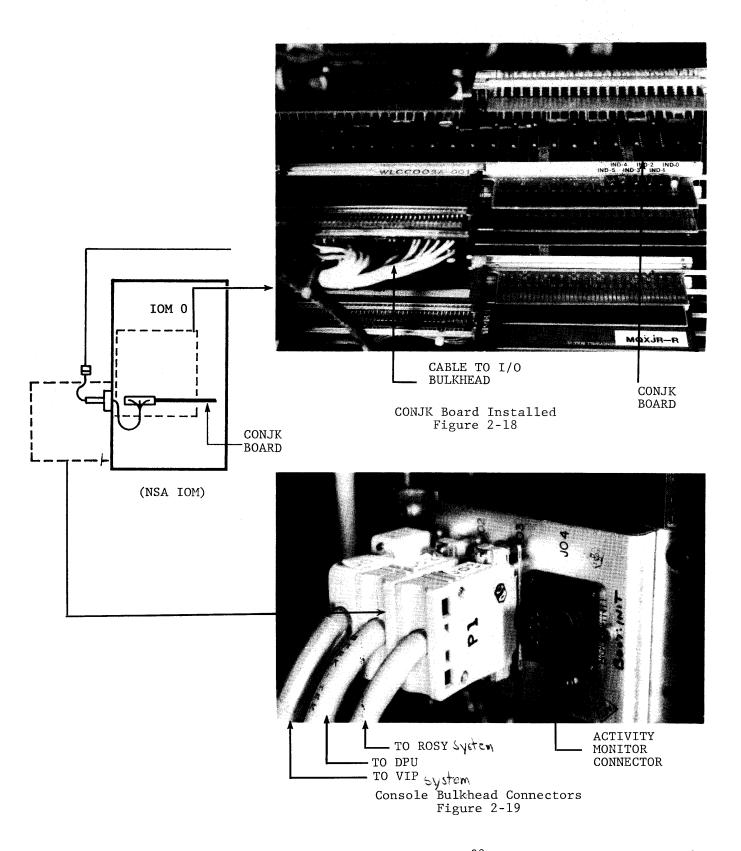
DPU Physical Layout Figure 2-15



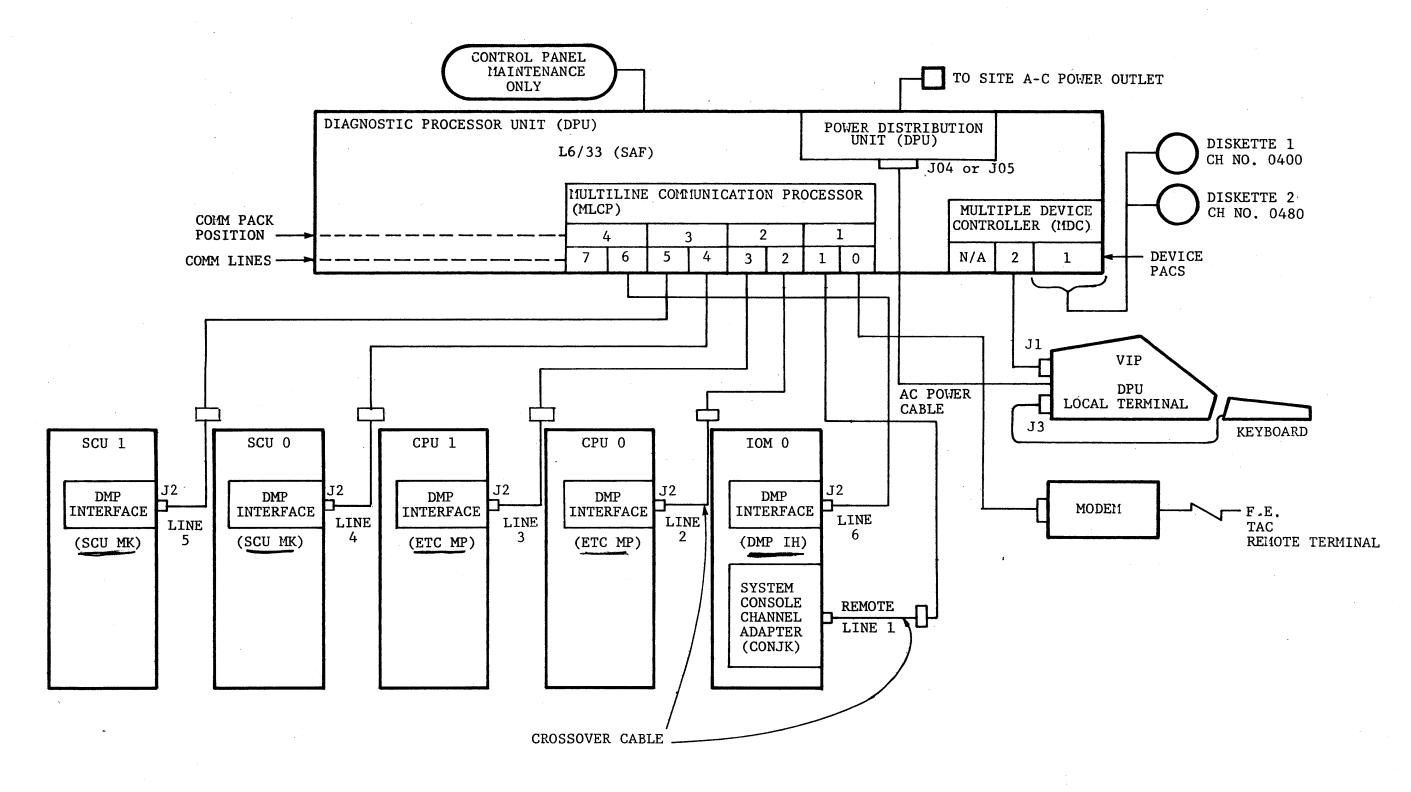
DPU with Minimum Diagnostic Hook-up Figure 2-16



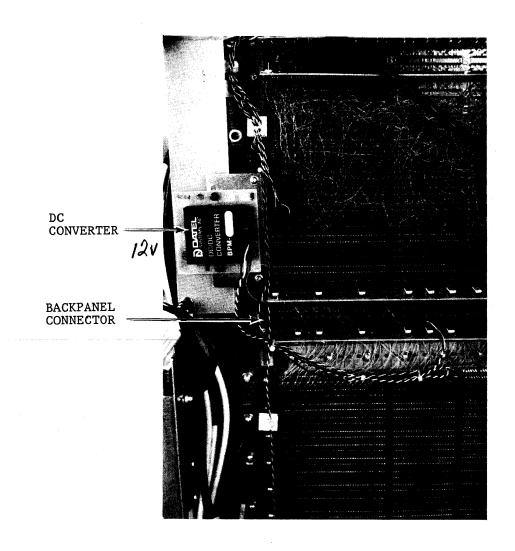
CPU-E Diagnostic Bulkhead Connector Figure 2-17

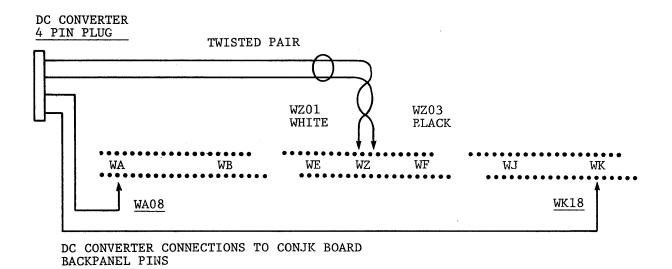


32 REV. 1

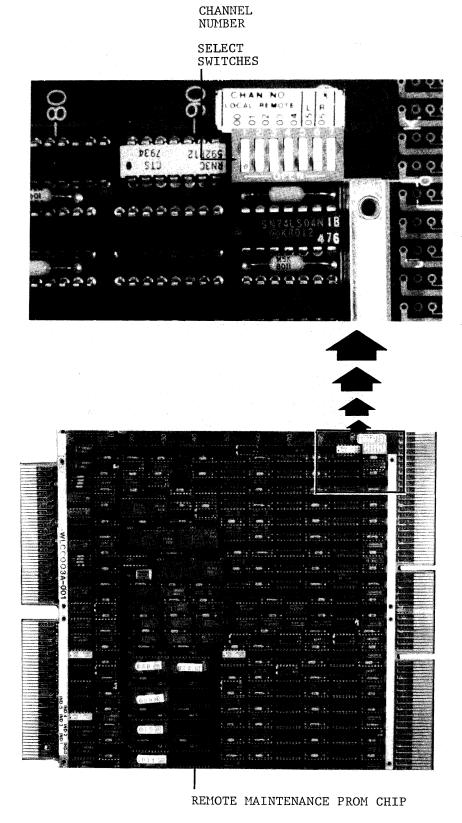


DPS Sample Hookup Figure 2-20

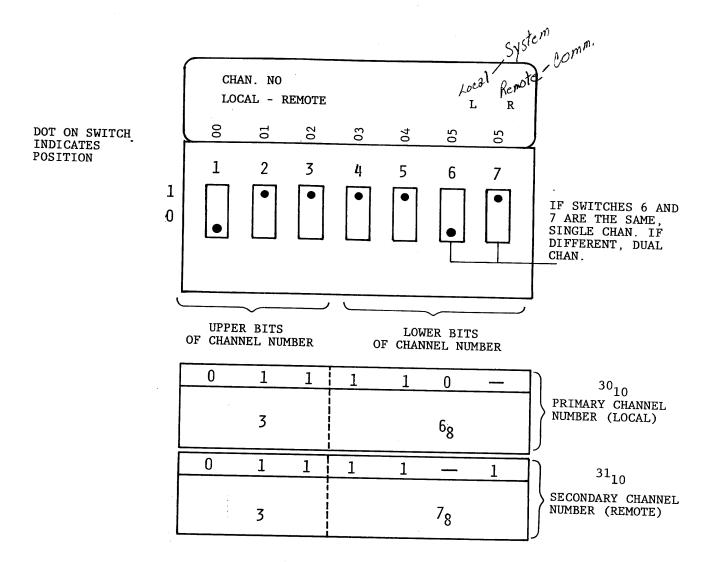




 $\begin{array}{c} {\tt CONJK~Board~Auxiliary~Backpane1~Power~Connection} \\ {\tt Figure~2-21} \end{array}$ 



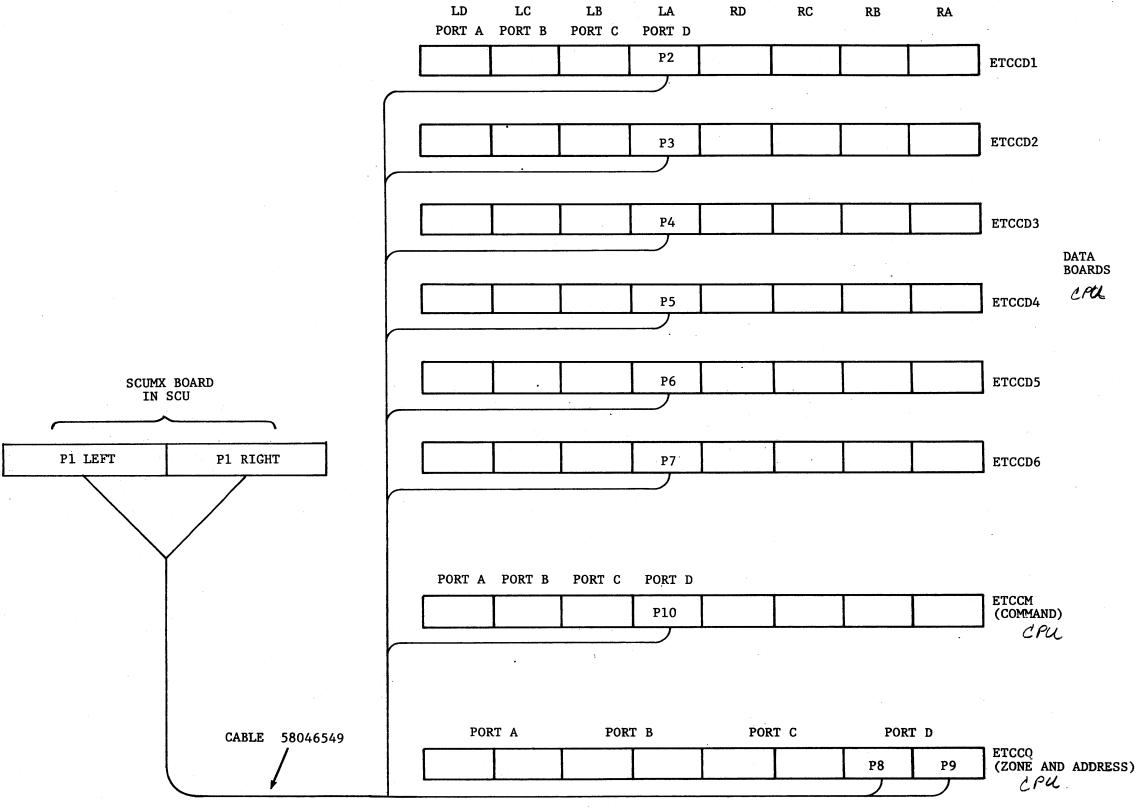
CONJK Board Physical Layout Figure 2-22



CONJK Board Channel Number Select Switches Figure 2-23

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# CPU-E PORT CABLE INSTALLATION



EXAMPLE SHOWS PORT D CONNECTED

REV. 2 Figure 2-24 39/40

# CPU-E CONFIGURATION PANEL DESCRIPTION

This is a new configuration panel which contains the combined features of the L66B standard configuration panel and the NSA configuration panel. In addition to containing all of the capabilities of the L66B processor panel, the new configuration panel includes certain functions of the old maintenance panel. The additional pushbuttons/switches are necessary for operator control of the processor. These functions are the Execute Fault, the Initialize-Clear pushbuttons, and the Test-Normal switch. The pushbuttons provide the operator with the capability to initialize and clear the CPU as well as to execute a fault condition.

The Test-Normal switch is used as a security feature to prevent accidental maintenance access to an active processor. When the Test-Normal switch is in the "NORMAL" position, only the DMP self-test may be executed. In the "TEST" position, the DMP allows the complete range of CPU and DMP MAINTENANCE FUNCTIONS.

On multiprocessor systems where one of the CPU's is to be tested while the system (and other processors) remain up, it is recommended that the processor ports on the processor being tested be disabled at the processor configuration panel. This would limit the CPU to internal tests only. These ports would then be enabled for any additional tests that involve CPU to memory. In other words, remote maintenance will require assistance since the operation or security of the system may be breached by leaving the CPU in the Test mode during normal operation. This is a decision to be made by the site operator and FED to facilitate local or remote maintenance.

The switching of the Test-Normal to either of its modes will not affect the operation of the processor.

A "BUSY" indicator is provided on the configuration panel to indicate that the CPU is an active state. (\$MATCH)

#### CONFIGURATION PANEL OPERATION

The Configuration Panel provides basically the same functions as previous panels. The difference is that functions of separate panels have been consolidated and enhanced. The INITIALIZE-CLEAR and EXECUTE pushbuttons have been added for operator convenience.

#### PORT

Four SCU ports, A through D, may be designated 0 through 7 by their respective ASSIGNMENT switches. Processor interface blocks of two or four words may be selected by the three position INTERLACE SCU Port switches. The Port Enable switches allow enabling of the individual SCU ports, while the INITIALIZE ENABLE switch permits initialization at the system console, when enabled.

### STORE SIZE

Thumbwheel switches are used to select one of eight Memory sizes for the four ports. Selection is from 32 to 4096 thousand words.

### PROCESSOR FAULT BASE ADDRESS

The Processor Fault Base Address may be selected by modulo 32 between 0040g and 7740g.

## PROCESSOR NUMBER

The Processor may be assigned numbers 0 through 7.

#### MODE

The operator may select GCOS or VMS mode of operation.

#### ALARM

The alarm for fault detection may be enabled or disabled.

## INITIALIZE - CLEAR

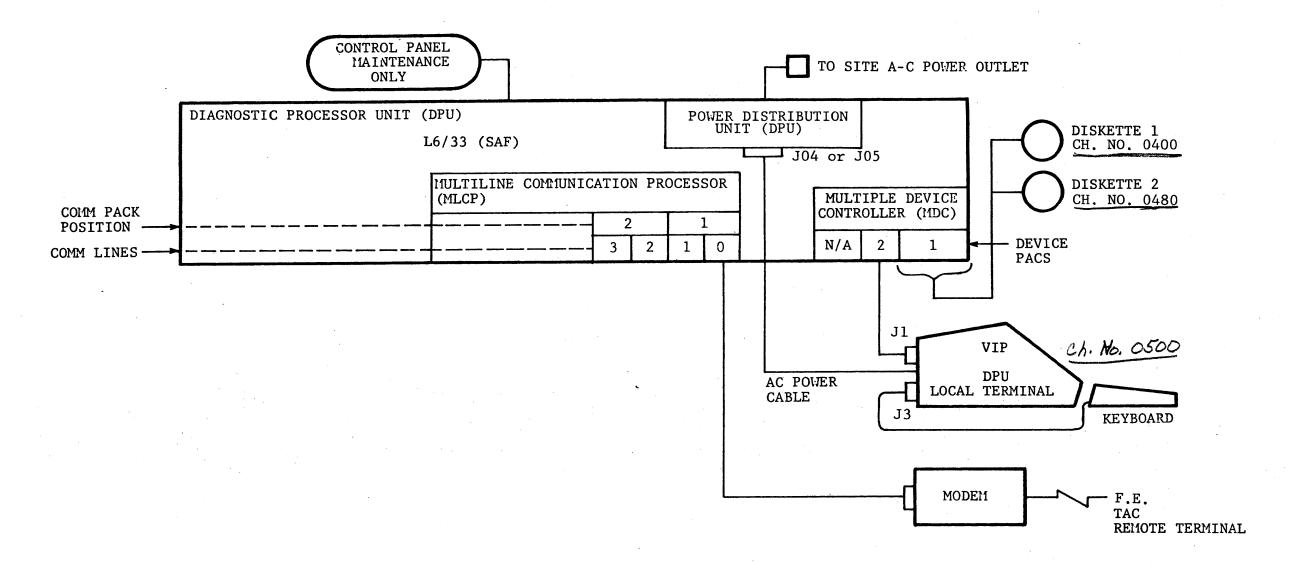
- The INITIALIZE - CLEAR pushbutton allows the operator to initialize and clear the system. This includes the microprocessor and its supporting circuitry.

### EXECUTE

The EXECUTE pushbutton allows the operator to initiate an Execute Fault to a designated location.

# CPU-E CONFIGURATION PANEL

#### CONFIGURATION PORTS INTERLACE **ENABLE** PORT INIT 2 WORD 9 OFF ON 4 WORD OFF 2 WORD 9 OFF OFF 4 WORD 2 WORD OFF OFF 4 WORD 2 WORD D OFF OFF 4 WORD STORE SIZE POSITION SIZE **PROCESSOR** 32K PORTS 64K 128K TEST BUSY 256K 512K 0 3 3 1024K 2048K NORMAL 4096K PROCESSOR FAULT BASE ADDRESS 10 11 12 9 9 PROCESSOR NUMBER MODE INIT-CLEAR ALARM **EXECUTE** GCOS N DIS-O O ABLE ENABLE'



COMM LINE	CHANNEL NO.	DEVICE NAME
0	1000	REMOT (MODEM) TAC
1	1080	CPU
2	1100	IOM
3	1180	SCU

Basic DPU Layout

Figure 2-26

43/44

REV. 1

#### DPU BOOTLOAD SEQUENCE

```
LINE 1. ***** DIAGNOSTIC PROCESSOR UNIT (REV A.1) *****

LINE 2. RMI ACTIVE (RMI = REMOTE MAINTENANCE INTERFACE)

LINE 3. C? [?]

LINE 4. SYS CMDS (U = UNIT KEY_NAME REQUIRED)

OFL U
ONL U
CLST
CBLD
```

LINE 5. C? [CLST] WORKING...

IDLE

## SYSTEM COMMANDS

OFL U - INVOKES OFF-LINE FUNCTION ON UNIT XX.

ONL U - INVOKES ON-LINE FUNCTION THROUGH LCCXX.

CLST - LIST DPU CONFIGURATION.

CBLD - BUILD OR ALTER SITE CONFIGURATION FILE.

IDLE - RUN DMP SELF-TESTS.

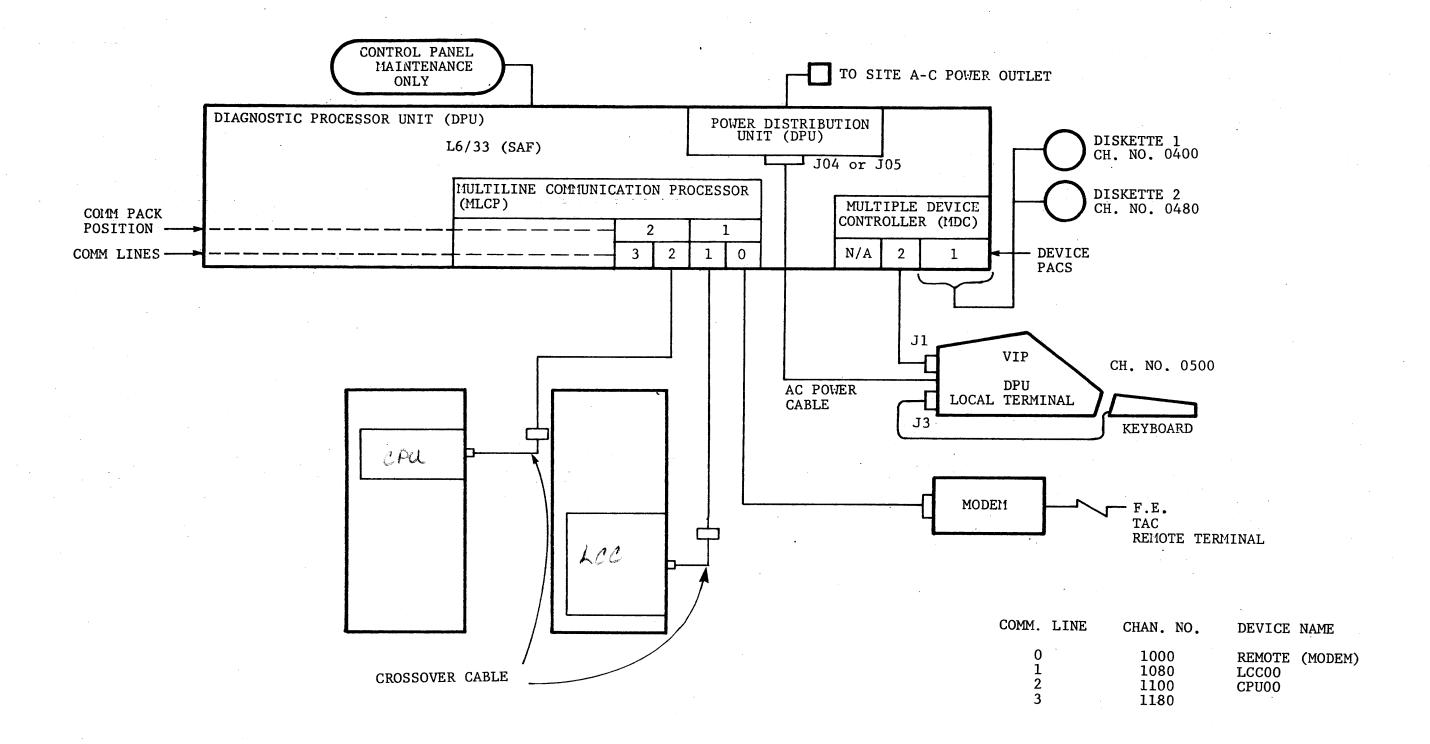
Each unit that cables to the DPU (CPU, SCU, IOM, LCC) has an associated KEY NAME that the DPU uses to identify that unit by type and number. These  $KEY\_NAME\overline{S}$  are:

L66-E CPU = CPUXX
L68-E CPU = CPMXX
SCU = SCUXX
IOM = IOMXX
LCC = LCCXX
FEP = FEPXX

XX is a number from 00 to 99 that uniquely identifies a Central Unit. A four processor, one SCU, one IOM system would be configured as CPU00, CPU01, CPU02, CPU03 to identify CPU, 0, 1, 2, 3, and SCU00, IOM00 to identify the SCU and IOM.

Printout of Console/VIP Configuration Dialogue for Basic DPU Figure 2-27

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Basic DPU with System Console and Dynamic Maintenance Panel Connections

REV. 2

```
LINE 1.
                              DIAGNOSTIC PROCESSOR UNIT (REV A.1)
 LINE 2.
                RMI ACTIVE
 LINE 3.
                C? [CLST]
                              (YOU ENTER CLST AND HIT RETURN KEY.)
                WORKING...
                    SPD
                                CHANNEL
 LINE 4.
                 DEVICE NAME
                                NUMBER
                ********
                * DSKOO
                              * 0400 *
                   LOCAL
                              * 0500
                                           VIRGIN PACK
                   DSK01
                                 0480
                              + 1000
                * REMOT
                C? [CBLD]
LINE 5.
                               (START CONFIG DIALOGUE)
                WORKING...
                ENTER UPDATE OPTION: BUILD, ADD, CHANGE, OR LIST
LINE 6.
                ?[7]?
                LIST
                BUILD
                ADD
                          (SEE TABLE BELOW.)
                CHANGE
                DONE
                ABORT
LINE 7.
               ENTER UPDATE OPTION: BUILD, ADD, CHANGE, OR LIST
                ?BUILD]
                       CHAN BAUD MODEM
                NAME
LINE 8.
                REMOT 1000 1200 1
               ENTER DEVICE NAME: [LCCOO]
               ENTER CHANNEL NUMBER: [1080]
               ENTER DEVICE NAME: [CPUOO]
               ENTER CHANNEL NUMBER: [1100]
               ENTER DEVICE NAME: [DONE]
                NAME
                       CHAN BAUD MODEM
LINE 9.
                REMOT
                       1000
                             1200
                LCC00
                                       NEW INFORMATION
                       1080
                             1200
                CPUOO
                      1100
                             1200
                CONFIGURATION UPDATE OPTIONS
                       - PROVIDE A LIST OF ALL CONFIG OPTIONS.
                LIST - LIST ALL UNITS CURRENTLY IN CONFIG FILE.
                BUILD - BUILD NEW CONFIGURATION FILE.
                      - NEW UNITS WILL BE ADDED TO EXISTING CONFIG FILE.
                CHANGE - MODIFY EXISTING CONFIG FILE.
                     - ALL INPUT OF NEW INFORMATION IS COMPLETED.
                DONE
                ABORT - IGNORE ALL INPUTS (DO NOT CHANGE EXISTING FILE).
```

```
LINE 1.
                    DIAGNOSTIC PROCESSOR UNIT (REV A.1)
            ****
LINE 2. RMI ACTIVE
LINE 3. C? [?]
         SYS CMDS (U = UNIT KEY_NAME REQUIRED)
             OFL U
             ONL
                 U
             CLST
             CBLD
             IDLE
LINE 4. C? [CLST]
       WORKING...
                      CHANNEL
           SPD
LINE 5.
        DEVICE NAME
                      NUMBER
       *********
                       0400
          DSKOO
                       0500
          LOCAL
          DSK01
                       0480
                                 NEW CONFIGURATION
```

Verification of Newly-Built CONFIG File Figure 2-30

1000

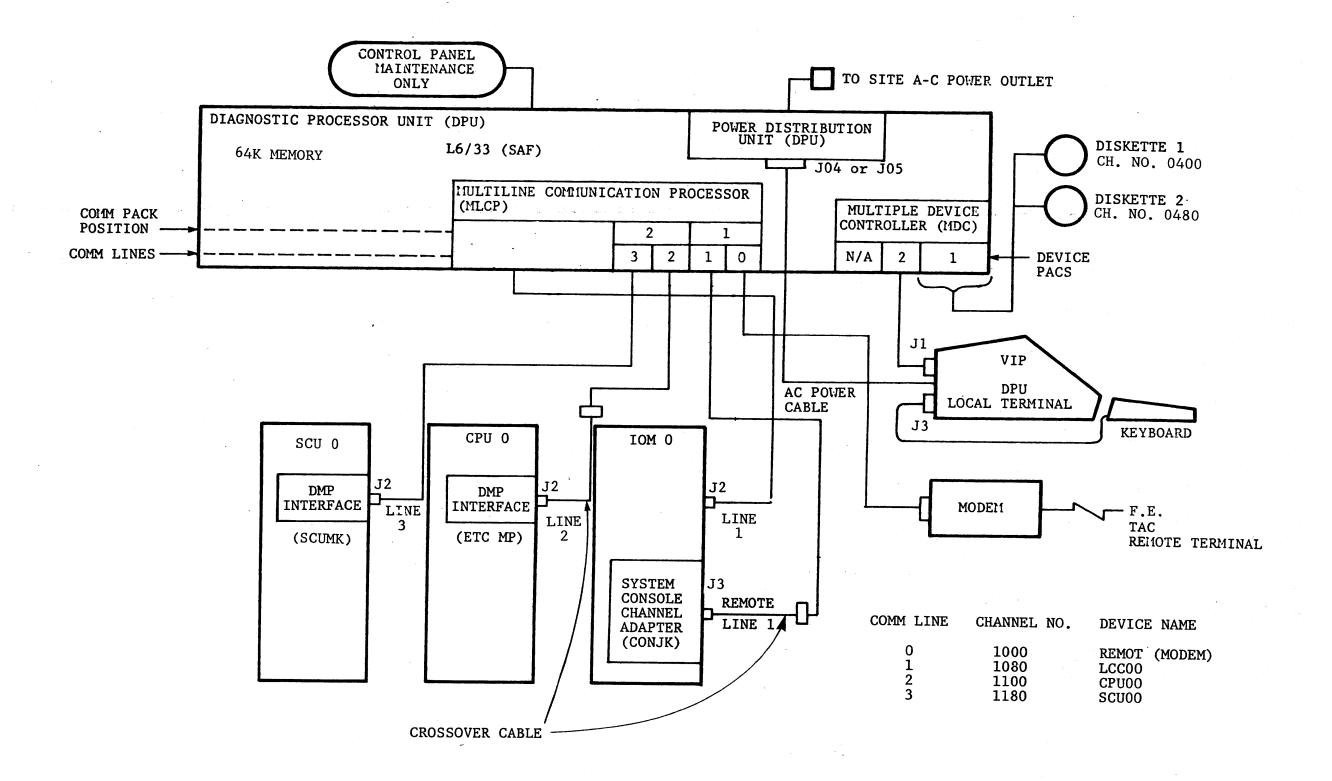
1080

1100

REMOT

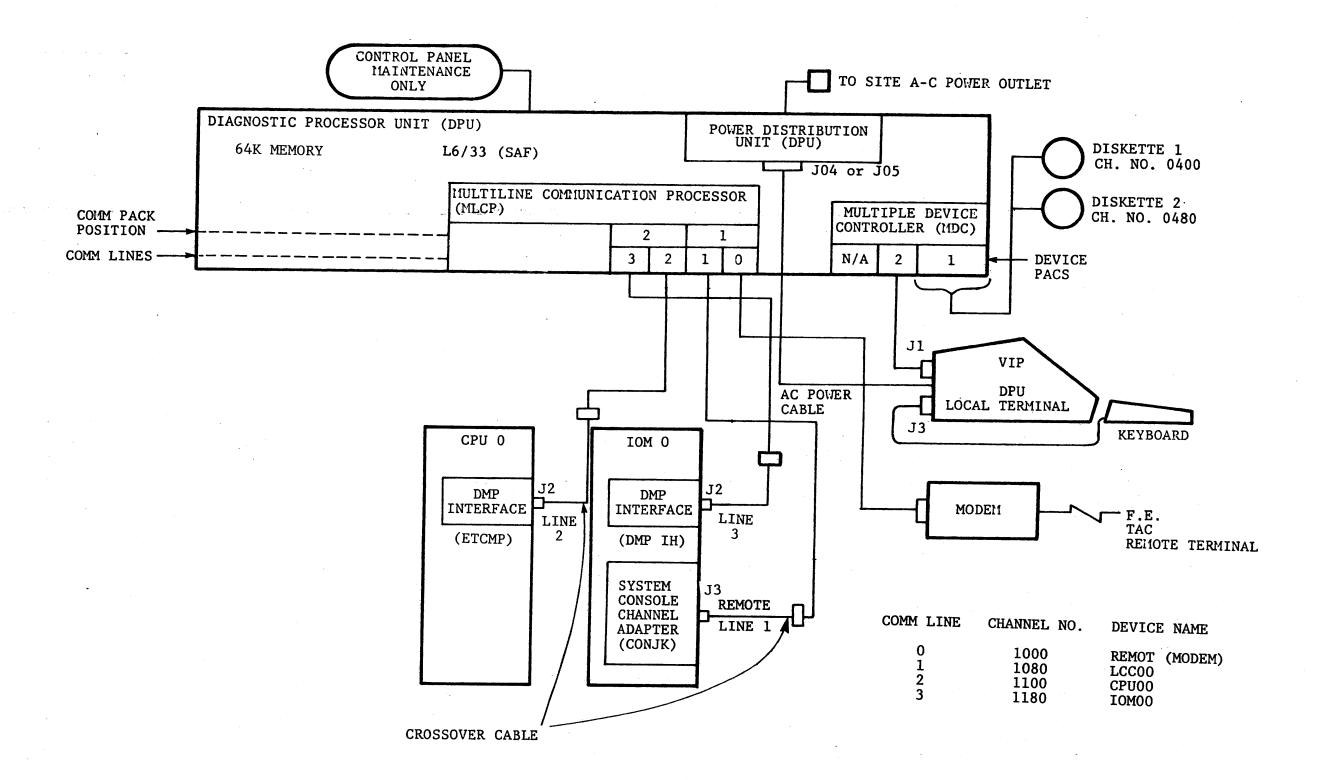
CPU00

\***\*** 



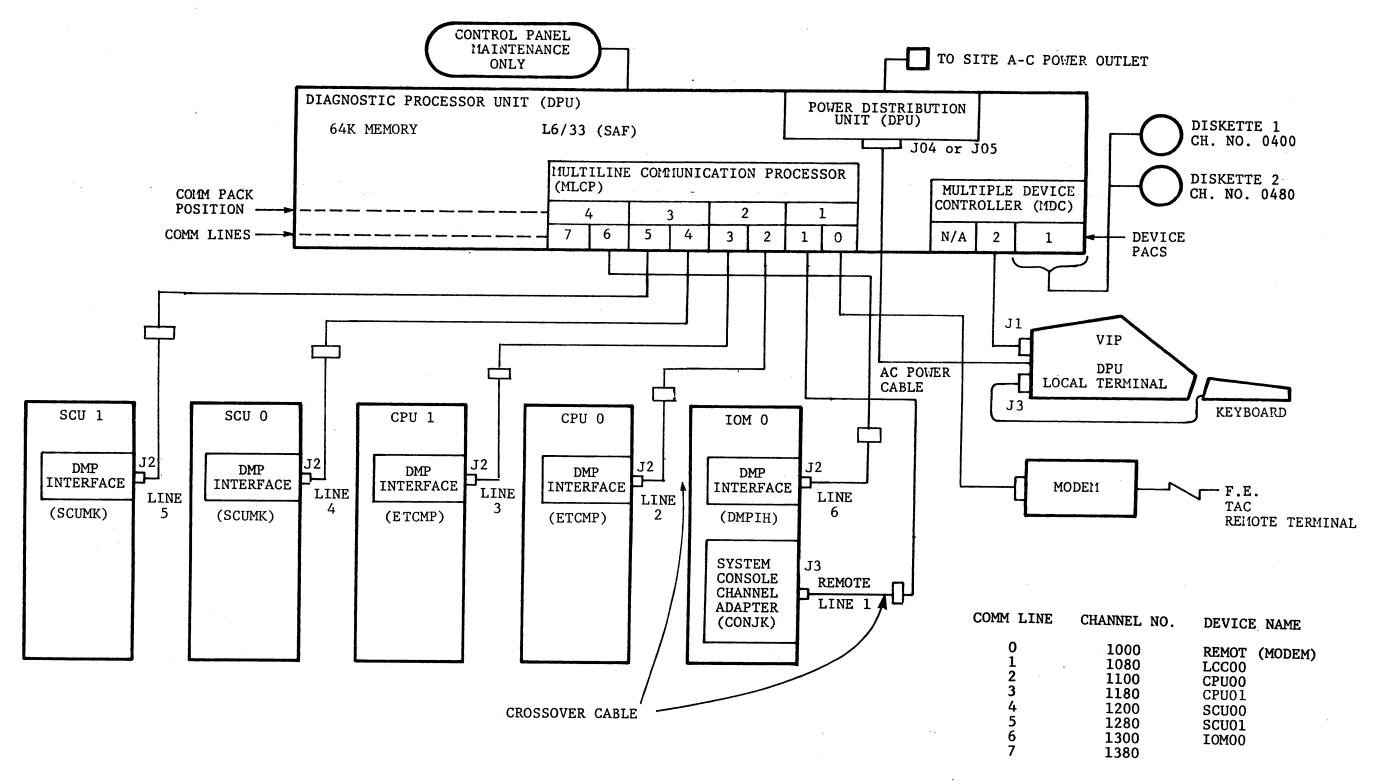
Layout of Rebuilt CONFIG File Containing SCU00

Figure 2-31 REV. 3 51/52



Layout of Rebuilt CONFIG File Containing IOM00

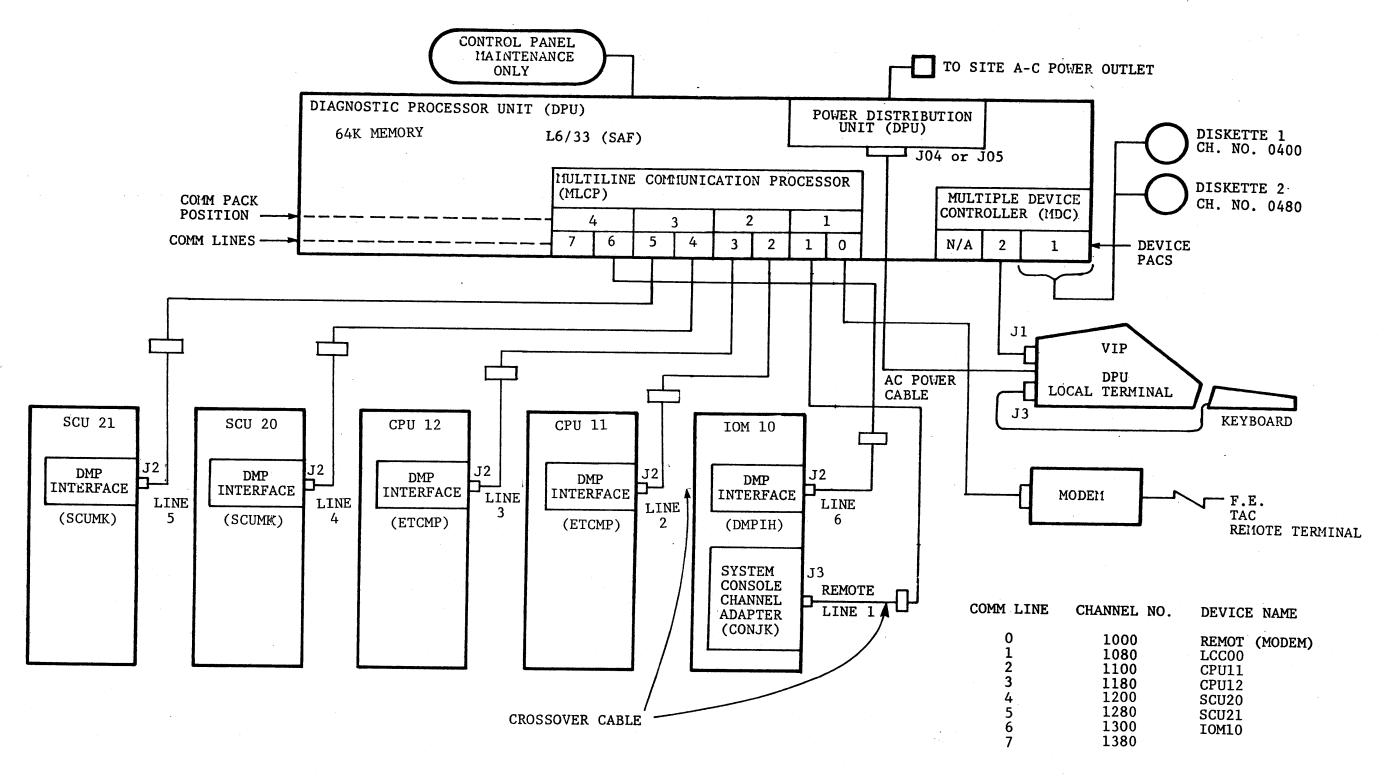
Figure 2-32



Site Layout of Seven COMM Lines

Figure 2-33

55/56 REV. 2

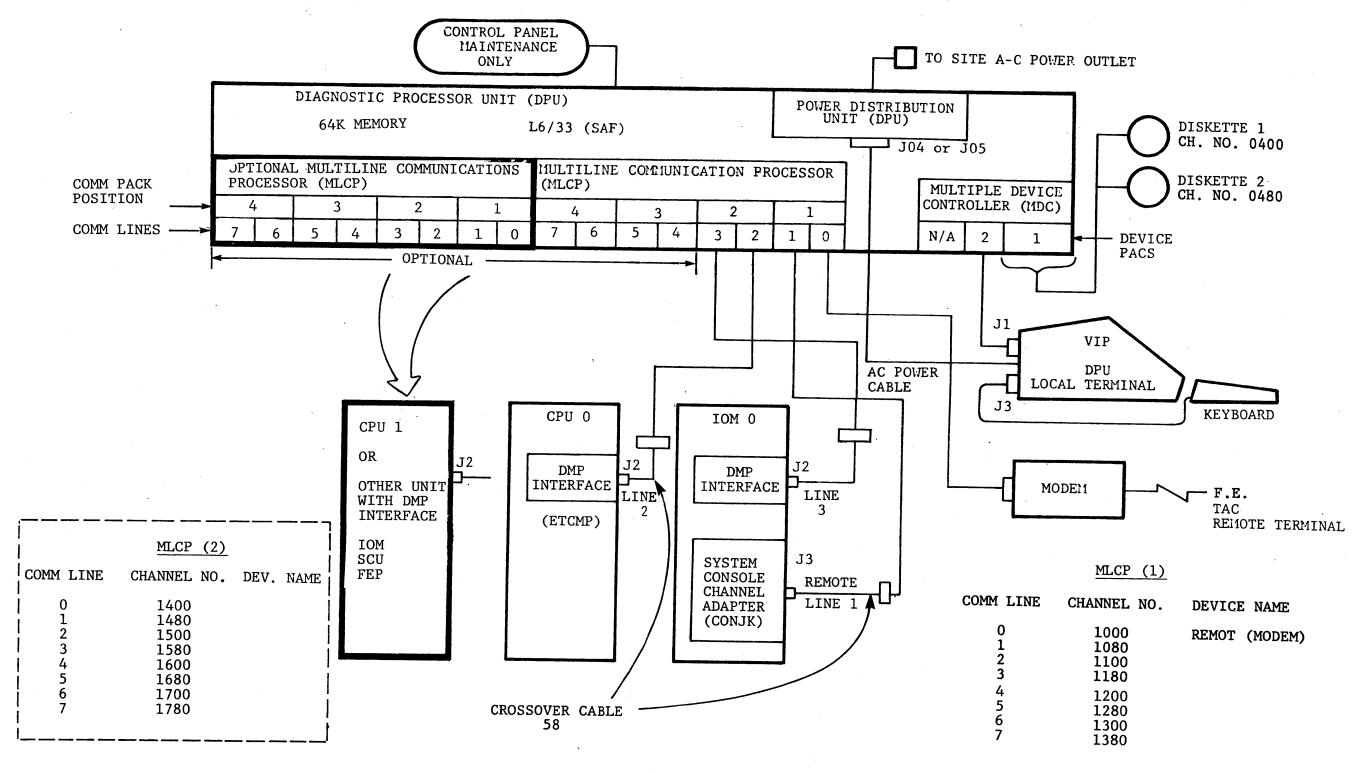


Device "Keyname" Number Assignments

Figure 2-34

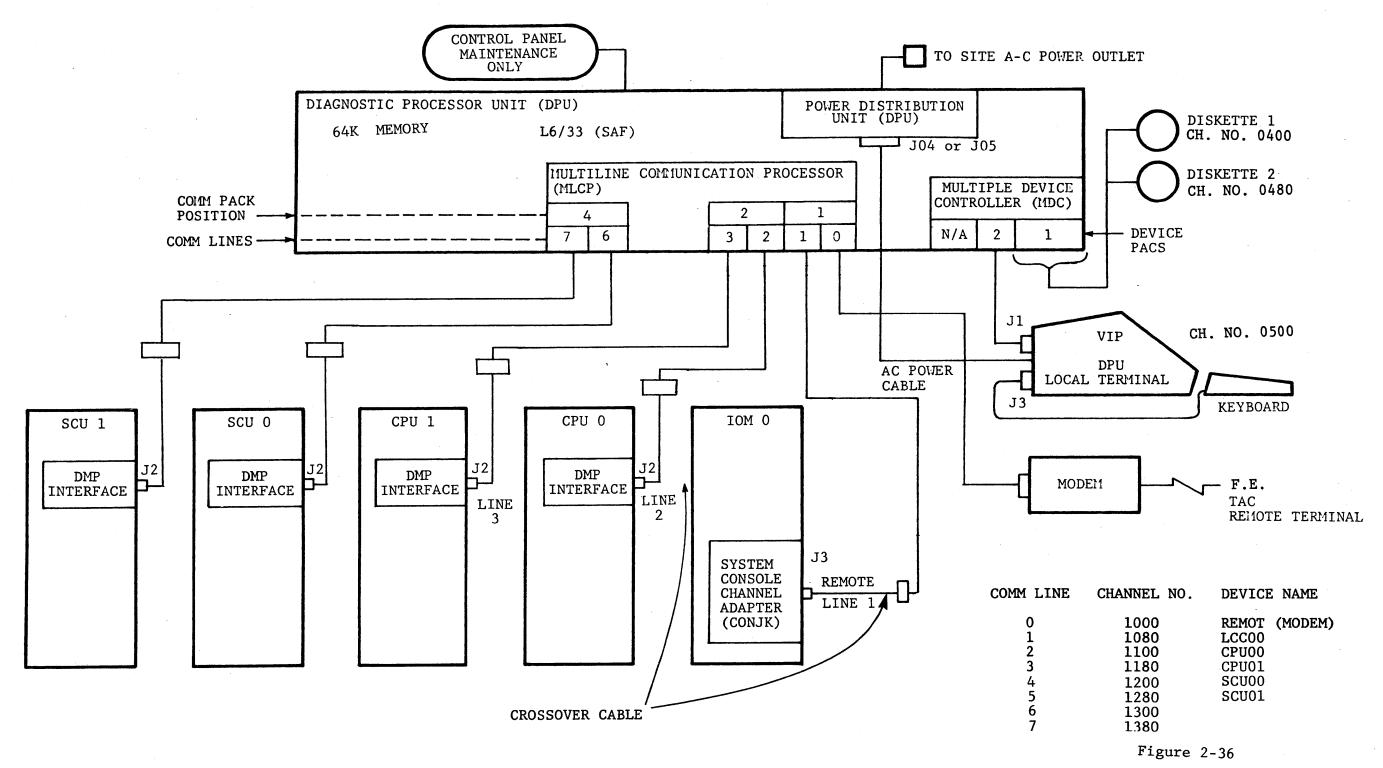
REV. 2

57/58



Site Layout Expanded to 16 COMM Lines Figure 2-35

REV. 2 59/60



Channel Number Assignment Error

REV. 2

61/62

```
RMI ACTIVE
```

```
LINE 1. C? [CLST] WORKING...
```

- LINE 2. C? [CBLD] WORKING...
- LINE 3. PATER UPDATE OPTION: BUILD, ADD, CHANGE, OR LIST 7[7]
  ?
  LIST
  BUILD
  ADD
  CHANGE
  DONE
  ABORT
- LINE 4. ENTER UPDATE OPTION: BUILD, ADD: CHANGE: OR LIST %[IST] NAME CHAN BAUD MODEM
- REMOT 1000. 1200 1
  ENTER UPDATE OPTION: BUILD, ADD, CHANGE, OR LIST
  PRUILD;
  NAME CHAN BAUD MODEM

CHAN BAUD MODEM

REMOT 1000 1200 1
ENTER DEVICE NAME: [LCC00]
ENTER CHANNEL NUMBER: [1080]
ENTER DEVICE NAME: [CPU00]
ENTER CHANNEL NUMBER: [1100]
ENTER CHANNEL NUMBER: [1180]
ENTER CHANNEL NUMBER: [1200]
ENTER CHANNEL NUMBER: [1200]
ENTER CHANNEL NUMBER: [1280]
ENTER CHANNEL NUMBER: [1280]
ENTER CHANNEL NUMBER: [1280]
ENTER CHANNEL NUMBER: [1280]

These two entries will cause an error code of OB33 during the next Bootload sequence.

LINE 7. REMOT 1000 1200 LCC00 1080 1200 0 CPUOO 1100 1200 0 CPU01 1180 1200 0 SCUOO 1200 1200 0 SCU01 1280 1200 0 0?

NAME

Sample Printout of "Building" a New Diskette Figure 2-37

## RMI ACTIVE

LINE 1. C? [CLST] WORKING...

```
SPD
                          CHANNEL
          DEVICE NAME
                          NUMBER
LINE 2.
            DSKOD
                           0400
            LOCAL
                           0500
            บรหบา
                           0480
            REMOT
                           1000
            LCCOO
                           1080
            CPUOO
                           1100
            CPU01
                           1180
            scuoo
                           0000
                                      CHANNEL NUMBERS SHOULD BE 1200 AND 1280.
            SCU01
                           0000
          *******************
```

LINE 3. 'C? [CBLD] WORKING...

SCU01

```
ENTER UPDATE OPTION: BUILD, ADD, CHANGE, OR LIST
LINE 4.
         PLIST]
          NAME
                 CHAN BAUD MODEM
LINE 5.
          REHOT
                 1000
                       1200
                              1
          LCCOO
                 1080
                       1200
                             0
          CPUQQ
                 1100
                       1200
          CPU01
                 1180
                       1200
                             0
          SCUOO
                 1200
                       1200
                             0
```

1280 1200 0

Figure 2-38

ENTER UPDATE OPTION: BUILD, ADD, CHANGE, OR LIST

# SITE CONFIGURATION

On initial start-up of the DPU, the site configuration must be entered via the "CBLD" command. The "BUILD" option may now be used to inform the DPU where the mainframe units are cabled.

Each unit that cables to the DPU (CPU, SCU, IOM, LCC) has an associated KEY\_NAME that the DPU uses to identify that unit by type and number. These KEY NAMES are:

L66-E CPU = CPUXXL68-E CPU = CPMXX(Multics) SCU = SCUXX IOM = IOMXX LCC = LCCXX FEP = FEPXX

XX is a number from 00 to 99 that uniquely identifies a Central Unit. A four processor, one SCU, one IOM system would be configured as CPU00, CPU01, CPU02, CPU03 to identify CPU, 0, 1, 2, 3, and SCU00, IOM00 to identify the SCU and IOM.

# CONFIGURATION BUILD PROCEDURES

First, verify the DPU cable connections on the MLCP's.

- Line 0. Channel 1000 is reserved for the Remote DPU Terminal modem.
   Line 1, Channel 1080 is reserved for the LCC by convention.
- Lines 2 thru 7, Channels 1100, 1180, 1280, 1300, 1380, respectively, are available for unit connection.
- Lines 8 thru 15 (on MLCP 2), Channels 1400, 1480, ... 1780 are also for unit connections.

Second, record the line number, channel number, unit cabled, and then assign appropriate KEY NAMES:

LINE	CHANNEL	UNIT	KEY
0	1000	MODEM CP0 CP1 CP2LCC CP3 SCU IOM	REMOTE
2	1100		CPU00
7	1380		CPU01
11	1080		CPU02
5	1280		CPU03
3	1180		SCU00
6	1300		IOM00

At the DPU terminal, enter CBLD at the system command level (denoted by "C?"). When CBLD responds, enter the BUILD option and proceed as instructed to enter the device name (KEY\_NAME) and associated channel number. When complete, enter DONE after the device name prompt.

The DPU must now be rebooted to include the new configuration information in the system. Thereafter, subsequent boots will include the site configuration as entered.

The CLBD ADD and CHANGE options are available to alter the site configuration to accommodate system expansion, field upgrades, ... etc.

The KEY\_NAMES used in the site configuration are later used to identify the unit to be acted upon by various DPU Function commands, such as OFL, ONL, TST, ...etc.

Typical usage would be:

- C? OFL CPUOO invokes Off-Line function on CPO.
- C? ONL LCC00 invokes On-Line function through LCCO.

Figure 2-39

# DPU ERROR CODES

R1 = OBXX	Software COMM Module Errors
R1 = OB13 R1 = OB23 R1 = OB48 R1 = OB49 R1 = OB4A R1 = OBXX R1 = OB33	Invalid channel number Invalid channel number, already assigned MLCP busy, cannot load software module Main memory error during software loading Incorrect parity during load Other codes* (See footnote.) Undefined (This halt will occur with hardware holes.)
R1 = 13XX	Software "CMD" Module Errors

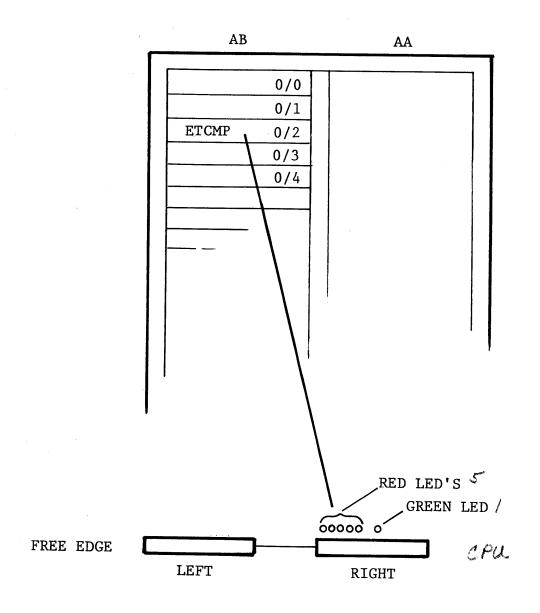
These errors may be caused by invalid entries to the "CBLD" command of the DPU.

R1 = 1301 R1 = 1302 R1 = 1303 R1 = 1306 R1 = 130F R1 = 1324 R1 = 132A R1 = 1339 R1 = 133X R1 = 1330	Command directive invalid Command argument required decimal digit Command argument requires smaller digit Command includes an argument error. Command error due to missing or faulty argument Command specifies invalid device tape Command specifies duplicate channel Command Device error, cannot read label Other codes* (See footnote.) Undefined
R2 = CDXX	SMTCS Command Processor INIT Errors
R2 = CD0C R2 = CD0D R2 = CDXX	Fatal I/O error Non-fatal I/O error Other codes* (See footnote.)

This is the final stage of bootload. Failures detected during this INIT phase will halt the DPU with error codes in R1 and R2. To retry, clear R1 and hit RUN.

Figure 2-40

<sup>\*</sup>All codes listed as XX are concerned with the DPU operating system software. The DPU O/S is not accessible by, or manipulated by the DPU user.



ETCMP Physical Location Figure 3-1

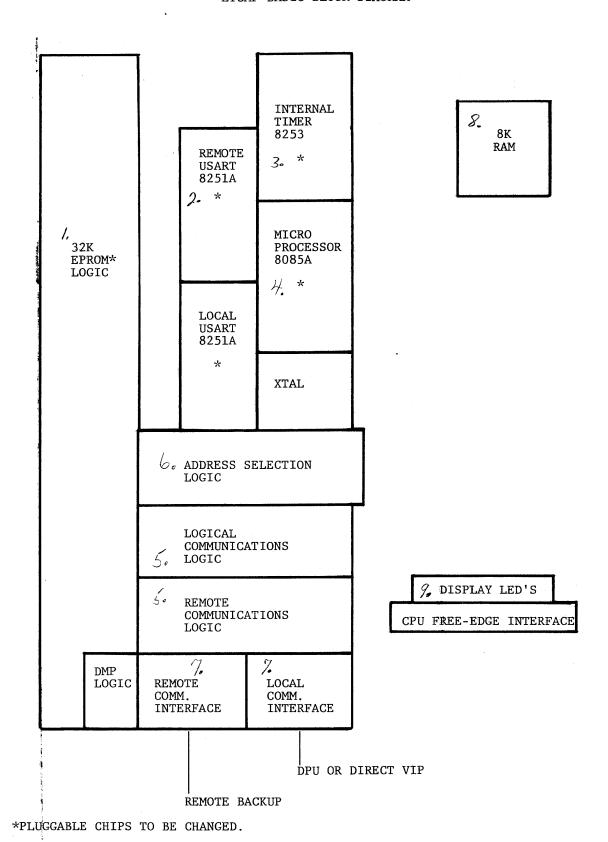


Figure 3-2

# SELF-TEST CAPABILITY

On Start-up or Init. Clear P.B. the DMP will run through a series of self-tests. The startup self-tests will initialize the DMP and clear the DMP RAM memory. The self-test will not change the state of the DMP or CPU.

As each self-test is entered, the associated free-edge LED is turned on, and if that test is not completed successfully, that LED will remain on.

The following subtests make up the DMP self-test:

TEST IN PROGRESS (ORDER OF RUNNING)	FREE-EDGE LED'S
Microprocessor Test	5
RAM Test	2
EPROM Test	1 (Leftmost)
TIMER Test	3
USART Test	
Self-Tests Complete	4
bell leses domplete,	6 (Green)

If one of the above test LED's remains on, indicating a failure, the remaining LED's are used to present a code identifying the failed device.

Refer to Figure 3-3, Sheet 2 for display codes.

ETCMP Self-Test Figure 3-3 Sheet 1 of 4 ETCMP SELF-TESTS - CONT'D.

# LED DISPLAY CHART

LED's (a)		 		
1 2 3 4 5 6   R R R R G	CHIP	     LOC	     PART NUMBER	 
	<del></del>	<del></del>		
1000000		i		(b)
1000001				ALL TESTS PASSED
1 0 0 0 0 0	2R3646	65W	58002646-XXX	EPROM 0 (d)
1 1 0 0 0 1 0	2R3646	65U	58002646-XXX	EPROM 1
1 0 0 1 0 0	2R3646	65S	58002646-XXX	EPROM 2
1 1 0 0 1 1 0	2R3646	52W	58002646-XXX	EPROM 3
1 1 0 1 0 0 0	2R3646	5 2 U	58002646-XXX	EPROM 4
1 1 0 1 0 1 0	2R3646	52S	58002646-XXX	EPROM 5
1 1 0 1 1 0 0		39W		EPROM 6
1 1 0 1 1 1 0		39U		EPROM 7
1 1 0 0 0 0	2R3646	26W	58002646-XXX	EPROM 8
1 1 1 0 0 1 0	2R3646	26U	58002646-XXX	EPROM 9
1 1 1 0 1 0 0	2R3646	26S	58002646-XXX	EPROM 10
1 1 0 1 1 0	2R3646	13W	58002646-XXX	EPROM 11
	2R3646	130	58002646-XXX	EPROM 12
1 1 1 1 0 1 0	2R3646	135	58002646-XXX	EPROM 13
	2R3646	00W	58002646-XXX	EPROM 14
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		00U		EPROM 15
1000000	2V-613	47M	58002613-001	MICROPROCESSOR
000000	2V-574	68M	58002574-001	TIMER TEST
000100	2V3605	42P	58002574-001	LOCAL USART
0 0 0 1 0 0	2V3605	57P	58002605-001	REMOT USART
1 0 1 x x x 0				RAM TEST (c)
İ			<u> </u>	(-,

- (a) R=Red, G=Green, 1-On, 0=Off
- (b) Dead microprocessor symptom-check microprocessor. XTAL and LED's.
- (c) LED's 3, 4, 5 indicate failed bit in byte.
- (d) EPROM part numbers XXX must be replaced by same TAB numbers as the one removed.

Figure 3-3 Sheet 2 of 4

REV. 1

							KE	MOVA	BLE	CHIPS					
						FREE	<b></b>		EDG	E					
***************************************		- G (	A RI R R I 5 4 :		R 1	RD	! !	!	LA	LB I	LC L	D	!		- !
00	A	ВС	D E	F G	Н	J K			P Q	R S 1	r u v	W X	Y	•	! !
10												00W		; ; ;	i   
20		•								139	13U	13W		: :	. •
30						• • .								:	Ę
40											260	 26M.		:	
50			`				 47H		42P		39U	39W			
60							<u>-</u>			528	520	52W		!	
70							 68M		57P	  65S	 65U	  65W		: ! !	
80														; ; ;	
								•			•				
99										_				: : :	
WA I	WB	WC	WD	!	1	WE	WZ	WF	1	. WG	WH	WJ	WK	:	

Sheet 3 of 4

## ETCMP STATUS

After the self-tests are completed, the DMP will indicate ready by lighting the green LED (6). The Ready LED will remain on during operation. The remaining LED's (1-5) will now display the Central Processor status as follows:

CPU STATUS	FREE-EDGE LED'S
ADDRESS BUSY	1
DIS	2
STOP ON FAULT	3
STOP ON ADDRESS	4.
UNUSED	5
MICRO READY	6

Figure 3-3 Sheet 4 of 4 To run CONJK self-test, turn Console VIP off line and then back on line.

LED DISPLAY CHART

-	<del></del>	<del></del>			
	LED'S (a) 1 2 3 4 5 6 R R R R R G	CHIP	LOC	PART NUMBER	REMARKS
	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2V-613    2R3646    2R3646    2R3646    2R3646    1A0351    1A0351    1A0351    1A0351    1A0351    2V-574    2V3605    2V3605	29P 20H 10F 20D 20B 19N 20K 30L 30K 40L 40K 35R 20R 17T	58002613-001 58002646-XXX 58002646-XXX 58002646-XXX 58002646-XXX 58002646-XXX	(b) ALL TESTS PASSED MICROPROCESSOR (c) EPROM 0 (f) EPROM 1 EPROM 2 EPROM 3 RAM 0 RAM 1 RAM 2 RAM 4 RAM 5 RAM 6 RAM 7 TIMER USART 0 (d) USART 1 (e)

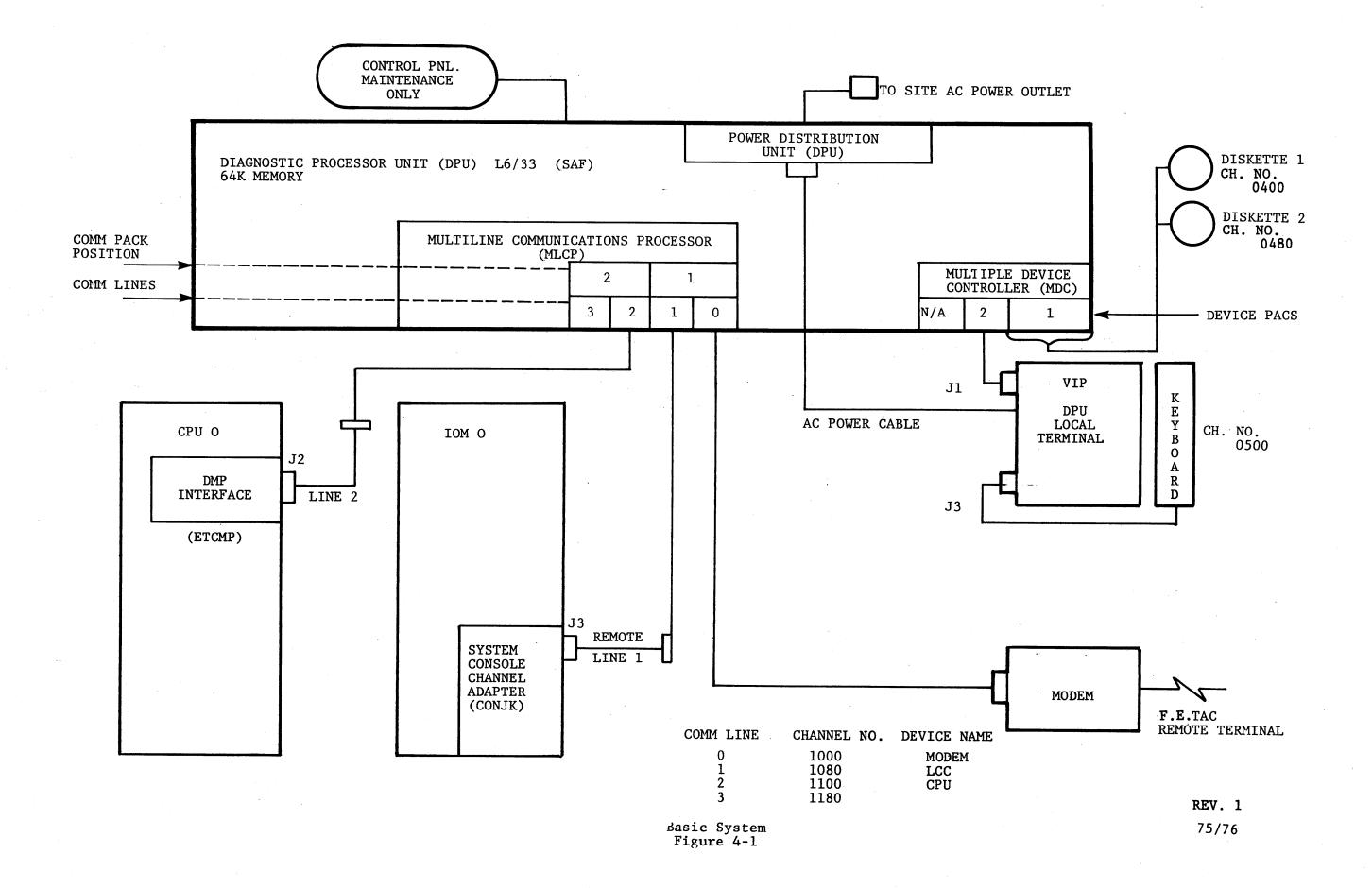
- (a) R=Red, G=Green, l=On, 0=Off
- (b) Dead microprocessor symptom-check microprocessor. XTAL and LED's.
- (c) Microprocessor tests which use RAM could be microprocessor or RAM subsystem.
- (d) Problem may be caused by timer, 2V574, or chips 08N, 25V, 08Q, 08L, 08M.
- (e) Problem may be caused by timer, 2V574 or chips 08M, 00L, 08P, 08L, 08M.
- (f) EPROM part numbers XXX must be replaced by same tab number as the one removed.

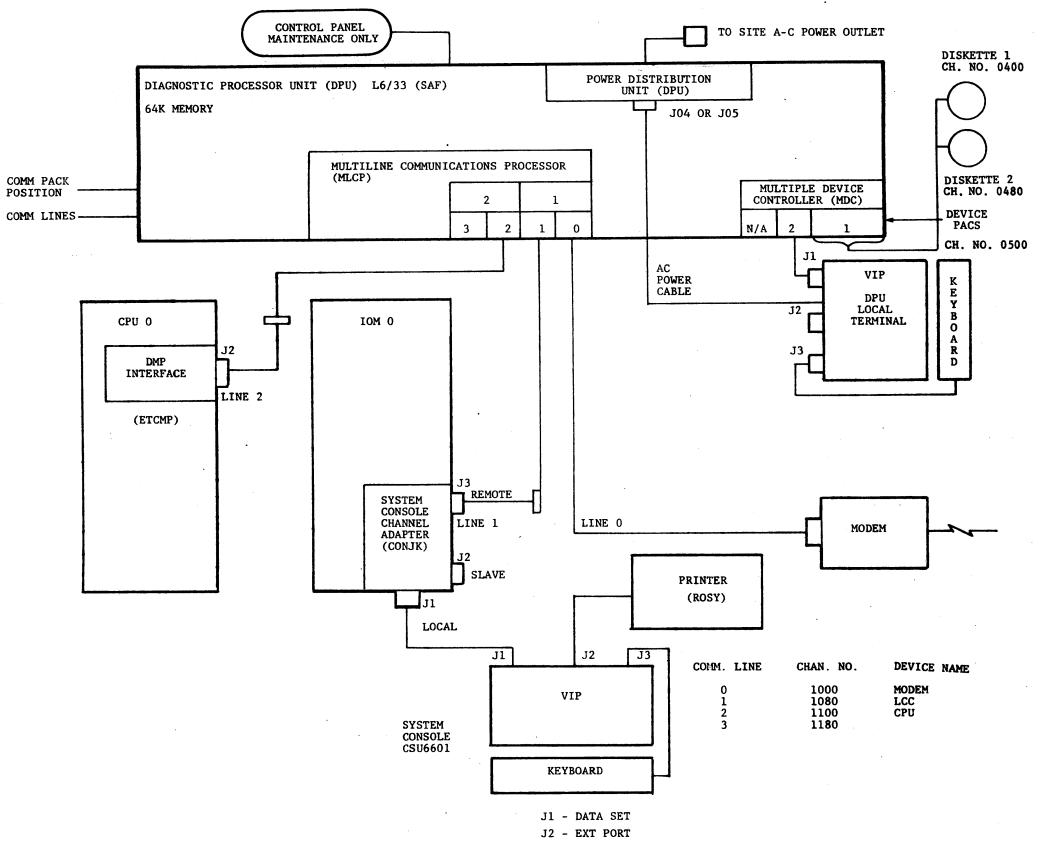
Figure 3-4
Sheet 1 of 2

REV. 2

		FREE	EDGE	n, mar 1900 - Ann 1804, Ann 1808, 1808 - 1809, 1		
	! _ G.R.R.R.F		LA LB	FC. FD.	 	<del>-</del>
	6 5 4 3 2					<b>!</b>
00 A	B C D E F	G. H. J. K	P G R S	FT WW	X. Y	i !
40						i. !
10						; ;
20			<b>50</b> .500.0	17T		1:
20	208 20D 20	OF 20H	201			1   1
						1 ·
30		m. min 400.000.000	ent. com entre e entre entre e			1
à			000 DEL	,		1) 1:
40	33B	33H	29P 35I	€		1
	***					1 ·
50		an ann ann, aith-ann	400 - 400 -	•		1.
60			į		•	1
~~/			nak, mak, maga, maga sami, mpar, mak mary, anti- anti-, mark m		/**	1
	"LONG	LIVE THE RE			,	
~~/ 90			and the party of the control of the			: :
					93X	1
99						!
						1
WA W	B WC WD		Z WF    :	WG WH	.WJ WK	<u>-</u>

Sheet 2 of 2





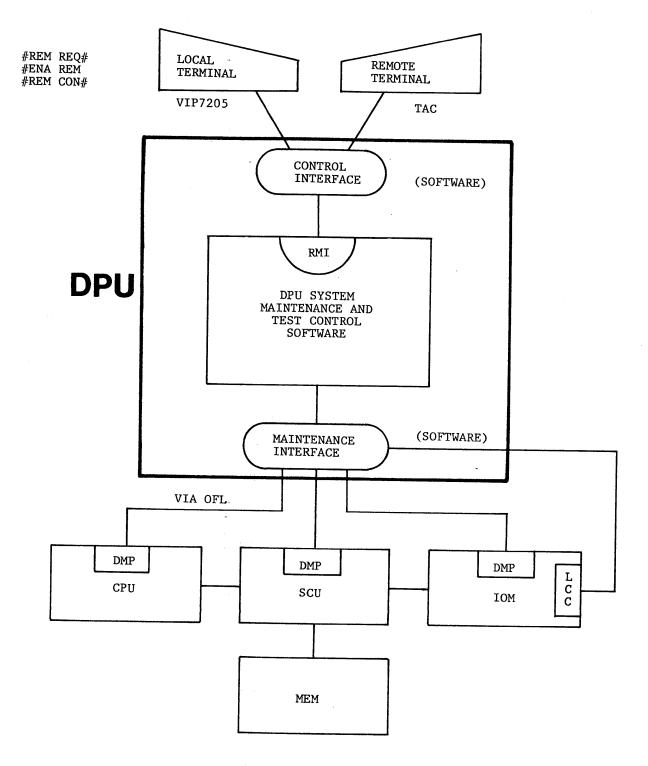
J3 - KEYBOARD

System Console Connected

Figure 4-2

REV. 1

77/78



DPU/RMI Relation Off-Line Figure 4-3

\*\*\*\*\* DIAGNOSTIC PROCESSORE UNITE (REVVA21)

\*\*\*\*

RMI ACTIVE

0?

NOTE: Normal message upon completion of bootloading the systems Maintenance Test Control Software diskette (SMTCS).

RMI Active Figure 4-4

```
RMI ACTIVE
LINE 2 C? [#STA]
LINE 3 # REM DIS # # LOC ACT # # HAI ENA # # CPY DIS # 
# CPY DIS # 
# CPY DIS # 
# CPY DIS # 
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```

#STA	DISPLAY RMI OPERATING STATUS TO ISSUING TERMINAL.	#REM DIS# #LOG ACT# #MAI ENA# #MON DIS#
#REM DIS#	REMOTE DISABLED	#CPY DIS#
#REM ENA#	REMOTE ENABLED	
#LOC ACT#	LOCAL KEYBOARD IS ACTIVE	
#REM ACT#	REMOTE KEYBOARD IS ACTIVE	
#MAI ENA#	MAINTENANCE MODE ENABLED	
#TEX ENA#	TEXT MODE ENABLED	
#MON DIS#	MONITOR DISABLED	
#MON ENA#	MONTIOR ENABLED	
#CPY DIS#	COPY DISABLED	
#CPY ENA#	COPY ENABLED	

. TABLE 1

Maintenance Interface Status Figure 4-5 LINE 1 \*\*\*\*\* DIAGNOSTIC PROCESSOR UNIT (REV A.1) \*\*\*\*\*\*

RMI ACTIVE

0?

LINE 2 #REM REQ#

LINE 3 [#ENA REM] C/R

LINE 4 #REM CON#

TAC/Site Dialogue Figure 4-6

OFI	THE OFF-LINE FUNCTIONS Mainframe panels.
	Provides interactive manipulation of the Unit Maintenance Panel functions
	Invoked at the system command level:
	Key_name is the unit to be accessed: CPU00 SCU00 IOM00 CPM00
	When ready, Off-line will prompt for input:
	OFL ?

## Maintenance panel troubleshooting is done under VIP mode.

To ENTER the VIP mode of Off-line operation:

OFL? VIP C/R

When ready, the VIP will prompt for input:

CMD 🔲

The "CMD" prompt desingates the VIP mode of operation.

To exit VIP mode and return to offline:

CMD TM

When ready, Off-line will prompt (as before):

OFL ?

To terminate the Off-line function, enter:

OFL ? QUIT or Q

This will return control to the system command level:

C?

Off-Line Prompts Figure 4-7

# DISPLAY COMMANDS

:	DS	DISPLAY CPU STATUS
:	CU	DISPLAY CU/OU REGISTERS
:	DU	DISPLAY DECIMAL UNIT REGISTERS
:	VR	DISPLAY VU REGISTERS
:	VC	DISPLAY VU CONTROL REGISTERS
:	SC	DISPLAY SCROLL POINT REGISTERS
:	HS	DISPLAY OU, CU, AND PARTIAL HISTORY REGISTER
:	HC	DISPLAY CU, DU, AND OU HISTORY REGISTER
:	HV	DISPLAY VU HISTORY REGISTER
:	CF	DISPLAY SWITCHES CONFIG
:	MR	DISPLAY L66E MEMORY
:	CR	DISPLAY CACHE DIRECTORY AND MEMORY
:	AM	DISPLAY VU PTW AND ASSOC. MEMORY
:	MD	DISPLAY MICRO MEMORY

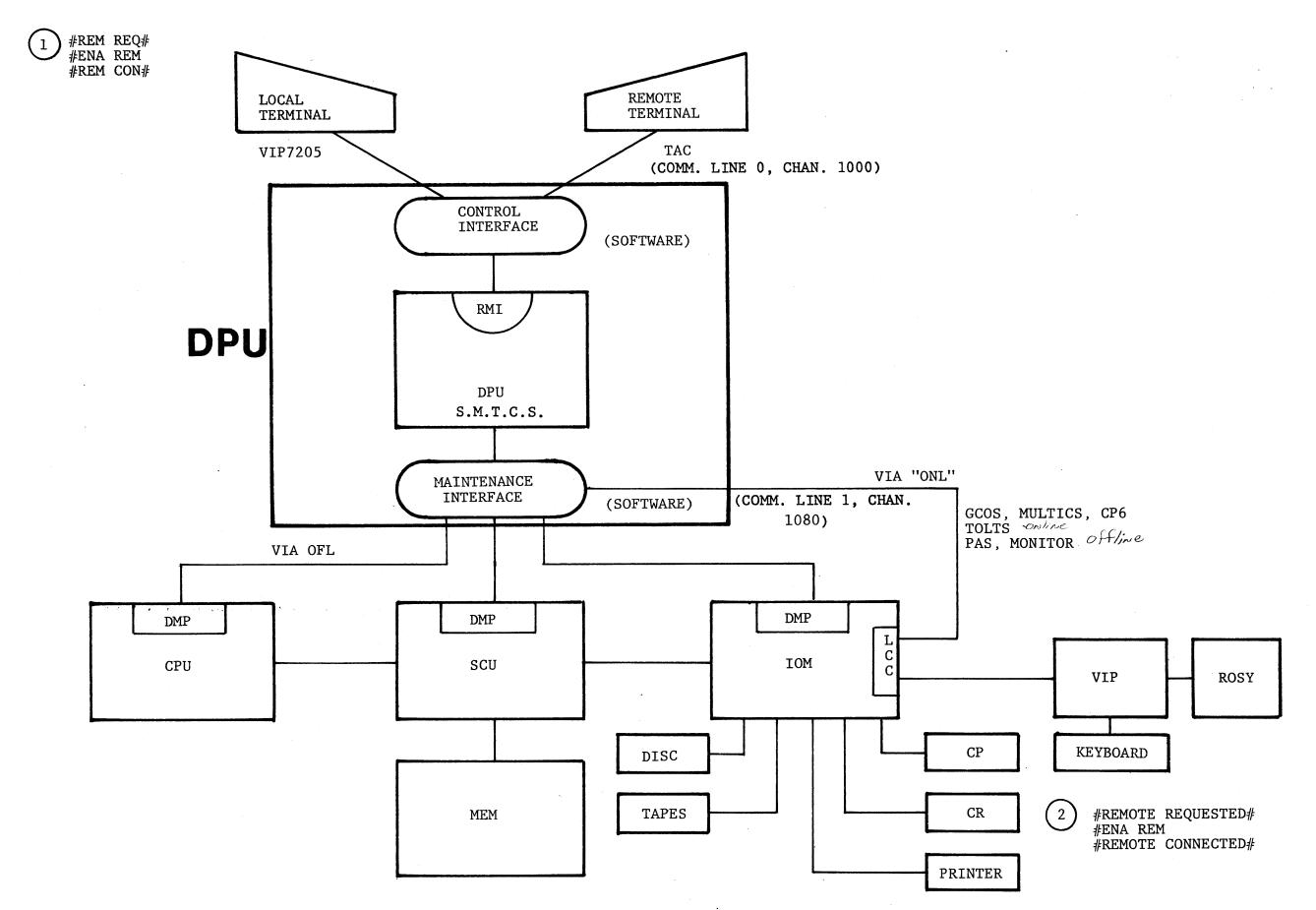
Display Commands Figure 4-8

```
LINE 1
          C7
LINE 2
           HREM REGH
LINE 3 [ HENA REM ] - 450
LINE 4
           HREM CONH 5 YS
LINE 5
           # REH ACT # TAC
               RIM intoutput
            -> C?
LINE 6
            (- HENA MON THE
            (- HENA CPY TAC
            -> C?
LINE 7
            <- OFL CPUDO TAC
            ->
            -> WORKING...
            -> RD CMD FILE
           -> OFL? System
LINE 8
            <- VIP
           ->
LINE 9
               *** DP8-8/L66 CPU MAINTENANCE PANEL * REV D.O *** System
          DMS
LINE 10
           4- CF TAC
           -> *CONFIGURATION PANEL* System
LINE 11
          PROCESSOR# 0 TYPE 70200 HODE GCOS DATA 0000000000 ADDR 00000000000 PORT INIT STORE
                                               INTERLACE
                  ASSIGN
                           ENABLE
                                      ENABLE
                                                            SIZE
                                                                      MARGINS STATUS
          PORT A
                                                                      VU NORM RUN CACHE 1
                             ON
                                       ON
                                                  OFF
                                                            256K
                                                                                                    ON
          PORT B
                     0
                             OFF
                                       OFF
                                                  OFF
                                                            32K
                                                                     DU NORH RUN
                                                                                    CACHE 2
          PORT C
                     0
                             OFF
                                       OFF
                                                  OFF
                                                            32K
                                                                     CU NORK RUN
                                                                                    CACHE FORCE OFF
          PORT D O
STOP ON ADDRESS
                                       OFF
                             OFF
                                                  OFF
                                                                     OU NORM RUN
                                            STOP ON FAULTS
                                                                     MEH
                                                                              RUN
                                                                                     FAULT BASE
                                           UWS 0 SCL2 0 SCL1 0 DLF 0 SSSF 0
MSEG 0 MPGE 0 FTG 0 DRL 0 MME 0
IPR 0 OVFL 0 DVCK 0 SHF 0 TRO 0
CNF 0 STR 0 CMD 0 PAR 0 XEC C
LUF 0 ONC 0 SUF 0 INHS 0
          CFG SW
                    O A MEM IN O
          V-ADDR
                     O WRK-STR
                                  0
          STORE
                     O OPND
          INSTR
                     O DBL PCSW
                                                                              XEC DATA CLR
                       BLK LOADS O
          ARB DIS SOF SOA OUS CUS DUS VUS XIP
                    0 0 0 0
                                      0
LINE 12 EMD System.
LINE 13 (- TH TAC
           -> OFL? System
LÎÑE 14
           <- € TAC
LINE 15
           ->
           ->
LINE 16 <- WDIS REM THE
          * REM DIS * System
```

(TAC/Site Printout) Figure 4-9

REV. 1

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DPU/RMI Relation Online ;

Figure 4-10 REV. 1 87/88

\*OPTIONS?
LINE 1 # REMOTE REQUEST # TAC

LINE 2 [# ENA REM ] System console

LINE 3 # REMOTE CONNECTED # System

TAC/LCC Dialogue Figure 4-11 LINE 1.

\*\*\*\*\* DIAGNOSTIC PROCESSOR UNIT (REV A.1)

\*\*\*\*\*

RMI ACTIVE

C? [?] Your Action (C/R)

LINE 2. SYS CMDS (U = UNIT KEY\_NAME REQUIRED)

OFL U
ONL U
CLST
CBLD

See definition below.

Command List as a result of "?" with "C" prompt.

IDLE

OFL UNITXX = Invokes Off-line function on Unit XX.

UNIT = CPUXX
SCUXX
IOMXX

ONL UNITXX = LCCXX (only) Invokes On-Line function through LCCXX.

CLST

Used to get DPU Configuration.

CBLD

IDLE = Used for testing DMP's

System Commands Figure 5-1

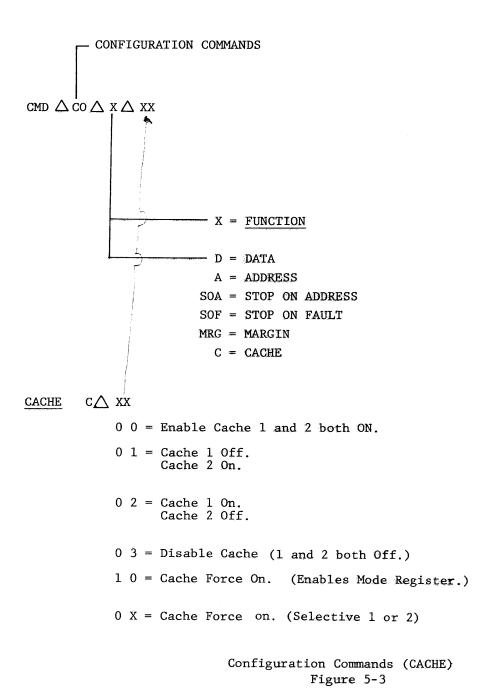
```
DIAGNOSTIC PROCESSOR UNIT (REV A.1)
LINE 1.
          RMI ACTIVE
LINE 2.
         c? [CLST ]
         WORKING ...
             SPD
                         CHANNEL
          DEVICE NAME
                         NUMBER
          *******
            DSKOO
                          0400 *
            LOCAL
                          0500
            DSK01
                          0480
            REMOT
                          1000
            LCC00
                          1080
            CPUOO
                          1100
            SCUOO
                          1180
         *******
LINE 3.
         C? [OFL CPU00 ]
         WORKING ...
         RD CMD FILE
LINE 4.
         OFL? [VIP]
          *** DPS-8/L66 CPU MAINTENANCE PANEL * REV D.O ***
LINE 5.
         EMD [CF] V
         *CONFIGURATION PANEL*
         PROCESSOR# 0 TYPE 70200
                                   MODE GCOS DATA 000000710000 ADDR 000000000000
                         PORT
                                  TINI
                                                    STORE
                ASSIGN
                        ENABLE
                                 ENABLE
                                         INTERLACE
                                                    SIZE
                                                            MARGINS STATUS
         PORT A
                  0
                         ON.
                                  ON
                                           OFF
                                                    256K
                                                            VU NORM RUN CACHE 1
                                                                                      ON
         PORT B
                  0
                         OFF
                                  OFF
                                           OFF
                                                    32K
                                                            DU NORM RUN
                                                                        CACHE 2
                                                                                      ON
         PORT C
                  n
                         OFF
                                  OFF
                                           OFF
                                                    32K
                                                            CU NORM RUN
                                                                        CACHE FORCE OFF
         PORT D
                         OFF
                                  OFF
                                           OFF
                                                    32K
                                                            OU NORM RUN
         STOP ON ADDRESS
                                      STOP ON FAULTS
                                                            MEM
                                                                    RUN
                                                                          FAULT BASE
         CFG SW
                  0 A MEM IN 0
                                      UWS
                                           0 SCL2 0 SCL1 0 DLF 0 SSSF 0
                                                                             2200
         V-ADDR
                  0 WRK-STR
                                      MSEG O MPGE O FTG O DRL
                              0
                                                               0 MME 0
         STORE
                  O OPND
                                          O OVEL O DVCK O SHE
                              0
                                      IPR
                                                               O TRO O
         INSTR
                  O DBL PCSW
                              0
                                      CNF
                                          O STR O CMD
                                                        O PAR
                                                               0
                                                                    XEC DATA
                                                                                CLR
                    BLK LOADS 0
                                      LUF
                                         O ONC O SUF
                                                         O INHS O
```

LINE 6. ARB DIS SOF SOA OUS CUS DUS VUS XIP

LINE 7. CMD [TM] LINE 8. OFL?[0]

LINE 9. C?

CPU Configuration Figure 5-2



92

EMD[CO C (13)]
EMD[CF]
\*CONFIGURATION

EMD [CF]									
*CONFIG	URATION PAN	EL*							
	OR# 0 TYPE	70200	MODE GCO	S DATA (		00000 AC	DR 0000	00000000	
				TERLACE	STORE	MARION			***
PORT A	O ON			OFF	SIZE 256K		NS STAT		)
PORT B	O OF	-		OFF	32K		RM RUN RM RUN	CACHE 1	OFF
PORT C	0 0F			OFF	32K		RM RUN	CACHE 2	OFF
PORT D	0 OF			OFF	32K		RM RUN	CACHE FORCE	OFF
STOP ON	ADDRESS		STOP	ON FAUL		MEM	RUN	FAULT BASE	
CFG SW	O A MEM I	N O	UWS	O SCL2 (	SCL1 C				
V-ADDR	O WRK-STR	O	MSEG	O MPGE (	FTG (	DRL O	MME O		
STORE	O OPND	0		O OVFL (	DVCK C	SHF 0	TRO 0		
INSTR	O DBL PCS			DSTR (	CMD C	PAR O	XEC	DATA CLR	
	BLK LOA	DS O	LUF" (	D ONC C	) SUF (	) INHS 0			

ARB DIS SOF SOA OUS CUS DUS VUS XIP 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Cache Disabled Figure 5-4

#### OFL?[VIP]

# CMD

# DISPLAY COMMANDS

: DS DISPLAY CPU STATUS.

: CU DISPLAY CU/OU REGISTERS

: DU DISPLAY DECIMAL UNIT REGISTERS

: VR DISPLAY VU REGISTERS

: VC DISPLAY VU CONTROL REGISTERS

: SC DISPLAY SCROLL POINT REGISTERS

: HS DISPLAY OU, CU, AND PARTIAL HISTORY REGISTER

: HC DISPLAY CU, DU, AND OU HISTORY REGISTER

: HV DISPLAY VU HISTORY REGISTER

: CF DISPLAY SWITCHES CONFIG

: MR DISPLAY L66E MEMORY

: CR DISPLAY CACHE DIRECTORY AND MEMORY

: AM DISPLAY VU PTW AND ASSOC MEMORY

: MD DISPLAY MICRO MEMORY

VIP Mode Display Commands Figure 5-5 EMD[DS] Display (PU Status)

ARB DIS SOF SO:

ARB DIS SOF SOA OUS CUS DUS VUS XIP 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

ARB = ADDRESS REGISTER BUSY (PORT CYCLE OUTSTANDING)

DIS = DELAY UNTIL INTERRUPT

SOF = STOP ON FAULT

SOA = STOP ON ADDRESS

OUS = OPERATION UNIT STEP

CUS = CONTROL UNIT STEP

DUS = DECIMAL UNIT STEP

VUS = VIRTUAL UNIT STEP

XIP = INTERRUPT PRESENT

CPU Status Display Figure 5-6

```
C? [OFL CPUOD]
WORKING ...
RD CMD FILE
OFL?[VIP]
*** DPS-8/L66 CPU MAINTENANCE PANEL * REV D.0 ***
EMD[DS]
ARB DIS SOF SOA OUS CUS DUS VUS XIP
0 1 0 0 0 0
  IC&I 000001 000200 DATA 000000710000 ADR 0000 00000000 FLTSW-00000000
X2 000000 AR2 00004210 PL2 00000000 00000000000 RN 03700000000 00000000000
TIMER 125636332
X4 000000 AR4 00210223 MBA 00000 BAR 00 100776
                                          MODE0000000000041 000000000000000000
X5 000000 AR5 00000200 MBB 00000
                                          ZDO 000000000000 00000000000000
X6 000000 AR6 02520260 RG1 000006 RMA 00000001
X7 000000 AR7 03770140 RG2 000006 ZFR-000001-0-00
ADDER 00000000000 0000000000 IWRY 00000000000 FLT 0000000000 00000000000
CMD
                   BITS 18-35 Indicator Reg.
       BITS 0-17
                   0 0 0 2 0 0
 IC&I
       0 0 0 0 0 1
```

CU Register Printout Figure 5-7

REV. 1

# INDICATOR REGISTER

BIT POSITION	INDICATOR	IND	DICATOR INSTRUCTIONS
<b>18</b>	Zero		Load Indicators (LDI)
19	Negative		(151)
20	Carry	2.	Store Indicators (STI)
21	Overflow		(511)
22	Exponent Overflow	3.	Store Instruction
23	Exponent Underflow		Counter Plus 1 and Indicators (STC1)
24	Overflow Mask		(,
25	Tally Runout		
26	Parity Error	4.	Return (RET)
27 0	Parity Mask		, ,
28 %	Master Mode		
29)	Truncation (EIS only)		
30	Multiword Instr. Interpt. (EIS only)		
31	0		
32———	-Hex Indicator		
33			
34	Must be Zero		
$\bigcup_{35}$			

Indicator Register Bit Decode Figure 5-8

#### MODE REGISTER

	MODE REG	ISTER						
ETCCG	0-15		UNUSED					
Eross	16		ENABLE FOR BITS 20	25				
	17-19		UNUSED					
	20	9.	Set Store Incorrect Data Parity. The CU shall cause incorrect data parity to be sent to the store for the next Store instruction and then reset Bit 20.					
	21	ENABLED BY BIT 1	Set Store Incorre ZAC parity to be of the next Store reset.	generated (	on each	n memor	A CACLE mirr	I LITE YULL
	22,23	ED 1	Set Timing Margin	according	1у:			
		ABL]			22	23		
		EN.		SLOW	0	1		
				FAST NORMAL	1 X	$\frac{1}{0}$		
						,		
	ر 24,25		Set Voltage (+5)	Margins ac	cordin	gīà:		
					24	25		
				LOW	0	1		
				HIGH NORMAL	1 OTH	0 ERWISE		
	`			NOIGHIA	0 2.5.			
	26,27		UNUSED	11D C	0	flor	(Sotting Rit	- 28 shall
	28		Stop HR Strobe or cause the HR cour	iter to be	reset	to zer	0.)	
	29		Strobe the HR on = to 1, the HR wi 36-53 of the OU/I and Bits 36-59 of of the final "To	ill be stro OU Register E the CU Re ' location.	bed on will gister	indica will	te the "From'	' location real address
	30		Enable History Restrobed. If Bit This bit will be responding to 30 be reset by other must be enabled History Register.	30 = 0 or reset by 6 = 0, or by r faults (S by another	Bit 35 either 7 an Op See Bit LCPR i	an LCP Not C 31). instruc again.	R with the biomplete faul After being	it cor- t. It may reset, it the
	31		Additional Reset faults will also	ting of Bit reset Bit	t 30. 30:	If Bit	31 = 1, the	following
			- Lock Up - Parity - Command - Store - Illegal Proced - Shutdown	ure				

Mode Register Decode (Bits 0-35) Figure 5-9 Sheet 1 of 2

ETCCG	32		Margin Control. Bit 32 shall be used to inform the Software when it can control margins. A One shall indicate that software has control. When the LOCAL/REMOTE switch on the power supply is in REMOTE and Bit 35 = 1, Bit 32 shall be set to a one by occurrence of the following conditions: the NORMAL/TEST switch is in the TEST position, the Memory and CU overlap
	22		Inhibit switches are OFF, the Timing Margins for the OU, CU, DU and VU are NORMAL, and the Forced Data and ZAC Parity are OFF.
	33		Hexadecimal Exponent Floating Point Arithmetic Mode can be set. When this bit is set, the Hex Mode will become effective when the Indicator Register Bit 32 is set to a ONE.
	34		UNUSED
	35		Use Mode Register. Unless Bit 35 = 1, all other bits in the Mode Register will be ignored and the History Register will be locked.
ETCCC	36-48		13 MOST SIGNIFICANT ADDRESS BITS (ON GCOS III, E <sub>0</sub> - E <sub>5</sub> , A <sub>0</sub> - A <sub>6</sub> ).
	49-50		Unassigned
	51	CACHE	DIRECTORY PARITY BIT
	52	CACHE	DIRECTORY LEVEL FULL/EMPTY
	53		Unassigned
	54	CACHE	CSH1 ENABLED
ETCCG	55	CACHE	CSH2 ENABLED
<u> </u>	56		
	57	CACHE	INSTRUCTIONS ENABLED TO CACHE
	58		Unassigned
	59	CACHE	CACHE TO REGISTER ENABLED to Mode Register for display.
	60		Unassigned
ETCCC	61	CACHE	LEVEL - LEAST RECENTLY USED - LEVEL 1/2
	62	CACHE	LEVEL - LEAST RECENTLY USED - LEVEL 1/3
	63	CACHE	LEVEL - LEAST RECENTLY USED - LEVEL 1/4
		CACHE	LEVEL - LEAST RECENTLY USED - LEVEL 2/3
	65	CACHE	LEVEL - LEAST RECENTLY USED - LEVEL 2/4
	66	CACHE	LEVEL - LEAST RECENTLY USED - LEVEL 3/4
	67-69		The second secon
		ETCCG	Unassigned
	70-71		LOCK UP FAULT TIMER REGISTER 00 = 2 MIL. S. 01 = 4 " 10 = 8 " 11 = 16 " (32 = MASTER MODE)

Mode Register Decode (Bits 36-71) Figure 5-9 Sheet 2 of 2

MISC:	COMMANDS	
: CD		Cache test, checks the main and duplicate directories for a mismatch and then checks directory parity.
: DS		Display contents of CPU Status Register
: CW	AAAAAAAAAA	Write Cache Entry (C/R) - Skips to next entry Where AAAA = Address without change to current entry.
: CR	AAAAAAAAAA	Read Cache Entry, all four (C/R) - Displays next index levels are displayed and any parity errors reported.
: MR	AAAAAAAAAA	Read Main Memory starting at the input address and report parity errors. (Default Address is Zero) (DEL will return to CMD level.) $48$
: MRS	AAAAAAAAAA	Read a single memory location continuously.
: WM	AAAAAAAAAA	Write Main Memory.
:WMS	AAAAAAAAAA	DDDDDDDDDDDD Write a single memory location continuously Where $A = Address$ $D = Data$ .

VIP Mode Miscellaneous Commands Figure 5-10

for memory

```
LINE 1. -> C? [ OFL CPUOO ]
             WORKING ...
             RD CMD FILE
LINE 2. - OFL?[VIP]
LINE 3. - EMD [MR 10000] Tape will not Boot cru stop in DIS
             000000010000 474400060020 256723000044
             20000000010002
                           000000055252 202020202020
             000000010004
                           202020202020 000000010410
             000000010006
                           00000000000 202567252364
             000000010010
                           633165252047 514627512144
             000000010012
                           000000010014
                           00000000000 00000000000
             0000000010016
                           00000000000 000000000000
             000000010020
                           00000000000 000000000000
             000000010022
                           000000000000 000501061000
             000000010024
                           475146472551 637020462620
             000000010026
                           304645257066 254343203145
             000000010030
                           264651442163 314645206270
             000000010032
                           626325446220 314523337320
             000000010034
                          264651203046 452570662543
             000000010036
                          432025444743 467025256220
             000000010040
                          464543702020 770154472162
             000000010042
                          200600000020 256725236463
             000000010044
                          316525205125 653320171717
            000000010046
                          442020202020 171717171717
            000000010050
                          171717171717 000502001000
            000000010052
                          000006710004 000000000000
LINE 4. ______000000010054 00000000000 456221522333
                          00000000000 456221522333
LINE 5. -- OFL? Q
            C?
                                                     Hit DEL and CR.
LINE 6. - CMD[TM]
            OFL?[Q]
```

Memory Read Listing Figure 5-11

/	/		Fl (F	JNCT BASI	TIVE ION C CH OCES	ECKS		SK EXCOLUTE	Mary Mary 1		THE RECEIPT	13 A			FIREPAL THE PART OF THE PART O	10 04 FILE STS		
P M 0 1 A	P M 0 1 Z	P M 0 2 A	P M 0 3 A	P M 0 4 A	P M 0 5 A	P M 0 6 A	0 6 0	0 6 D	0 8 0	0 8 D	0 8 F	0 8 M	OM1 thru ON2	102 thru 5ZZ	E O F	700 thru 980	E O F	,

## PRIMITIVE FUNCTION ERROR IDENTIFICATION

If an error occurs on one of the PFT's, the Processor will stop in a DIS. To determine the cause of an error it is necessary to determine the record in which the error occurred. The record I.D. word will be in Location  $010000_8$ . Location  $010000_8$  will contain the following octal format:

To determine the function in error, use the following procedure:

- Check Tape Controller Status = Ready.
- 2. Determine record number (Read Location  $010000_{g}$ )
- 3. Get Instruction Word count from Processor I.C. Counter.
- 4. Look up value of IC in appropriate listing. Comments in listing will indicate the function that failed. DIS  $(616_8)$ .

Primitive Function Errors Figure 5-12

# FAULT REGISTER

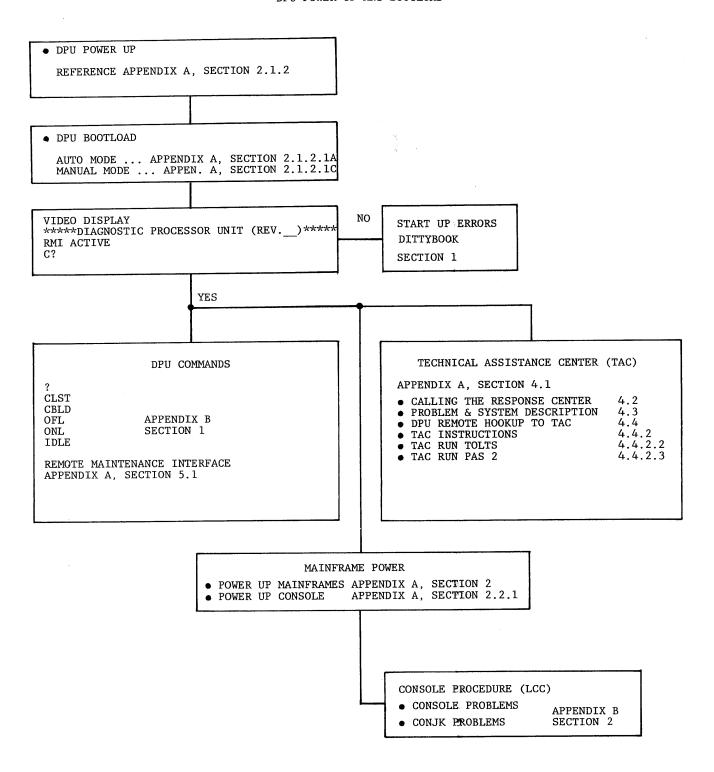
BIT POSITION		FAULT	•
40 21 12	ILLEGAL OP CODE ILLEGAL ADDRESS OR MODIFIER ILLEGAL SLAVE PROCEDURE  ETCCG	IPR IPR CMD	FILL-OPCODE-CH FILLADRMOD-CH FILL-SLVPRO-CH
43 24 15	ALL OTHER PROCEDURES NONEXISTANT ADDRESS OUT OF BOUNDS	IPR STR STR	FMISC-PROC-CH+FIPR-ED-CF FNONEXSTMEM-CD FOOB-CP
46 27 18 49	DU MISC PROCESSOR PARITY (UPPER) PROCESSOR PARITY (LOWER)	IPR PAR PAR	FDUMSCFLT-CP FPROC-PARU-CP FPROC-PARL-CP
$\frac{210}{/11}$	CONNECT PORT A CONNECT PORT B CONNECT PORT C	CON CON CON	FCON-A-CP FCON-B-CP FCON-C-CP
213* <u>/14</u> <del>/</del> 15	CONNECT PORT D SC TO PROCESSOR CONTROL SEQUENCE ERROR #1 NOT USED	CON	FCON-D-CP FDA-ERROR-CM NOT USED
916 /17 	NOT USED  1A <sub>0</sub> 1A <sub>1</sub> PORT A  1A <sub>2</sub> 1A <sub>3</sub> 1A <sub>0</sub> 1A	CMD PAR	NOT USED F1ARO-CP F1AR1-CP FRDIR- F1AR2-CP PORTA F1AR3-CP F1ARO-CP
421 222 23 424 225 26 27 28	1A <sub>1</sub> 1A <sub>2</sub> 1A <sub>3</sub> 1A <sub>0</sub> 1A <sub>1</sub> 1A <sub>2</sub> 1A <sub>3</sub> 1A <sub>0</sub> 1A <sub>1</sub> 1A <sub>1</sub> 1A <sub>1</sub> 1A <sub>2</sub> 1A <sub>3</sub> 1A <sub>0</sub> 1A <sub>1</sub>	CMD CMD STR PAR STR PAR PAR PAR PAR PAR PAR PAR	F1ARO-CF F1AR1-CP F1AR2-CP F1AR3-CP F1AR0-CP F1AR1-CP F1AR2-CP F1AR3-CP F1AR3-CP
29 30 31 32*** 33 34	1A3 1A0 1A1 1A2 1A3 DIRECTORY PARITY ERROR  CACHE STORE PARITY ERROR  ILLEGAL ACTION ON STORE	CMD NONE	F1ARO-CP F1AR1-CP F1AR2-CP FRDIR- F1AR3-CP PORTD \$PARERR-CC \$CSH-PERR-CP
35 36 ** 37 ** 38 **	PARITY ERROR ON BLOCK LOAD  BUFFER OVERFLOW - PORT A BUFFER OVERFLOW - PORT B BUFFER OVERFLOW - PORT C  ETCCZ		\$STORE-IA-CP \$BLK-PERR-CP BUF-A-OVF-CZ BUF-B-OVF-CZ
39 ** 40 ** 41 **	BUFFER OVERFLOW - PORT D PRIMARY DIRECTORY BUFFER OVERFLOW WRITE NOTIFY PARITY ERROR ON ANY PORT		BUF-C-OVF-CZ BUF-D-OVF-CZ BUF-O-OVF-CZ FPAR-ERROR-CZ
42 ** 43 ** <u>44 **</u> 45 **	DUPLICATE DIRECTORY - LEVEL 0 PARITY ERROR DUPLICATE DIRECTORY - LEVEL 1 PARITY ERROR DUPLICATE DIRECTORY - LEVEL 2 PARITY ERROR		LV-0-PAR-CZ LV-1-PAR-CZ LV-2-PAR-CZ
46 **	DUPLICATE DIRECTORY - LEVEL 3 PARITY ERROR DUPLICATE DRIECTORY MULTIPLE MATCH ERROR ZEROS		LV-3-PAR-CZ FMATCH-ERROR-CZ

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> No Fault, No Flush, and Cache Mis-Occurs

\*\* No Fault and Cache Flush

\* Does not Cause a Fault

Fault Register Bit Decode Figure 5-13



Job Performance Aid Figure 5-14

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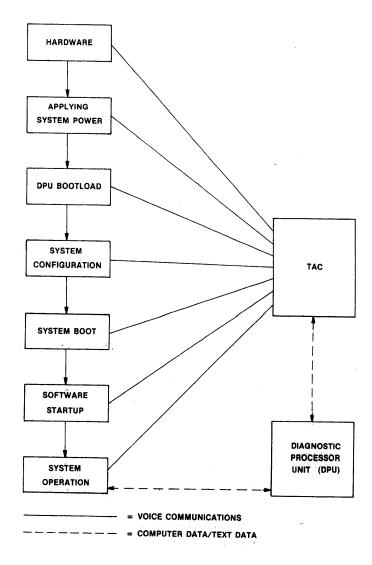
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Instructions and illustrations provide the proper sequence and methods for power-up and configuring the entire system in accordance with your requirements.

Distributed Maintenance Service (DMS) concepts are defined for you. Maintenance objectives and procedures, including calling the Response Center and remote hookup to the Technical Assistance Center (TAC), are presented for test and diagnosis of your system in the event of a suspected or actual malfunction.

The adjoining diagram represents the sequence of events that occur prior to, and during system operation. Initially, the system hardware is defined. Subsequent sections contain equipment power and configurations, procedures for interfacing with TAC, and methods of monitoring, testing and diagnosing suspected or actual equipment failures.



1-2

# SECTION 1 HARDWARE

#### SECTION 1 HARDWARE \*

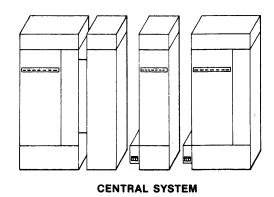
#### 1.1 DPS 8 MODELS 52/70 SYSTEM

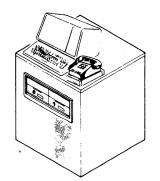
Distributed Processing System 8 (DPS 8) is Honeywell's family of large scale, general purpose information systems, one of the most capable and versatile available today. A basic DPS 8 Central System configuration includes a Central Processor Unit (CPU), an Input/Output Multiplexer (IOM), and a single Central Memory Unit (CMU) that contains one System Control Unit and 264K words of Main Memory.

The DPS 8 Model 52 is comprised of a Central System, one System Console and an optional Front-End Network Processor. In addition, a second System Console and Front-End Network Processor may be used. Main Memory may be expanded to a maximum of one megaword.

The DPS 8 Model 70 is comprised of the same named units as the Model 52, but with a much larger degree of expansion capability. The Model 70 can accomodate up to four Central Processor Units, four Input/Output Multiplexers and four Central Memory Units comprised of a total of four System Control Units and up to 4 megawords (GCOS VIII) of Main Memory. In addition, up to eight Front-End Network Processors and four System Consoles may be added.

\*Refers to only that equipment required to be operated in accordance with procedures contained within this manual.







CONTROLLER

DPU SUBSYSTEM



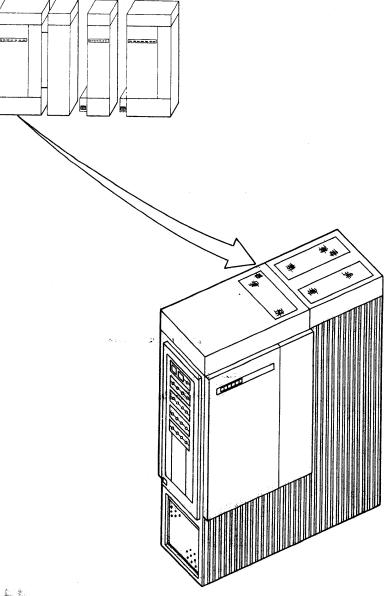
SYSTEM CONSOLE

A ...

## 1.2.1 CENTRAL PROCESSOR UNIT (CPU)

The Central Processor is the primary unit to execute all information processing instructions. It performs many system control functions independently, overlapping most operations for highly efficient instruction execution.

The Central Processor operates in three modes: master mode, priviledged master modes, and slave mode. Master and priviledged master modes are reserved for GCOS VIII. They allow unrestricted access to all memory, permit initiation of data transfers operations through the IOM's and permit the setting of control registers. Slave mode is used by GCOS VIII when appropriate, and for the execution of all user programs. Programs executing in slave mode cannot perform certain control operations. This trimode operation allows for effective operating control and security in a multiprogramming environment.

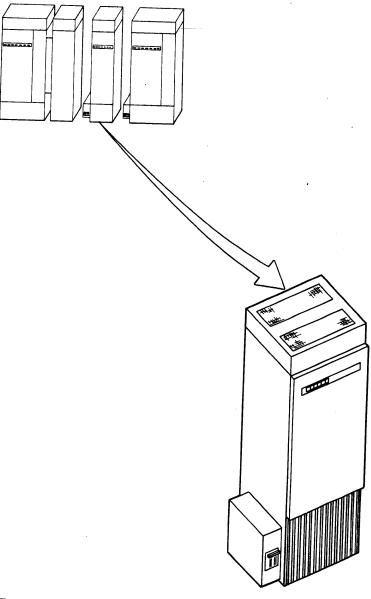


4

The Central Memory Unit contains both the System Control Unit and Main Memory Unit.

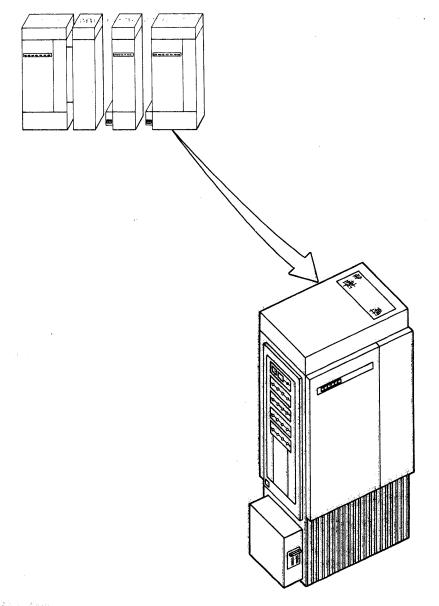
The System Control Unit (SCU) principal interface between all Central System components. It handles accesses to Memory for both the Central Processor and Input/Output Multiplexers. It also provides complete system interrupt control, regulates communication between components, and services all demands on Memory. The SCU switches control signals, addresses, and data in and out of the Memory Units, while monitoring data and control paths for accuracy. provides memory reconfiguration facilities bypass memory modules irrecoverable error. This allows service personnel to work on a failed module without disturbing the operation of the remaining modules.

The Main Memory Unit features current solid state technology for reduced access time and automatic error detection and correction to help minimize data errors. The minimum Main Memory size is 264K words and may be expanded up to 16 megawords.



5

The IOM provides for a variable number of data channels that connect with the Network peripherals Front-End and All transfers of data Processors. between memory and peripheral devices or communication lines pass via the IOM. The IOM is responsible for coordinating the input/output operations of the System Control Units, Peripheral Controllers and Network Processors. All input/output operations occur independently of, and asynchronously with processing.

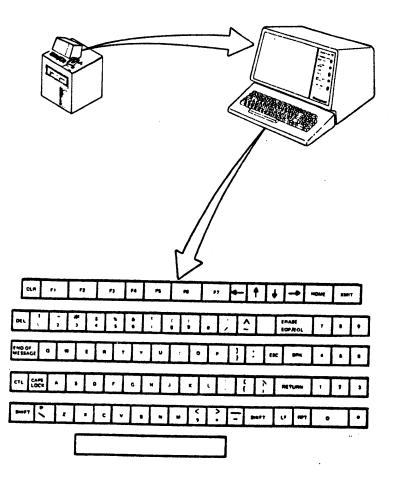


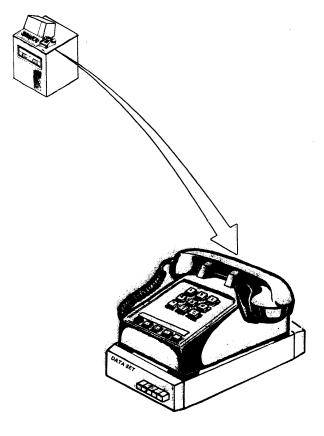
HARDWARE

The DPU Subsystem is utilized to facilitate remote hook-up of the Central System to the Technical Assistance Center (TAC) for diagnosis of suspected or actual equipment failures.

# 1.3.1 VIDEO DISPLAY UNIT

The Visual Information Projection (VIP) 7205 Video Display Unit consists of a CRT display with a separate keyboard interconnected via a ribbon cable. Normally, all data transfers are accomplished at a data rate of 1200 baud. An extension port for connecting an additional input or output device, such as a serial printer, is provided for user versatility.

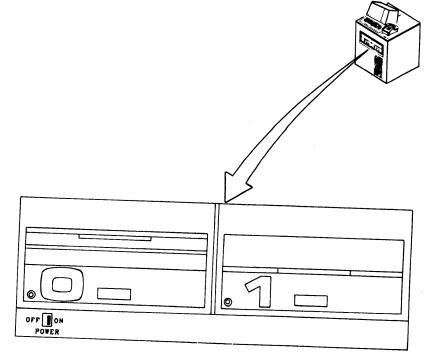




2

# A. DISKETTE DRIVE UNIT

The Diskette Drive Unit is a double-sided, two spindle flexible disk handling device. It provides the operator with a method of entering bootload, operational and diagnostic programs into the DPU.



9-K

#### B. CONTROL/MAINTENANCE PANEL

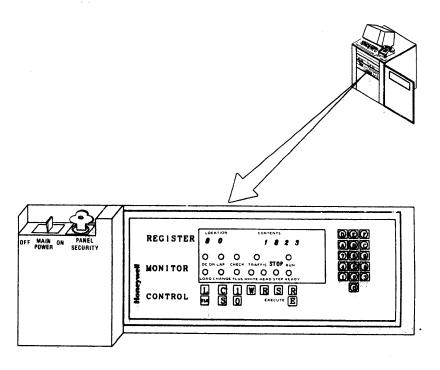
The full panel allows the DPU register and main memory contents to be entered and displayed. It controls, in a step-by-step fashion, the DPU intialization sequence.

#### REGISTER DISPLAY

A six-digit hexadecimal (hex) display in the upper part of the panel marked REGISTER indicates the two-digit LOCATION and four-digit CONTENTS of any one of the various user-visible registers.

#### HEXADECIMAL-PAD KEYS

The set of 16 hexadecimal keys in the right part of the control panel marked REGISTERS is called the hex pad. These keys provide access to the user-visible registers. In the select mode, a hex pad key-in selects the register to be operated on and the entered digits light up under LOCATION in the register display. In the change mode, a hex pad key-in changes the contents of the selected register and the entered digits light up under CONTENTS in the register display. Each keystroke shifts and loads one hexadecimal digit into the least significant hexadeximal position of the selected register and the display.



# 1.4 MICROPROGRAMMED PERIPHERAL CONTROLLER (MPC)

The MPC is a multipurpose peripheral device controller. It may be factory configured to control either tape, disk or card handling devices.

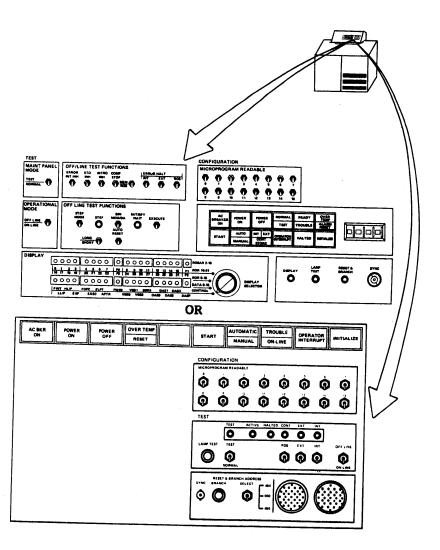
# 1.4.1 MAGNETIC TAPE CONTROLLER (MTC)

The MTC is a free standing, single or dual channel peripheral control device that is comprised of:

MODEL 601	MODEL 610
Basic MPC Memory Accessories Basic Tape Channel Tape Unit Interface	Basic MPC Tape Unit Matix Tape Control Adpater

The controller is capable of governing the operation of up to sixteen Magnetic Tape Handlers (MTH's). All data transfers between the Central System and associated peripheral devices are routed and controlled by the MTC.

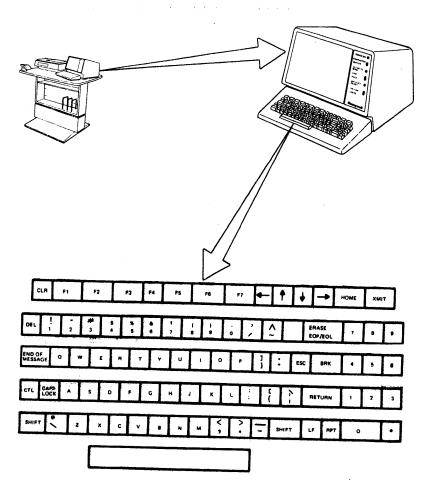
Two different MPC control panels are available on either of the two controller models. One panel incorporates both maintenance and control functions while the other furnishes operator controls along with an input/output connector for use with the external maintenance panel.



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# 1.5.1 VIDEO DISPLAY UNIT

The Visual Information Projection (VIP) 7205 Video Display Unit consists of a CRT display with a separate keyboard interconnected via a ribbon cable. Normally, all data transfers are accomplished at a data rate of 1200 baud. An extension port for connecting an additional input or output device, such as a serial printer, is provided for user versatility.



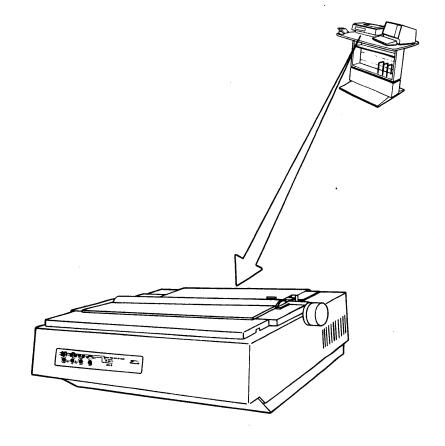
<u>-12</u>

1.5.2

The basic ROSY 26 Printer (slave terminal) provides the capability of printing 120 CPS in a 9x7 dot-matrix scheme. The interface is a serial EIA RS232/C which operates in asynchronous mode at 1200 baud (BPS) with TTY-like procedures.

The printer provides:

- o Up to 132 print columns
- o Paper handling of the tractor type
- o Upper/low case character set

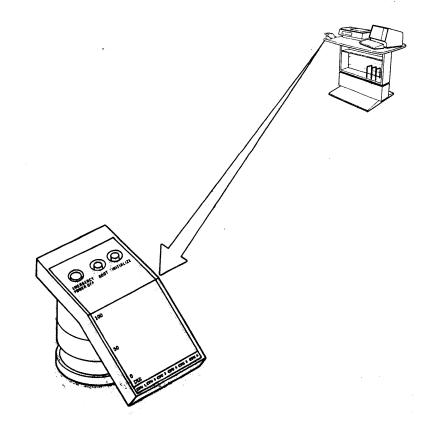


A-1

1.5.3

A-1/

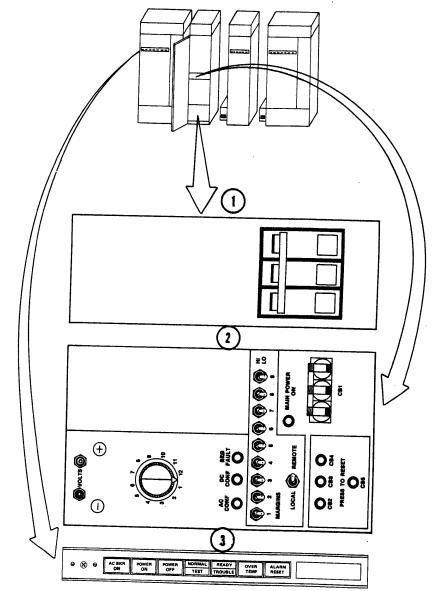
The Processor Activity Monitor Pod furnishes the operator with the capability to bootload and initialize the Central System. The percentage of the maximum data traffic load experienced by the Central Processor is displayed via LED indicators.



# 2.1 APPLYING SYSTEM POWER

# 2.1.1 CENTRAL SYSTEM

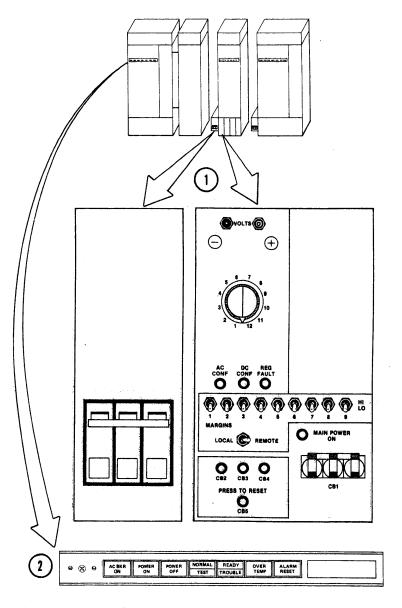
- A. Central Processor-Power Supply
  - 1. Set the Central Processor cabinet AC circuit breaker 1 to the ON position.
  - Verify that the AC BKR ON indicator
     is illuminated.
  - 3. Ensure that the LOCAL-REMOTE switch (2) is in the REMOTE position.
  - 4. Set the Main Power circuit breaker (CB1) (2) to the ON position.
  - Verify that the MAIN POWER ON and AC CONF indicators (2) are illuminated.
  - 6. Press and release the **POWER ON** switch-indicator (3).
  - 7. Verify that the DC CONF indicator
    (2) and POWER ON switch-indicator (3) are illuminated.
  - 8. Verify that the **POWER OFF** switch-indicator (3) is extinguished.



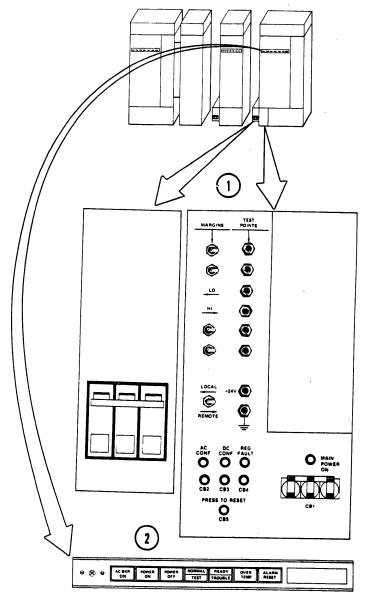
53009853

#### B. Central Memory

- 1. Set the Central Memory cabinet AC circuit breaker (1) to the ON position.
- Verify that the AC BKR ON indicator
   is illuminated.
- 3. Ensure that the LOCAL-REMOTE switch (1) is in the REMOTE position.
- 4. Set the Main Power circuit breaker (CB1) (1) to the ON position.
- 5. Verify that the MAIN POWER ON and AC CONF indicators (1) are illuminated.
- 6. Press and release the **POWER ON** switch-indicator (2).
- 7. Verify that the DC CONF indicator and POWER ON switch-indicator 2 are illuminated.
- 8. Verify that the **POWER OFF** switch-indicator (2) is extinguished.



- 1. Set the Input-Output Multiplexer cabinet AC circuit breaker 1 to the ON position.
- Verify that the AC BKR ON indicator
   is illuminated.
- 3. Ensure that the LOCAL-REMOTE switch (1) is in the REMOTE position.
- 4. Set the Main Power circuit breaker (CB1) (1) to the **ON** position.
- 5. Verify that the MAIN POWER ON and AC CONF indicators 1 are illuminated.
- 6. Press and release the **POWER ON** switch-indicator (2).
- 7. Verify that the DC CONF indicator and POWER ON switch-indicator 2 are illuminated.
- 8. Verify that the **POWER OFF** switch-indicator (2) is extinguished.



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#### 2.1.2 DPU SUBSYSTEM

#### 2.1.2.1 DPU SYSTEM

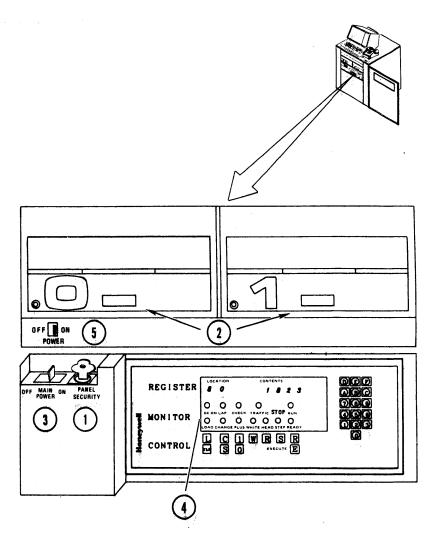
#### A. DPU POWER APPLICATION

- 1. At the Control/Maintenance panel ensure that the PANEL SECURITY key (1) is fully COUNTERCLOCKWISE.
- Press the dust cover latch release
   on Diskette Drive #0 and #1, remove any Diskette Media present.

#### CAUTION

THE DISKETTE MEDIA MUST BE REMOVED FROM THE DISKETTE DRIVE UNITS OR DAMAGE TO THE MEDIA OR DRIVE MAY RESULT.

- 3. Place the MAIN POWER ON-OFF switch (3) to the ON position.
- 4. Verify that the D.C. ON indicator 4 illuminates after approximately 20 seconds.
- 5. Place the Diskette Drive POWER OFF-ON switch (5) to the ON position.
- 6. Proceed to paragraph 2.1.2.1B, DPU AUTO BOOTLOAD.



# (2.1.2.1 cont.)

#### B. DPU AUTO BOOTLOAD

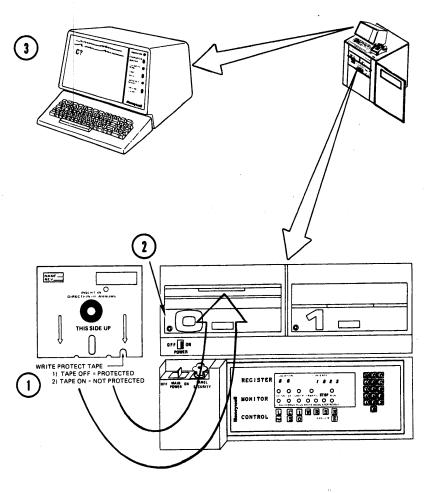
- 1. Insert the bootload diskette media

  1 into Diskette Drive #0 as shown in the illustration.
- 2. Close both Diskette Drive Unit #0 and #1 dust covers by pulling down on the tab located at the center edge of the open covers.
- 3. Verify that Diskette Drive Unit #0 monitor lamp (2) is flashing, indicating that data is being transferred.

#### NOTE

DPU bootload takes approximately three minutes during which time you will hear the diskette drive heads accessing data.

4. Verify the presence of the following message on the DPU Subsystem Video Display Unit (3).



58009353

#### NOTE

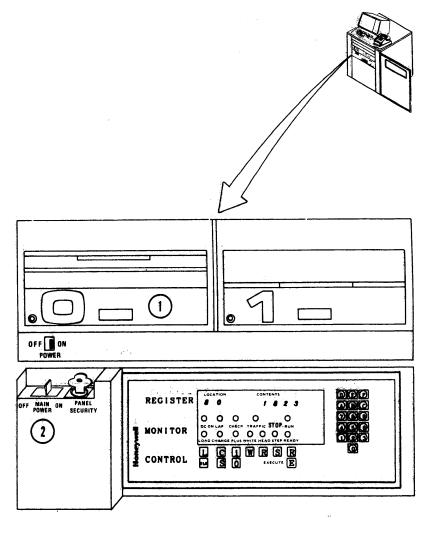
If the correct message does not appear repeat steps 1 through 4 using the spare bootload diskette media. If the correct message still does not appear perform steps 6 through 9.

- 5. Remove and safeguard the diskette media then proceed to paragraph 2.1.2.2, DPU VIDEO DISPLAY UNIT.
- 6. Press the dust cover latch release
  1 on Diskette Drive #0 and
  carefully remove the diskette media.

#### CAUTION

THE DISKETTE MEDIA MUST BE REMOVED FROM THE DRIVE UNIT OR DAMAGE TO THE MEDIA OR DRIVE MAY RESULT.

7. Place the MAIN POWER OFF-ON switch 2 in the OFF position then back to ON.



# A-2

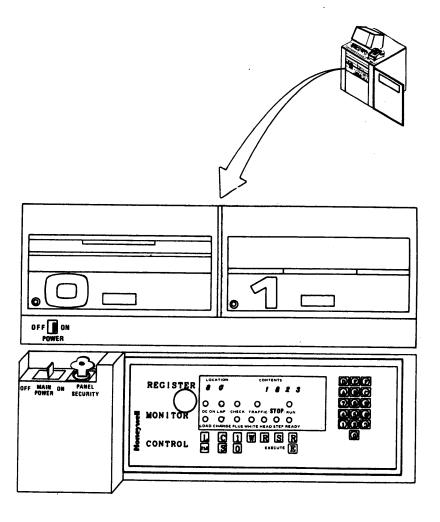
#### NOTE

Approximately 30 seconds time delay is required for the DPU system to reach an operational state.

- 8. At the Monitor lamps verify that the DC ON indicator () is illuminated.
- Repeat steps 1 through 5 using the original bootland diskette media.

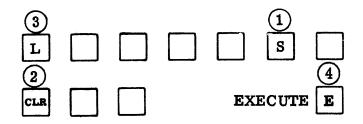
#### NOTE

If bootload is still not successful proceed to paragraph 2.1.2.1C, DPU MANUAL BOOTLOAD.



#### C. CPU MANUAL BOOTLOAD

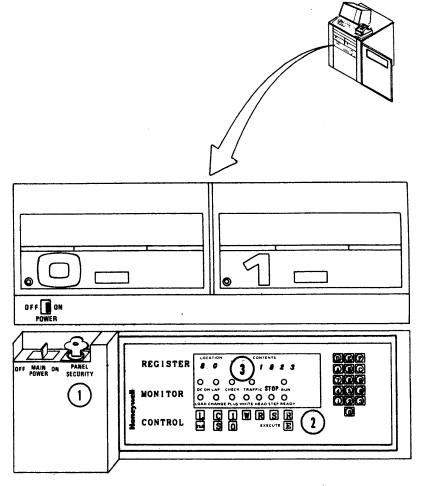
- 1. At the Control/Maintenance panel turn the PANEL SECURITY key (1) fully CLOCKWISE.
- 2. At the Control Keyboard (2) press the identified keys in sequential order:



3. At the Monitor lamps verify that the CHECK and TRAFFIC indicators (3) extinguish after approximately 30 seconds.

#### NOTE

If the CHECK and TRAFFIC lamps have not extinguished after the first attempt repeat the procedure. If the indicators do not extinguish after the second attempt, note the error and continue with paragraph 2.1.2.2 DPU VIDEO DISPLAY UNIT.



1-22

4. At the Control Keyboard 1 press EXECUTE E to initiate software bootload.

#### NOTE

DPU bootload takes approximately three minutes during which time you will hear the diskette drive heads accessing data.

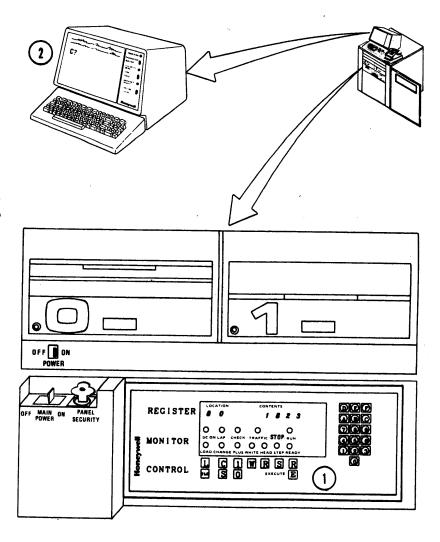
5. Verify the presence of the following message on the DPU Subsystem Video Display Unit (2).

\*\*\* D\_\_P\_\_\_ U\_\_\_ (Rev.)\*\*\*
RMI ACTIVE
C?

#### NOTE

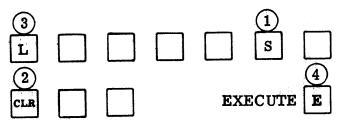
If the correct message does not appear repeat steps 2 through 5. If after the second attempt the correct message still does not appear proceed to paragraph 2.1.2.1D DPU MANUAL BOOT ALTERNATE METHOD.

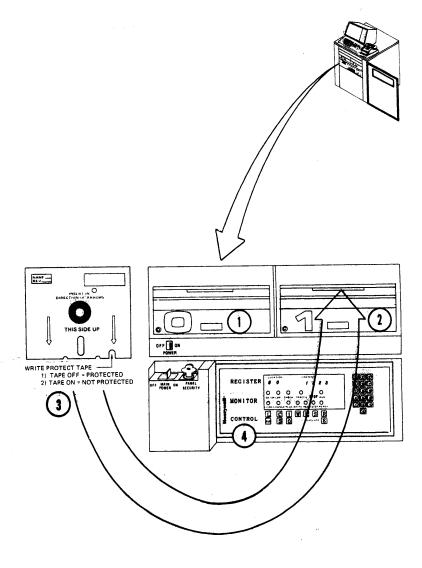
6. Remove and safeguard the diskette media then proceed to paragraph 2.1.2.2, DPU Video Display Unit.



# D. DPU MANUAL BOOT ALTERNATE METHOD

- 1. Press the dust cover latch release
  1 on Diskette Drive Unit #0 and remove the diskette media present.
- 2. Press the dust cover latch release 2 on Diskette Drive Unit #1.
- 3. Insert the bootload diskette removed from Diskette Drive #0 into Diskette Drive #1 as shown in the illustration (3).
- 4. Close both Diskette Drive Unit #0 and #1 dust covers by pulling down on the tab located at the center edge of the open covers.
- 5. At the Control Keyboard 4 press the identified keys in sequential order:





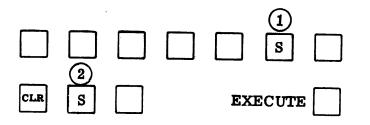
1-24

6. At the Monitor lamps verify that the CHECK and TRAFFIC indicators (1) extinguish after approximately 30 seconds.

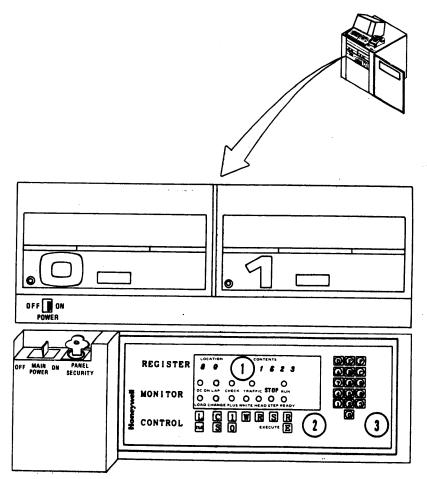
NOTE

If the CHECK and TRAFFIC indicators do not extinguish repeat steps 5 and 6. If the do not extinguish after the second attempt note the error and continue with paragraph 2.1.2.2, DPU VIDEO DISPLAY UNIT.

7. At the Control Keyboard 2 press the identified keys in sequential order:



8. At the Alpha-Numeric keyboard 3



D 1

# (2.1.2.1D Cont.) 9. At the Control Keyboard (1) press the identified key: EXECUTE 10. At the Alpha-Numeric Keyboard (2) type in: 11. At the Control Keyboard 1 press the identified keys in sequential order: OFF ON POWER REGISTER . . 1 8 2 3 MONITOR EXECUTE | E CONTROL NOTE

bootload takes approx-

imately three minutes during which time you will hear the diskette drive heads accessing

data.

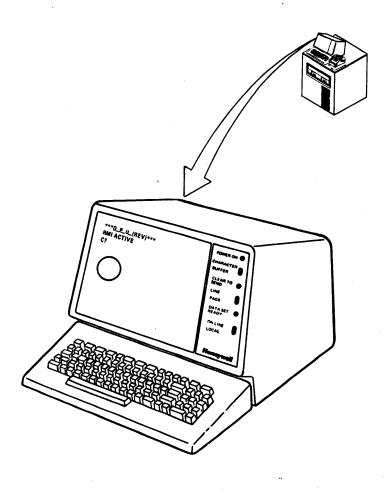
**POWER AND CONFIGURATION** 

12. Verify the presence of the following message on the DPU Subsystem Video Display Unit ().

\*\*\* D P U (Rev.)\*\*\*
RMI ACTIVE
C?

#### NOTE

does not appear repeat steps 5 through 12. If after the second attempt the correct message still does not appear note the failure and proceed to 2.1.2.2, DPU Video Display Unit.



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# 2.1.2.2 DPU VIDEO DISPLAY UNIT

## A. POWER APPLICATION

- 1. Place the **POWER OFF-ON** switch (1) to the **ON** position.
- 2. Verify that the **POWER ON** indicator (2) is illuminated.

#### B. SWITCH CONFIGURATION

NOTE

Normal switch positions are underscored.

o Place the identified switches to their NORMAL positions.

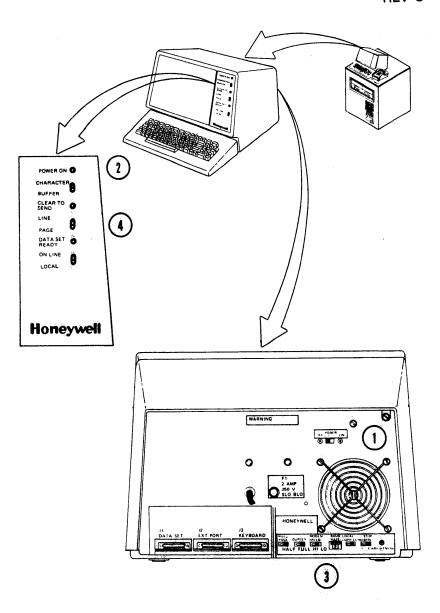
# SWITCH(3)

					BAUD	STOP
ROLL	DUP	LEX	MOD	EM	RATE	BITS
PAGE	HALF	FULL	HI	ĽO	<u>9</u>	<u>1</u> 2

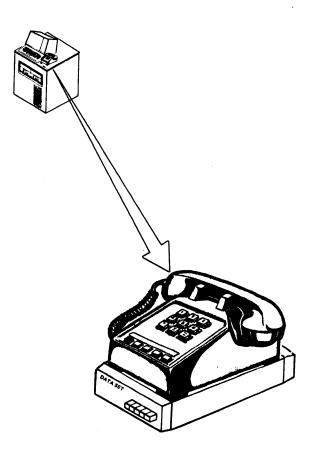
# SWITCH (4)

<u>Character Line On Line</u>

Buffer Page Local

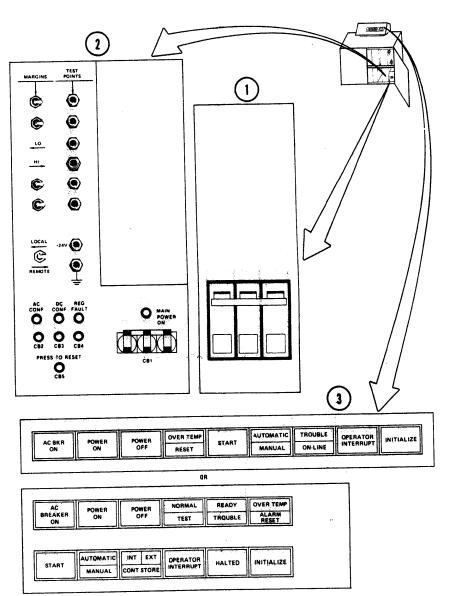


No operator power up or configuration requirements exist for this unit.



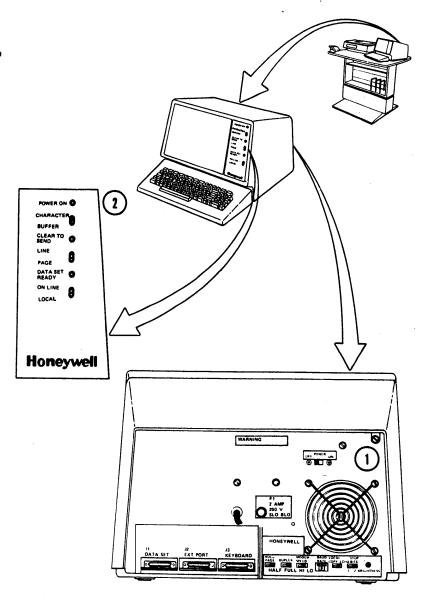
# 2.1.3 MICROPROGRAMMED PERIPHERAL CONTROLLER (MPC)

- A. MAGNETIC TAPE CONTROLLER (MTC)-MODEL 601, 610
  - 1. Set the Magnetic Tape Controller cabinet AC circuit breaker (1) to the ON position.
  - Verify that the AC BKR ON indicator
     is illuminated.
  - 3. Ensure that the LOCAL-REMOTE switch (2) is in the REMOTE position.
  - 4. Set the Main Power circuit breaker (CB1) (2) to the ON position.
  - 5. Verify that the MAIN POWER ON and AC CONF indicators (2) are illuminated.
  - 6. Press and release the POWER ON switch indicator (3).
  - 7. Verify that the DC CONF indicator (2) and the POWER ON switch-indicator (3) are illuminated.
  - 8. Verify that the **POWER OFF** switch-indicator (3) is extinguished.



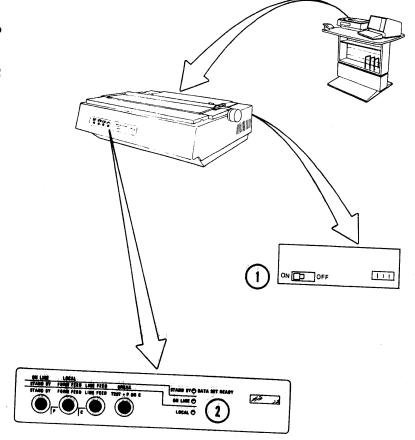
# 2.1.4 SYSTEM CONSOLE

- A. VIDEO DISPLAY UNIT
  - 1. Place the **POWER OFF-ON** switch 1 to the **ON** position.
  - Verify that the POWER ON indicator
     is illuminated.



# B. SERIAL PRINTER-ROSY 26

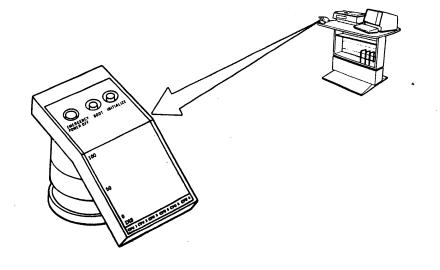
- 1. Place the **POWER OFF-ON** switch 1 to the **ON** position.
- 2. Verify that the **STANDBY** and **ON-LINE** indicators (2) are illuminated.



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# C. PROCESSOR ACTIVITY MONITOR POD

No operator power up or configuration requirements exist for this unit.



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## 2.2 CONFIGURING THE SYSTEM

## 2.2.1 SYSTEM CONSOLE

A. VIDEO DISPLAY UNIT

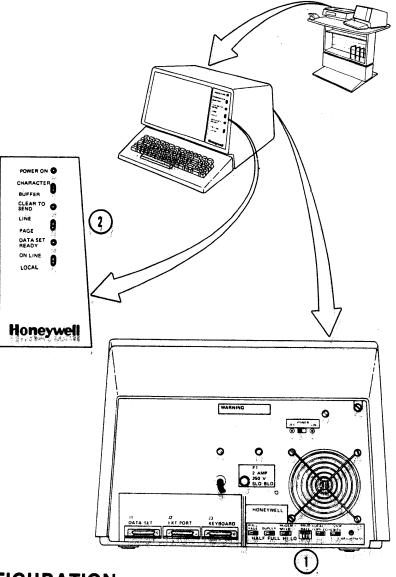
NOTE

Normal switch positions are underscored.

1. Place the identified rear panel switches 1 to their NORMAL positions.

2. Place the identified front panel switches 2 to their NORMAL positions.

<u>Character</u> <u>Line</u> <u>On Line</u> Buffer Page Local



58009853

POWER AND CONFIGURATION

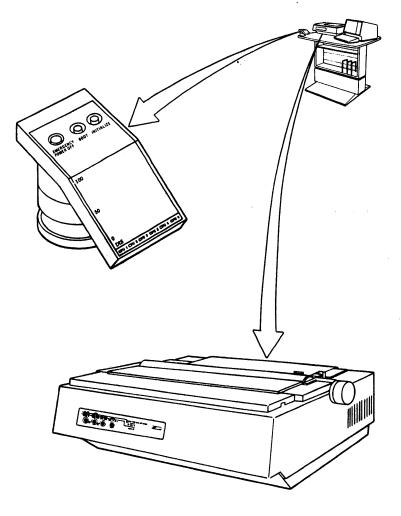
# (2.2.1 Cont.)

## B. PROCESSOR ACTIVITY MONITOR POD

o No operator configuration requirements exist for this unit.

## C. SERIAL PRINTER-ROSY 26

o No operator configuration requirements exist for this unit.



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MAGNETIC TAPE CONTROLLER (MTC)-MODEL 601, 610

 Verify that all panel switches are in the site configuration position.

CONFIGURATION SWITCH APPLICATION IN NORMAL FIRMWARE ENVIRONMENT

SWITCH #	MTS 500		MTP 601		MTP 610		
	UP	DOWN	UP	DOWN	UP	DOWN	
1							
2							
3							_
4							
5					ļ		SEE TABLE 1
6			<u> </u>				
7					ļ		J
8							
9			<u> </u>				
10			<u> </u>				
11			<u> </u>	>	1600	T USED BPI ONLY	SEE TABLE 2
12							
13							
14							
15							

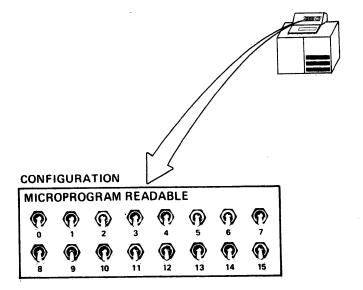
REQUIRES OPERATOR INPUT DURING TAPE HANDLER SELECTION AND LOADING.

TABLE

TABLE 2

SWITCHES 4, 5, 6, 7	TAPE BOOTLOAD DEV. NO.
0001	DEVICE NO. ONE
0010	DEVICE NO. TWO
0011	DEVICE NO. THREE
0100	DEVICE NO. FOUR
0101	DEVICE NO. FIVE
0110	DEVICE NO. SIX
0111	DEVICE NO. SEVEN
0000	DEVICE NO. EIGHT

EQUIP. TYPE	TAPE DENSITY 556 800				
MTS 500	DN	UP			
MTP 601	DN	UP			
MTP 610	N/A	N/A			



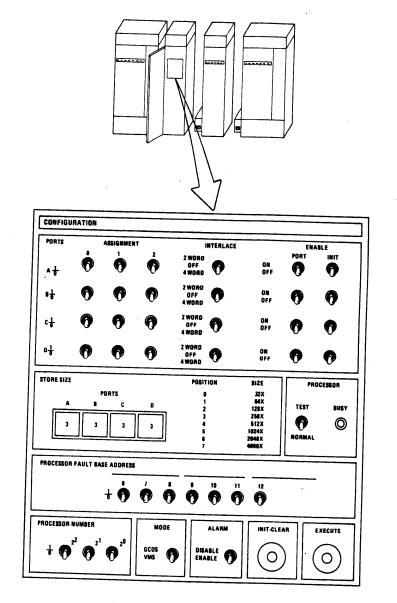
A-36

# 2.2.3 CENTRAL SYSTEM

- A. CENTRAL PROCESSOR UNIT (CPU)
  - Verify that all switches are in the normal site configuration position.

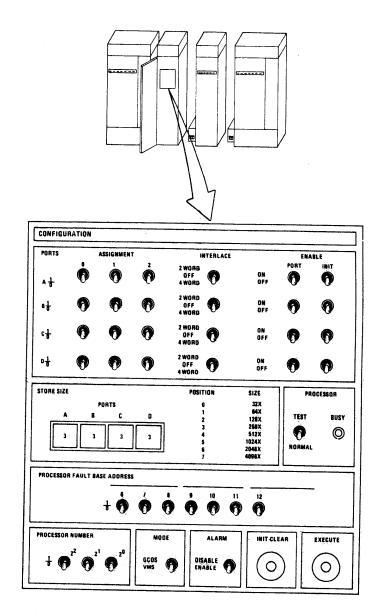
CPU # 0	PORTS	ASSIG 0	NMENT 1 2	INTER	LACE	ENABLE PORT INIT
	A B C D					
	STORE SIZ	ZE				PROCESSOR
	PROCESSO	R FAUL	T BASE A	DDRESS (	SWITCH	IES)
		6 7	8 9 DN	10	11	12
	PROCESSO 2 <sup>2</sup>	R NUMB	ER 2 <sup>0</sup>	MODE		<del></del>

CPU #	PORTS	ASS 0	IGNM 1	ENT 2	INTER	LACE	ENABLE PORT INIT
	A B C D						
	STORE SIZ	ZE					PROCESSOR
	PROCESSOR FAULT BASE ADDRESS (SWITCHES)						(ES)
			7 8			11	12
		)N U	P UF				
	PROCESSO 2 <sup>2</sup>	R NUN		0	MODE		



CPU #	PORTS	AS 0	SIGN 1	MENT 2		INTERL	ACE	ENABLE PORT INIT	
	A B C D								
	STORE SIZE PROCESSOR								
	PROCESSO	R F	AULT	BASE	A	DDRESS (	SWITCI	HES)	
		6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
	PROCESSO 2 <sup>2</sup>	21	UMBE	20		MODE			
					_				

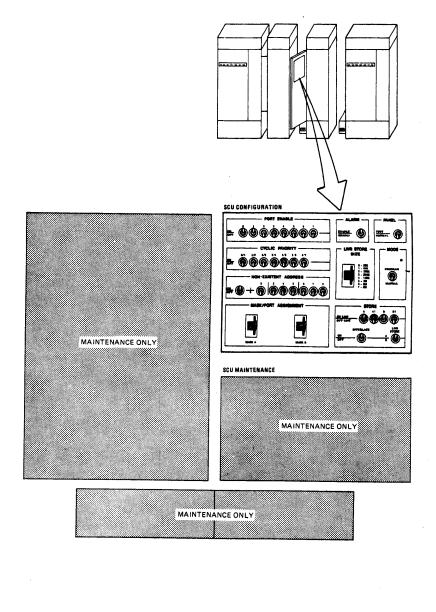
CPU #	PORTS	AS 0	SIGN 1		T 2	INTERL	ACE	ENABLE PORT INIT
	A B.							
	C D							
r	STORE SI	Z.F.						PROCESSOR
	PROCESSO	OR F	AULT	BAS	ΕA	DDRESS (	SWITCI	tES)
		6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	PROCESSO		UMBE			MODE		
	2 <sup>2</sup>	21		20				
			-					



# B. CENTRAL MEMORY UNIT (CPU)

O Verify that all switches are in the normal site configuration positions.

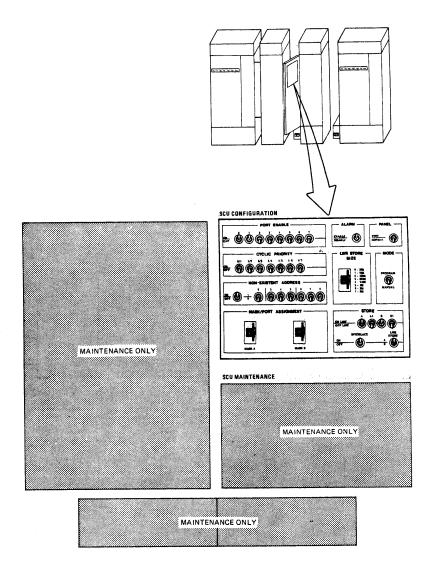
300 A		
PORT ENABLE		PANEL
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7		
CYCLIC PRIORITY	STORE SIZE	MODE
NON-EXISTENT ADDRESS		
2 3 4 5 6 7		
		<u> </u>
MASK PORT ASSIGNMENT	STORE	
	<del></del>	
SCU B		
PORT ENABLE		PANEL
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7		
CYCLIC PRIORITY	STORE SIZE	MODE
NON-EXISTENT ADDRESS 2 3 4 5 6 7		
MASK PORT ASSIGNMENT	STORE	
		<u> </u>



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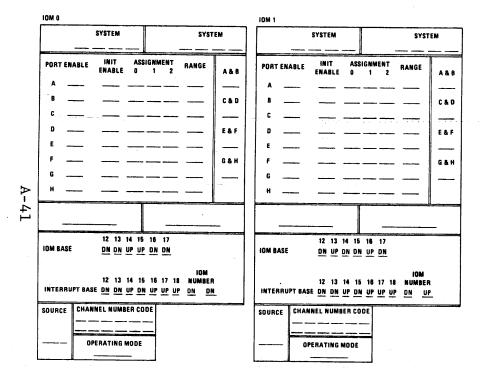
POWER AND CONFIGURATION

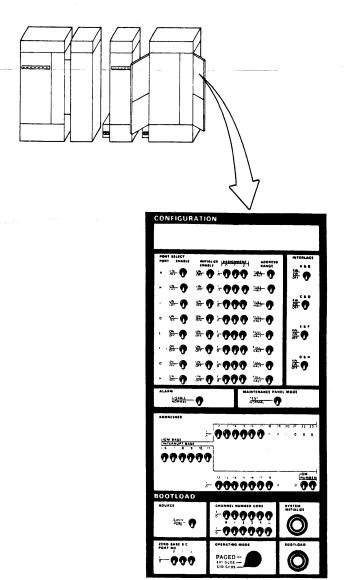
PORT ENABLE		PANEL
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7		
CYCLIC PRIORITY	STORE SIZE	MODE
NON-EXISTENT ADDRESS 2 3 4 5 6 7		
MASK PORT ASSIGNMENT	STORE	<u>и.                                    </u>
PORT ENABLE 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7		PANEL
		T
NON-EXISTENT ADDRESS 2 3 4 5 6 7	STORE SIZE	MODE
MASK PORT ASSIGNMENT	STORE	-



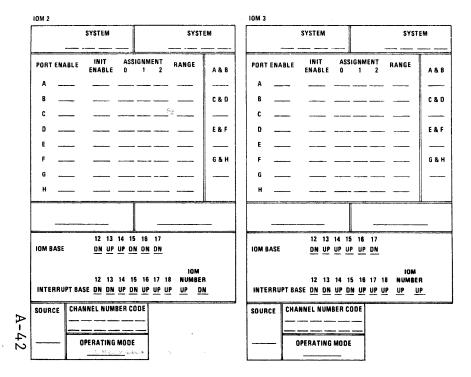
# (2.2.3 Cont.)

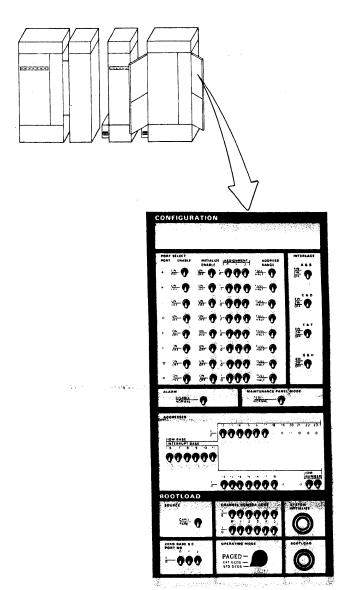
- C. INPUT/OUTPUT MULTIPLEXER UNIT (IOM)
  - O Verify that all switches are in the normal site configuration positions.





(2.2.3C Cont.)





#### D. SOFTWARE STARTUP

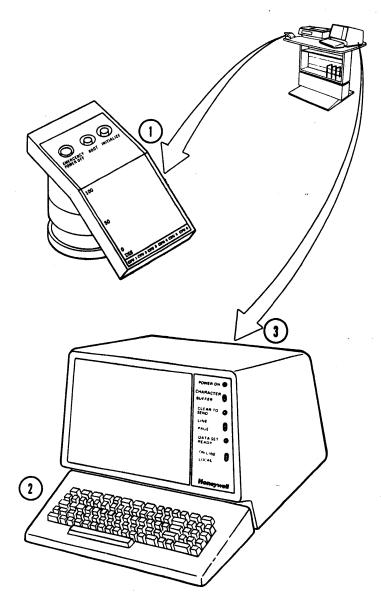
#### At the System Console:

- 1. Having mounted your system task media, press the INITIALIZE button located on the Processor Activity Monitor Pod (1).
- 2. Press the **RETURN** key on the Video Display Unit Keyboard (2).
- 3. Verify the presence of the following message on the Video Display Unit 3.

#### **‡CONSOLE READY VER 1.4**‡

#### NOTE

If the message is <u>not</u> present repeat the procedure. If after the second attempt the message still does <u>not</u> appear perform paragraph 4.1, PRIOR TO CALLING THE RESPONSE CENTER.



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## (2.2.3D Cont.)

- 4. Press the **BOOT** button located on the Processor Activity Monitor Pod  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \end{pmatrix}$  .
- 5. Verify the presence of operator messages and answer, via the Video Display Unit Keyboard, any questions displayed (2), (3).
  - A. Typical Bootload in progress messages:

#### NOTE

Your replies to central system questions should be made in accordance with your particular installation operating instructions.

\*REPLACE?

\*RESTART?

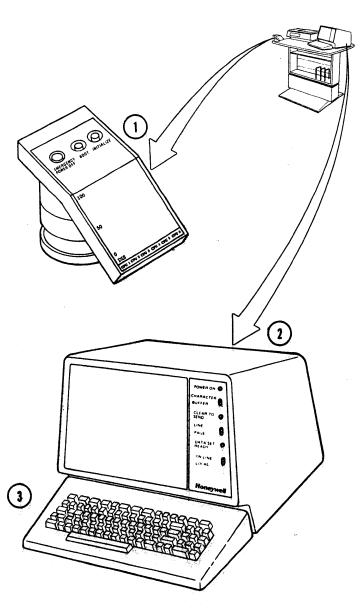
\*SCF CONTINUATION?

\*DATE 000000?

\*TIME 00.000?

\*INITIALIZE?

\*SYSOUT FOUND: A BACKDOOR FILE, TOO



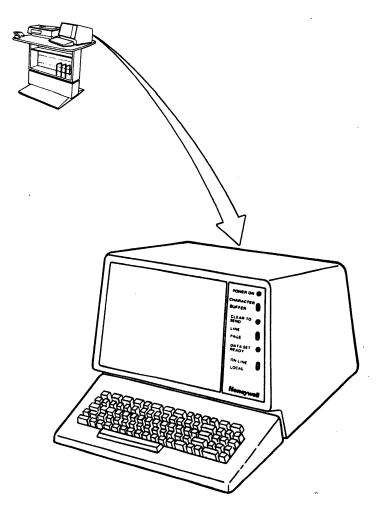
B. Typical Bootload failure messages:

\*BOOTLOAD DEVICE ERROR \*COMMAND FAULT AT 00154046, CAN NOT PROCEED

NOTE

If failure messages appear perform paragraph 4.1, PRIOR TO CALLING THE RESPONSE CENTER.

6. Proceed with normal job processing.



1-4

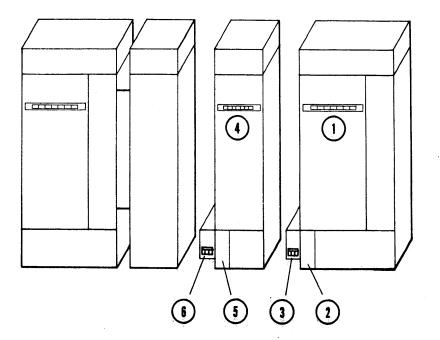
## 2.3 POWER SHUTDOWN

## 2.3.1 NORMAL SHUTDOWN (Central System)

#### NOTE

Prior to normal central system shut-down perform a boot-down of the operating system.

- A. INPUT-OUTPUT MULTIPLEXER UNIT (IOM)
  - 1. Press and release the POWER OFF switch indicator  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \end{pmatrix}$  .
  - 2. Set the Main Power circuit breaker (CB1) (2) to OFF.
  - 3. Set the AC circuit breaker (3) to OFF.
- B. CENTRAL MEMORY UNIT (CMU)
  - 1. Press and release the **POWER OFF** switch-indicator (4).
  - 2. Set the Main Power circuit breaker (CBI) 5 to the **OFF** position.
  - 3. Set the AC circuit breaker 6 to the OFF position.



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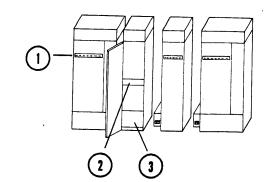
REV C

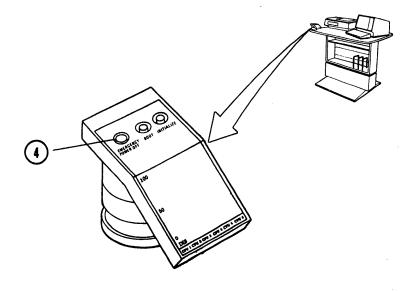
- C. CENTRAL PROCESSOR UNIT (CPU)
  - 1. Press and release the **POWER OFF** switch-indicator  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \end{pmatrix}$ .
  - 2. Set the Main Power circuit breaker (CBI) (2) to OFF.
  - 3. Set the AC circuit breaker (3) to **OFF**.

# 2.3.2 <u>EMERGENCY SHUTDOWN</u> (CENTRAL SYSTEM)

In the event that emergency shutdown is required due to equipment malfunction or hazardous conditions, the following procedure shall be followed.

- A. If your system is so configured; at the Processor Activity Monitor Pod on the System Console 4 press the EMERGENCY POWER OFF switch.
- B. Set equipment circuit breaker at the Site Main Power Distribution Panel to the **OFF** position.





DMS is provided by Honeywell's Field Engineering Division, a single support organization that services the entire system - mainframe hardware, peripherals, terminals, communication and satellite equipment, and software. Whether the system is a large complex distributed system, Field Engineering's DMS support program responds to user needs for a high of system performance and level availability.

## 3.2 THE BENEFITS OF DMS

To achieve improved system performance and availability and increase the probability of no-visit or first-visit repairs, the DMS maintenance philosophy emphasizes:

- o Advanced remote diagnostic capabilities.
- o Remote software support and hardware technical assistance.
- o A single-point dispatch for service.
- o Adequate parts inventory at a point near the user.
- o Fully trained technical specialists who can provide the broadest spectrum of maintenance services.

## 3.3 THE ELEMENTS OF DMS

DMS is implemented to provide full service capabilities through a number of major elements including:

- o Technical Assistance Center (TAC) a remote software support and hardware technical assistance service.
- o Response Center System for singlepoint dispatch of service requests.
- o Logistics Inventory Data System a major network for control and distribution of spare parts.
- o Service Account Representative for personalized efficient service and direct interaction with user's data processing staff.
- o Field Engineering Representatives.
- o Specialized Services.

# SECTION 4 TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE CENTER (TAC)

# 4.1 PRIOR TO CALLING THE RESPONSE CENTER

When you feel that it has become necessary to call for Honeywell technical assistance please take a few additional moments to assure yourself that you have not overlooked a small procedural step. A careful review of the following symptom-related-questions will provide you with increased confidence prior to CALLING THE RESPONSE CENTER.

## A. SYSTEM DOWN-WON'T BOOT

- O Did you attempt the startup more than once? Refer to paragraph 2.2.3D
- O Did you double-check the system configuration? Refer to paragraphs 2.2.3A,B,C.
- O Did you successfully boot the DPU System? Refer to paragraphs 2.2.4.3A,B,C,D.

# B. SYSTEM INTERMITTENT FAILURES/JOB ABORTS

O Can your provide the TAC specialist with a clear description of the problem and symptoms?

- O What error message did you receive at the time of failure?
- O Is the problem a reoccurring problem? If yes, is there a specific time interval or type of job being performed correlation?

#### DPU WON'T BOOT

O Did you try both the Autoboot and Manual Boot procedures? Refer to paragraphs 2.2.4.3A,B,C,D.

#### D. PERIPHERAL PROBLEM - SYSTEM RUNS

- o What type of peripheral is experiencing the problem?
- o Did you attempt to alleviate the problem using the pertinent unit manual?
- O Can you provide the TAC specialist with a clear description of the problem and symptoms?

Proceed to paragraph 4.2, CALLING THE RESPONSE CENTER.

# 4.2 CALLING THE RESPONSE CENTER

When it becomes necessary to call Honeywell for technical assistance you will call the Response Center.

The Response Center will ask you for following information:

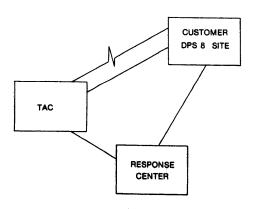
- 1. System Number
- 2. Confirmation of the name and address of the company.
- 3. Type of problem i.e. Hardware or Software.
- 4. Brief description of the problem.

Having collected the above information the Response Center will forward these system particulars to the Technical Assistance Center (TAC). Please wait for the TAC specialist to contact you.

# Honeywell

FIELD ENGINEERING DIVISION

SYSTEM NUMBER _		
FOR SERVICE CALL	800 -241 -1 634	



#### 4.3 PROBLEM & SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Having received your call from the Technical Assistance Center (TAC) you will be required to furnish the TAC specialist with parts or all of the following information.

#### 4.3.1 FAULT SYMPTOMS

- A. System Down Won't Boot
- B. System Intermittent Failures
- C. DPU Down Won't Boot
- D. Peripheral Problem System Runs

#### 4.3.2 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Each installation is characterized by differing amounts and types of equipment. Your installation is described within the chart on the following page. This information may be required by the TAC Specialist in his efforts to isolate and resolve faults within the system. It is critical that these system particulars be accurate and up-to-date.

# SYSTEM CONFIGURATION CHART

s	CU A	DPU ID SCU SCU B		SCU B	DPU ID SCU – –	scu c		DPU ID SCU	scu o		DPU ID SCU
PORT #	CPU#,PORT#	IOM#,PORT#	PORT#	CPU#,PORT#	IOM#,PORT#		CPU#,PORT#	IOM#,PORT#		CPU#,PORT#	IOM#,PORT#
PORT #	DPU ID	DPU ID	PORT#	DPU ID	DPU ID	PORT #	DPU ID	DPU ID	PORT #	DPU ID	DPU ID
0			0			0			0		
·	CPU	10M		CPU	10M		CPU	IOM		CPU	10M
1			١,						1		
	CPU	10M	<u>'</u>	CPU	10M	'	CPU	10M		CPU	IOM
2			2			,			2		
	CPU	10M		CPU IOM	10M 2	CPU	10M		CPU	10M	
3			3			3			•		
	CPU	10M		CPU	10M	3	CPU	IOM	3	CPU	IOM
4			4			4					
	CPU	IOM		CPU	10M	•	CPU	10M	4	CPU	IOM
5			5			5			5		
	CPU	IOM		CPU	10M	•	CPU	10M		CPU	IOM
6			6		+ E	6		7.38			
	CPU	IOM		CPU	10M		CPU	10M	6	CPU	10M
7			7			7	0.8	17/68	,	7.4.7	
	CPU	10M	<b>.</b>	CPU	10M		CPU	10M	7	CPU	IOM

#### MEMORY ASSIGNMENT/SIZE

er operations	PORT #	MEMORY A OR B	MEMORY SIZE	PORT #	MEMORY A OR B	MEMORY SIZE	PORT #	MEMORY	MEMORY SIZE	PORT #	MEMORY A OR B	MEMORY SIZE
	0			0			0	rum i deser i i i i i i		0		
	1			1			1			1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	2			2			2			2		
	3			3			3			3		
	4			4			4			4		
	5			5			5			5		
	6			6			6			6		
	7			7			7			7		
								:				

NUMBERING SYSTEM:

SCUID = A,B,C,D

| TOM ID = 0-3

SCU PORT # = 0.7

LIOM PORT # = A,B,C,D

CPU ID = 0-3

MEMORY ID = A OR B

CPU PORT # = A,B,C,D

MEMORY SIZE = 256K, 512K, 768K, 1024K

DPU ID: CPU--, IOM--, SCUO-

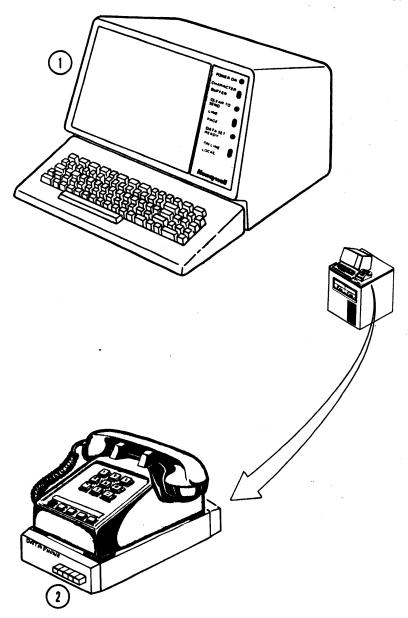
# 4.4 DPU REMOTE HOOKUP TO TAC

# 4.4.1 ACTIVATE REMOTE MAINTENANCE

- A. Ensure that the DPU is operational by observing the presence of data messages on the DPU Video Display Unit. (1)
- B. Upon receiving instructions from TAC switch the telephone from the talk mode to the data mode via the line selection buttons (1) and hang up.

## NOTE

Additional DPU commands not utilized within this section are contained under the tab entitled RMI COMMANDS.



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REV C

C. Wait for the TAC remote maintenance request  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \end{pmatrix}$ .

D. Respond to the request by:

Type in: #ENA REM Depress: RETURN (2)

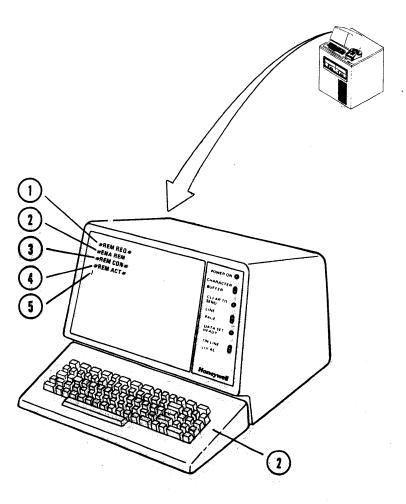
E. Wait for the remote connected message 3.

F. Indicates that TAC has control and is ready to test your system  $\binom{4}{1}$ .

G. Proceed to paragraph 4.4.2, TAC INSTRUCTIONS.

## NOTE

All messages to the operator from TAC will be prefaced with a right parenthesis character (5).



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# 4.4.2 TAC INSTRUCTIONS

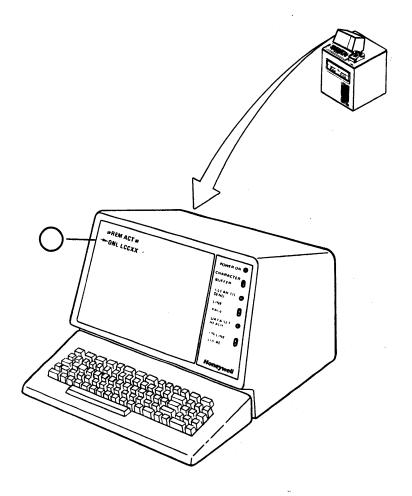
The TAC specialist has a variety of methods at his disposal to diagnose your equipment problems. His selection will be based upon the failure description that you provided during your intitial contact. The following troubleshooting methods represent the choices at his disposal.

- O Run the system with TAC interaction (Job Monitoring) paragraph 4.4.2.1
- O Run TOLTS (Total On-Line Test System)
   paragraph 4.4.2.2
- O Run PAS2 (Off-Line Test and Diagnostics) paragraph 4.4.2.3
- O Use the MPC portable maintenance panel -paragraph 4.4.2.4

At the direction of TAC proceed to the appropriate paragraph.

# 4.4.2.1 JOB MONITORING

A. Having previously established DPU REMOTE HOOKUP TO TACK, paragraph 4.4.1, TAC will invoke the DPU ON-LINE function Please move to the System Console.



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B. At the System Consoles Video Display Unit Keyboard respond to the #REM REQ# by:

Depress and hold

ESC

Type in # E N A SPACE R E M

Release

ESC

Depress

RETURN 1

C. TAC has gained control and is capable of monitoring all of your System Console activities (2).

#### NOTE

SHOULD YOU DESIRE TO TEMPORARILY TERMINATE TAC CONTROL:

Depress and hold

CTL

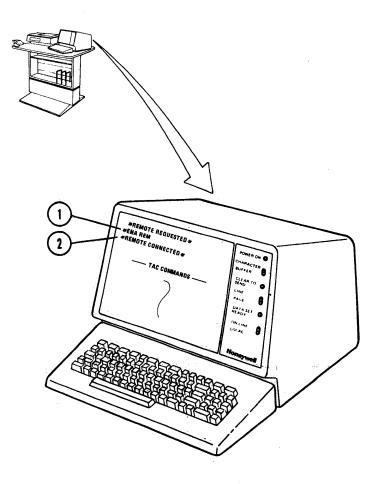
Type in

X

Release

CTL

D. Should you desire to communicate with the TAC specialist there are three methods at your disposal.



## (4.4.2.1 Cont.)

1. QUICKEST METHOD - This method of communicating is ideal for transmission of short messages and it does not inhibit the System Consoles ability to communicate with the Central System.

O At the DPU Video Display Unit Keyboard:

Depress

Type in the text of message - maximum one line

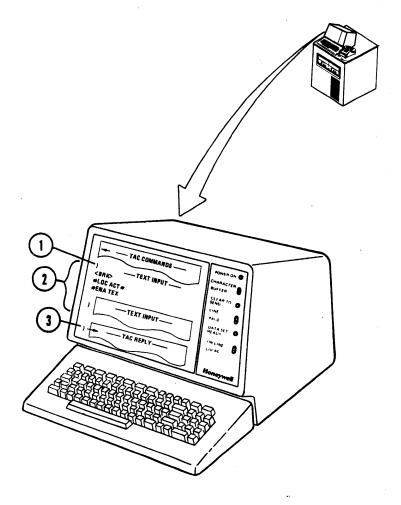
Depress RETURN 1

- O Wait for TAC to reply to your message (3).
- 2. ALTERNATE METHOD This method would be used if the text of the message will exceed a single line.
  - O At the DPU Video Display Unit Keyboard:
    Type in # E N A SPACE T E X

Type in the message text lines

Depress RETURN 2 to transmit each line

O Wait for TAC to reply to your message (3).



## (4.4.2.1 Cont.)

- 3. LEAST DESIRABLE METHOD This method while being the most convenient should be considered the least desirable because when you enter the text mode on the System Console you are diminishing your capability to easily respond to Central System requests and instructions. You also risk losing TAC replys to your communications while you are responding to the Central System.
  - o At the System Console Video Display Unit Keyboard:

Type in # E N A SPACE T E X

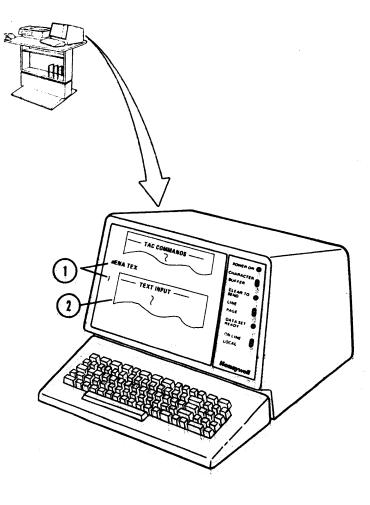
Depress RETURN 1

NOTE

You have now inhibited your ability to communicate with the Central System. Your only connection via the Keyboard is directly to TAC.

O Type in the text of the message (2).

Depress RETURN to transmit each line



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O Wait for TAC to reply to your message (1).

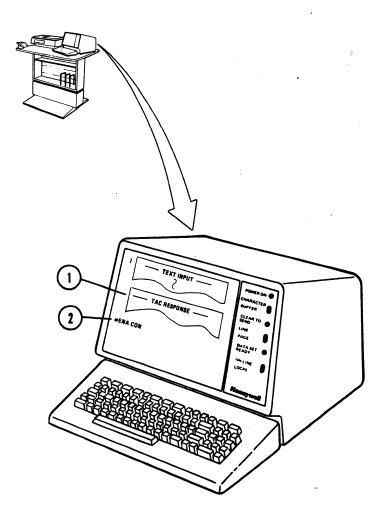
#### NOTE

If you receive instructions or messages from the Central System while in the text mode you must restore the communications link between the Central System and the console keyboard before attempting to reply. During this period any communications received from TAC will be lost at the Central Console, but may be viewed at the DPU Video Display Unit.

O Re-establish the communications link between the Central System and the console keyboard by:

Type in # E N A SPACE C O N
Depress RETURN 2

- o Reply to the Central Systems question or instruction.
- O Return to the text mode using the Normal #ENA TEX command if so desired.



## (4.4.2.1 Cont.)

E. Normally TAC will relinguish control of the System Console. At the completion of JOB MONITORING. Notification will appear at the Video Display Unit (1).

#### NOTE

If for any reason you desire to terminate the TAC Remote System Console connection perform step F.

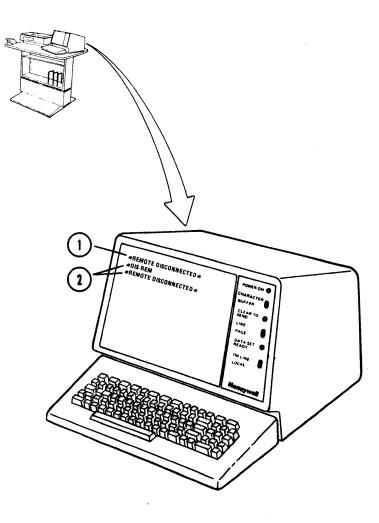
F. At the System Console terminate the TAC remote connection by:

Depress and hold ESC

Type in # D I S SPACE R E M

Release ESC

Depress RETURN (2)



- A. Perform paragraph 4.4.2.1, steps A-C allowing TAC to gain control and monitor your system console activities.
- B. TAC will inform you that they are running the total On-Line Test System (TOLTS) (Example Only).

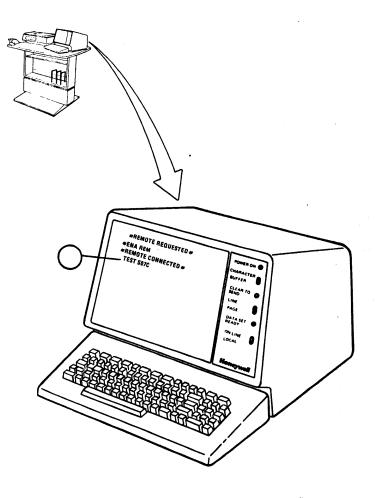
#### NOTE

Ignore all test message data that may appear.

C. No further action is required unless instructed to do so by the TAC specialist. Please standby the DPU Subsystem.

#### NOTE

If you must enter the text mode to communicate with the TAC specialist refer to paragraph 4.2.2.1, step D.



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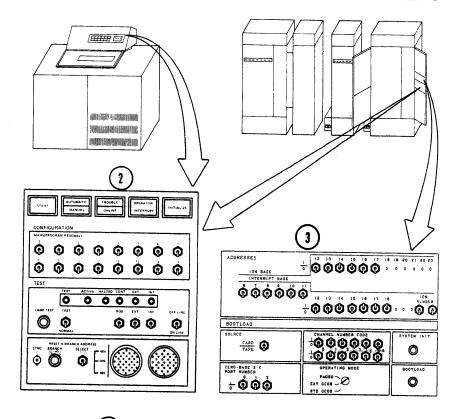
B. Locate the tape MPC configuration panel 2 and enter the octal equivalent to the PAS2 tape handler number in switches 5, 6, 7.

TAPE HANDLER #	S	WITCHE	S
TATE HANDLEN #	(5)	(6)	(7)
1	DN	DN	UP
2	DN	UP	DN
3	DN	UP	ÜP
4	UP	DN	DN
5	UP	DN	UP
6	UP	UP	DN
7	UP	UP	UP
8	DN	DN	DN

C. At the IOM CONFIGURATION panel 3 place the identified switches in their appropriate position.

SWITCH NAME	POSITION			
IOM BASE	OCTAL 1400 (As indicated)			
INTERRUPT BASE	OCTAL 1340 (As indicated)			
SOURCE	TAPE			
CHANNEL NUMBER CODE	OCTAL 20 (As indicated)*			
OPERATING MODE	EXT. GCOS			

\*Check your particular site configuration, paragraph 2.2.3 C and D.

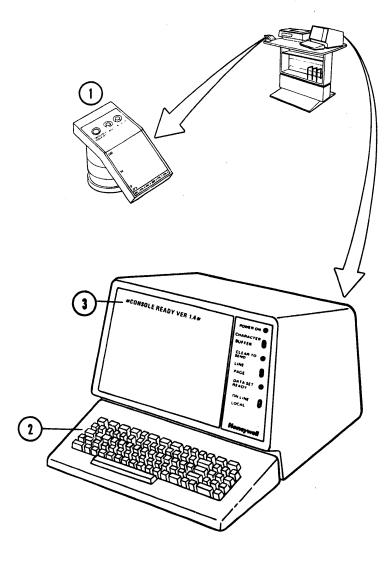




# (4.4.2.3 Cont.)

- D. Press the INITIALIZE button located on the Processor Activity Monitor Pod
- E. Press the **RETURN** key on the Video Display Unit Keyboard 2.
- F. Verify the presence of the following message on the Video Display Unit (3).

# **#CONSOLE READY VER 1.4**



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(4.4.2.3 Cont.)

G. At the DPU Video Display Unit Keyboard type in:

) S Y S T E M SPACE I S SPACE

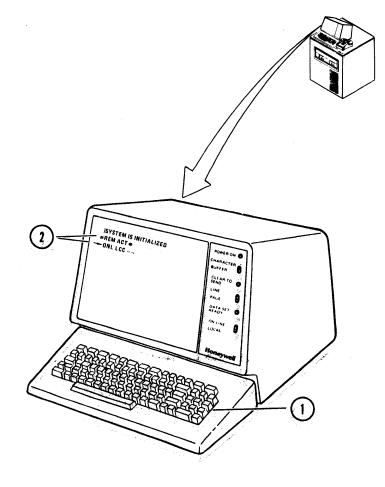
INITIALIZED

Depress

RETURN

(1)

H. Wait for TAC to invoke the DPU ON-LINE function (2).



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# (4.4.2.3 Cont.)

- I. At the System Console Video Display Unit verify the presence of TAC's remote maintenance request (1).
- J. Respond to the request by:

Depress and hold ESC

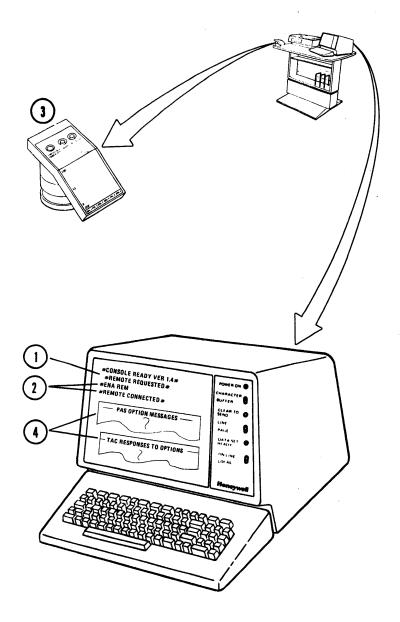
Type in # E N A SPACE R E M

Release ESC

- Depress RETURN
- K. Verify the presence of the #REMOTE CONNECTED# message (2) indicating that TAC is capable of controlling/monitoring your system console activities.
- L. Press the  ${\bf BOOT}$  button located on the Processor Activity Monitor (3).

#### NOTE

At the System Console Video Display Unit various PAS options will be listed 4. If the message, "IS MTS F/W ALREADY LOADED?" is to be answered "N" for No perform step M. If answered "Y" for Yes go to step N.



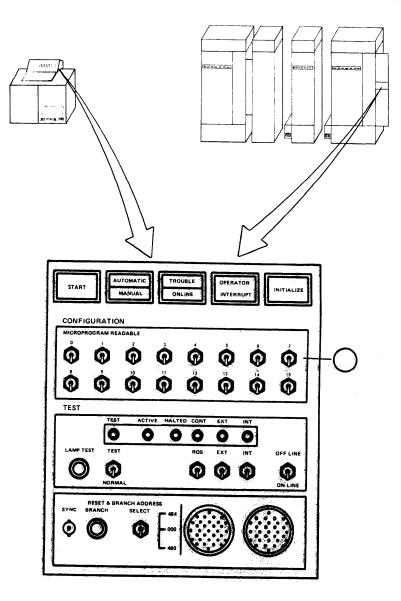
M. At the MPC configuration panel enter the octal equivalent to the firmware tape handler number noted in step A.

APE HANDLER #	S	S	
APE HANDLER #	(5)	(6)	(7)
1	DN	DN	UP
2	DN	UP	DN
3	DN	UP	UP
4	UP	DN	DN
5	UP	DN	UP
6	UP	UP	DN
7	UP	UP	UP
8	DN	ĎN	DN

N. No further action is required unless directed by TAC.

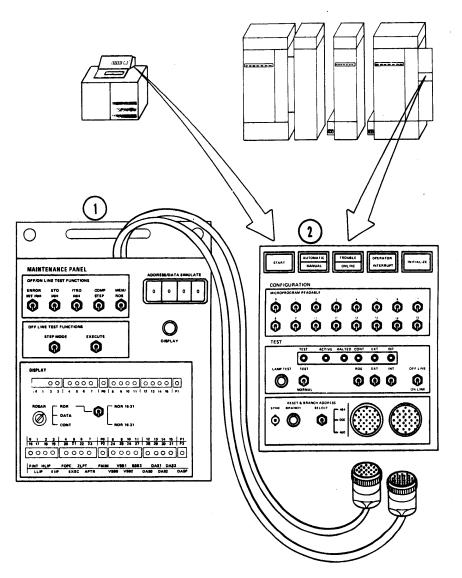
#### NOTE

Should #REMOTE DISCONNECTED# appear on the System Console Display Video screen indicates that TAC has completed their task and relinquished control of the System Console. Additional messages from TAC, if any, will appear on the DPU Video Display Unit.



#### 4.4.2.4 MPC PORTABLE MAINTENANCE PANEL

- A. Locate the MPC Portable Maintenance Panel (1).
- B. Connect the two plugs to the MPC Configuration Panel  $\binom{2}{2}$ .
  - o Note that the plugs are not interchangeable.
  - o Rotate the plugs as necessary to insert them. Turn the locking ring to secure each plug.
- C. TAC will direct you in the setting of switches and reading of display information on the Maintenance and Configuration panels.



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# SECTION 5 REMOTE MAINTENANCE INTERFACE (RMI) COMMANDS

## 5.1 RMI PROTOCALL

 All command inputs are entered as upper case, fixed format, prefixed with a # sign and terminated by RETURN.

Example: # ENA REM RETURN

- RMI commands may be entered at any time from either the REMOTE (TAC) or local (DPU) Video Display Unit, whether the keyboard is active or inactive.
- RMI acknowledges command input by issuing a carriage return and linefeed.
- All RMI responses are bracketed by # signs.
- For inputs other than RMI commands only one keyboard (Local or Remote) is active at a time. Control may be taken from the active keyboard by issuing a BRK or CTL X. The remote connection may be terminated by issuing a command of #DIS REM from either the remote or local location.

## 5.1.1 RMI COMMANDS AND RESPONSES

COMMAND	EXPLANATION	RESPONSE	DEFINITION
<b>‡</b> STA	Display RMI status to issuing terminal	#REM DIS# #REM ENA# #LOC ACT# #REM ACT# #MAI ENA# #TEX ENA# #MON DIS# #MON ENA# #CPY DIS# #CPY ENA# #REM REQ#	Remote Disabled Remote Enabled Local Keyboard Active Remote Keyboard Active Maintenance Mode Enabled Text Mode Enabled Monitor Disabled Monitor Enabled Copy Disabled Copy Enabled Remote is connected and requesting control.
#ENA REM (DPU Only)	Allows the remote Keyboard (TAC) to input to the control system, Disables the local keyboard	#REM CON#	Remote connected
#DIS REM	Terminate the Remote connection	#REM DIS#	Remote Disconnected
			v
		ike d. dan	

RMI COMMANDS

COMMAND	EXPLANATION	RESPONSE	DEFINITION	COMMAND	EXPLANATION	RESPONSE	DEFINITION
#ENA MON (DPU only)	Enable local monitor to view DPU data to TAC.	đata	Designates data going to TAC	CTL X	Enables issuing keyboard, Disables other keyboard	#LOC ACT#	
#DIS MON (DPU only)	Disable local monitor			(DPU only)	Designates text string to be transmitted with out enabling text mode		
#ENA CPY (DPU only)	Enable remote copy of local input and output.		Designates output Designates input	CX (DPU only)	DPU captures system	#REM ACTIVE	
#DIS CPY (DPU only)	Disable remote copy					<b>‡</b> ?	Illegal RMI Command
#ENA MAI (DPU only)	Enable maintenance mode (Normal DPU mode)-Disables text mode.				·		
#ENA CON	Exit text mode.						
#ENA TEX	Enables text mode.		Designates text mode Designates received text				
						,	
	•						
	'						
							•
							•
							**
	,						

# APPENDIX B

		Page Number
Section 1:	DPU Start-up	B-1 thru B-7
Section 2:	System Commands	B-9 thru B-14
Section 3:	Console Troubleshooting Guide	B-15 thru B-18

#### 1.0 DPU START-UP

#### 1.1 FIELD CONFIG

Diskette 0 MDC 0400x Boot Record, 0/S, and "SMTCS" Diskette 1 MDC 0480x Lib & User Scratch Local VIP MDC 0500x Remote MLCP1 1000x (Sys. Maint Site Config MLCP1 1080, 1100, 1180, (Contro Sof	/Test)

#### 1.2 FACTORY CONFIG

UNIT	BOARD	CHANNEL	
MSU00 Diskette 0 Diskette 1 8 Bit GPI Local Rosy Lev II Comm	MSC MDC MDC MDC MLCP1 MLCP1	0400x 0800x 0880x 0900x 1000x 1080x	Boot & System SFWR Bkup Media Bkup Media Factory Auto Interface Console Unit(s) Under Test/FFICS (Factory
			Floor Info. Cont. Sys.)

#### 1.3 POWER-UP

DPU - Enable Maintenance Panel for Manual boot, disable Switch-On:

for Auto boot.

Floppy Drives Mass Store Drive

VIP Rosy

1.4 MANUAL BOOTLOAD (Key switch must be unlocked) (Enable Maintenance)

Depress Maintenance Panel keys:

- STEP
- CLEAR
- LOAD
- EXECUTE

QLT's are invoked - CHECK and TRAFFIC indicators should be illuminated. When CHECK and TRAFFIC indicators extinguish, QLT's are complete.

Mount system Diskette on Drive O. (System Pack on MSM for factory system) Depress EXECUTE.

Bootload begins.

#### AUTO BOOTLOAD 1.5

- Disable Maintenance Panel via Key switch (to lock position)
- Switch on DPU power
  Mount system diskette on drive 0 (READY Mass Store Drive if factory)

DPU will automatically sequence through the steps outlined in Section 1.4 and begin the bootload.

## 1.6 START-UP COMPLETE

The DPU is ready when the prompt  $^{\prime\prime}C?^{\prime\prime}$  appears on the local VIP. Proceed to Section 2, "DPU Function Commands".

If DPU operating system trouble occurs after this point there will be a "SYS ERROR" code reported on the local/remote terminal, or the DPU will halt with error codes in registers 1 and 2.

- SYS ERROR CODES:

Are reported on local VIP and/or remote terminal. See Table 2 for "OPERATIONAL ERROR CODES (OEC)" and recovery procedures.

- DPU ERROR HALT:

Display and record registers 1 and 2 on the DPU Maintenance Panel. Proceed to Table 1 for error codes and any possible recovery procedures.

#### 1.7 START-UP ERRORS (Bootload and Init. of DFU Operating System)

- Quality Logic Tests (QLT's)

These hardware-resident QLT's are automatically run as the first phase of the Bootload sequence. If the CHECK or TRAFFIC indicators remain illuminated longer than approximately 30 seconds after LOAD/EXECUTE, there is a QLT failure. (Reference course K910 for repair or DPU hardware.)

- Bootload Phase

If trouble occurs during the actual Bootload phase the DPU will halt with error codes in registers 1 and 2. Display and record the values of registers 1 and 2 on the DPU Maintenance Panel. Proceed to Table 1 for error codes and recovery procedures.

- DPU Config Processing

Two error types which will halt the DPU are reported by the Config Load Manager software module during initial DPU Config. Processing.

- Comm errors (R1 = 0BXX)
   Indicate an invalid COMM Configuration.
- CMD errors (R1 = 13XX)
  Indicate an improper CLM CMD directive or argument.

Unless a DPU hardware failure has occurred, appearance of these error types indicates an improper entry has been made during the previous "CBLD" activity.

#### 1.7 START-UP ERRORS (Cont'd.)

- DPU Config Processing (Cont'd.)

To bypass the error, follow the restart procedure at 1.8 until the DPU completes start-up with the prompt " $\underline{\text{C}}$ ?". Then enter the "CBLD" function to correct the indicated errors. Reboot the DPU after the "CBLD" command.

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

The DPU config is contained on two separate files within the SMTCS (System Maintenance and Test Control Software) diskette:

- System Attributes and non-comm directives are on the file CLM\_USER, which is fixed and not accessible by the DPU user. CLM\_USER contains diskette, and local terminal configuration information.
- COMM directives (MLCP connections) are on the file CLM SITE, which is site dependent and accessible by the DPU user via the "CBLD" command. CLM\_SITE contains remote, system console, and unit connection (CPUXX, SCUXX) configuration information.

The Config Load Manager (CLM) processes the DPU config sequentially, starting with CLM\_USER, then CLM\_SITE.

#### 1.8 CONFIG COMMAND RESTART PROCEDURE

Config errors (OBXX and 13XX) may be bypassed and processing continued by clearing R1 (D1 on DPU Maintenance Panel) and resuming:

On the DPU Maintenance Panel:

- Depress STEP SELECT.
- Key in "D1" to select register 1.
- Depress CHANGE.
- Key in "0000" to clear R1.
- Depress RUN EXECUTE to resume processing.

If additional errors are detected (as is generally the case), repeat the above procedure until all config errors are bypassed. Start-up is complete with the prompt " $\underline{C?}$ " on the local VIP.

Once the DPU is ready ("C?"), enter the "CBLD" function to correct the indicated errors, then reboot the DPU.

#### TABLE 1

# DPU ERROR CODES

The error types listed in this table usually indicate a DPU hardware failure or a bad system diskette. Replace the diskette or see course K910 for DPU hardware repair.

It is possible that error types OBXX and 13XX could be caused by an improper entry being made during the previous "CBLD" activity. See Section 1.7, DPU Config Processing, for information and recovery

Further error definition should not be needed in the field or factory floor environment. If additional information is desired on an error code see LEVEL 6 Manual.

R1 and R2 and D1 and D2 on the DPU Maintenance Panel.

#### R1 = 99XXINITIAL BOOTLOAD FAILURE

R2 = Operational Error Code (OEC) (Secondary information) See Table 2.

R1 = 9900Cannot read boot device channel number.

(May enter Chan number in R2, then continue.) R1 = 9908No operational terminal.

R1 = 9911I/O error

R1 = 9924Error clearing memory

R1 = 9926Software trap (number in R2) R1 = 9927

Cannot read boot device status R1 = 99XX

Other codes (See footnote on page B-5)

#### R1 = 16XXBOOTSTRAP HALT

R1 = 1616I/O error, Press EXECUTE on DPU Maintenance Panel to retry the I/O.

R1 = 16XXOther codes (See footnote on page B-5)

#### R1 = OBXXSOFTWARE COMM MODULE ERRORS

These entries may be caused by invalid entries to the prior "CBLD" activity. Follow recovery procedure in Section 1.8.

R1 = OB13 R1 = OB23 R1 = OB48 R1 = OB49 R1 = OB4A R1 = OB4A R1 = OBXX Invalid channel number Invalid channel number, already assigned MLCP busy, cannot load software module Main Memory error during software loading Incorrect parity during load Other codes (See footnote on page B-5.)
---

#### TABLE 1

#### DPU ERROR CODES - CONT'D

#### R1 = 13XX

## SOFTWARE "CMD" MODULE ERRORS

These errors may be caused by invalid entries to the "CBLD" command of the DPU. Follow recovery procedure in Section 1.8.

R1 = 1301	Command Directive invalid
R1 = 1302	Command argument required decimal digit
R1 = 1303	Command argument requires smaller digit
R1 = 1306	Command includes an argument error
R1 = 130F	Command error due to missing or faulty argument
R1 = 1324	Command specifies invalid device type
R1 = 132A	Command specifies duplicate channel
R1 = 1339	Command device error, cannot read label
R1 = 13XX	Other codes (See footnote at bottom of this page.)

#### R2 = CDXX

#### SMTCS COMMAND PROCESSOR INIT ERRORS

R2 = CDOC	Fatal I/O error
R2 = CDOD	Non-fatal I/O error
R2 = CDXX	Other codes (see footnote below.)

This is the final stage of bootload. Failures detected during this init phase will halt the DPU with error codes in R1 and R2. To retry, clear R1 and press RUN. (Ref. CMD Error Retry Section 1.8.)

Footnote: All codes listed as XX are concerned with the DPU operating system software. The DPU O/S is not accessible by, or manipulated by the DPU user. However, for your information, all codes are defined in LEVEL 6 Manual.

#### TABLE 2

# OPERATIONAL ERROR CODES

The BASIC EXEC generates these error types on behalf of SMTCS, and SMTCS generally reports them as "SYS ERROR" codes on the DPU terminal (local and/or remote.

During bootload, these error codes may accompany other primary errors, as indicated in Table 1, to further isolate failures or report unexpected occurrences.

The OEC errors will be registered in R1 or R2, depending on primary error.

OEC = O1XX	I/O ERROR	
	OEC = 010B	Device not ready Device timeout no interrupt Hardware error in status word Device software disabled File mark encountered Controller unavailable Device unavailable Other codes (See footnote on Page B-5.)
OEC = O2XX	COMM SOFTWAR	E ERROR CODES
	OEC = 02XX	All codes (See footnote on page B-5)
OEC = 03XX	SOFTWARE TRA	P CODE
	OEC = 0311 OEC = 0318 OEC = 03XX	Memory or MEGABUS error Memory bus error Other codes (See footnote on page B-5.)
OEC = 06XX	MEMORY MANAG	EMENT ERRORS
	OEC = 06XX	All codes (See footnote or page B-5.)
OEC = 08XX	EXEC SERVICE	ERRORS
	OEC = 081E OEC = 0821 OEC = 08XX	Unrecoverable media error on roll in/out. Error loading system overlay. Other codes (See footnote on page B-5.)

#### TABLE 2

# OPERATIONAL ERROR CODES - CONT'D.

OEC = 16XX	LOADER ERROR
OEC = 1607 OEC = 16XX	Unrecoverable media error Other codes (See footnote on page B-5.)
OEC = DXXX	DYNAMIC MAINTENANCE PANEL ERROR
OEC = D108 OEC = D108 OEC = D110 OEC = D204 OEC = D801 OEC = DDXX	DMP Read task disabled - fatal error DMP Read terminated - DMP unavailable DMP connect timeout; check cables Expected response from DMP not received DMP Read or Write is busy - fatal error Unexpected response from DMP
OFC = YYYY	OTHER OEC ERRORS REPORTED BY EXEC

The error types listed on this table usually indicate a DPU hardware failure or a bad system diskette. Replace the diskette or see course K910 for DPU hardware repair.

Further error definition should not be needed in the field or factory environment. If additional information is desired on an error code, see LEVEL 6 Manual.

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# APPENDIX B - SECTION 2 SYSTEM COMMANDS

At the "C?" prompt on the 7200 VIP, if you type in a "?" carriage return (C/R) you get the following display:

C? ?

SYS CMDS (U = UNIT KEY\_NAME REQUIRED)

OFL U ONL U CLST CBLD IDLE

This is a list of all commands that can be entered at the C? prompt.

All commands must be terminted by a carriage return.

SYSTEM COMMANDS - CONT'D.

The DPU has been hooked up to the devices, and software was booted into the DPU. The software must be made aware of what devices are hooked to what cables. This is accomplished with the "CBLD" verb.

Typing the "CBLD" verb at the C? prompt results in the following display:

C? CBLD WORKING...

ENTER UPDATE OPTION: BUILD, ADD, CHANGE, OR LIST

Entering a "?" in response to the above message will give a list of permissable commands that can be entered at this time.

Resultant display to your ? input

? LIST BUILD ADD CHANGE DONE ABORT

SYSTEM COMMANDS - CONT'D.

At the end of the display just received, "ENTER UPDATE OPTION" was printed again and a response of "BUILD" was typed in as shown below.

The two lines printed after "BUILD" was entered show the fixed remote modem configuration.

Next, response to the "ENTER DEVICE NAME" is a "?". This will give a listing of all acceptable device names.

The "XX" in the device name can be 00 through 99.

ENTER UPDATE OPTION: BUILD, ADD, CHANGE, OR LIST PARE CHAN BAUD MODEM

REMOT 1000 1200 1 ENTER DEVICE NAME: ? REMOT

LOCAL

CPUXX

**CPMXX** 

LCCXX

SCUXX

**FEPXX** 

SYSTEM COMMANDS - CONT'D.

At the end of the listing just received, the "ENTER UPDATE OPTION:" was asked again, and a response of "BUILD" was given. A question answer sequence is now entered and the configuration of the devices can be given to the "DPU" software.

ENTER UPDATE OPTION: BUILD, ADD, CHANGE, OR LIST? ?BUILD NAME CHAN BAUD MODEM

REMOT 1000 1200 1
ENTER DEVICE NAME: CPU00
ENTER CHANNEL NUMBER: 1100
ENTER DEVICE NAME: LCC00
ENTER CHANNEL NUMBER: 1080
ENTER DEVICE NAME: DONE
NAME CHAN BAUD MODEM

REMOT 1000 1200 1 CPU00 1100 1200 0 LCC00 1080 1200 0

When you have entered all key names and channel numbers and you wish to exit this operation, type in "DONE". This will result in a heading line and a type out of the configuration just entered. You must now wait until the C? prompt is displayed. When this occurs, and the configuration just generated is to be made permanent, you must now reboot the DPU.

SYSTEM COMMANDS - CONT'D.

To enable the "ONL" function so that the "TAC" personnel can use their console (at the TAC center) as the system console, perform the following:

At C? prompt type in: ONL space LCC00

At the site's system console and at the DPU display, #REMOTE REQUEST # will be displayed.

Type in # ENA REM, which will result in # REMOTE CONNECTED # being displayed on the site's system console and on the DPU console.

C? ONL LCCOD WORKING...

# REMOTE REQUEST #

HENA REM

# REMOTE CONNECTED #

To enter/exit the Maintenance mode, do the following:

At the C? prompt enter: OFL space CPU00.

As a result of this command the display will be an OFL? prompt. Now enter the command VIP. This will result in a display of CMD prompt.

To go back to the OFL? prompt from the CMD prompt, type in TM.

To go back to the C? prompt from the OFL?, type in Q.

C? OFL CPUOD WORKING... RD CMD FILE

OFL? VIP

\*\*\* DPS-8/L66 CPU MAINTENANCE PANEL \* REV D.O \*\*\*

EMD TM

OFL? Q

C?

SYSTEM COMMANDS - CONT'D.

You may desire to get a listing of the DPU configuration. This may be accomplished by two different commands, CLST and CBLD.

CLST gives the following display:

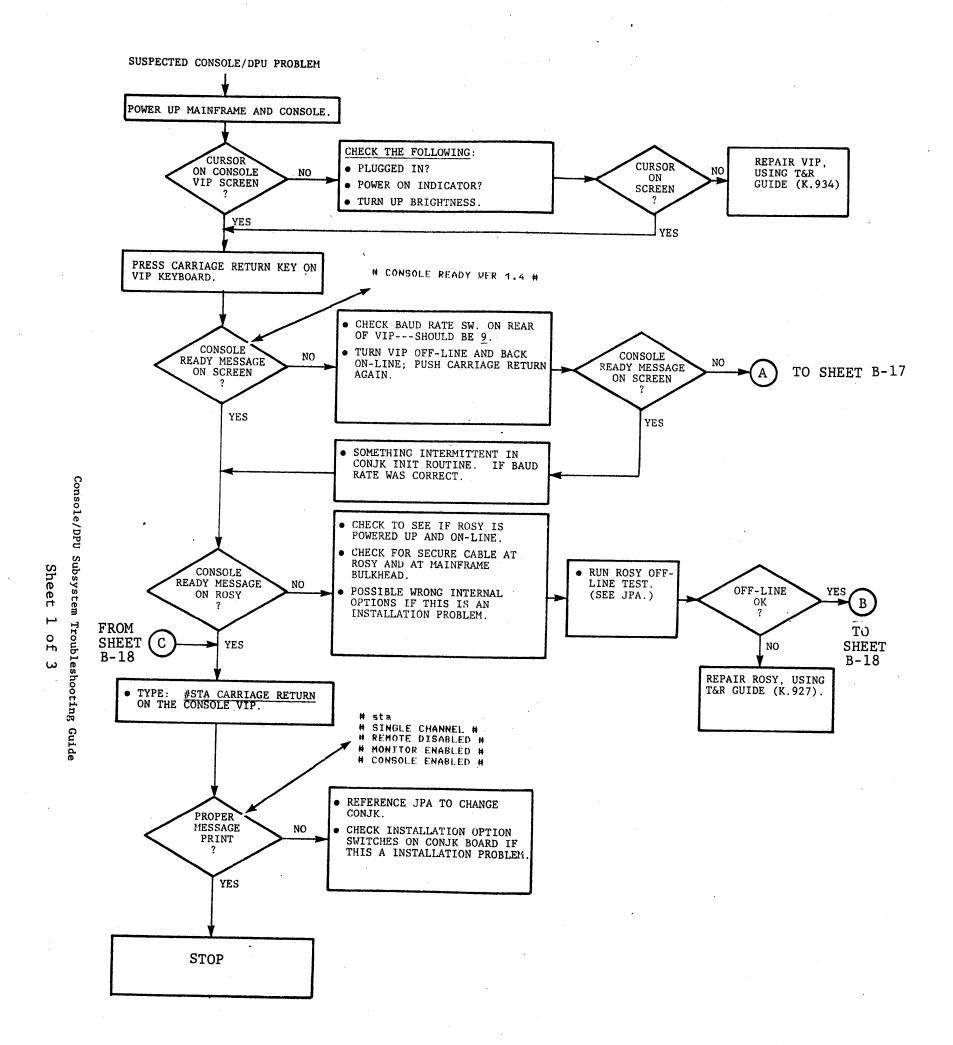
C? CLST WORKING...

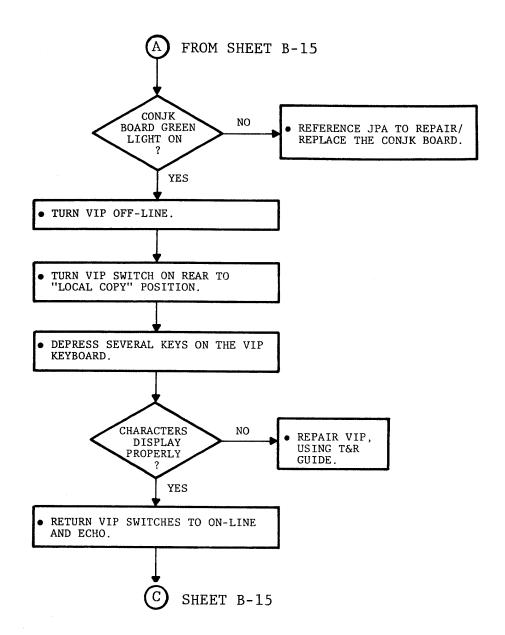
SPD			CHANNEL		
	DEVICE NAME		NUMBER		
*	****	***	****	¥.¥	
*	DSKOD	*	0400	*	
¥	LOCAL	*	0500	*	
¥	DSK01	<b>*</b>	0480	*	
*	REMOT	*	1000	¥	
*	LCC00	*	1080	*	
*	CPUOO	*	1100	*	
¥	FEP01	*	1180	*	
*	****	<b>***</b>	****	**	
OR					

The "LIST" option under the "CBLD" verb will give the following display:

C? CBLD WORKING...

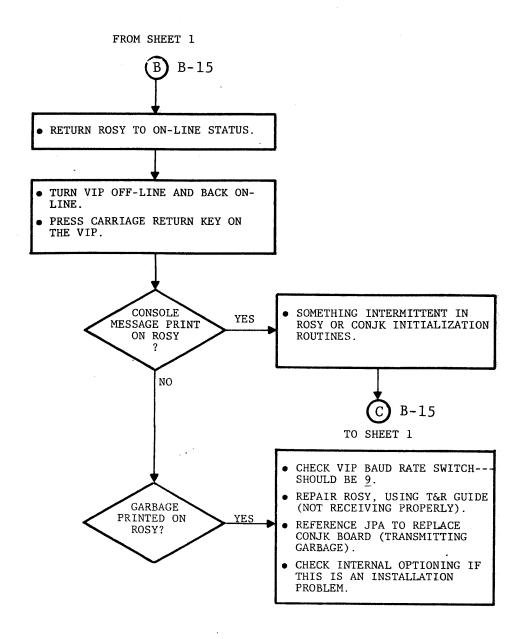
ENTER UPDATE OPTION: BUILD, ADD, CHANGE, OR LIST ?LIST CHAN BAUD MODEM NAME 1000 1200 REMOT LCCOO 1080 1200 0 1200 CPUOO 1100 0 FEP01 1180 1200 O:





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